PREMIER POLYMERS LIMITED UNAUDITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2006



JOHNSON TIDSALL

Chartered Accountants 81 Burton Road Derby DE1 1TJ

ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2006

CONTENTS	PAGES
Abbreviated balance sheet	1
Notes to the abbreviated accounts	2 to 3

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

28 FEBRUARY 2006

		2006		2005	
	Note	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS	2				
Tangible assets			26,865		11,184
Investments			42,232		30,232
			69,097		41,416
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks		1,180		736	
Debtors		54,442		71,402	
Cash at bank and in hand		318,173		206,168	
		373,795		278,306	
CREDITORS: Amounts falling du	e within				
one year		108,527		105,831	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			265,268		172,475
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURREN	T LIABILIT	CIES	334,365		213,891
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	S AND CHA	RGES	862		280
			333,503		213,611
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called-up equity share capital	3		302		302
Profit and loss account	3		333,201		213,309
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS					
SHAREHOLDERS FUNDS			333,503		213,611

The director is satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the provisions of the Companies Act 1985 (the Act) relating to the audit of the financial statements for the year by virtue of section 249A(1), and that no member or members have requested an audit pursuant to section 249B(2) of the Act.

The director acknowledges his responsibility for:

- (i) ensuring that the company keeps proper accounting records which comply with section 221 of the Act, and
- (ii) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of its profit or loss for the financial year in accordance with the requirements of section 226, and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Act relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part VII of the Companies Act 1985.

These abbreviated accounts were approved and signed by the director on 18-12-06....

-Director

The notes on pages 2 to 3 form part of these abbreviated accounts.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2006

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2005).

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year exclusive of value added tax.

Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant & Machinery

15% per annum reducing balance

Furniture & Equipment

33% per annum straight line

Motor Vehicles

- 25% per annum reducing balance

Leasehold Improvements

10% per annum straight line

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Pension costs

The company operates 'Personal Pension Plans' whereby the company agrees to pay, for the director and eligible employees', a defined contribution into the director's and employees' own personal pension schemes. The company's liability is limited to the amount of the contribution.

The liability for meeting future pension payments rests solely with the director's and employee's personal pension scheme.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more, tax.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2006

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) 1.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

2. FIXED ASSETS

	Tangible Assets £	Investments £	Total £
COST At 1 March 2005	25,849	30,232	56,081
Additions	24,977	12,000	36,977
At 28 February 2006	50,826	42,232	93,058
DEPRECIATION			
At 1 March 2005	14,665	_	14,665
Charge for year	9,296	_	9,296
At 28 February 2006	23,961		23,961
NET BOOK VALUE			
At 28 February 2006	<u>26,865</u>	42,232	69,097
At 28 February 2005	11,184	30,232	41,416
SHARE CAPITAL			
Authorised share capital:			
		~ ~	2005

3.

	2006	2005
	£	£
1,000 Ordinary A shares of £1 each	1,000	1,000
300 Ordinary B shares of £1 each	300	300
	1,300	1,300

Allotted, called up and fully paid:

	2006		2005	
	No	£	No	£
Ordinary A shares of £1 each	2	2	2	2
Ordinary B shares of £1 each	300	300	300	300
	302	302	302	302