

**AMENDED**

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**COLOURMARK LIMITED**

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**UNAUDITED**  
**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2021**

**SATURDAY**



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29/10/2022

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COMPANIES HOUSE

**COLOURMARK LIMITED**  
**REGISTERED NUMBER: 03890000**

**BALANCE SHEET**  
**AS AT 31 MAY 2021**

	Note	2021 £	2020 £
<b>Fixed assets</b>			
Investments	4	-	400
Investment property	5	350,000	350,000
		<u>350,000</u>	<u>350,400</u>
<b>Current assets</b>			
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	6	1,066	2,698,240
Current asset investments	7	-	1,634,212
Bank and cash balances		869,082	938,641
		<u>870,148</u>	<u>5,271,093</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(767,665)	(452,760)
<b>Net current assets</b>		<u>102,483</u>	<u>4,818,333</u>
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>		<u>452,483</u>	<u>5,168,733</u>
<b>Provisions for liabilities</b>			
Deferred tax	9	(6,926)	(6,197)
<b>Net assets</b>		<u><u>445,557</u></u>	<u><u>5,162,536</u></u>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>			
Called up share capital		101	101
Revaluation reserve		93,074	93,074
Profit and loss account		352,382	5,069,361
		<u><u>445,557</u></u>	<u><u>5,162,536</u></u>

The director considers that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

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**COLOURMARK LIMITED**  
**REGISTERED NUMBER: 03890000**

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**BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)**  
**AS AT 31 MAY 2021**

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The Company has opted not to file the statement of comprehensive income in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 31 May 2022.



**P C Fisher**  
Director

The notes on pages 3 to 9 form part of these financial statements.

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## COLOURMARK LIMITED

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2021

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#### 1. General information

Colourmark Limited ("the Company") is a private company limited by shares, incorporated in England and Wales. Its registered office is Leytonstone House, 3 Hanbury Drive, Leytonstone, London, England, E11 1GA. Its registered number is 03890000.

#### 2. Accounting policies

##### 2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

##### 2.2 Foreign currency translation

###### Functional and presentation currency

The Company's functional and presentational currency is GBP.

###### Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of transactions and from the translation at period-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in profit or loss except when deferred in other comprehensive income as qualifying cash flow hedges.

Foreign exchange gains and losses that relate to borrowings and cash and cash equivalents are presented in the Statement of Comprehensive Income within 'finance income or costs'. All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in profit or loss within 'other operating income'.

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## COLOURMARK LIMITED

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2021

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## 2. Accounting policies (continued)

### 2.3 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

#### Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

### 2.4 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

### 2.5 Finance costs

Finance costs are charged to profit or loss over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

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## COLOURMARK LIMITED

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2021

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## 2. Accounting policies (continued)

### 2.6 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Balance Sheet date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

### 2.7 Revaluation of tangible fixed assets

Individual freehold and leasehold properties are carried at current year value at fair value at the date of the revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. Revaluations are undertaken with sufficient regularity to ensure the carrying amount does not differ materially from that which would be determined using fair value at the Balance Sheet date.

Fair values are determined from market based evidence normally undertaken by professionally qualified valuers.

Revaluation gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive income unless losses exceed the previously recognised gains or reflect a clear consumption of economic benefits, in which case the excess losses are recognised in profit or loss.

### 2.8 Investment property

Investment property is carried at fair value determined annually by external valuers and derived from the current market rents and investment property yields for comparable real estate, adjusted if necessary for any difference in the nature, location or condition of the specific asset. No depreciation is provided. Changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss.

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## COLOURMARK LIMITED

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2021

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## 2. Accounting policies (continued)

### 2.9 Valuation of investments

Investments in unlisted Company shares, whose market value can be reliably determined, are remeasured to market value at each balance sheet date. Gains and losses on remeasurement are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income for the period. Where market value cannot be reliably determined, such investments are stated at historic cost less impairment.

Investments in listed company shares are remeasured to market value at each Balance Sheet date. Gains and losses on remeasurement are recognised in profit or loss for the period.

### 2.10 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

### 2.11 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours.

### 2.12 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price.

### 2.13 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in ordinary shares.

Debt instruments (other than those wholly repayable or receivable within one year), including loans and other accounts receivable and payable, are initially measured at present value of the future cash flows and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade debtors and creditors, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received. However, if the arrangements of a short-term instrument constitute a financing transaction, like the payment of a trade debt deferred beyond normal business terms or in case of an out-right short-term loan that is not at market rate, the financial asset or liability is measured, initially at the present value of future cash flows discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument and subsequently at amortised cost, unless it qualifies as a loan from a director in the case of a small company, or a public benefit entity concessionary loan.

### 2.14 Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting.

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COLOURMARK LIMITED

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2021

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3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including the director, during the year was 1 (2020 - 1).

4. Fixed asset investments

	Unlisted investments £
<b>Cost</b>	
At 1 June 2020	400
Disposals	(400)
At 31 May 2021	-
<b>Net book value</b>	
At 31 May 2021	-
At 31 May 2020	400

5. Investment property

	Long term leasehold investment property £
<b>Valuation</b>	
At 1 June 2020	350,000
At 31 May 2021	350,000

The 2021 valuations were made by the director, on an open market value for existing use basis.

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COLOURMARK LIMITED

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2021

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6. Debtors

	2021 £	2020 £
Other debtors	1	2,696,920
Prepayments and accrued income	1,065	1,320
	<u>1,066</u>	<u>2,698,240</u>

7. Current asset investments

	2021 £	2020 £
Listed investments	-	1,634,212
	<u>-</u>	<u>1,634,212</u>

8. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	2021 £	2020 £
Corporation tax	74,787	27,557
Other creditors	686,698	422,203
Accruals and deferred income	6,180	3,000
	<u>767,665</u>	<u>452,760</u>

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COLOURMARK LIMITED

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2021

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**9. Deferred taxation**

	2021 £
At beginning of year	6,197
Charged to profit or loss	729
<b>At end of year</b>	<b>6,926</b>

The provision for deferred taxation is made up as follows:

	2021 £	2020 £
Revaluation reserve	6,926	6,197

**10. Related party transactions**

At the end of the year, the Company owed the director £686,698 (2020 - £37,594).

At the end of the year, the Company was owed £5,491,792 (2020 - £1,149,880) from connected companies.

**11. Controlling party**

The ultimate controlling party is Colourmark Holdings Limited.