Company registration number: 3846493

Nameco (No. 340) Limited

Report and financial statements 31 December 2005

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Company information

Directors

JRH Evans

Nomina plc

Company Secretary

Hampden Legal PLC

Registered Office

85, Gracechurch Street

London EC3V OAA

Auditors

CLB Littlejohn Frazer

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

1 Park Place Canary Wharf

London E14 4HJ

Accountants

Axiom Consulting Limited

Lloyds Chambers 1 Portsoken Street London E1 8DF

Solicitors

Jones Day

21, Tudor Street

London EC4Y ODJ

Report of the Directors

The Directors submit their report together with the Financial Statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2005.

Change in Reporting Basis

The underwriting results of the syndicates on which the Company participates have been determined on the annual basis of accounting, as required by statutory Instrument 3219 of the 2004 Insurance Accounts Directive (Lloyd's Syndicate and Aggregate Accounts) Regulations 2004 ("the 2004 Regulations").

This represents a fundamental change in reporting basis. Previously, results were not determined until the normal date of closure of each of the year of account at the end of the third year.

In addition, following the introduction of Financial Reporting Standard Number 21, "Events after the Balance Sheet date", dividends to ordinary shareholders are included in the Financial Statements when they have been declared and approved for payment.

These changes in accounting policies have been treated as a prior year adjustment in these Financial Statements; further details have been provided in Note 1 to the Financial Statements.

Principal Activities and Business Review

The principal activity of the Company is that of trading as a Lloyd's corporate capital member. The Company continues to trade in 2006 and the Directors expect this year's result to be better than years currently being reported.

The Financial Statements incorporate the annual accounting results of the syndicates on which the Company participates for the 2003, 2004 and 2005 years of account, as well as any 2002 and prior run-off years.

The 2003 year closed at 31 December 2005 with a result of £367,684 (2002 - £187,669). The 2004 and 2005 open underwriting account will normally close at 31 December 2006 and 2007.

Certain syndicates on which the Company participates have for a variety of reasons been unable to close. There is a greater than usual degree of uncertainty as to the eventual outcome of these accounts.

Results and Dividends

The results for the year are set out on pages 6 to 7 of the Financial Statements. Dividends totalling £-were paid in the year (2004 £-).

Report of the Directors (continued)

Directors and Directors' Interests

The Directors who served at any time during the year and their interests in the share capital of the company were as follows:

company were as follows.	At 31 December 2005 Ordinary £1 shares	At 1 January 2005 Ordinary £1 shares
JR H Evans	-	-
Nomina plc	1	1

Nomina plc holds the above share as trustee for F.E. Appelbe.

Directors' Responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial period which give a true and fair view of the affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been applied
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities. The directors are responsible for ensuring that the Report of the Directors is prepared in accordance with company law in the United Kingdom.

Auditors

Since the previous Financial Statements, the auditors, Littlejohn Frazer, have changed their name to CLB Littlejohn Frazer. A resolution to reappoint CLB Littlejohn Frazer will be proposed at the next Annual General Meeting.

By Order of the Board

Hampden Legal PLC

Secretary

15th August 2006

Independent Auditors' report

Independent Auditor's report to the shareholders of Nameco (No. 340) Limited

We have audited the Financial Statements of Nameco (No. 340) Limited for the year ended 31 December 2005 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet, the Cash Flow Statement, the Accounting Policies and the related notes 1 to 21. These Financial Statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the Company's shareholders, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's shareholders those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's shareholders as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective Responsibilities of Directors and Auditors

As described by the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities, the Company's Directors are responsible for the preparation of the Financial Statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Our responsibility is to audit the Financial Statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland).

We report to you our opinion as to whether the Financial Statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Report of the Directors is not consistent with the Financial Statements, if the Company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding Directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed.

We read the Report of the Directors and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the Financial Statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the Directors in the preparation of the Financial Statements, and of whether the Accounting Policies are appropriate to the Company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the Financial Statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the Financial Statements.

Independent Auditors' report (continued)

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Opinion

CLB

In our opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2005 and of its result for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

CLB Littlejohn Frazer

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

1 Park Place Canary Wharf London E14 4HJ

17th August 2006

Profit and loss account Technical account – general business For the year ended 31 December 2005

	Note		2005		2004 Restated
			£		£
Premiums Written Gross premiums written Outward reinsurance premiums	2		2,090,572 (419,495)		1,862,578 (319,725)
Net Premiums Written			1,671,077		1,542,853
Change in the provision for Unearned premiums			(5 (5 (5)		A. 0 / 5
Gross Provision Reinsurers' share			(56,548) (7,482)		27,965 (30,520)
Earned Premiums, Net of Reinsurance Allocated Investment Return			1,607,047		1,540,298
Transferred from the Non-Technical Account			96,588		65,330
Claims Paid		(4.450.050)		(055.050)	
Gross Amount Reinsurers' share		(1,160,968) 410,927		(877,868) 288,015	
Net claims paid		(750,041)		(589,853)	
Change in Provision for Claims Gross amount Reinsurers' share		(1,021,108) 546,656		(363,957) 59,149	
Change in net provision for claims		(474,452)		(304,808)	
Claims Incurred, Net of Reinsurance			(1,224,493)		(894,661)
Changes in other technical provisions, net of reinsurance Net operating expenses Other technical charges, net of reinsurance	4		(603,958)		(540,685)
Balance on the Technical Account for General Business			(124,816)		170,282

Profit and loss account Non - technical account For the year ended 31 December 2005

	Note	2005	2004 Restated
		£	£
Balance on Technical Account for General Business		(124,816)	170,282
Investment income	5	96,296	68,397
Unrealised gains on investments		18,059	14,642
Investment expenses and charges	6	(2,834)	(2,062)
Unrealised losses on investments		(17,767)	(17,709)
Allocated investment return transferred to the general		, , ,	,
business technical account		(96,588)	(65,330)
Other income		69,793	2,140
Other charges		(7,877)	(6,270)
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation	7	(65,734)	164,090
Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities	8	(43,286)	(27,723)
Profit/(loss) for the financial year		(109,020)	136,367
Dividends	9 _		-
Retained profit/(loss) for the financial year	15	(109,020)	136,367

All amounts relate to continuing operations.

Balance sheet As at 31 December 2005

		31 December 2005		31 !	December 2 As Restated		
	Note	Syndicate Participation £	Corporate £	Total £	Syndicate Participation £	Corporate £	Total £
Assets			·				
Intangible assets	10	-	57,786	57,786	-	13,355	13,355
Investments Financial investments Deposits with ceding undertakings	11	2,198,891 1,666	<u>-</u>	2,198,891 1,666	1,801,486 1,633	-	1,801,486 1,633
		2,200,557	-	2,200,557	1,803,119	-	1,803,119
Reinsurers' share of technical provisions							
Provision for unearned premiums Claims outstanding Other technical provisions		103,873 1,494,967		103,873 1,494,967	106,091 870,202 60	-	106,091 870,202 60
		1,598,840	-	1,598,840	976,353	-	976,353
Debtors Arising out of direct insurance operations	12	522,753	-	522,753	454,604	-	454,604
Arising out of reinsurance operations	12	373,810	-	373,810	293,336	-	293,336
Other debtors	13	194,557	159,512	354,069	153,763	43,540	197,303
		1,091,120	159,512	1,250,632	901,703	43,540	945,243
Other assets Cash at bank and in hand Other		323,953 178,401	11,232	335,185 178,401	281,463 147,054	4,572	286,035 147,054
		502,354	11,232	513,586	428,517	4,572	433,089
Prepayments and accrued income		-					
Accrued interest Deferred acquisitions costs Other prepayments and accrued income		8,280 219,684 10,943	- - -	8,280 219,684 10,943	7,983 186,026 11,308	- - -	7,983 186,026 11,308
		238,907	_	238,907	205,317	-	205,317
Total assets		5,631,778	228,530	5,860,308	4,315,009	61,467	4,376,476
						,:	

Balance sheet As at 31 December 2005

	31 December 2005		31			
Note	Syndicate Participation £	Corporate £	Total £	Syndicate Participation £	Corporate £	Total £
14	-	1	1	-	1	1
15	179,342	(49,886)	129,456	419,270	(180,794)	238,476
16	179,342	(49,885)	129,457	419,270	(180,793)	238,477
	940,916 4,029,149	- - -	940,916 4,029,149	851,015 2,746,455	- -	851,015 2,746,455
17	- 1	69,860 -	69,860 1	208	34,538	34,538 208
	52,322	-	52,322	7,184	-	7,184
	54,887	-	54,887	40,612	-	40,612
	248,456 387	. -	248,456 387	174,707 26	-	174,707 26
18	227,464	44,452	271,916	143,720	115,171	258,891
	5,553,582	114,312	5,667,894	3,963,927	149,709	4,113,636
	(101,146)	164,103	62,957	(68,188)	92,551	24,363
	5,631,778	228,530	5,860,308	4,315,009	61,467	4,376,476
	14 15 16	Syndicate Participation Note 14 15 179,342 16 179,342 940,916 4,029,149 17 1 52,322 54,887 248,456 387 18 227,464 5,553,582 (101,146)	Note Participation £ 14	Note Participation £ Corporate £ £ £ 14	Syndicate Participation Note Corporate £ Total £ Syndicate Participation £ 14 - 1 1 - 15 179,342 (49,886) 129,456 419,270 16 179,342 (49,885) 129,457 419,270 940,916 - 940,916 851,015 4,029,149 - 4,029,149 2,746,455 - - 1 208 52,322 - 52,322 7,184 54,887 - 54,887 40,612 248,456 - 248,456 174,707 387 - 387 26 18 227,464 44,452 271,916 143,720 5,553,582 114,312 5,667,894 3,963,927 (101,146) 164,103 62,957 (68,188)	Note Participation Corporate Farticipation E E E E E E E E E

Approved by the Board of Directors on 15th August 2006 and signed on its behalf by:

Nomina plc Director

Cash flow statement For the year ended 31 December 2005

	Note	2005 £	2004 £
Operating activities Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	19	(15,084)	1,850
Returns on investments		-	-
Capital expenditure Purchase of syndicate capacity Proceeds from sale of syndicate capacity		(48,727) 70,870	(5,359) 2,505
Taxation Corporation tax (paid) refunded		(400)	(1,117)
Financing Issue of shares Share issue expenses		-	- -
Net cash inflow/(outflow) for the year		6,659	(2,121)
Cash flows were invested as follows:			
Increase/(decrease) in cash holdings Purchase of financial investments Sale of financial investments		6,659 - -	(2,121)
Net investment of cash flows		6,659	(2,121)

The Company has no control over the disposition of assets and liabilities at Lloyd's. Consequently, the cash flow statement is prepared reflecting only the movement in corporate funds, which includes transfers to and from the syndicates at Lloyd's.

Accounting Policies For the year ended 31 December 2005

Basis of Preparation

The Financial Statements are prepared under the historical cost basis of accounting modified to include the revaluation of investments and comply with applicable Accounting Standards.

The Company participates in insurance business as an underwriting member of various Syndicates at Lloyd's.

The Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with Section 255 of, and Schedule 9A of the Companies Act 1985 and the recommendations of the Statement of Recommended Practice on Accounting for Insurance Business issued by the Association of British Insurers in December 2005.

Accounting information in respect of the Syndicate participations has been provided by the Syndicate's managing agent and has been reported upon by the Syndicate auditors.

Change in Reporting Basis and Basis of Accounting

The Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2004 were prepared using the fund basis of accounting. Under the fund basis of accounting, premiums, claims and expenses are carried forward as a fund within the technical provision for outstanding claims and profit recognition is deferred until the end of the third year when the year of account is closed by reinsurance or goes into run-off. No accrual was made on open years for income or expenses that were incurred but had not settled except for underwriting losses, which were recognised immediately.

For the year ended 31 December 2005, the annual basis of accounting has been adopted. Under the annual basis of accounting a result is determined at the end of each accounting period reflecting the profit or loss from providing insurance coverage during that period and any adjustments to the profit or loss of providing insurance cover during earlier accounting periods.

This change in the basis of accounting results in changes to the accounting policies for claims and syndicate participations, and new accounting policies for unearned premiums provision, deferred acquisition costs, unexpired risks and other technical provisions. The effect of these changes on the reported results of the company is detailed in Note 1.

Amounts reported in the general business technical account relate to movements in the period in respect of all relevant years of account of the Syndicates on which the Company participates.

In addition, the adoption of FRS21 "Events after the Balance Sheet date" has resulted in a different treatment for equity dividends. The effect of the change in accounting policy to adopt FRS21 is to recognise equity dividends when they have been declared and approved for payment.

Assets and liabilities arising as a result of the underwriting activities are mainly controlled by the Syndicates' managing agents. Accordingly, these assets and liabilities have been shown separately in the balance sheet as "Syndicate Participation". Other assets and liabilities are shown as "Corporate". The syndicate assets are held subject to trust deeds for the benefit of the Syndicates' insurance creditors.

Accounting Policies For the year ended 31 December 2005

General Business

i. Premiums

Premiums written comprise the total premiums receivable in respect of business incepted during the year, together with any differences between booked premiums for prior years and those previously accrued, and include estimates of premiums due but not yet receivable or notified to the syndicates on which the Company participates, less an allowance for cancellations. All premiums are shown gross of commission payable to intermediaries and exclude taxes and duties levied on them.

ii. Unearned Premiums

Written premium is earned according to the risk profile of the policy. Unearned premiums represent the proportion of premiums written in the year that relate to unexpired terms of policies in force at the balance sheet date, calculated on a time apportionment basis having regard where appropriate, to the incidence of risk. The specific basis adopted by each syndicate is determined by the relevant managing agent.

iii. Deferred Acquisition Costs

Acquisition costs, which represent commission and other related expenses, are deferred over the period in which the related premiums are earned.

iv. Reinsurance Premiums

Reinsurance premium costs are allocated by the Managing Agent of each syndicate to reflect the protection arranged in respect of the business written and earned.

v. Claims Incurred and Reinsurers' Share

Claims incurred comprise claims and settlement expenses (both internal and external) occurring in the year and changes in the provisions for outstanding claims, including provisions for claims incurred but not reported and settlement expenses, together with any other adjustments to claims from previous years. Where applicable, deductions are made for salvage and other recoveries.

The provision for claims outstanding comprises amounts set aside for claims notified and claims incurred but not yet reported (IBNR). The amount included in respect of IBNR is based on statistical techniques of estimation applied by each syndicate's in house reserving team and reviewed by external consulting actuaries. These techniques generally involve projecting from past experience the development of claims over time to form a view of the likely ultimate claims to be experienced for more recent underwriting, having regard to variations in the business accepted and the underlying terms and conditions. The provision for claims also includes amounts in respect of internal and external claims handling costs. For the most recent years, where a high degree of volatility arises from projections, estimates may be based in part on output from rating and other models of the business accepted and assessments of underwriting conditions.

Accounting Policies For the year ended 31 December 2005

The reinsurers' share of provisions for claims is based on calculated amounts of outstanding claims and projections for IBNR, net of estimated irrecoverable amounts, having regard to each syndicate's reinsurance programme in place for the class of business, the claims experience for the year and the current security rating of the reinsurance companies involved. Each syndicate uses a number of statistical techniques to assist in making these estimates.

Accordingly the two most critical assumptions made by each syndicates managing agent as regards claims provisions are that the past is a reasonable predictor of the likely level of claims development and that the rating and other models used including pricing models for recent business are reasonable indicators of the likely level of ultimate claims to be incurred.

The level of uncertainty with regard to the estimations within these provisions generally decreases with time since the underlying contracts were exposed to new risks. In addition the nature of short tail claims such as property where claims are typically notified and settled within a short period of time will normally have less uncertainty after a few years than long tail risks such as some liability business where it may be several years before claims are fully advised and settled. In addition to these factors if there are disputes regarding coverage under policies or changes in the relevant law regarding a claim this may increase the uncertainty in the estimation of the outcomes.

The assessment of these provisions is usually the most subjective aspect of an insurer's accounts and may result in greater uncertainty within an insurer's accounts than within those of many other businesses. The provisions for gross claims and related reinsurance recoveries have been assessed on the basis of the information currently available to the directors of each syndicate's managing agent. However, ultimate liability will vary as a result of subsequent information and events and this may result in significant adjustments to the amounts provided. Adjustments to the amounts of claims provisions established in prior years are reflected in the financial statements for the period in which the adjustments are made. The provisions are not discounted for the investment earnings that may be expected to arise in the future on the funds retained to meet the future liabilities. The methods used, and the estimates made, are reviewed regularly.

vi. Unexpired Risks Provision

Provisions for unexpired risks are made where the costs of outstanding claims, related expenses and deferred acquisition costs are expected to exceed the unearned premium provision carried forward at the balance sheet date. The provision for unexpired risks is calculated separately by reference to classes of business which are managed together, after taking into account relevant investment return. The provision is made on a syndicate by syndicate basis by the relevant managing agent.

vii. Closed Years of Account

At the end of the third year, the underwriting account is normally closed by reinsurance into the following year of account. The amount of the reinsurance to close premium payable is determined by the managing agent, generally by estimating the cost of claims notified but not settled at 31 December, together with the estimated cost of claims incurred but not reported at that date, and an estimate of future claims handling costs.

Accounting Policies For the year ended 31 December 2005

Any subsequent variation in the ultimate liabilities of the closed year of account is borne by the underwriting year into which it is reinsured.

The payment of a reinsurance to close premium does not eliminate the liability of the closed year for outstanding claims. If the reinsuring syndicate was unable to meet its obligations, and the other elements of Lloyd's chain of security were to fail, then the closed underwriting account would have to settle outstanding claims.

The Directors consider that the likelihood of such a failure of the reinsurance to close is extremely remote, and consequently the reinsurance to close has been deemed to settle the liabilities outstanding at the closure of an underwriting account. The company has included its share of the reinsurance to close premiums payable as technical provisions at the end of the current period, and no further provision is made for any potential variation in the ultimate liability of that year of account.

viii. Run-off Years of Account

Where an underwriting year of account is not closed at the end of the third year (a "run-off" year of account) a provision is made for the estimated cost of all known and unknown outstanding liabilities of that year. The provision is determined initially by the managing agent on a similar basis to the reinsurance to close. However, any subsequent variation in the ultimate liabilities for that year remains with the corporate member participating therein. As a result any run-off year will continue to report movements in its results after the third year until such time as it secures a reinsurance to close.

ix. Net Operating Expenses (including Acquisition Costs)

Net operating costs include acquisition costs, profit and loss on exchange and other amounts incurred by the syndicates on which the Company participates.

Acquisition costs, comprising commission and other costs related to the acquisition of new insurance contracts, are deferred to the extent that they are attributable to premiums unearned at the Balance Sheet date.

x. Distribution of Profits and Collection of Losses

Lloyd's operates a detailed set of regulations regarding solvency and the distribution of profits and payment of losses between syndicates and their members. Lloyd's continues to require membership of syndicates to be on an underwriting year of account basis and profits and losses belong to members according to their membership of a year of account. Normally profits and losses are transferred between the syndicate and members after results for a year of account are finalised after 36 months. This period may be extended if a year of account goes into run-off. The syndicate may make earlier on account distributions or cash calls according to the cash flow of a particular year of account and subject to Lloyd's requirements.

Accounting Policies For the year ended 31 December 2005

xi. Investments

Investments are stated at current value, including accrued interest at the Balance Sheet date.

xii. Investment Return

Investment return comprises all investment income, realised investment gains and losses and movements in unrealised gains and losses, net of investment expenses and charges.

Realised and unrealised gains and losses are measured by reference to the original cost of the investment if purchased in the year, or if held at the beginning of the year by reference to the current value at that date.

Investment return is initially recorded in the non-technical account. A transfer is made from the non-technical account to the general business technical account to reflect the investment return on funds supporting the underwriting business.

xiii. Basis of Currency Translation

Syndicates maintain separate funds in Sterling, United States dollars, Canadian dollars and Euros.

Income and expenditure in US dollars, Canadian dollars and Euros is translated at the average rate of exchange for the year. Underwriting transactions denominated in other foreign currencies are included at the rate of exchange ruling at the date the transaction is processed.

Assets and liabilities are translated into Sterling at the rates of exchange at the Balance Sheet date.

Differences arising on translation of foreign currency amounts in syndicates are included in the technical account.

xiv. Debtors/Creditors arising from insurance/reinsurance operations

The amounts shown in the Balance Sheet include the totals of all the Syndicates outstanding debit and credit transactions as processed by the Lloyd's central facility; no account has been taken of any offsets which may be applicable in calculating the net amounts due between the Syndicates and each of their counterparty insureds, reinsurers or intermediaries as appropriate.

Accounting Policies For the year ended 31 December 2005

Taxation

The company is taxed on its results including its share of underwriting results declared by the syndicates and these are deemed to accrue evenly over the calendar year in which they are declared. The syndicate results included in these Financial Statements are only declared for tax purposes in the calendar year following the normal closure of the year of account. No provision is made for corporation tax in relation to open years of account. However, full provision is made for deferred tax on underwriting results not subject to current corporation tax.

The Inland Revenue agrees the taxable results of the syndicates at a syndicate level on the basis of computations submitted by the managing agent. At the date of the approval of these Financial Statements the syndicate taxable results of years of account closed at this and at previous year ends may not have been fully agreed with the Inland Revenue. Any adjustments that may be necessary to the tax provisions established by the Company, as a result of Inland Revenue agreement of syndicate results, will be reflected in the Financial Statements of subsequent periods.

Deferred Taxation

Deferred tax is provided in full on timing differences which result in an obligation at the balance sheet date to pay more tax, or a right to pay less tax, at a future date, at rates expected to apply when they crystallise based on current tax rates and law.

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is regarded as more likely than not that they will be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities have not been discounted.

Intangible Assets

Costs incurred by the Company in the Corporation of Lloyd's auctions in order to acquire rights to participate on Syndicates' underwriting years are included within intangible fixed assets and amortised over a 5 year period beginning in the year following the purchase of the Syndicate participation.

Cash Flow Statement

The company has no control over the disposition of assets and liabilities at Lloyd's. Consequently, the Cash Flow Statement is prepared reflecting only the movement in corporate funds, which includes transfers to and from Syndicates at Lloyd's.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2005

1. Change in Reporting Basis

As described in the Accounting Policies, "Change in Reporting Basis and Basis of Accounting", the basis of accounting has been changed from the fund basis to the annual basis resulting in changes to a number of accounting policies and equity dividends are only included in the financial statements when they have been declared and approved for payment by the shareholders.

The principal difference between the annual accounting basis and the fund basis concerns the timing of the recognition of underwriting results of a particular year of account. Prior period amounts have been restated to reflect these changes in accounting policies. The effect of the change from the fund basis to the annual basis of accounting is shown in the following table:

	Previously recognised	31 December 2004 Adjustment to new reporting basis	Restated on an Annual accounting basis
	£	£	£
Recognition of 2004 year of account underwriting	-	(13,804)	(13,804)
Recognition of 2003 year of account underwriting	-	250,361	250,361
Recognition of 2002 and prior years of account underwriting	170,374	12,339	182,713
•	170,374	248,896	419,270
Deferred taxation		(34,538)	(34,538)
	170,374	214,358	384,732

Under the annual basis of accounting premiums, including future premiums, are recognised on an earned basis. Previously premiums were accounted for in the period in which the risk commences, together with adjustments to premiums written in previous accounting periods.

Under the annual basis of accounting claims are provided for on the basis of premiums earned up to the balance sheet date with an additional provision where appropriate for unexpired risks. Previously, no profit was recognised until the end of the third year of a particular year of account and losses were recognised as soon as they were foreseeable. The excess of premiums written and syndicate investment income over the claims and syndicate expenses paid in respect of business incepting in an underwriting year was carried forward for two years in a fund as part of outstanding claims.

Under the annual basis of accounting expenses are accounted for on an accruals basis. In addition, acquisition costs are deferred to the extent that they relate to unearned premiums. Previously expenses were included on a provisional basis and were not finalised until the year of account closed. Any internal acquisition costs were written off as incurred.

The effect of the change in the recognition of equity dividends and the overall effect on the Company's reserves is shown in Note 15.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2005

Class of Business	Gross	Gross	Gross	Net		
2005	written premiums £	Premiums Earned £	claims incurred £	Operating expenses	Reinsurance balance £	Total
Direct Insurance						
Accident and health	81,298	72,140	(28,485)	(32,114)	(5,103)	6,438
Motor – third party liability	22,764	28,283	2,272	(24,202)	(18,442)	(12,089)
Motor – other classes	155,418	163,151	(101,526)	(37,866)	6,123	29,882
Marine, aviation and transport	184,146	174,035	(263,189)	(49,660)	129,990	(8,824)
Fire and other damage to property	y 424,660	404,284	(437,754)	(132,526)	104,710	(61,286)
Third party liability	462,324	470,575	(303,003)	(139,130)	(14,353)	14,089
Credit and suretyship	13,204	22,184	(29,937)	(8,838)	2,696	(13,895)
Legal expenses	1,658	1,169	(4,351)	(1,055)	595	(3,642)
Assistance	6	5	(2)	(1)	(614)	(612)
Miscellaneous	10,113	9,127	(6,651)	(1,484)	897	1,889
	1,355,591	1,344,953	(1,172,626)	(426,876)	206,499	(48,050)
Reinsurance	734,981	689,071	(1,009,450)	(177,082)	324,107	(173,354)
Total	2,090,572	2,034,024	(2,182,076)	(603,958)	530,606	(221,404)
2004 (Restated)						
Direct Insurance						
Accident and health	52,112	58,279	(43,237)	(23,073)	4,825	(3,206)
Motor - third party liability	30,083	58,799	(29,092)	(16,878)	1,266	14,095
Motor - other classes	169,370	218,570	(137,996)	(57,314)	(3,056)	20,204
Marine, aviation and transport	153,932	155,478	(89,610)	(43,905)	(9,382)	12,581
Fire and other damage to property	y 353,569	345,429	(217,840)	(109,575)	(8,955)	9,059
Third party liability	499,495	472,953	(323,693)	(138,197)	5,596	16,659
Credit and suretyship	17,961	17,255	(18,664)	(6,049)	1,216	(6,242)
Legal expenses	933	1,128	(2,047)	(525)	774	(670)
Assistance	-	-	-	-	-	_
Miscellaneous	18,445	28,408	(14,556)	(8,290)	4,070	9,632
	1,295,900	1,356,299	(876,735)	(403,806)	(3,646)	72,112
Reinsurance	566,678	534,244	(365,090)	(136,879)	565	32,840
Total	1,862,578	1,890,543	(1,241,825)	(540,685)	(3,081)	104,952

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2005

3.	Geographical Analysis	2005	2004 Restated
		£	Restated £
	Direct Gross Premium Written in: United Kingdom	1,355,591	1,295,900
	Other EU Member States	1,333,391	1,293,900
	Rest of the World		-
		1,355,591	1,295,900
4.	Net Operating Expenses	2005	2004
		_	Restated
		£	£
	Acquisition costs	438,058	385,350
	Change in deferred acquisition costs	(25,989)	(8,718)
	Administrative expenses	204,078	155,998
	Loss/(Profit) on exchange	(12,189)	8,055
		603,958	540,685
5.	Investment Income	2005	2004
			Restated
		£	£
	Income from investments	96,296	68,397
		96,296	68,397
6.	Investment Expenses and Charges	2005	2004
			Restated
		£	£
	Investment management expenses, including interest	2,834	2,062
		2,834	2,062
7.	Profit on Ordinary Activities before Taxation	2005	2004
			Restated
		£	£
	This is stated after charging:		
	Directors remuneration	_	-
	Auditors' remuneration - audit	120	120
	Auditors' remuneration – other services	-	-
	Amortisation of syndicate capacity	3,218	2,109
	Interest on bank loan and overdrafts	, -	, -
	Interest on other loans		
	The Company has no employees		

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2005

8.	Taxation	2005	2004 Restated
		£	Restated £
	Analysis of Charge in Period		
	Current tax:		
	UK corporation tax on profit of the period Adjustment in respect of previous period	7,564	8,807
	Adjustificate in respect of previous period	7,564	8,807
	Foreign tax	400	1,117
	Total current tax	7,964	9,924
	Deferred tax	7,50	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
	Origination and reversal of timing differences	35,322	17,799
		43,286	27,723
	Factors affecting tax charge for period		
	The tax assessed for the period is different to the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK (19%). The differences are explained below:		
	Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before tax	(65,734)	164,090
	Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2004 – 19%)	(12,489)	31,177
	Effects of:		
	Underwriting results subject to timing differences for		
	taxation	40,549	(28,048)
	Utilisation of tax losses	(20,420)	2,962
	Foreign tax	400	1,117
	Amortisation and other corporation computation	(76)	2,716
	adjustments Marginal or starting rates of taxation and prior period	(70)	2,710
	adjustment	-	-

The results of the Company's participation on the 2003, 2004 and 2005 years of account and the calendar year movement on 2002 and prior run-offs, will not be assessed to tax until the year ended 31 December 2006, 2007 and 2008 respectively being the year after the calendar year result of each run-off year or the normal date of closure of each year of account.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2005

9.	Dividends	2005	2004 Restated
		£	£
	Equity dividends declared and paid		<u>-</u>
10.	Intangible Assets	2005	2004
	Purchased syndicate capacity	£	Restated £
	Cost		
	At 1 January 2005 Additions	17,584 48,727	12,675 5,359
	Disposals	(1,495)	(450)
	At 31 December 2005	64,816	17,584
	Amortisation		
	At 1 January 2005 Provided during the year Disposals	4,229 3,218 (417)	2,205 2,109 (85)
	At 31 December 2005	7,030	4,229
	Net Book Value		
	At 31 December 2005	57,786	13,355
	At 31 December 2004	13,355	10,470

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2005

11. Investments

Other	Financial	Investments -	Syndicate
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Other Financial Investments - Syndicate				
•	2005	;	200	4
			Resta	ted
	Market		Market	
	Value	Cost	Value	Cost
	£	£	£	£
Shares and other variable yield securities	182,181	167,986	121,648	118,199
and units in unit trusts				
Debt securities and other fixed income	1,860,749	1,861,846	1,535,172	1,530,093
securities				
Participation in investment pools	33,663	33,136	52,303	52,296
Loans secured by mortgages	6,845	6,694	-	-
Other loans	15,075	11,281	31	31
Deposits with credit institutions	99,712	99,335	90,128	90,054
Other	666	3,034	2,204	2,184
	2,198,891	2,183,312	1,801,486	1,792,857
Listed investments included within the above	2,076,593	2,062,968	1,709,123	1,700,588
Other Financial Investments - Corporate				
Shares and other variable yield securities	-	-	-	_
Debt securities and other fixed income	-	-	-	-
securities				
Participation in investment pools	-	-	-	-
Loans guaranteed by mortgage	-	-	-	-
Other loans	-	-	-	-
Deposits with credit institutions	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-
			<u> </u>	
Listed investments included within the	•	-	-	-
above				

12. Debtors arising out of Direct Insurance and Reinsurance Operations

			2005		200	4 Restated
	Syndicate Participation	Corporate	Total	Syndicate Participation	Corporate	Total
	£	£	£	£	£	£
The following amounts due after one year:						
Direct insurance operations	906	-	906	88	-	88
Reinsurance operations	1,522	-	1,522	27	-	27
	2,428		2,428	115		115

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2005

13. Other Debtors

			2005		20	04 Restated
	Syndicate Participation	Corporate	Total	Syndicate Participation	Corporate	Total
	£	£	£	£	£	£
Amounts due from group undertakings	_		_	_		_
Funds at Lloyd's	_	157,251	157,251	-	38,595	38,595
Other	194,557	2,261	196,818	153,763	4,945	158,708
	194,557	159,512	354,069	153,763	43,540	197,303

14. Called-up Share Capital	2005 Authorised	2005 Allotted, called-up and fully paid	2004 Authorised	2004 Allotted, called-up and fully paid
Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	1	100	1

15. Profit and Loss Account

			2005		20	04 Restated
	Syndicate Participation	Corporate	Total	Syndicate Participation	Corporate	Total
	£	£	£	£	£	£
Retained profit/(loss)						
brought forward as						
previously reported	170,374	(146,256)	24,118	(92,068)	(1,375)	(93,443)
Prior Year adjustment –	,	, , ,	,	,		
Annual accounting						
adjustment	248,896	(34,538)	214,358	237,491	(41,939)	195,552
Reallocate 2004 distribution	-	-	-	92,068	(92,068)	-
As restated	419,270	(180,794)	238,476	237,491	(135,382)	102,109
Reallocate 2005 distribution	(170,374)	170,374	-	-	-	-
Profit/(loss) for the financial	(69,554)	(39,466)	(109,020)	181,779	(45,412)	136,367
year						
Retained profit/(loss) carried	<u></u>					
forward	179,342	(49,886)	129,456	419,270	(180,794)	238,476

16. Reconciliation of Movements in Shareholders' Funds	2005	2004 Restated
	£	£
Opening shareholders funds as previously stated	24,119	(93,442)
Prior year adjustment (Note 1)	214,358	195,552
Opening shareholders funds as restated	238,477	102,110
Profit/(loss) for the financial year	(109,020)	136,367
Equity Dividends		-
Closing shareholders' funds	129,457	238,477

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2005

17. Deferred Taxation	2005	2004 Restated
	£	£
Opening Balance Previously Reported	-	(25,198)
Prior year adjustment	34,538	41,937
As restated	34,538	16,739
Profit and loss account charge	35,322	17,799
Closing balance	69,860	34,538

18. Creditors

			2005		200	4 Restated
	Syndicate Participation	Corporate	Total	Syndicate Participation	Corporate	Total
	£	£	£	£	£	£
Corporation tax	-	16,371	16,371	-	8,807	8,807
Proprietors' loan accounts	-	12,786	12,786	-	93,159	93,159
Third Party Funds	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other creditors	227,464	15,295	242,759	143,720	13,205	156,925
Amount due to group undertakings	-	-	-	-	-	-
	227,464	44,452	271,916	143,720	115,171	258,891

19. Reconciliation of Operating Profit to Net Cash Outflow from Operating Activities	2005	2004 Restated
	£	£
Profit or loss on ordinary activities before tax	(65,734)	164,090
(Profit)/loss attributable to syndicate transactions	239,928	(273,850)
Profit or loss – excluding syndicate transactions	174,194	(109,760)
(Increase)/decrease in debtors	(115,972)	74,210
Increase/(decrease) in creditors	(6,731)	37,431
(Profit)/loss on disposal of intangible assets	(69,793)	(2,140)
Amortisation of syndicate capacity	3,218	2,109
Impairment of syndicate capacity	•	-
Unrealised (gain)/loss on revaluation of investments		<u> </u>
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	(15,084)	1,850

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2005

20. Related party disclosure

The company's 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004 and 2005 underwriting is supported by the assets of or guarantees made interavailable to it by F E Appelbe. These assets or guarantees are also available to Lloyd's to meet the personal underwriting liabilities of F E Appelbe for underwriting years in run-off commencing prior to 1 January 2000, where applicable.

F E Appelbe is the beneficial owner of the company's share.

Mr J.R.H. Evans, a director of the company, is also a director of Nomina plc which administers the conversion scheme in which the company participates. Nomina plc charges a fixed management fee of £2,500 (2004: £2,250) to cover all the costs of basic administration of the company.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2005

21 Syndicates

The principal syndicates or members' agent pooling arrangements ("MAPA") in which the company participates as an underwriting member are as follows:

Syndicate or MAPA Number:	Managing Agent	2005 Allocated Capacity	2004 Allocated Capacity	2003 Allocated capacity	2002 Allocated Capacity
		£	£	£	£
33	Hiscox Syndicates Ltd	127,217	139,107	139,107	90,000
37	Highway Insurance Agency Limited	-	-	-	100,207
218	Cox Syndicate Management Ltd	90,000	90,000	96,634	86,666
260	KGM Underwriting Agencies Ltd	-	-	86,000	80,000
382	Hardy (Underwriting Agencies) Ltd	36,860	42,387	36,859	19,939
386	Limit Underwriting Ltd	68,000	90,000	93,489	62,326
435	Faraday Underwriting Ltd.	-	-	-	45,025
510	R J Kiln & Co Ltd	118,250	110,000	120,825	85,000
557	R J Kiln & Co Ltd	30,000	30,000	30,000	20,000
570	Atrium Underwriters Limited	115,937	85,530	85,530	67,317
587	Chaucer Syndicates Ltd	-	-	118,660	52,261
623	Beazley Furlonge Ltd	150,338	150,338	134,700	82,110
780	Advent Underwriting Ltd.	70,000	70,000	60,000	-
807	R J Kiln & Co Ltd	110,000	110,000	70,000	60,000
958	Omega Underwriting Agents Ltd	100,000	70,000	-	-
1007	SVB Syndicates Ltd	-	60,000	60,000	50,798
1084	Chaucer Syndicates Ltd	192,760	192,760	61,750	50,000
1200	Heritage Managing Agency Ltd	45,000	-	-	-
1221	Navigators Underwriting Agency Ltd.	64,800	72,000	60,000	-
1245	Heritage Managing Agency Ltd	-	52,330	50,000	40,000
2001	Amlin Underwriting Limited	-	-	121,931	115,090
2010	Cathedral Underwriting Ltd.	75,000	75,000	66,800	40,000
2020	Wellington U/W Agencies Ltd.	200,000	172,071	165,000	119,999
2488	Ace Underwriting Agencies Ltd.	-	-	-	110,069
2791	Managing Agency Partners Ltd.	148,854	79,456	79,456	39,859
3245	Heritage Managing Agency Ltd	97,331	84,365	-	-
4040	Illium Managing Agency Ltd	120,000	120,000	-	-