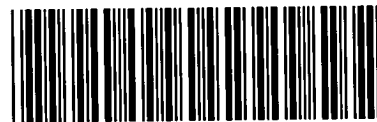


**Grainger Newbury Limited**  
**Financial statements**  
**30 September 2016**

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COMPANIES HOUSE

# **Grainger Newbury Limited**

## **Financial statements**

**Year ended 30 September 2016**

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# Grainger Newbury Limited

## Officers and professional advisers

### **The board of directors**

Helen C Gordon  
Adam McGhin  
Vanessa K Simms

### **Company secretary**

Adam McGhin

### **Registered office**

Citygate  
St James' Boulevard  
Newcastle Upon Tyne  
NE1 4JE

### **Auditor**

KPMG LLP  
Chartered accountants & statutory auditor  
15 Canada Square  
Canary Wharf  
London  
E14 5GL

### **Bankers**

Barclays Bank Plc  
Barclays House  
5 St Ann's Street  
Quayside  
Newcastle Upon Tyne  
NE1 2BH

### **Solicitors**

Bond Dickinson LLP  
St Ann's Wharf  
112 Quayside  
Newcastle Upon Tyne  
NE1 3DX

# Grainger Newbury Limited

## Directors' report

Year ended 30 September 2016

The directors present their report and the financial statements of the company for the year ended 30 September 2016.

### Principal activities

The principal activity of the company is property development and trading. The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2015: £nil).

### Directors

The directors who served the company during the year were as follows:

Vanessa K Simms	
Helen C Gordon	(Appointed 31 December 2015)
Adam McGhin	(Appointed 30 September 2016)
Andrew R Cunningham	(Resigned 31 December 2015)
Nick P On	(Resigned 30 September 2016)

### Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law), including FRS 101 *Reduced Disclosure Framework*. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

# Grainger Newbury Limited

## Directors' report *(continued)*

Year ended 30 September 2016

### Auditor

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

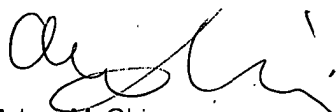
- so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware; and
- they have taken all steps that they ought to have taken as a director to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

Pursuant to Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditor will be deemed to be reappointed and KPMG LLP will therefore continue in office.

### Small company provisions

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

This report was approved by the board of directors on 25 May 2017 and signed on behalf of the board by:



Adam McGhin  
Company Secretary

## **Independent auditor's report to the members of Grainger Newbury Limited**

We have audited the financial statements of Grainger Newbury Limited for the year ended 30 September 2016 set out on pages 6 to 13. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and UK Accounting Standards (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 101 *Reduced Disclosure Framework*.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

### **Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor**

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 2, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit, and express an opinion on, the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

### **Scope of the audit of the financial statements**

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the Financial Reporting Council's website at [www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate](http://www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate).

### **Opinion on financial statements**

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 September 2016 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

### **Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006**


In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

**Independent auditor's report to the members of  
Grainger Newbury Limited (continued)**

**Matters on which we are required to report by exception**

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies exemption from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.



**Bill Holland (Senior Statutory Auditor)**  
**For and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor**  
Chartered Accountants  
15 Canada Square  
Canary Wharf  
London  
E14 5GL  
/ June 2017

# Grainger Newbury Limited

## Statement of comprehensive income

Year ended 30 September 2016

	Note	2016 £	2015 £
Interest payable and similar charges	4	(14,465)	(9,669)
<b>Loss on ordinary activities before taxation</b>		<b>(14,465)</b>	<b>(9,669)</b>
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	5	<u>2,893</u>	<u>1,982</u>
<b>Loss for the financial year and total comprehensive loss</b>		<b><u>(11,572)</u></b>	<b><u>(7,687)</u></b>

All the activities of the company are from continuing operations.

The notes on pages 9 to 13 form part of these financial statements.



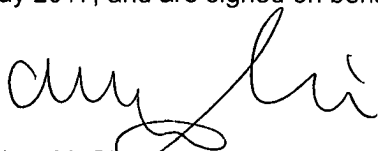
# Grainger Newbury Limited

## Statement of financial position

30 September 2016

	Note	2016 £	2015 £
<b>Current assets</b>			
Stocks	6	1,850,833	1,036,153
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>	7	<u>(1,880,336)</u>	<u>(1,054,084)</u>
<b>Net current liabilities</b>		<u>(29,503)</u>	<u>(17,931)</u>
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>		<u>(29,503)</u>	<u>(17,931)</u>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>			
Called up share capital	8	1	1
Profit and loss account	9	<u>(29,504)</u>	<u>(17,932)</u>
<b>Shareholders' deficit</b>		<u>(29,503)</u>	<u>(17,931)</u>

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 25 May 2017, and are signed on behalf of the board by:



Adam McGhin  
Director

Company registration number: 03904336

The notes on pages 9 to 13 form part of these financial statements.

# Grainger Newbury Limited

## Statement of changes in equity

Year ended 30 September 2016

	Called up share capital £	Profit and loss account £	Total £
<b>At 1 October 2014</b>	1	(10,245)	(10,244)
Loss for the year	—	(7,687)	(7,687)
<b>Total comprehensive loss for the year</b>	—	(7,687)	(7,687)
<b>At 30 September 2015</b>	1	(17,932)	(17,931)
Loss for the year	—	(11,572)	(11,572)
<b>Total comprehensive loss for the year</b>	—	(11,572)	(11,572)
<b>At 30 September 2016</b>	<u>1</u>	<u>(29,504)</u>	<u>(29,503)</u>

The notes on pages 9 to 13 form part of these financial statements.

# Grainger Newbury Limited

## Notes to the financial statements

Year ended 30 September 2016

### 1. Statement of compliance

The financial statements of Grainger Newbury Limited ("the company") for the year ended 30 September 2016 were authorised for issue by the board of directors on 25 May 2017 and the statement of financial position was signed on the board's behalf by Adam McGhin.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework'.

The entity is a limited company incorporated and domiciled in the UK. The registered office is:

Citygate  
St James' Boulevard  
Newcastle Upon Tyne  
NE1 4JE

The company's ultimate parent undertaking, Grainger plc, includes the company in its consolidated financial statements. The consolidated financial statements of Grainger plc are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and are available to the public and may be obtained from Citygate, St James' Boulevard, Newcastle upon Tyne, NE1 4JE.

### 2. Accounting policies

#### Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with applicable UK accounting standards.

The financial statements are prepared on the going concern basis in accordance with the Companies Act 2006 and applicable accounting standards in the United Kingdom, which have been applied consistently throughout the year.

#### Going concern

Grainger plc has confirmed to the directors of the company that it will provide such financial support as shall enable the company to continue as a going concern for at least 12 months from the signing of these accounts.

The company and group's forecasts and projections, taking into account reasonably possible changes in trading performance, show that the company and the group are expected to have a sufficient level of financial resources.

After making enquiries, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

#### Transition to FRS 101

The entity transitioned from previous UK GAAP to FRS 101 as at 1 October 2014. Details of how FRS 101 has affected the reported financial position and financial performance are given in note 12.

# Grainger Newbury Limited

## Notes to the financial statements *(continued)*

Year ended 30 September 2016

### 2. Accounting policies *(continued)*

#### Disclosure exemptions

In these financial statements, the company has applied the exemptions available under FRS 101 in respect of the following disclosures:

- (a) Cash flow statement and related notes;
- (b) Comparative period reconciliations for share capital;
- (c) Disclosures in respect of transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries;
- (d) Disclosures in respect of capital management;
- (e) The effects of new but not yet effective IFRSs;
- (f) Disclosures in respect of the compensation of key management personnel.

As the consolidated financial statements of Grainger plc include the equivalent disclosures, the company has also taken the exemptions under FRS 101 available in respect of the following disclosures:

Certain disclosures required by IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement and the disclosures required by IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures.

#### Income tax

The taxation charge for the year represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax. The charge is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income according to the accounting treatment of the related transaction.

Current tax payable or receivable is based on the taxable income for the period and any adjustment in respect of prior periods and is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period.

Tax payable upon the realisation of revaluation gains recognised in prior periods is recorded as a current tax charge with a release of the associated deferred tax.

Deferred income tax is recognised, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled. Deferred income tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will give rise to a future tax liability against which the deferred tax assets can be recovered.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income tax assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on either the taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

#### Stocks

Development properties and development land are shown in the financial statements at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes legal and surveying charges incurred during the acquisition plus improvement costs. Net realisable value is calculated based on whether the land or property is to be sold in its current condition or whether it will be subject to further development. Where the land or property is to be further developed, net realisable value is based on the future expected value. Where the land or property is to be sold in its current condition, net realisable value is based on current market value.

# Grainger Newbury Limited

## Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Year ended 30 September 2016

### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### Non-derivative financial instruments

Non-derivative financial instruments comprise loans and borrowings.

Interest-bearing borrowings are recognised initially at fair value less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, interest-bearing borrowings are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses.

#### Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make significant judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. The directors have considered whether there are any such sources of estimation or critical accounting judgements in preparing the financial statements and do not consider there to be any for the purposes of disclosure.

### 3. Operating profit

Audit fees of £2,600 (2015: £1,500) are statutory audit fees only and are borne by another group company.

There are no persons holding service contracts with the company (2015: none). None of the directors received any remuneration from the company during the year, or in the previous year, in respect of their services to the company.

### 4. Interest payable and similar charges

	2016 £	2015 £
Interest on banks loans and overdrafts	<u>14,465</u>	<u>9,669</u>

### 5. Tax on loss on ordinary activities

#### Major components of tax income

	2016 £	2015 £
<b>Current tax:</b>		
UK current tax income	<u>(2,893)</u>	<u>(1,982)</u>
<b>Tax on loss on ordinary activities</b>	<u><b>(2,893)</b></u>	<u><b>(1,982)</b></u>

There is no unprovided deferred tax liability or unrecognised deferred tax asset in these financial statements.

#### Reconciliation of tax income

The tax assessed on the loss on ordinary activities for the year is the same as (2015: the same as) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20% (2015: 20.50%).

	2016 £	2015 £
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	<u>(14,465)</u>	<u>(9,669)</u>
Loss on ordinary activities by rate of tax	<u><b>(2,893)</b></u>	<u><b>(1,982)</b></u>

# Grainger Newbury Limited

## Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Year ended 30 September 2016

### 5. Tax on loss on ordinary activities (continued)

#### Factors that may affect future tax income

There are no factors that are expected to significantly affect the taxation charge in future years.

### 6. Stocks

	2016 £	2015 £
Stock	<u>1,850,833</u>	<u>1,036,153</u>

The replacement value of stock is £1,850,833 (2015: £1,036,153) based on market value at 30 September 2016. In the opinion of the directors, there is no material difference between the replacement value and the carrying value.

The directors have reviewed the net realisable value of the development. They have concluded that the net realisable value exceeds the book cost of the properties and therefore no provision against carrying value of stock is required.

### 7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2016 £	2015 £
Overdraft	1,799,723	714,228
Amounts owed to group undertakings	<u>80,613</u>	<u>339,856</u>
	<u>1,880,336</u>	<u>1,054,084</u>

The overdraft bears interest of 1.46% (2015: 1.50%), is secured by the assets of other group companies and is repayable on demand. Interest payable for the year amounted to £14,465 (2015: £9,669).

### 8. Called up share capital

#### Issued, called up and fully paid

	2016		2015	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>

### 9. Reserves

Profit and loss account - This reserve records retained earnings and accumulated losses.

### 10. Related party transactions

The company is exempt from disclosing related party transactions as they are with other companies that are wholly owned within the Grainger plc group.

# **Grainger Newbury Limited**

## **Notes to the financial statements *(continued)***

**Year ended 30 September 2016**

### **11. Ultimate controlling and parent company**

The directors regard Grainger plc, a company registered in England and Wales, as the ultimate parent undertaking and the ultimate controlling party, being the parent undertaking of the smallest and largest group to consolidate these financial statements. Copies of the Grainger plc consolidated financial statements may be obtained from The Secretary, Grainger plc, Citygate, St James' Boulevard, Newcastle upon Tyne, NE1 4JE.

Grainger Housing & Developments Limited is the immediate controlling party and parent company by virtue of its 100% shareholding in the company.

### **12. Transition to FRS 101**

These are the first financial statements that comply with FRS 101. The company transitioned to FRS 101 on 1 October 2014.

No transitional adjustments were required in equity or profit or loss for the year.

The accounting policies set out in note 2 have been applied in preparing the financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2016 and the comparative information presented in these financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2015.