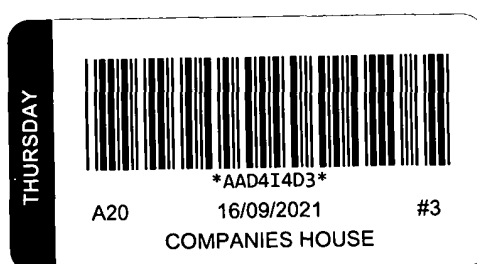


Company registration number: 3875690

Supreme Installations (South East) Limited

Unaudited filleted financial statements

31 December 2020



Supreme Installations (South East) Limited

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Supreme Installations (South East) Limited

Directors and other information

Director	Mr Michael Nunney
Secretary	Michelle Nunney
Company number	3875690
Registered office	Longacre House Wilcott Shropshire SY4 1BJ
Accountants	Darren Williams & Co Ltd Longacre House Wilcott Shropshire SY4 1BJ
Bankers	National Westminster Bank Plc 36 High Street Maldon Essex CM9 7PN

Supreme Installations (South East) Limited

**Chartered accountants report to the director on the preparation of the
unaudited statutory financial statements of Supreme Installations (South East) Limited
Year ended 31 December 2020**

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of Supreme Installations (South East) Limited for the year ended 31 December 2020 which comprise the statement of financial position and related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW), we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at <http://www.icaew.com/en/members/regulations-standards-and-guidance/>.

This report is made solely to the director of Supreme Installations (South East) Limited, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of Supreme Installations (South East) Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to them, as a body, in this report in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release 07/16 AAF. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Supreme Installations (South East) Limited and its director as a body for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Supreme Installations (South East) Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and loss of Supreme Installations (South East) Limited. You consider that Supreme Installations (South East) Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of Supreme Installations (South East) Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.



Darren Williams & Co Ltd
Chartered Accountants

Longacre House
Wilcott
Shropshire
SY4 1BJ

6 September 2021

Supreme Installations (South East) Limited

**Statement of financial position
31 December 2020**

	Note	2020 £	£	2019 £	£
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	5	-		-	
Tangible assets	6	35,189		86,519	
			35,189		86,519
Current assets					
Stocks		97,500		43,000	
Debtors	7	120,165		124,919	
Cash at bank and in hand		141,948		180,651	
		359,613		348,570	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(88,841)		(81,163)	
Net current assets			270,772		267,407
Total assets less current liabilities			305,961		353,926
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	9		(52,799)		(8,733)
Provisions for liabilities			-		(3,909)
Net assets			253,162		341,284
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			1,425		1,425
Profit and loss account			251,737		339,859
Shareholders funds			253,162		341,284

For the year ending 31 December 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The director acknowledges their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The notes on pages 5 to 9 form part of these financial statements.

Supreme Installations (South East) Limited

Statement of financial position (continued)

31 December 2020

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 6 September 2021, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'M. Nunney', with a long horizontal line extending to the right.

Mr Michael Nunney
Director

Company registration number: 3875690

The notes on pages 5 to 9 form part of these financial statements.

Supreme Installations (South East) Limited

Notes to the financial statements

Year ended 31 December 2020

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Longacre House, Wilcott, Shropshire, SY4 1BJ.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. The Triennial review 2017 amendments to the standard have been early adopted.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Operating leases

Lease payments are recognised as an expense over the lease term on a straight-line basis. The aggregate benefit of lease incentives is recognised as a reduction to expense over the lease term, on a straight-line basis.

Supreme Installations (South East) Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued) **Year ended 31 December 2020**

Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful life of that asset as follows:

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in amortisation rate, useful life or residual value of an intangible asset, the amortisation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Short leasehold property	- 25%	straight line
Plant and machinery	- 25%	reducing balance
Motor vehicles	- 25%	reducing balance

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

Supreme Installations (South East) Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 December 2020

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event; it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense.

Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period it arises.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.

Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 5 (2019: 5).

Supreme Installations (South East) Limited
Notes to the financial statements (continued)
Year ended 31 December 2020

5. Intangible assets

	Goodwill	Total
	£	£
Cost		
At 1 January 2020 and 31 December 2020	23,880	23,880
Amortisation		
At 1 January 2020 and 31 December 2020	23,880	23,880
Carrying amount		
At 31 December 2020	-	-
At 31 December 2019	-	-

6. Tangible assets

	Short leasehold property £	Plant and machinery £	Motor vehicles £	Total £
Cost				
At 1 January 2020	106,984	171,170	149,679	427,833
Additions	-	702	-	702
Disposals	-	-	(69,229)	(69,229)
At 31 December 2020	106,984	171,872	80,450	359,306
Depreciation				
At 1 January 2020	103,451	154,688	83,175	341,314
Charge for the year	1,904	4,296	6,891	13,091
Disposals	-	-	(30,288)	(30,288)
At 31 December 2020	105,355	158,984	59,778	324,117
Carrying amount				
At 31 December 2020	1,629	12,888	20,672	35,189
At 31 December 2019	3,533	16,482	66,504	86,519

7. Debtors

	2020 £	2019 £
Trade debtors	114,238	111,951
Other debtors	5,927	12,968
	120,165	124,919

Supreme Installations (South East) Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2020

8. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2020	2019
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	694	-
Trade creditors	52,301	33,145
Corporation tax	-	3,552
Social security and other taxes	7,685	15,111
Other creditors	28,161	29,355
	<u>88,841</u>	<u>81,163</u>

9. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	2020	2019
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	49,306	-
Other creditors	3,493	8,733
	<u>52,799</u>	<u>8,733</u>

10. Directors advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the director entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

	2020			
	Balance brought forward	Advances /(credits) to the director	Amounts repaid	Balance o/standing
	£	£	£	£
Mr Michael Nunney	(695)	(8,976)	-	(9,671)
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	2019			
	Balance brought forward	Advances /(credits) to the director	Amounts repaid	Balance o/standing
	£	£	£	£
Mr Michael Nunney	(33,605)	-	32,910	(695)
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

11. Controlling party

The company is controlled by the director, Mr M Nunney.