ALLMARK LIMITED ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

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23/09/2017 COMPANIES HOUSE

COMPANY INFORMATION

Director

Mr R Gilbellini

Company number

03913847

Registered office

Phoenix House Kinmel Park Abergele Road Bodelwyddan Rhyl

LL18 5TY

Auditor

Harold Smith

Unit 32, Llys Edmund Prys St Asaph Business Park

St Asaph Denbighshire LL17 0JA

CONTENTS

	Page
Strategic report	1
Director's report	2
Director's responsibilities statement	3
Independent auditor's report	4 - 5
Statement of comprehensive income	6
Statement of financial position	7
Statement of changes in equity	8
Notes to the financial statements	9 - 14

STRATEGIC REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

The director presents the strategic report for the year ended 31 December 2016.

Fair review of the business

The company made a profit for the year amounting to £2,500,000 (2015 £58,925). The profit was entirely due to a dividend received from the shares held in its group undertakings.

Principal risks and uncertainties

The company has very limited exposure to risk associated with its financial instruments. In previous years the company was exposed to currency and interest rate risks relating to an outstanding long term loan which was repaid in full in December 2015.

On behalf of the board

Mr ∦ Gilbellini

Director

10 August 2017

DIRECTOR'S REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

The director presents his annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company continued to be that of a holding company.

Director

The director who held office during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements was as follows:

Mr R Gilbellini

Results and dividends

The results for the year are set out on page 6.

Ordinary dividends were paid amounting to £1,700,000. The director does not recommend payment of a final dividend.

Auditor

Harold Smith were appointed as auditor to the company and in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006, a resolution proposing that they be re-appointed will be put at a General Meeting.

Statement of disclosure to auditor

So far as each person who was a director at the date of approving this report is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware. Additionally, the directors individually have taken all the necessary steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of all relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

On behalf of the board

Mr R Filbellini

Director

10 Aug ust 2017

DIRECTOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

The director is responsible for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the director to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the director has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the director must not approve the financial statements unless he is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the director is required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The director is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. He is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF ALLMARK LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Allmark Limited for the year ended 31 December 2016 which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Statement Of Financial Position, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland".

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of director and auditor

As explained more fully in the Director's Responsibilities Statement, the director is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the director; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the annual report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2016 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
 and
- · have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of our audit, the information given in the Strategic Report and the Director's Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements, and the Strategic Report and the Director's Report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED) TO THE MEMBERS OF ALLMARK LIMITED

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Strategic Report and the Director's Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

S. Murray - Williams

Simon Murray-Williams BA FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Harold Smith

11 August 2017

Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditor

Unit 32, Llys Edmund Prys St Asaph Business Park St Asaph Denbighshire LL17 0JA

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

<u> </u>			
		2016	2015
	Notes	£	£
Interest receivable and similar income	4	2,500,000	84,834
Interest payable and similar expenses	5	<u>-</u>	(25,909)
Profit before taxation		2,500,000	58,925
Taxation	6	-	-
Profit for the financial year		2,500,000	58,925

The income statement has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2016

	Notes	20 £)16 £	20 £)15 £
	110100	~	~	•	~
Fixed assets					
Investments	8		12,820,000		12,820,000
Current assets					
Debtors	10	800,000		-	
Creditors: amounts falling due within	11				
one year		(11,343,477)		(11,343,477)	
Net current liabilities			(10,543,477)		(11,343,477)
Total assets less current liabilities			2,276,523		1,476,523
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	12		2,000,000		2,000,000
Profit and loss reserves			276,523		(523,477)
Total equity			2,276,523		1,476,523

The financial statements were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on 10 August 2017

Mr R Gilbellini

Company Registration No. 03913847

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

		Share capital	Profit and loss reserves	Total
	Notes	£	£	£
Balance at 1 January 2015	•	2,000,000	(582,402)	1,417,598
Year ended 31 December 2015:				
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year		-	58,925	58,925
Balance at 31 December 2015		2,000,000	(523,477)	1,476,523
Year ended 31 December 2016:				
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year		-	2,500,000	2,500,000
Dividends	7		(1,700,000)	(1,700,000)
Balance at 31 December 2016		2,000,000	276,523	2,276,523

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Allmark Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Phoenix House, Kinmel Park, Abergele Road, Bodelwyddan, Rhyl, LL18 5TY.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \mathfrak{L} .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

These financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016 are the first financial statements of Allmark Limited prepared in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland. The date of transition to FRS 102 was 1 January 2015. The reported financial position and financial performance for the previous period are not affected by the transition to FRS 102.

The company has taken advantage of the exemption under section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 not to prepare consolidated accounts. The financial statements present information about the company as an individual entity and not about its group.

Allmark Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of Reflex S.r.L. and the results of Allmark Limited are included in the consolidated financial statements of Finlite S.r.L. which are available from Via Luigi Valdrighi 101/2, Madens, Italy 41124.

1.2 Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the director has a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus the director continues to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

1.3 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.4 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's statement of financial position when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Other financial assets

Other financial assets, including investments in equity instruments which are not subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures, are initially measured at fair value, which is normally the transaction price. Such assets are subsequently carried at fair value and the changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss, except that investments in equity instruments that are not publicly traded and whose fair values cannot be measured reliably are measured at cost less impairment.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those held at fair value through profit and loss, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting end date.

Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows have been affected. If an asset is impaired, the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

If there is a decrease in the impairment loss arising from an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the impairment is reversed. The reversal is such that the current carrying amount does not exceed what the carrying amount would have been, had the impairment not previously been recognised. The impairment reversal is recognised in profit or loss.

Derecognition of financial assets

Financial assets are derecognised only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or when the company transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to another entity, or if some significant risks and rewards of ownership are retained but control of the asset has transferred to another party that is able to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Other financial liabilities

Derivatives, including interest rate swaps and forward foreign exchange contracts, are not basic financial instruments. Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at their fair value. Changes in the fair value of derivatives are recognised in profit or loss in finance costs or finance income as appropriate, unless hedge accounting is applied and the hedge is a cash flow hedge.

Debt instruments that do not meet the conditions in FRS 102 paragraph 11.9 are subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss. Debt instruments may be designated as being measured at fair value though profit or loss to eliminate or reduce an accounting mismatch or if the instruments are measured and their performance evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with a documented risk management or investment strategy.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the company's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

1.5 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

1.6 Foreign exchange

Transactions in currencies other than pounds sterling are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At each reporting end date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the reporting end date. Gains and losses arising on translation are included in the income statement for the period.

2 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the director is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

3	Operating profit	2016	2015
	Operating profit for the year is stated after charging/(crediting):	£	£
4	Interest receivable and similar income	2016	2015
		£	£
	Other income from investments Exchange differences	-	84,834
	Income from fixed asset investments		
	Income from shares in group undertakings	2,500,000	-
•	Total income	2,500,000	84,834
5	Interest payable and similar expenses	2010	2215
		2016	2015 £
		£	L
	Interest payable to group undertakings	£ -	25,909 ———
6	Interest payable to group undertakings Taxation The actual charge for the year can be reconciled to the expected charge for the loss and the standard rate of tax as follows:	-	25,909 ———
6	Taxation The actual charge for the year can be reconciled to the expected charge for the	-	25,909 ———
6	Taxation The actual charge for the year can be reconciled to the expected charge for the	e year based on	25,909 the profit or
6	Taxation The actual charge for the year can be reconciled to the expected charge for the loss and the standard rate of tax as follows: Profit before taxation Expected tax charge based on the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK	e year based on 2016 £	25,909 the profit or 2015 £ 58,925
6	Taxation The actual charge for the year can be reconciled to the expected charge for the loss and the standard rate of tax as follows: Profit before taxation Expected tax charge based on the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 0% (2015: 20.00%)	e year based on 2016 £	25,909 the profit or 2015 £ 58,925
6	Taxation The actual charge for the year can be reconciled to the expected charge for the loss and the standard rate of tax as follows: Profit before taxation Expected tax charge based on the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 0% (2015: 20.00%) Foreign exchange differences	e year based on 2016 £	25,909 the profit or 2015 £ 58,925
6	Taxation The actual charge for the year can be reconciled to the expected charge for the loss and the standard rate of tax as follows: Profit before taxation Expected tax charge based on the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 0% (2015: 20.00%)	e year based on 2016 £	25,909 the profit or 2015 £ 58,925
7	Taxation The actual charge for the year can be reconciled to the expected charge for the loss and the standard rate of tax as follows: Profit before taxation Expected tax charge based on the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 0% (2015: 20.00%) Foreign exchange differences	2016 £ 2,500,000	25,909 the profit or 2015 £ 58,925
	Taxation The actual charge for the year can be reconciled to the expected charge for the loss and the standard rate of tax as follows: Profit before taxation Expected tax charge based on the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 0% (2015: 20.00%) Foreign exchange differences Taxation charge for the year	e year based on 2016 £	25,909 the profit or 2015 £ 58,925

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

8	Fixed asset investments		
		2016 £	2015 £
	Unlisted investments	12,820,000	12,820,000
	Movements in fixed asset investments		
		:	Investments other than loans £
	Cost or valuation		~
	At 1 January 2016 & 31 December 2016		12,820,000
	Carrying amount		
	At 31 December 2016		12,820,000
	At 31 December 2015	•	12,820,000

9 Subsidiaries

Details of the company's subsidiaries at 31 December 2016 are as follows:

Name of undertaking	Registered office	Nature of business	Class of shares held	% Held Direct Indirect
Reflex&Allen UK Limited	England and Wales	Manufacture of commercial vehicle parts	Ordinary	100.00
Allen Wuxi CV Parts Co Limited	China	Manufacture of vehicle parts	Ordinary	100.00
PACO Allen Auto Private Limited	India	Supply of fluid carrying systems	Ordinary	100.00
Allen Industrial Limited	England and Wales	Dormant	Ordinary	100.00
Polydynamics Limited	England and Wales	Dormant	Ordinary	100.00
Allmark (NI) Limited	England and Wales	Dormant	Ordinary	100.00
Energi Products Limited	England and Wales	Dormant	Ordinary	100.00
Reflex&Allen Brazil	Brazil	Dormant	Ordinary	1.00

The aggregate capital and reserves and the result for the year of the subsidiaries noted above was as follows:

Name of undertaking	Profit/(Loss)	Capital and Reserves
	£	£
Reflex&Allen UK Limited	3,676,372	20,456,332

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

10	Debtors	2016	2015
	Amounts falling due within one year:	2016 £	2015 £
	Other debtors	800,000	-
11	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2016 £	2015 £
	Amounts due to group undertakings	11,343,477	11,343,477
12	Share capital	2016	2015 £
	Ordinary share capital Issued and fully paid	£	£
	2,000,000 Ordinary of £1 each	2,000,000	2,000,000

13 Controlling party

The parent company is Reflex s.r.l., a company incorporated in Italy,

The majority shareholder in Reflex s r I is Finite s.r.l., incorporated in Italy. This is considered to be the ultimate parent company. The consolidated accounts of Finite s.r.l. are filed in the UK in English and are available from Companies House.

Finite is 99% owned by R Gabellini, who is considered to be the ultimate controlling party. Copies of the group accounts are available at the company's registered office, Via Luigi Valdrighi 101/2, Madens, Italy 41124.

DETAILED TRADING AND PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

		2016		2015
	£	£	£	£
Investment revenues			•	
Dividends receivable from group companies	2,500,000		-	
Exchange differences arising on financing transactions			04.004	
lidisactions	-		84,834	
		2,500,000		84,834
Interest payable and similar expenses				•
Interest payable to group companies		-		(25,909)
Profit before taxation	-	2,500,000	-	58,925

FINLITE SRL

Consolidated financial statements as at 31.12.2016

Master data			
Premises:	VIA VALDRIGHI, 101/2 - 41124 - MODENA - MO		
Tax identification number	02736760360		
Economic and Administrative Register n.	02736760360 MO 326502		
VAT n.	02736760360		
Share capital in euros	10,000, fully paid up		
Corporate status	PRIVATE LIMITED COMPANY		
Core business sector according to ATECO classification:	642000		
Company undergoing liquidation	no		
Single-member company	no		
Company managed and coordinated by other parties:	no		
Group membership	yes		
Name of parent company	FINLITE SRL		
Country of parent company	Italy		

The amounts herein are stated in euros

THESE ACCOUNTS FORM PART OF THE GROUP ACCOUNTS OF COMPANY NO. 03913847

Consolidated balance sheet

	31-12-2016	31-12-2015
Balance sheet -		
Assets		
B) Fixed assets		
I - Intangible fixed assets		
Start-up and expansion costs	47,508	32,608
2) Development costs	25,624	54,148
Industrial patent and intellectual property rights	304,345	279,874
4) Concessions, licenses, trademarks, and similar rights	103,202	146,187
5) Goodwill	1,964,803	1,655,573
6) Advances and fixed assets in progress	20,405	-
7) Others	43,193	39,260
Total intangible fixed assets	2,509,080	2,207,650
II - Tangible fixed assets		
1) Land and buildings	5,815,040	6,047,880
2) Plants and machinery	5,167,991	5,194,069
3) Industrial and commercial equipment	1,007,023	822,291
4) Other payables	356,051	415,773
5) Advances and fixed assets in progress	651,950	-
Total tangible fixed assets	12,998,055	12,480,013
III - Financial fixed assets		
1) Equity investments in:		
d-bis) other companies	117	136
Total shareholdings	117	136
2) Receivables		
d-bis) from others		
due within the following business year	9,517	16,000
Total receivables from others	9,517	16,000
Total receivables	9,517	16,000
3) Other securities	0	164,000
Total financial fixed assets	9,634	180,136
Total fixed assets (B)	15,516,769	14,867,799
C) Current assets		
. I - Stocks		
1) Raw materials, ancillaries, and consumables	9,404,010	7,187,573
2) WIP and semi-finished goods	3,095,547	3,341,556
4) Finished products and goods	2,150,324	2,580,771
Total stocks	14,649,881	13,109,900
II - Receivables	14,040,001	10, 100,000
1) from customers		
	16 942 094	17 427 942
due within the following business year	16,843,984	17,437,842
Total trade receivables	16,843,984	17,437,842
5-bis) tax receivables	644 467	442.270
due within the following business year	611,467	442,379
Total tax receivables	611,467	442,379
5-ter) Prepaid tax	2,109,384	926,182
5-quater) from others	= .0 ACT	005.00=
due within the following business year	543,689	385,805

Total receivables from others		543,689	385,805
Total receivables	2	20,108,524	19,192,208
IV - Cash and cash equivalents			
1) Bank and post office deposits		4,537,402	2,875,337
2) Cheques		1,338,529	236,884
3) Cash on hand		22,797	21,587
Total cash and cash equivalents		5,898,728	3,133,808
Total current assets (C)		10,657,133	35,435,916
D) Deferrals and accruals		720,182	391,847
Total assets		56,894,084	50,695,562
iabilities			
A) Group net worth			
l - Capital		10,000	10,000
IV - Legal reserve		2,000	2,000
VI - Other reserves, listed separately			and the same and the same and the same and
Extraordinary reserve		2,005,374	1,998,274
Payments into capital account	and the control of th	4,060	4,060
Consolidation reserve		13,592,123	10,208,410
Currency translation reserve	(1,465,231)	588,784
Miscellaneous other reserves		(1)	
Total other reserves		14,136,326	12,799,528
IX - Profit (loss) for reporting year	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY O	2,731,158	2,890,902
Total group net worth		16,879,483	15,702,431
Net worth attributable to minorities	and the control of th		
Minority capital and reserves		1,784,016	1,547,490
Minority profit (loss)	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	331,062	236,527
Total net worth attributable to minorities		2,115,078	1,784,017
Total consolidated net worth		18,994,561	17,486,448
B) Funds for risks and charges	en de la companya de La companya de la co		and the state of t
For tax, including deferred tax	and the state of t	527,345	386,188
4) Others		1,034,200	1,730,027
Total funds for risks and charges	gramma and section	1,561,545	2,116,215
C) Severance pay		1,316,562	681,667
D) Payables		1,010,002	301,001
4) Payables to banks	للمنافعة المنافعة المناف المناف المناف المناف المنافعة المناف المستقد المنافعة		
due within the following business year	and the second s	5,783,132	7,196,753
due beyond the following business year Total payables to banks	ويستنا ما يتناه ولا الماري والماري الماري الماري الماري	6,415,004	3,541,342
• •		12,198,136	10,738,095
5) Payables to other funders		07.504	700.000
due within the following business year		37,584	760,922
due beyond the following business year	and the first of the control of the	35,378	60,874
Total payables to other funders		72,962	821,796
6) Advances	and the second of the second o		پهيند د مرد د مستهادي
due within the following business year		46,731	چېرېماندانونون
Total advances		46,731	
7) Trade payables	ر کار در		
due within the following business year	the control of the co	16,793,268	14,847,253
Total trade payables		16,793,268	14,847,253
12) Tax payables			
due within the following business year		2,322,850	1,335,266
Total tax payables		2,322,850	1,335,266

13) Payables to pension funds and social security institutions		
due within the following business year	544,802	267,513
Total payables to pension funds and social security institutions	544,802	267,513
14) Other payables	~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ .	a
due within the following business year	2,541,753	1,895,272
Total other payables	2,541,753	1,895,272
Total payables	34,520,502	29,905,195
E) Deferrals and accruals	500,914	506,037
Total liabilities (56,894,084	50,695,562

Consolidated profit and loss account

	31-12-2016	31-12-2015
Profit and loss account		
A) VALUE OF PRODUCTION		
1) Revenues from sales and services	92,501,628	89,286,296
2) Stock change in WIP and finished goods	(776,013)	806,361
5) Other revenues or income		***
Subsidies for operating expenses	153,351	141,959
Others	1,247,887	922,783
Total other revenues and income	1,401,238	1,064,742
Total value of production	93,126,853	91,157,399
B) Costs of production		
6) For raw materials, ancillaries, consumables and goods	46,854,763	49,135,665
7) For services	11,217,732	10,510,507
8) For use of third-party assets	1,816,407	1,316,148
9) For personnel	,	
a) Wages and salaries	18,343,268	15,786,141
b) Social security contributions	3,002,611	3,273,384
c) Severance pay	189,122	157,533
e) Other costs	327,282	202,508
Total costs for personnel	21,862,283	19,419,566
10) Amortisations/depreciations and write-downs		,
a) Amortisation of intangible fixed assets	1,087,196	820,483
b) Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	1,899,677	1,842,965
d) Write-downs of receivables included in the current assets and cash and cash equivalents	106,894	12,235
Total depreciations/amortisations and write-downs	3,093,767	2,675,683
11) Changes in stock of raw materials, ancillaries, consumables and goods	2,315,688	1,931,931
14) Sundry operating expenses	1,095,987	994,213
Total costs of production	88,256,627	85,983,713
Difference between value and costs of production (A-B)	4,870,226	5,173,686
C) Financial income and charges	The second section is a second section of the second section of the second section is a second section of the second section of the second section is a second section of the second section of the second section is a second section of the section of	and the same and the same of t
16) Other financial income		
a) from receivables entered under fixed assets		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Others	-	32,680
Total financial income from receivables entered under fixed assets		32,680
b) Income from securities entered under fixed assets other than equity investments D) Other income	6,563	· · · · · · · ·
Total other income	7,617	1,078
Total other financial income	14,180	33,758
17) Interest and other financial charges		
Others	593,001	604,009
Total interest and other financial charges	593,001	604,009
17-bis) Profits and losses on exchange rates	950,381	(151,114)
Total financial income and charges (15+16- 17 + - 17-bis)	371,560	(721,365)
Result Before Tax (A - B + - C + - D)		and a sign sugar security in a
20) Income tax for reporting year: current, deferred, and prepaid tax	5,241,786	4,452,321
Current tax	2 422 005	1 500 044
	2,132,905	1,500,311
Prepaid and deferred tax	46,661	(175,419)
Total income tax for reporting year: current, deferred, and prepaid tax	2,179,566	1,324,892

21) Consolidated profit (loss) for reporting year	3,062,220	3,127,429
Result attributable to the group	2,731,158	2,890,902
Result attributable to minorities	331,062	236,527

Consolidated cash flow statement, indirect method

	31-12-2016	31-12-2015
Cash flow statement, indirect method	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	Company of the Compan
A) Cash flows from operating activities (indirect method)		
Profit (loss) for reporting year	3,062,220	3,127,429
Income tax	2,179,566	1,324,892
1) Profit (loss) for the reporting year before income taxes, interest, dividends an	5,241,786	4,452,321
capital gains/losses from disposals Adjustments for non-cash items that had no counter-entry in the net working cap		4,402,021
Provisions for funds	(365,548)	1,310,270
Amortisation/depreciation of fixed assets	2,986,873	2,663,448
Total adjustments for non-cash items that had no counter-entry in the	2,621,325	3,973,718
net working capital 2) Cash flow before changes to the net working capital	7,863,111	8,426,039
Changes in net working capital	en en la companya de la companya de La companya de la co	
Decrease / (Increase) in stocks	(1,539,982)	1,126,882
Decrease / (Increase) in trade receivables	(869,585)	(5,577,562)
Increase / (Decrease) in trade payables	1,946,015	1,078,306
Decrease / (Increase) in accrued income and prepaid expense	(328,335)	(109,569)
Other increases / (decreases) in net working capital	2,352,004	1,222,208
Total changes in net working capital	1,560,117	(2,259,735)
3) Cash flow after changes in the net working capital	9,423,228	6,166,304
Other adjustments		American Company of the second
(Income tax paid)	(2,179,566)	(1,324,892)
Total other adjustments	(2,179,566)	(1,324,892)
Cash flow from operating activities (A)	7,243,662	4,841,412
B) Cash flow from investing activities	and the second of the second o	
Tangible fixed assets	A SECTION OF SECTION O	
(Investments)	(2,417,718)	(4,920,744)
Intangible fixed assets	and the second of the second o	A Contract
(Investments)	(1,388,626)	(1,189,972)
Financial fixed assets	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	, , , , ,
Divestments	170,502	91,456
Cash flow of investment activity (B)	(3,635,842)	(6,019,260)
C) Cash flow from financing activities		
Third-party funding	and the second of the second o	
Loans taken out	1,460,041	1,867,095
(Loan repayment)	(748,834)	(415,041)
Equity		2 Adriata id.
(Capital repayment)	(1,554,107)	(14,561)
Cash flow of financial activity (C)	(842,900)	1,437,493
INCREASE /(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (A ± B ± C)	2,764,920	259,645
Cash and cash equivalents at start of reporting year	2,701,020	200,010
Bank and post office deposits	2,875,337	2,374,728
Cheques	236,884	491,240
Cash in hand	21,587	491,240 8,196
Total cash and cash equivalents at start of reporting year	3,133,808	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of reporting year	3, 133,000 	2,874,164
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4,537,402	······································
Bank and post office deposits	4.537.402	2.0/5.33/

Cheques	1,338,529	236,884
Cash on hand	22,797	21,587
Total cash and cash equivalents at end of reporting year	5,898,728	3,133,808

Consolidated financial statements of FINLITE group as at 31st December 2016

ADDENDUM

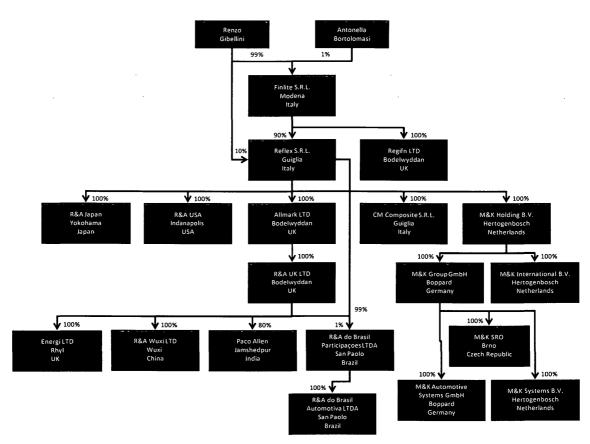
GROUP PROFILE

Through its stake in Reflex S.r.I., FINLITE S.r.I. is the head of a group of industrial enterprises operating in the engineering industry, which mainly manufacture components for commercial vehicles.

Their products can be broken down into five divisions:

- @ <u>Reflex&Allen Pneumatic</u>: an extensive piping range for the automotive industry designed and built to meet the quality standards required by both vehicle manufacturers and the spare parts market (aftermarket);
- @ <u>Reflex&Allen Electrical</u>: an extensive range of cables and electrical coils for the commercial vehicles industry (trucks and trailers) available for a diversity of applications: 7- and 15-pole, EBS, ADR cables and adapters;
- **Reflex&Allen Fluid Power*: subsystems and components for the transmission of fluids and air used for engine powering, cooling systems, fuel systems, brake systems and for emission control:
- @@ <u>Reflex&Allen Safety Devices</u>: an extensive range of signage panels and tapes, ADR devices, and accessories for fitting out commercial vehicles in general.
- Special Composit: a wide range of carbon fibre moulds and frames for racing motorcycles and cars.

FINLITE S.r.l. - Head office in Modena, - via Valrighi n. 101/2 - Share capital: €10,000



The most significant data for the companies within the scope of consolidation can be summarised as follows:

- ⇒ <u>FINLITE S.r.l.</u> In 2016, the parent company recorded financial income totalling €37,000 while the net result recorded was a profit of €5,000, which is in line with the net result for 2015.
- ⇒ <u>REFLEX S.r.l.</u> In 2016, the company reported revenue from sales and services amounting to €8,518 and a net income of €398,000 after depreciation of tangible assets and amortisation of intangible assets amounting to €264,000. In 2015, the company recorded a net positive result of €18,000.
- ⇒ REGIFIN Ltd In 2016, the company reported revenues from sales and services amounting to €12,517,000 and a positive result of €986,000. In 2015, the company recorded a net positive result of €1,537,000.
- ⇒ <u>ALLMARK Ltd</u> In 2016, the company did not report any revenues from sales and services, but it reported income from financial activities amounting to €3,051,000. The company recorded a positive result of €3,051,000. In 2015, the company recorded a positive result of €18,000.
- ⇒ Reflex&Allen UK Ltd In 2016, the company reported revenues from sales and services amounting to €45,348,000 and a positive result of €4,741,000. In 2015, the company recorded a net positive result of €2,477,000.
- ⇒ Reflex&Allen USA Inc. In 2016, the company reported revenues from sales and services amounting to €9,127,000 and a positive result of €1,272,000. For 2015, the company recorded a net negative result of €115,000.
- ⇒ <u>Allen Wuxi C.V. Parts Ltd</u> In 2016, the company reported revenues from sales and services amounting to €11,657,000 and a positive result of €1,530,000. In 2015, the company recorded a net positive result of €953,000.
- ⇒ Reflex&Allen JAPAN In 2016, the company reported revenues from sales and services amounting to €2,578,000 and a positive result of €174,000. For 2015, the company recorded a net negative result of €43,000.
- ⇒ <u>PACO Allen Auto Priv. Ltd</u> In 2016, the company reported revenues from sales and services amounting to €10,877,000 and a positive result of €620,000. In 2015, the company recorded a net positive result of €391,000.
- ⇒ Energi Products Ltd (UK) The company did not carry out any transactions during 2016.
- ⇒ <u>CM Composit S.r.l.</u> In 2016, the company reported revenues from sales and services amounting to €3,669,000 and a positive result of €110,000. In 2015, the company was acquired by Reflex S.r.l. and added to the consolidated financial statements as of 1st March 2015. As a result, the consolidated financial statements included revenues for sales and services from the company totalling €2,677,000 and a net loss of €109,000.
- ⇒ Reflex&Allen do Brasil Automotiva In 2016, the company reported revenues from sales and

Finlite Group - Consolidated financial statements as at 31st December 2016 services amounting to €3,743,000 and a net negative result of €2,374,000. In 2015, the company was acquired by Reflex S.r.I. and added to the consolidated financial statements as of 1st April 2015. As a result, the consolidated financial statements included revenues for sales and services from the company totalling €5,819,000 and a net loss of €1,818,000.

- ⇒ <u>Reflex&Allen do Brasil Participaçoes</u> In 2016, the company reported no revenues from sales and services and a net negative result of €1,105,000. For 2015, the company recorded a net negative result of €640,000.
- ⇒ <u>Maehler&Kaege Holding BV (M&K)</u> In 2016, the company was acquired by Reflex S.r.l. and included in the consolidated financial statements as of 1st August 2016. M&K Holding BV holds 100% of the shares in the following companies:
 - ➤ M&K Group GmbH;
 - > M&K International BV;
 - ➤ M&K SRO:
 - M&K Automotive Systems GmbH;
 - ➤ M&K Systems BV.

The consolidated financial statements included revenues for sales and services from the said companies totalling €3,678,000 and a net loss of €146,000.

The following companies are not included within the scope of consolidation:

- ➢ <u>Allmark NI Ltd</u> In 2014, the company underwent an extraordinary transaction consisting of the complete assignment of its business to the company Reflex & Allen UK LTD. The company has been dormant since 31st December 2016, due to the decision not to close it in order to protect its brand.
- Reflex East Sro This company is active but not currently operational. In 2016, the company reported no revenues from sales and services.
- > Allen Industrial Ltd As at 31st December 2016, the company was dormant.
- Polydynamics Ltd As at 31st December 2016, the company was dormant.

STRUCTURE AND CONTENT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The consolidated financial statements as at 31st December 2016 have been prepared in accordance with the standards introduced by Italian Legislative Decree n. 127 dated 9th April 1991, which implements EEC Directive VII, and thus consists of a balance sheet (drafted according to the format envisaged by Articles 2424 and 2424-bis of the Italian Civil Code), profit and loss account (drafted according to the format envisaged by Articles 2425 and 2425-bis of the Italian Civil Code), the cash flow statement (drafted according to the format envisaged by Article 2425-ter of the Italian Civil Code) and this addendum (drafted according to the format envisaged by Articles 2427 and 2427-bis of the Italian Civil Code).

Finlite Group - Consolidated financial statements as at 31st December 2016

The reference date of the consolidated financial statements, i.e. 31st December 2016, is the date of parent company Finlite S.r.l.'s financial statements. The financial statements used for consolidation purposes are those dated 31.12.2016.

These financial statements have been adjusted, where necessary, to adapt them to the accounting standards applied throughout the group. The financial statements of foreign subsidiaries have been reclassified to render the presentation format compliant with requirements for national companies.

In the financial statements drafted in single euros, the amounts of the corresponding voices for the 2015 business year have been included.

The cash flow statement is also drafted in single euros.

The addendum, an integral part of these financial statements, serves to illustrate and analyse, and in some cases to supplement, the consolidated financial statements and contains the information required by Italian civil law and accounting standards concerning consolidated financial statements. In addition, any complementary information deemed necessary to provide a true and fair view of the situation, even when not specifically required by legal provisions, is also provided.

The accounting tables and data included in the addendum are stated in thousands of euros, with the exception of the table showing the scope of consolidation, on pages 10-11.

The consolidated financial statements as at 31st December 2016 include the financial and performance data, at that date, of the parent company, i.e. FINLITE S.r.I., and all other companies controlled directly or indirectly thereby, at that date, approved by the governing bodies.

The reconciliation between the amounts of net worth and the net result for the year ending 31st December 2016, inferable from FINLITE S.r.l.'s financial statements and the consolidated financial statements as at the same date, is reported in a specific table, annexed under the letter "A", commenting on the consolidated net worth

Italian Legislative Decree n. 139/2015

After the implementation of Directive 2013/34/EU, implemented with Italian Legislative Decree n. 139 dated 18th August 2015, and published in Official Gazette n. 205 dated 4th September 2015, the valuation criteria, the general accounting standards, the financial statements, and the documents comprising the statements have been modified.

The changes introduced by Italian Legislative Decree n. 139/15, which transposes Directive n. 34/13, concerned many aspects of these financial statements, and more specifically:

- Changes to the accounting standards (recognition premise): when drafting these financial statements, pursuant to the provisions of Article 2423 of the Italian Civil Code, the obligations concerning recognition, valuation, submission and disclosure in the financial statements need not be met when the effects of non-compliance are insignificant for the purpose of giving a true and fair view;
- Changes to the accounting standards (economic substance premise): pursuant to revised Article 2423-bis of the Italian Civil Code, events and operations were reported on the basis of their economic substance, not on the merely formal aspects thereof;
- DG Changes to the financial statements: as detailed below.

Amendments made to Articles 2424, 2424-bis, 2425 and 2425-bis of the Italian Civil Code have led to certain changes in the financial statements, namely:

- Research and advertising costs: are fully reflected in the profit and loss account for the financial year in which they were incurred, in line, once again, with the practices of IFRS international accounting standards. As a result, only "development costs" have been capitalised;
- Balance sheet asset item B.2 "Research, development and advertising costs" has therefore been renamed "Development costs";
- Treasury shares: these are reported as a direct reduction in net worth through recognition under the new net worth item A.X. "Negative reserve for treasury shares in the portfolio", as result of alignment with the practices of IFRS international accounting standards.
- Relationships with subsidiaries controlled by parent companies: financial fixed assets (shareholdings and receivables), current assets (receivables) and payables include new items related to shareholdings, receivables from and payables to companies controlled by the parent companies of the company preparing the financial statements (i.e. "sister companies");
- Reserve for transactions to cover expected cash flows: the net worth items include the following new item: Vii Reserve for transactions to cover expected cash flows;
- Issue premiums and discounts: separate disclosure of premiums and discounts between accruals and deferrals is no longer required;
- Memorandum accounts: the breakdown at the end of the balance sheet is no longer required;

- Extraordinary area of the profit and loss account: As per the revised Article 2425 of the Italian Civil Code, following elimination of the entire macrocategory E) (items 20 and 21) relating to the extraordinary area, extraordinary income and charges have been posted under items A5 and B14.
- Derivative financial instruments: Directive n. 34/13 introduced the valuation of derivatives
 at fair value; Italian Legislative Decree no.139/15 transposed this legislation by moving
 derivatives from the memorandum accounts (where they were posted previously) to the
 assets and liabilities sections of the balance sheet, and by distinguishing these
 instruments according to their function (separating hedging derivatives from trading
 derivatives).

The changes concerned the following items in the balance sheet and the profit and loss account:

- B.III.4) of the balance sheet assets, among financial fixed assets: Derivative assets;
- C.III.5) of the balance sheet assets, under non-fixed financial assets: Derivative assets;
- A.VII of the balance sheet liabilities, under net worth: Reserve for transactions to cover expected cash flows;
- B.3) of the balance sheet liabilities, under funds for risks and charges: Derivative liabilities;
- D.18.d): Revaluations of derivatives;
- D.19.d): Write-downs of derivatives;
- Assets held for sale purposes and obsolete assets: when destined for sale, tangible fixed assets are reclassified to current assets and therefore valued at the lower of either the net book amount and the value presumably realisable based on market conditions (Article 2426, section 9, subsection 1, Italian Civil Code). Assets held for sale purposes are no longer subject to amortisation/depreciation (OCI 16, section 75).

Reclassification of the 2015 financial statements

Over the course of the year just ended, the national accounting standards issued by the Italian accounting body (OIC) were also updated, with the new standards applied to the preparation of these financial statements.

Since, as a general rule, retroactive application of the new provisions introduced by Directive 34/2013 is foreseen, accounting adjustments have been made to the initial balances at the beginning of the year, while adjustments to data which is comparable with the previous year have been made with non-accounting procedures.

In light of the amendments to the Italian Civil Code and accounting standards, the 2015 financial statements have been reclassified by non-accounting means, for comparison purposes only.

CONSOLIDATION STANDARDS

The main consolidation criteria adopted when drafting the financial statements are set out below:

- The book value of equity investments in consolidated subsidiaries has been cancelled out by the corresponding portion of net worth resulting from the assets and liabilities recorded, as established by the global integration method. The differences between the acquisition cost and the current net worth values of the controlled companies at the time of acquisition have been recorded under assets if positive or liabilities if the lower price paid was due to future losses expected to be reported by the controlled companies. In the case of negative differences, wherever possible these have been entered under assets in the balance sheet, while where they consisted of a higher price paid for goodwill, they have been recorded as intangible fixed assets which will be amortised over a period of no more than 10 years.
- ➤ Gains and losses not yet realised with third parties at the date of the financial statements and originating from transactions between consolidated companies have been removed, as have the all the accounts payable and receivable and all the other transactions between the companies included in the consolidation area.
- ➤ The share of net worth attributable to minority shareholders of the consolidated subsidiaries has been entered as a separate item, under consolidated net worth, called "Minority capital and reserves". The share of the operating result attributable to the minority shareholders is entered under the heading "Net profit (loss) for the year attributable to minority interests."
- ➤ The financial statements of foreign companies prepared in a foreign currency (€) have been converted by applying the year-end exchange rate to the assets and liabilities and the average yearly exchange rate to the profit and loss account items. The difference between the operating result for the year resulting from conversion at average exchange rates and that resulting from the conversion based on the year-end rate is entered under the specific net item *Translation reserve*.

The following exchange rates have been applied:

Country	Currency	Average exchange rate	Spot exchange rate
UNITED KINGDOM	GBP	0,81948	0,85618
CINA	Renminbi (YUAN)	7,35222	7,32020
USA	US Dollar	1,10690	1,05410
INDIA	Indian Rupia	74,37170	71,59350
JAPAN	Japanese YEN	120,19700	123,40000
CZECH REPUBLIC	Czech koruna	27,03430	27,02100

CONSOLIDATION AREA

The companies included in the consolidation area, consolidated using the global integration method, and the percentages of equity held are shown in the chart below:

COMPANY NAME	SHAREHOLDING %	HEAD OFFICE	CURREN	SHARE CAPITAL
PARENT COMPANY				
FINLITE S.r.I.		Modena - Italy	€	10,000
DIRECTLY CONTROLLED COMPANIES				
REGIFIN Ltd	100.00%	Bodelwyddan - (UK)	GBP	2
REFLEX S.R.L.	90.00%	Guiglia (MO) - Italy	€	500,000
INDIRECTLY CONTROLLED COMPANIES				
CM COMPOSIT SRL	100.00%	Modena - Italy	€	100,000
ALLMARK LTD	100.00%	Bodelwyddan - (UK)	GBP	2,000,000
REFLEX & ALLEN U.K LTD	100.00%	Bodelwyddan - (UK)	GBP	11,933
REFLEX & ALLEN USA INC.	100.00%	Carmel - Indiana (USA)	USD	10,000
REFLEX & ALLEN WUXI	100.00%	Wuxi - PRC	CNY	21,713,248
REFLEX & ALLEN JAPAN	100.00%	Yokohama - JAPAN	JPY	3,500,000

Finlite Group - Consolidated financial statements as at 31st December 2016

REFLEX PARTECIPAO DO BRAZIL	100.00%	San Paolo - Brazil	BRL	5,145,121
PACO ALLEN AUTO PVT LTD	80.00%	Jamshedpur - India	INR	102,808,900
ENERGI PRODUCTS LDT	100.00%	Bodelwyddan - (UK)	GBP	2
REFLEX & ALLEN DO BRASIL AUTOMOTIVA LTDA	100.00%	San Paolo - Brazil	BRL	24,300,431
M&K HOLDING BV	100.00%	Hertogenbosch – Netherlands	€	154,836
M&K GROUP GMBH	100.00%	Boppard – Germany	€	25,000
M&K INTERNATIONAL BV	100.00%	Hertogenbosch – Netherlands	€	18,000
M&K SRO	100.00%	Brno - Czech Republic	€	63,429
M&K AUTOMOTIVE SYSTEMS GMBH	100.00%	Boppard – Germany	€	100,000
M&K SYSTEMS BV	100.00%	Hertogenbosch – Netherlands	€	45,378

CHANGES IN SCOPE OF CONSOLIDATION

The following companies have been included in the scope of consolidation since 2016:

COMPANY NAME	SHAREHOLDING %	HEAD OFFICE
M&K HOLDING BV	100,00%	Hertogenbosch – Netherlands
M&K GROUP GMBH	100,00%	Boppard – Germany
M&K INTERNATIONAL BV	100,00%	Hertogenbosch – Netherlands
M&K SRO	100,00%	Brno - Czech Republic
M&K AUTOMOTIVE SYSTEMS GMBH	100,00%	Boppard – Germany
M&K SYSTEMS BV	100,00%	Hertogenbosch – Netherlands

While the following companies left the scope of consolidation in 2016:

COMPANY NAME	SHAREHOLDING %	HEAD OFFICE
AMI INDÚSTRIA E COMÉRCIO DE MANGUEIRAS S.A.	100.00%	Brazil

VALUATION CRITERIA

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in compliance with applicable legal provisions, interpreted and supplemented with the accounting standards specified by the Italian National Board of Accountants and Bookkeepers, as amended by the OIC, following application of the new standards introduced with Italian Legislative Decree n. 6/2003 reforming company law, and - where lacking - by those issued by the International Accounting Standard Board (IASB).

The evaluation method adopted for the financial statement entries uses the general principle of

Finlite Group - Consolidated financial statements as at 31st December 2016 prudence and accrual-basis accounting and the going concern concept.

The application of the prudence principle entails the valuation of the individual elements comprising the single liability or asset items or entries, to prevent the offsetting of losses which must be recognised against profits which have not yet been realised and so must not be recognised.

In compliance with the principle of accrual basis accounting, the impact of the transactions and other events was recorded in the accounts and therefore has been attributed to the business year to which the said transactions and events refer, not the year in which the relative cash transactions (collections and payments) were actually carried out.

The ongoing application of the criteria over time represents a necessary condition for the comparability of the company's financial statements for the various years.

More specifically, the following evolution criteria have been adopted in the preparation of the financial statements:

Intangible fixed assets

These include amounts which, by nature, have benefits spanning several years. They have been entered at their acquisition price (including additional, directly attributable costs) and have been systematically amortised at a constant rate over their estimated useful lives. If, regardless of the amortisation already posted, there is an impairment loss, the fixed asset has been devalued accordingly. If, during subsequent years, the devaluation criteria requirements have not been met, the original entry has been written back.

Tangible fixed assets

These have been recorded at historical cost, including additional costs directly attributable to the goods, adjusted for currency appreciation. The assets resulting from revaluations have been allocated to the revaluation reserve included in net worth. The cost includes all additional charges and the direct and indirect costs for the share reasonably attributable to the asset.

Fixed assets have been systematically depreciated each year at a constant rate applying economic/technical rates based on the remaining possible use of the goods. If, regardless of the depreciation already posted, there is an impairment loss, the fixed asset has been devalued accordingly; if, during subsequent years, the devaluation criteria requirements have not been met, the original entry has been written back.

Tangible fixed assets acquired through finance leases have been reported in the financial statements in accordance with the financial criteria envisaged by IAS 17.

Routine maintenance costs have been entered in full in the profit and loss account.

Incrementing maintenance costs have been posted under the assets to which they relate and amortised over their remaining useful lives.

Stocks

Remaining stocks of raw materials, separate parts, and finished products have been entered at the lowest cost of either the specific purchase/production cost (established using the weighted average cost method) or the presumed realisable value inferable from the market's progress; this lower value has been written back in subsequent years if the reasons for the write-down no longer existed. Semi-finished products have been posted at the processing cost for the year. The cost includes all additional charges and the direct and indirect costs for the share reasonably attributable to the asset. Obsolete and slow-moving stock items have been written down based on their possible use or realisable value, by entering specific devaluation funds, with stock items subsequently deducted directly therefrom.

Receivables

Trade and non-trade receivables have been posted at their presumed realisable value.

Cash and cash equivalents

These have been entered at their nominal value.

Deferrals and accruals

In accordance with accruals-basis accounting, these include the shares of costs and earnings spanning two or more years.

Funds for risks and charges

Provisions have been made for risks and charges to cover certain existing or probable losses or payables, whose amount or occurrence date were, nevertheless, impossible to establish accurately at the year end.

The funds reflect the best possible estimate, based on the information available.

The risks which make the existence of liabilities simply a possibility have been outlined in the addendum, without a provision being made for risks and charges.

Employee severance pay

Severance pay has been set aside to cover all accrued liability to employees, as required by applicable legislation and collective labour agreements and arrangements with the company. As envisaged by laws in force, this liability is subject to revaluation using certain indexes/ratios.

Payables

Payables have been entered at their nominal value.

Payables for holiday leave accrued by employees and deferred remuneration, including the sums due to social security institutions, have been allocated according to the amount that would be payable in the event of termination of employment on the date the financial statements were closed.

Conversion of values in foreign currency

I Receivables and payables originally given in non-EU currencies have been converted into euros at the historical exchange rate in force at the date on which the relative transactions were carried out. The differences realised upon collection of receivables and payment of payables in foreign currencies have been posted in the profit and loss account.

As required by accounting standards, short-term receivables and payables in foreign currencies, whether arising from finance or trade, have been converted and displayed at the exchange rate in force at the date of the financial statements.

During the financial statements approval stage and subsequent allocation of the results, any profits originating from adjustment of items in foreign currency at the year end due to exchange differences and remaining after covering operating losses, have been entered in a non-distributable reserve until the profit is subsequently realised.

Income tax

Income tax has been set aside in accordance with the principle of accrual-basis accounting; and therefore includes:

- > Provisions for tax settled or to be settled for the reporting year, calculated at the applicable rates and according to laws in force;
- > The sum of deferred tax or tax which was prepaid as a result of temporary differences originating or cancelled out during the year;

As required by accounting standards, deferred tax assets and liabilities have also been entered according to the temporary differences between taxable income and income before income taxes. The deferred taxes are not recorded if it can be demonstrated that they are unlikely to be paid; entry of prepaid tax depends on whether or not it is reasonably certain that it will be recouped in the future. The deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if they relate to offsettable taxes.

Recognition of income and costs

II Revenues, income, costs, and charges have been posted according to the principle of prudence and/or accruals-basis accounting.

Income has been stated net of returns, discounts, allowances, and premiums. Revenues from product sales, in particular, has been recognised at the time of change of ownership, which - as a rule - occurs upon delivery or despatch of the goods.

Costs have been stated net of returns, discounts, allowances, and premiums.

Income and expenses of a financial nature have been reported on an accruals basis.

OTHER INFORMATION

Exclusions envisaged by article 2423, section 4, of the Italian Civil Code.

Please note that none of the exclusions envisaged by article 2423, section 4, of the Italian Civil Code have been applied in the consolidated financial statements.

Expression of monetary amounts

Unless stated otherwise, the all the amounts in this addendum are stated in thousands of euros.

BREAKDOWN OF CORRESPONDING LIABILITIES AND ASSETS ENTRIES

ACTIVITIES

B) FIXED ASSETS

B I) INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

At 31st December 2016, the intangible fixed assets amounted to €2,509,000 and included capitalised costs with benefits lasting several years.

The item headed "Industrial patent and intellectual property rights" refers mainly to EDP programs for the group's new ERP system (Microsoft Dynamics AX) which is undergoing an upgrade to the latest version as well as implementation in the companies acquired during 2015 and 2016 (Reflex Automotiva M&K group companies).

"Goodwill" includes:

- ➤ €3,400,000 from the consolidation difference arising from the removal of shareholdings and the replacement thereof with the consolidated assets and liabilities of Reflex & Allen UK Limited (formerly Allen Group Limited) on 31.12.2009. This difference has been amortised at a rate of 10% per year. As at 31st December 2016, the net book value of this goodwill was €680,000.
- ➤ €795,000 from the consolidation difference arising from the removal of shareholdings and the replacement thereof with the consolidated assets and liabilities of CM Composit. This difference has been amortised at a rate of 20% per year. As at 31st December 2016, the net book value of this goodwill was €478,000.
- ➤ €756,000 from the consolidation difference arising from the removal of shareholdings and the replacement thereof with the consolidated assets and liabilities of Maehler&Kaege Holding BV. This difference has been amortised at a rate of 20% per year. As at 31st December 2016, the net book value of this goodwill was €605,000.
- ➤ €202,000 from goodwill posted by Maehler & Kaege Holding BV from acquisitions made prior to 2016 and amortised over 10 years.

The table on the following page breaks down the intangible fixed assets.

FINLITE S.r.l. - Head office in Modena, - via Valrighi n. 101/2 - S: €10,000

INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS	Start-up and expansion costs	Research, developme nt and advertising expenditur e	Concessions , licenses, trademarks, and similar rights	Industrial patent and intellectual property rights	Goodwill	Advances and fixed assets in progress	Other intangible fixed assets	Total
Original cost	26	25	•	1,242	3,957	-	753	6,003
Purchases for the reporting year	36	83	192	66	795	=	47	1,219
Translation difference	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disinvestments for the reporting y	ear -	-	•	-	-	-	-	-
Revaluations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Write-downs	-	-	-	-	=	-	-	-
Reallocation of items	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
BALANCE AS AT 31/12/2015	62	108	192	1,308	4,752	-	800	7,222
Purchases for the reporting year	25	59	104	220	959	20	64	1,450
Translation difference	-	(45)	(26)	7	-	•	3	(61)
Disinvestments for the reporting year	ar -	-	-		-	-	-	-
Revaluations for reporting year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Write-downs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Reallocation of items	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	•
BALANCE AS AT 31/12/2016	87	122	270	1,535	5,711	20	866	8,611
Progressive amortisation/depreciations as at 31.12.2015	(30)	(54)	(46)	(1,028)	(3,096)	-	(761)	(5,015)
Translation difference	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Depreciation for the reporting year	(9)	(43)	(120)	(203)	(650)	-	(62)	(1,087)
Value of other transactions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(Uses) and movements for the reporting year.	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
Progressive amortisation/depreciations as at 31.12.2016	(39)	(97)	(166)	(1,231)	(3,746)	-	(823)	(6,102)
Net intangible fixed assets	47	26	103	304	1.965	20	43	2,509

B) II) TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

As at 31st December 2016, these amounted to €12,998,000. The table below provides a breakdown

TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS	Land and buildings	Plants and machinery	Industrial and commercial equipment	Other assets	Advances and fixed assets in progress	Total
Original cost	7,608	11,809	941	1,729	21	22.108
Purchases for the reporting year	1,641	3,697	846	52	i	6.236
Translation difference	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disinvestments for the reporting year	•	-	-	-	-	-
Revaluations	•	-	-	-	-	-
Write-downs	-	(1,295)	-	-	-	(1.295)
Reallocation of items	-	-	-	-	(21)	(21)
BALANCE AS AT 31/12/2015	9,249	14,211	1,787	1,781	. 0	27.028
Purchases for the reporting year	500	1,830	600	164	652	3.746
Translation difference	(438)	(537)	(118)	(27)	-	(1.119)
Disinvestments for the reporting year	•	-	(209)	-	-	(209)
Revaluations for reporting year	•	•	-	-	-	-
Write-downs	-	-	-	-	-	-
Reallocation of items	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31/12/2016	9,311	15,504	2,060	1,918	652	29.446
Progressive	(3,201)	(9,017)	(965)	(1,365)	-	(14.548)
amortisation/depreciations						
as at 31.12.2015						
Translation difference	-	•	-	-	•	-
Depreciation for the reporting year	(295)	(1,319)	(88)	(197)	<u>-</u>	(1900)
Other activity	-	-	-	-	-	-
(Utilisation) and reallocations fo	or the	-	-	-	-	-
reporting year						
Progressive amortisation/depas at 31.12.2016	oreciations (3,496)	(10,336)	· (1,053)	(1,562)	-	(16,448)
Net tangible fixed assets	5,815	5,168	1,007	356	652	12,998

B III) FINANCIAL FIXED ASSETS

RECEIVABLES FROM OTHERS

As at 31st December 2016, these were entered as €10,000.

OTHER SECURITIES

As at 31st December 2016, this item was posted as zero, since - during 2016 (following the expiry of the lease agreement) - the bonds held by subsidiary Reflex S.r.l. and pledged to Hypo Alpe Adria Bank S.p.A. as security for the obligations undertaken with the finance lease agreement concerning the real property which the company uses as its premises - were cashed.

C) CURRENT ASSETS C I) STOCK

This entry is itemised below.

	Balance at 31.12.2016	Balance at 31.12.2015	Difference
Raw materials, ancillaries, and consumables	9,404	7,188	2,216
Semi-finished items	3,096	3,342	(246)
Finished products	2,150	2,581	(431)
Advances	-	-	-
Total	14,650	13,111	1,539

The values shown are net of the "Fund for obsolete and slow-moving stock", which totalled €1,450,000.

Activity concerning the provision is broken down as follows:

·	Balance as at 31/12/2015	Reclassificat ions	Uses	Provisions	Balance as at 31/12/2016
Fund for write-downs of raw material stocks	38	-	-	658	696
Fund for write-downs of stocks of semi- finished items	4	-	-	-	4
Fund for write-downs of stocks of finished items	723	-	(172)	199	750
Total	765	-	(172)	857	1,450

III) RECEIVABLES

This entry is itemised below.

TRADE RECEIVABLES FROM THIRD PARTIES

As at 31st December 2016, trade receivables from third parties amounted to €16,844,000, broken down as follows:

	Balance as at 31/12/2016	Balance as at 31/12/2015	Difference
Gross value of trade receivables	17,012	17,499	(487)
Provision for doubtful accounts	(168)	(61)	(107)
Net total	16,844	17,438	(594)

The provision for doubtful accounts appears to be appropriate in view of the likely future collection risks. Activity in 2016 concerning the provision for doubtful accounts is broken down as follows:

	Balance as at 31/12/2015	Uses	Provisions	Balance as at 31/12/2016
Provision for doubtful accounts	61	0	107	168

Please note that there are no trade receivables recorded with a residual lifetime of over a year.

The geographical breakdown of trade receivables, net of the provision for doubtful accounts, is as follows:

	Balance as at 31/12/2016	Balance as at 31/12/2015	Difference
Italy	2,077	3,250	(1,173)
EU area	6,115	4,892	1,223
Non-EU area	8,652	9,296	(644)
Total	16,844	17,438	(594)

TAX RECEIVABLES

These amounted to €611,000,including €149,000 receivable by the parent company Finlite Srl, and refer to accounts receivable by Finlite Srl amounting to €112,000, to accounts receivable by the indirectly controlled company Reflex&Allen USA amounting to €317,000 and for those receivable by the controlled company EnergiProducts amounting to €33,000

PREPAID TAX

As at 31st December 2016, this amounted to a balance of €2,109,000. This post mainly relates to the subsidiary Reflex S.r.I (€109,000) and consists of the tax benefits for costs that will be deductible in subsequent years. €6,000 relates to receivables for prepaid tax accrued by CM Composit, €260,000 for receivables for prepaid tax accrued by Reflex & Allen USA, €880,000 relates to deferred tax liabilities accrued by Reflex & Allen Automotiva and €854,000 for tax which will be deductible over the years by M&K Holding.

Prepaid tax, in particular, has been entered according to all the temporary differences between

Finlite Group - Consolidated financial statements as at 31 December 2016 taxable income and profit before tax, assuming that the future taxable income is sufficient to offset the temporary differences stated below in the time span contemplated.

RECEIVABLES FROM OTHERS

These amounted to €544,000, itemised as follows:

	as at 31.12.2016	as at 31.12.2015	Difference
Receivables from employees/agents	135	138	(3)
Receivables from public authorities		2	(2)
Advances to suppliers	158	238	(80)
Receivables from others	251	8	243
Total	544	386	158

The aforesaid receivables mature as follows:

	as at 31.12.2016	as at 31.12.2015	Difference
Within the reporting year	544	386	158
Within 1 to 5 years	-	•	•
Total	544	386	158

C IV)- CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The amount recorded at year end was €5,899,000 (the cash and cash equivalents as at 31st December 2016), €4,537,000 of which relates to bank and postal deposits, €1,339,000 to cheques, and €23,000 to cash on hand.

D) ACCRUED INCOME AND PREPAYMENTS

These amounted to €720,000 and relate to items allocated on an accruals basis, €330,000 of which relates to a single contract held by Reflex Uk .

LIABILITIES

A) NET WORTH

On 31st December 2016, net worth amounted to €18,995,000, €16,880,000 of which is attributable to the group.

The share capital of the parent company amounted to €10,000.

Appendix B hereto highlights the activity relating to the net worth.

B) FUNDS FOR RISKS AND CHARGES

These amounted to €1,562, itemised as follows:

	Balance as at 31/12/2016	Balance as at 31/12/2015	Difference
Fund for tax, including deferred tax	528	386	142
Fund for retirement indemnities and similar	30	32	(2)
requirements Others	1,004	1,698	(694)
Total	1,562	2,116	(554)

Reserve for tax

This amounted to €528,000 and relates to deferred tax including the tax effects of consolidation accounts.

Other funds

As at 31st December 2016, this fund for future risks amounted to €1,034,000, including €1,004,000 for the allocation of the consolidation surplus relating to Reflex Allen do Brasile Automotiva, and to cover potential future losses, and €30,000 for retirement indemnities and similar requirements.

C) SEVERANCE PAY

As at 31st December 2016, this was entered at €1,317,000 and consisted of the amount payable for this reason to the persons employed by the member companies.

The significant increase (of €635,000) is due to the fund allocated by M&K Holding and the subsidiaries thereof acquired in 2016.

Activity during the year concerning the debt to employees for severance pay, can be broken down as follows:

Balance as at 01/01/2016	682
Utilisation of the severance pay fund for employment relationships terminated during the reporting year	(242)
Importing of M&K Holding provision for severance pay	807
Advances granted to employees	(76)
Funds set aside for reporting year	146
Balance as at 31/12/2016	1.317

D) PAYABLES

PAYABLES DUE TO BANKS

These amounted to €12,198,000 and consist of short-term and medium-term payables to banks/credit institutes. In particular, the short-term exposure due to business transactions

Finite Group - Consolidated financial statements as at 31 December 2016 amounted to €3,389,000. The payables to banks are broken down according to transaction type/bank and duration:

	Within 1 year	Over 1 year	Over 5 years	Balance as at 31/12/2016	Balance as at 31/12/2015	Difference
Payables to banks for ordinary transactions	3,389	-	-	3,389	7,001	(3,612)
Total payables to banks for ordinary transactions	3,389	-	-	3,389	7,001	(3,612)
Payables to "Banca Popolare Emilia Romagna" bank	1,131	2,356	-	3,487	2,000	1,487
Payables to "Banco Popolare S. Geminiano e S. Prospero" bank	719	1,976	-	2,694	1,737	957
Payables to Unicredit bank	186	1,164	-	1,350	-	1,350
Payables to HSBC bank	359	919	-	1,278	•	1,278
Total payables to banks for loans	2,394	6,415	-	8,809	3,737	5,072
Total	5,783	6,415	•	12,198	10,738	1,460

PAYABLES DUE TO OTHER FUNDERS

These amounted to €73,000 and originated from the application of IAS 17 to the lease agreements in place on 31st December 2016. The portion of payables with deadlines within the reporting year amounted to €38,000 while the remaining €35,000 refers to payables which mature after the reporting year.

TRADE PAYABLES TO THIRD PARTY SUPPLIERS

These amounted to €16,793,000.

The chart below breaks down payables to suppliers (except those from the euro area) by geographic area:

·	Balance as at 31/12/2016	Balance as at 31/12/2015	Difference
Italian suppliers	2,921	2,345	576
E.U. suppliers	8,531	6,783	1,748
Non-EU suppliers	5,341	5,719	(378)
Total	16,793	14,847	1,946

TAX PAYABLES

These amounted to €2,323,000 and mainly concern payables for income tax and VAT.

PAYABLES TO SOCIAL SECURITY INSTITUTES

These amounted to €545,000. There are no payables due beyond the year end.

OTHER PAYABLES

These amounted to €2,542,000, itemised as follows:

	Balance as at 31/12/2016	Balance as at 31/12/2015	Difference
Payables to employees	387	267	120
Sundry payables	1.319	902	417
State contributions	836	726	110
Total	2.542	1.895	647

E) ACCRUED EXPENSES AND DEFERRED INCOME

This item amounted to €501,000 and is mainly attributable to charges for deferred remuneration.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET COMMITMENTS, GUARANTEES, AND POTENTIAL LIABILITIES

Off-balance sheet commitments, guarantees, and potential liabilities include the following items of note:

- > sureties for credit facilities granted to subsidiary Reflex & Allen UK Ltd for trade transactions (invoice discounts, advances, etc.) and more specifically: sureties amounting to €5,000,000 granted to the Banca Popolare dell'Emilia Romagna bank and a surety totalling 2,000,000 GBP (€2,335,957 at the GBP/EUR exchange rate applicable on 31/12/2016) granted to the Unicredit Banca bank;
- > sureties issued in favour of subsidiary ReflexAllen Composites S.r.l., amounting to €212,800, for credit lines (the guarantee is up to €1,250,000; the amount stated here refers to the actual use by the subsidiary as at 31/12/2016);
- > a surety in favour of subsidiary Reflex & Allen USA for €621,383 (655,000 USD).

Note also commitments totalling €80,164, relating to the remaining payable due as result of lease instalments nearing due dates and final payments.

EXAMINATION OF THE PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT POSTS

A) VALUE OF PRODUCTION

REVENUES FROM SALES AND SERVICES

In the current year, revenue from sales and services amounted to €92,502,000 and can be broken down as follows:

		2016	2015	Difference
Core revenues from sales of goods and services		92,502	89,286	3,216
Other revenues		1,401	1,065	336
Rebates on and adjustments to income		-	-	•
	Total	93,903	90,351	3,552

Revenues from sales of goods and services are broken down geographically as follows:

	2016	2015	Difference
Italy	10,965	10,071	894
E.U.	45,536	42,191	3,345
Non-EU	36,001	37,024	. (1,023)
	Total (92.02)	89,286	3.216

The section below shows a breakdown of the "Sale of goods and products" to third parties provided by the individual companies in the group:

Breakdown of revenues by company

		2016	2016	2015	2015
Reflex Srl		7,297	8%	7,896	9%
CM Composit		3,669	4%	2,175	2%
R&A Automotiva		3,744	4%	4,166	5%
Reflex & Allen UK		41,858	45%	42,191	47%
Reflex & Allen WUXI		10,279	11%	9,307	10%
Reflex & Allen USA		8,768	9%	10,155	11%
PACO ALLEN		10,876	12%	11,360	13%
Reflex & Allen JAPAN		2,334	3%	2,036	2%
Energi Products		-	0%	-	0%
Regifin		•	0%	•	0%
M&K Holding		3,678	4%	-	0%
	Total	92,502	100%	89,286	100%

OTHER REVENUES AND INCOME

Other revenues and income amounted to €1,401,000. The details of this post are shown below, broken down into subsidies for operating expenses to Reflex & Allen UK and contributions received by the Welsh government and other income.

a) Subsidies for operating expenses	2016	2015	Difference
State contributions	153	141	12
Total	153	141	12
b) Other income	2016	2015	Difference
Insurance indemnities	-	-	-
Recovery of provisions for stock write-downs	-	-	-
Transportation cost charge-backs	-	-	•
Adjustments to provisions following estimate updates	-	-	-
Other revenues	1,248	923	325
Total	1,248	923	325

B) COSTS OF PRODUCTION

PURCHASES OF RAW MATERIALS, ANCILLARIES, AND CONSUMABLES

On 31st December 2016, purchases of raw materials, ancillaries, and consumables amounted to €46,855,000.

EXPENDITURE FOR SERVICES

These were comprised of expenses and services relating to the industrial and commercial area, as well as those of a general nature, and amounted to €11,218,000.

This entry is itemised below:

B) COSTS OF PRODUCTION: 7) For services	2016	2015	Difference
Outwork	55	40	15
Utilities (electricity, gas, water)	1,730	1,600	130
Staff training courses	54	38	16
Trade costs	323	246	77
Fuel and lubricants	90	132	(42)
Technical advise and services	1,502	252	1,250
Legal and administrative advice	774	1,386	(612)
Commission on sales	187	223	(37)
Remuneration of board of auditors	164	161	3
Maintenance and repairs	727	737	(10)
Bank charges	184	51	133
Insurance	355	286	69
Remuneration and reimbursement of expenses for directors	157	1,125	(968)
Representation expenditure	731	762	(31)
Travel expenses	44	104	(61)
Telephone and internet expenses	184	228	(43)
Carriage and shipping	2,764	2,189	576
other	1,193	952	241
Total	11,218	10,512	706

The Sole Director of FINLITE S.r.l. does not receive remuneration for providing similar services to other companies in the group.

Costs for leasing

These amounted to €1,816,000 and concerned rents payable and hire fees for operating assets. These are broken down as follows:

Finlite Group - Consolidated financial statements as at 31 December 2016

B) COSTS OF PRODUCTION: 8) For use of third-party assets 2016 2: Difference

b) 60010 of FRODO FION. b) For use of time-party assets	20.0	20.0	Billerence
Rent payable	208	367	(159)
Rental of operating assets	1.609	949	660
Total	1.816	1.316	500

Labour cost

This amounted to €21,862,000 and comprised, in addition to salaries and wages paid, accrued expenses relating to year-end bonuses, holiday leave, severance pay, and contributions.

B) COSTS OF PRODUCTION: 9) For personnel	2016	2015	Difference
Wages and salaries	18,343	15,786	2,558
Social security contributions	3,003	3,273	(270)
Severance pay	189	158	31
Retirement indemnities and similar requirements	-	-	•
Other costs for personnel	327	203	124
Total	21,862	19,420	2,443

STAFF INFORMATION

The number of staff employed by the group (with reference to the companies included in the scope of consolidation as at 31.12.2016) is 1,217, broken down by category as follows

	2016	2015	Difference	
Management	2	2	-	
White-collar staff (including apprentices)	262	216	46	
Blue-collar staff (including apprentices)	953	693	260	
Total	1,217	911	306	

In accordance with standard OIC 12, the cost of agency workers has been reclassified under personnel costs.

AMORTISATION OF INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

This entry, which amounted to €1,087,000, reported the amortisation portion for the year. The amount included: the amortisation portion of the consolidation difference arising from the acquisition of Reflex & Allen UK Limited by subsidiary Reflex S.r.I., which amounted to €340,000 (10% of €3,400,000); the amortisation portion of the consolidation difference arising from the acquisition of CM Composit, which amounted to €159,000 (20% of €795,000); the amortisation portion of the consolidation difference arising from the acquisition of M&K Holding BV amounting to €151,000 (20% of €756,000).

DEPRECIATION OF TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

This amounted to €1,900,000 and consisted of ordinary depreciation calculated at the maximum tax

Finlite Group - Consolidated financial statements as at 31 December 2016 rates applicable, which reflects the actual deterioration of the assets concerned.

DEVALUATION OF RECEIVABLES INCLUDED IN THE CURRENT ASSETS

These amounted to €107,000.

PROVISIONS FOR RISKS

No provisions were made for the reporting year for 'other risks'.

SUNDRY OPERATING EXPENSES

These amounted to €1,096, itemised as follows:

B) COSTS OF PRODUCTION: 14) Sundry operating expenses	2016	2015	Difference
Taxes and duties other than on income	154	126	29
Complimentary and promotional items	24	56	(32)
Ordinary capital losses	-	-	•
Canteen running costs	-	-	· •
Other charges	918	813	104
Total	1,096	995	101

C) FINANCIAL INCOME AND CHARGES

EARNINGS FROM SHAREHOLDINGS

Non-existent

OTHER FINANCIAL INCOME

These amounted to €14,000, itemised as follows:

C) FINANCIAL INCOME AND CHARGES:	2016	2015	Difference	
17) Interest and other financial charges d) Others				
Bank interest receivable	•	1	(1)	
Other interest	14	33	(19)	
Total	14	34	(20)	

FINANCIAL CHARGES

Financial charges amounted to €593,000, itemised as follows:

C) FINANCIAL INCOME AND CHARGES:

2016	2015	Difference	
------	------	------------	--

Total	593	604	(11)
Interest payable on loans from other lenders	•	-	-
Other interest	11	<u>-</u>	11
Financial discounts granted to customers	19	26	(7)
Charges on interest-free transactions	•	<u> </u>	•
Interest and charges payable to banks	563	578	(15)
17) Interest and other financial charges d) Others			

EXCHANGE RATE GAINS AND LOSSES

During the year, gains on foreign exchanges amounted to a net sum of €950,000.

The distinction between net gains and losses, both realised and unrealised, i.e. those originating from adjustment of entries in foreign currency at the year-end exchange rates, is shown in the table below:

C) FINANCIAL INCOME AND CHARGES: 17) b) Exchange rate profits and losses	2016	2015	Difference
Losses from foreign exchanges	387	830	(444)
Losses on exchanges not realised	•	-	-
Gains on foreign exchanges	(1.337)	(679)	(658)
Gains on foreign exchanges not realised	-	-	-
Total	(950)	151	(1.101)

D) ADJUSTMENTS OF FINANCIAL ASSETS

No value adjustments were made to financial assets during the year.

INCOME TAX FOR REPORTING YEAR

These amounted to €2,180,000 and, in addition to €2,133,000 for current income tax, in accordance with accruals-basis accounting, the entry takes into account the allocation of deferred and prepaid tax, amounting to €47,000.

RESULT FOR FINANCIAL YEAR

During the reporting year, the group achieved a positive result of €3,062,000, €2,731,000 of which is attributable to the group.

These financial statements are a true and accurate portrayal of the account books and records.

Finlite S.r.l.
Antonella Bortolomasi,
sole director

Annex A

Reconciliation between the amounts of net worth and the net result for the year ending 31st December 2016

STATEMENT OF RECONCILIATION BETWEEN FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (PURSUANT TO ITALIAN CIVIL LAW) ISSUED BY PARENT COMPANY AND GROUP STATEMENTS

2016

2016

Statement of reconciliation between financial statements (pursuant to Italian civil law) issued by parent company and group statements

and group statements		
	Net result	Net worth
BALANCES REPORTED IN PARENT COMPANY'S FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	5	2.027
Effect of removal of the consolidated		
shareholdings	6,712	22,432
- Other changes	0	149
Elimination of the impact of transactions between		
consolidated companies, net of tax effects:		
- Internal profits on assignments of assets	-10	-39
- Foreign exchange differences	60	0
- Distribution of dividends	-6,098	-6,098
- Reversal of shareholding write-downs	3,109	3,109
Other consolidation adjustments		
 Recognition of lease impact (IAS 17) Realignment of lease repayment plan 	89	1,081 -17
- Amortisation of consolidation difference	-650	-3,189
- Tax effect on consolidation transactions	53	0
- Other adjustments arising from consolidation	-208	115
- Translation reserves	0	-577
Effect of other adjustments:		
- Other adjustments	0.	2
BALANCES STATED IN CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	3,062	18,995
BALANCES STATED IN CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Shares pertaining to minorities	-331	-2,115
BALANCES STATED IN CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	2,731	16,880

FINLITE S.r.I. - Head office in Modena – Via Valdrighi n. 101/2 - Share capital: €10,000

Annex B

The following table shows the significant differences which occurred in the consolidated net worth items during the reporting year.

		GROUP NET WORTH							NET WORTH ATTRIBUTABLE TO MINORITIES		NET WORTH			
	SHARE CAPITAL	Legal reserve	EXTRAOR DINARY RESERVE	FOREIGN EXCHANGE DIFFERENC ES	OTHER RESERV ES	J€ TRANSLA TION RESERVE	PROFI TS CARRI ED FORW ARDS	CONSOL RESERVE	PROFI T FOR REPOR TING YEAR	TOTAL (Group)	THIRD- MINORI PARTY TY TOTAL CAPJRE PROFIT SERVE	CONSOLIDATE D TOTAL		
BALANCES AS AT 31ST DECEMBER 2015.	10	2	1,998	589	4	0	0	10,208	2,891	15,702	1,547	237	1,784	17,486
ALLOCATION OF PROFIT FROM 2015	0	0	7	0	0	0	0	2,884	(2,891)	0	237	(237)	0	0
PROFIT FOR REPORTING YEAR (2016)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,731	2,731	0	331	331	3,062
TRANSFER TO CONSOLIDATION RESERVE 2016	0	0	0	(589)	0	0	0	589	0	0	0	0	0	0
FOREIGN EXCHANGE DIFFERENCES 2016	0	0	0	(1,465)	0	0	0	0	0	(1,465)	0	0	0	(1,465)
OTHER DIFFERENCE IN CONSOL. AREA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(62)	0	(62)	0	0	0	(62)
REALIGNMENT OF LEASE REPAYMENT PLAN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(17)	0	(17)	. 0	0	0	(17)
OTHER MINOR DIFFERENCES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(11)	0	(11)	0	0	0	(11)
BALANCES AS AT 31ST DECEMBER 2016.	10	2	2,005	(1,465)	4	0	0	13,592	2,731	16,879	1,784	331	2,115	18,995