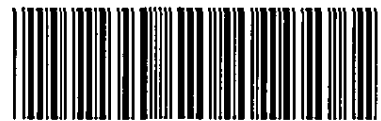


Registered Number: 3899738 England

ITS4ME PLC
DIRECTORS' REPORT AND
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2007

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ITS4ME PLC

Registered No 3899738

Directors

Anthony Clare
Garry Fearn
Peter Halpin
Scott Nelson
Jean-Michel Pescheux
Michel Roux
Dominique Salvy
Richard Savelli
Patrick Smith
Steven Whittaker

Secretary

Sally Hargreaves

Registered Office

Swinton House
6 Gt Marlborough Street
Manchester
M1 5SW

Registered Auditors

Ernst & Young LLP
100 Barbirolli Square
Manchester
M2 3EY

Registered number

3899738 England

Directors' report

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements of the Company for year ended 31 December 2007

Business review and principal activities

Following the transfer of the trade and assets of the Company to a fellow subsidiary undertaking, Swinton Group Limited, on 31 December 2006, the company did not trade during 2007, and earned interest income on loans due from fellow subsidiary undertakings only

On 10 March 2008, the company redeemed all Cumulative Preference Shares and paid all accrued Preference Share dividends. The company will remain dormant from this date

Results and dividend

The results for the year are set out in the profit and loss account on page 6. The directors do not recommend the payment of an ordinary dividend (2006: £nil)

Directors and their interests

Members of the board during the year were

Anthony Clare
Garry Fearn
Peter Halpin
Scott Nelson
Jean-Michel Pescheux
Michel Roux
Dominique Salvy
Richard Savelli
Patrick Smith
Steven Whittaker

Disclosure of information to the auditors

So far as each person who was a director at the date of approving this report is aware, there is no relevant audit information, being information needed by the auditor in connection with preparing its report, of which the auditor is unaware. Having made enquiries of fellow directors and the group's auditor, each director has taken all the steps that he/she is obliged to take as a director in order to make himself/herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information.

Auditors

A resolution to reappoint Ernst & Young LLP as auditors will be put to the members at the Annual General Meeting.

By order of the board



Sally Hargreaves
Secretary
22 April 2008

Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the financial statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Independent auditors' report

to the shareholders of ITS4ME PLC

We have audited the financial statements of Its4Me PLC for the year ended 31 December 2007 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, Balance Sheet, Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses, Note of Historical Costs Profits and Losses and the related notes 1 to 13. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland).

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you whether, in our opinion, the information given in the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements.

In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed.

We read the directors' report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

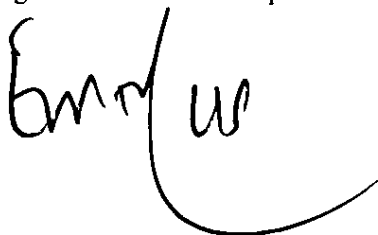
Opinion

In our opinion:

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2007 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985, and
- the information given in the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements.

Ernst & Young LLP
Registered Auditor
Manchester

12 April 2008



Profit and loss account

for the year ended 31 December 2007

| | <i>Notes</i> | <i>2007</i> <i>£'000</i> | <i>2006</i> <i>£'000</i> |
|--|--------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Turnover | | – | 8,495 |
| Administrative expenses | | – | (4,901) |
| Operating profit | 2 | – | 3,594 |
| Profit on transfer of trade to a fellow subsidiary undertaking | 5 | – | 28,420 |
| Interest receivable and similar income | 6 | 2,056 | 145 |
| Finance costs - Dividends on preference shares | | (649) | (581) |
| Profit on ordinary activities before taxation | | 1,407 | 31,578 |
| Tax on profit on ordinary activities | 7 | (617) | (706) |
| Profit on ordinary activities after taxation | 11 | 790 | 30,872 |

A statement of the movement on reserves can be found in the notes 10 to 11

All results relate to discontinued operations

Statement of total recognised gains and losses

There were no recognised gains or losses in the year other than the gain attributable to the shareholders of the company

Balance sheet

at 31 December 2007

| | <i>Notes</i> | <i>2007</i> <i>£'000</i> | <i>2006</i> <i>£'000</i> |
|--|--------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Current assets | | | |
| Debtors (including £33,827,000 (2006 £32,388,000) due after more than one year) | 8 | 33,827 | 32,388 |
| | | <u>33,827</u> | <u>32,388</u> |
| Creditors: amounts falling due within one year | 9 | (8,601) | (7,952) |
| | | <u>25,226</u> | <u>24,436</u> |
| Net assets | | | |
| Capital and reserves | | | |
| Called up share capital | 10 | 150 | 150 |
| Share premium | 11 | 150 | 150 |
| Profit and loss account | 11 | 24,926 | 24,136 |
| | 11 | <u>25,226</u> | <u>24,436</u> |

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 22 April 2008 and were signed on its behalf by



P J HALPIN
Director

Notes to the financial statements

at 31 December 2007

1. Accounting policies

The principal accounting policies followed by the company are set out below

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis in accordance with applicable accounting standards

Tangible assets

Expenditure on computer equipment and fixtures, fittings and office equipment is capitalised and depreciated over their expected useful economic lives on a straight line basis, which are estimated to be

| | |
|---|------------|
| Fixtures, fittings and office equipment | – 5 years |
| Computer equipment | – 3 years |
| Short leasehold property | – 10 years |

Turnover

Commission income is recognised when it becomes due and receivable

Leasing and hire purchase commitments

Assets held under hire purchase contracts are capitalised in the balance sheet and are depreciated over their useful lives. The capital elements of future obligations under the hire purchase contracts are included as liabilities in the balance sheet

The interest elements of the rental obligations are charged in the profit and loss account over the periods of the hire purchase contracts and represent a constant proportion of the balance of capital repayments outstanding

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged in the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term

Taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date, with the following exceptions

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that the underlying timing difference will reverse and that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal can be deducted

Pensions

The company makes contributions to the personal pension plans of its employees. Contributions are charged in the profit and loss account as they become payable

Capital Instruments

Shares are included in shareholders' funds. Other instruments are classified as liabilities if they contain an obligation to transfer economic benefits and if not they are included in shareholders' funds. The finance cost recognised in the profit and loss account in respect of capital instruments other than equity shares is allocated to periods over the term of the instrument at a constant rate on the carrying amount

Cash Flows

The Company's ultimate parent undertaking is MMA IARD Assurances Mutuelles (a company incorporated in France) and the Company's results are included in the consolidated financial statements of that company. Consequently the Company is exempt from the requirement of Financial Reporting Standard 1 to prepare a cash flow statement

Notes to the financial statements

at 31 December 2007

2. Operating profit

This is stated after charging

| | 2007 | 2006 |
|--|-------|-------|
| | £'000 | £'000 |
| Auditors' remuneration | | |
| - Audit of the financial statements | - | 29 |
| Depreciation of owned fixed assets | - | 131 |
| Operating lease rentals - land and buildings | - | 68 |
| Operating lease rentals - computer equipment | - | 28 |
| | | |

The remuneration receivable by the Company's auditors for auditing the Company is borne by Swinton Group Limited, a fellow subsidiary undertaking. The remuneration of the Company's auditors for provision of non-audit services to the Company was £nil (2006 - £nil)

3. Directors' emoluments

The aggregate amount of emoluments, including benefits in kind, paid to or receivable by directors during the period was as follows

| | 2007 | 2006 |
|---|-------|-------|
| | £'000 | £'000 |
| Emolument | - | 138 |
| Contributions to pension fund in respect of directors | - | 10 |
| | | 148 |

| | 2007 | 2006 |
|---|------|------|
| | No | No |
| Members of money purchase pension schemes | - | 1 |

4. Staff numbers and costs

| | 2007 | 2006 |
|-----------------------|-------|-------|
| | £'000 | £'000 |
| Wages and salaries | - | 1,681 |
| Social security costs | - | 144 |
| Other pension costs | - | 36 |
| | - | 1,861 |

The average number of persons employed by the company during the period was nil (2006 116)

2006 other pension costs relate to employer's contributions made on behalf of employees to personal pension funds maintained by third parties

Notes to the financial statements

at 31 December 2007

5. Profit on transfer of trade

On 31 December 2006, the trade and assets were transferred to Swinton Group Limited, a fellow subsidiary undertaking. As a result, net assets of £3,968,000 were transferred for total consideration of £32,388,000, settled by way of an intercompany loan, giving rise to a profit on the transfer of trade of £28,420,000.

6. Other interest receivable and similar income

| | 2007 £'000 | 2006 £'000 |
|---|---------------|---------------|
| Bank interest | - | 145 |
| Due from fellow subsidiary undertakings | 2,056 | - |
| | <u>2,056</u> | <u>145</u> |

7. Tax on profit on ordinary activities

(a) The tax charge is made up as follows:

| | 2007 £'000 | 2006 £'000 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| <i>Current tax</i> | | |
| UK corporation tax | 617 | 679 |
| Adjustments in respect of previous periods | - | 27 |
| Tax on profit on ordinary activities (b) | <u>617</u> | <u>706</u> |

(b) Factors affecting the current tax charge for the year

| | 2007 £'000 | 2006 £'000 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Profit on ordinary activities before tax | 1,407 | 31,578 |
| Current tax charge at standard UK corporation tax rate of 30% (2006 30%) | 422 | 9,473 |
| Profit on transfer of trade to fellow subsidiary undertaking (note 6) | - | (8,525) |
| Movement in deferred tax assets not recognised | - | (443) |
| Accrued preference dividends non tax deductible | 195 | 174 |
| Adjustments to tax charge in respect of previous periods | - | 27 |
| Tax on profit on ordinary activities (a) | <u>617</u> | <u>706</u> |

(c) Factors that may affect future tax charges

On 26 June 2007 Parliament substantively enacted Finance Act 2007 which brought about a change in the corporation tax rate from 30% to 28% with effect from 1 April 2008.

Notes to the financial statements

at 31 December 2007

8. Debtors

| | 2007 £'000 | 2006 £'000 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Amounts owed by fellow subsidiary undertaking (all due after more than one year) | 33,827 | 32,388 |

9. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

| | 2007 £'000 | 2006 £'000 |
|---------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Loans – preference shares | 5,900 | 5,900 |
| Preference dividends | 2,701 | 2,052 |
| | 8,601 | 7,952 |

The preference shares comprise 5.9 million Redeemable Cumulative Preference Shares of £1 each

The holder of the Redeemable Cumulative Preference Shares is entitled to an annual variable rate cumulative preferential dividend at the rate of 1.5% above the London Inter-Bank Offered Rate for 3-month deposits up until 31 May 2005. From this date the rate increased to 5% above the London Inter-Bank Offered Rate for 3 month deposits.

The company may at any time redeem for cash at par any of the Redeemable Cumulative Preference shares outstanding from retained earnings or the proceeds of a new share issue. The company shall redeem any shares that remain outstanding for cash at par on 31 May 2010.

On the date on which the audited accounts of the Company for each of its financial years ended 31 December 2006, 2007, 2008 and 2009 are laid before the Company in general meeting as required by section 241 of the Companies Act 1985 as amended by the Companies Act 1989 (the Act), the Company shall apply the full amount of the reserves of the Company shown by such accounts as being available for distribution in terms of sections 264 and 270-276 of the Act, after payment of any unpaid Preference Dividend, in redeeming for cash at par any of the Cumulative Preference Shares then outstanding and such date shall be a Redemption Date.

On 10 March 2008, all Cumulative Preference Shares were redeemed, and all accrued Preference dividends fully paid.

Notes to the financial statements

at 31 December 2007

10. Called up share capital

| | 2007 £'000 | 2006 £'000 |
|---|---------------|---------------|
| Authorised | | |
| 183,336 'A' Ordinary shares of 50p each | 92 | 92 |
| 116,664 'B' Ordinary shares of 50p each | 58 | 58 |
| | <u>150</u> | <u>150</u> |
| Alotted, called up and fully paid | | |
| 183,336 'A' Ordinary shares of 50p each | 92 | 92 |
| 116,664 'B' Ordinary shares of 50p each | 58 | 58 |
| | <u>150</u> | <u>150</u> |

The ordinary 'A' and 'B' shares rank pari passu in respect of voting rights, distribution of profits, proceedings at general meetings and the return of surplus assets (after payments of the company's liabilities) on liquidation, reduction of capital or otherwise, except in the following respects

Holders of a majority of the 'A' shares may appoint and remove up to 6 directors, 'B' shares up to 2 directors

11. Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds

| | Share capital £'000 | Share premium £'000 | Profit and loss account £'000 | Total £'000 |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------|
| Balance at 1 January 2007 | 150 | 150 | 24,136 | 24,436 |
| Profit for the financial year | — | — | 790 | 790 |
| Balance at 31 December 2007 | <u>150</u> | <u>150</u> | <u>24,926</u> | <u>25,226</u> |

12. Related party transactions

The company has applied the provisions of Financial Reporting Standard 8 ("Related Party Transactions") and taken the exemption allowed by the Standard from disclosing transactions with entities in the MMA IARD Assurances Mutuelles Group

13. Parent undertaking and controlling party

The Company's immediate parent company is Swinton (Holdings) Limited

In the directors' opinion, the Company's ultimate parent company, controlling party and largest undertaking which produces consolidated accounts (which include the Company) is MMA IARD Assurances Mutuelles, a company incorporated in France. Copies of its group accounts can be obtained from MMA Insurance plc, Norman Place, Reading RG1 8DA

The smallest undertaking in the group which produces consolidated accounts (which include the Company) continues to be Swinton (Holdings) Limited which is registered in England & Wales. A copy of its accounts can be obtained from the Company's registered office