REGISTEED NUMBER 3840597

(England and Wales)

**ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS** 

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2010

**FOR** 

**DIGITAL STORES LIMITED** 

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### DIGITAL STORES LIMITED

### CONTENTS OF ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2010

	Page
Company Information	1
Abbreviated Balance Sheet	2
Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts	Λ

### **DIGITAL STORES LIMITED**

### COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2010

DIRECTORS.	R D Coultart	Resigned	10 August 2010
	S Moxon	Resigned	10 August 2010
	J Summer	Resigned	10 August 2010
	A Catto	Resigned	10 August 2010
	D Kassler	Appointed	10 August 2010
	S Naughton	Appointed	10 August 2010
SECRETARY:	R D Coultart	Resigned	10 August 2010
	Mawlaw Secretaries Limited	Appointed	10 August 2010

REGISTERED NUMBER. 3840597 (England and Wales)

**REGISTERED OFFICE:** 27 Wrights Lane

London W8 5SW

ACCOUNTANTS KPMG LLP

# DIGITAL STORES LIMITED ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET 31 MARCH 2010

		2010	)	2009 Re	stated
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible assets	3		67,635		65,025
Tangible assets	4	_	501,467	-	339,082
			569,102		404,107
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks		163,461		186,315	
Debtors		117,234		174,918	
Cash at bank and in hand		773		602	
		281,468		361,835	
CREDITORS		1 074 055		717 267	
Amounts falling due within one year		1,071,055		717,267	
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			(789,587)		(355,432)
		_			
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES			(220,485)		48,675
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due after more than	one				
year			50,002		50,002
,		_		•	
NET LIABILITIES			(270,487)	_	(1,327)
		_		-	
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	r		538		547
Called up share capital	5		538 649,773		712,263
Share premium Profit and loss account			(920,798)		(714,137)
From and 1033 account			(320), 30)	•	(. 1,1207)
		_	(270,487)		(1,327)

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 480 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 March 2010

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2010 in accordance with Section 475 of the Companies Act 2006

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Section 386 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Section 394 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company

Page 2

continued

# DIGITAL STORES LIMITED ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET - continued 31 MARCH 2010

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 7 October 10 and were signed on its behalf by

Shane Naughton - Director

#### 1 Non-guarantor company with Letter of Support

#### Basis of preparation

The financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis, notwithstanding net liabilities of £789,587, which the directors believe to be appropriate for the following reasons. Digital Stores Limited is dependent for its working capital on funds provided to it by Maltby Investments Limited ('Maltby Investments'), one of the Company's parent undertakings. Both the Company and Maltby Investments operate as part of the Maltby Capital Limited group ("the Group"). Maltby Investment's financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2010 indicated that it had net liabilities of £1,315 million at that date. Maltby Investments has indicated that for the foreseeable future it intends to continue to provide financial and other support to the company, if need be. The directors consider that this should enable the Company to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future by meeting its liabilities as they fall due for payment. As with any company placing reliance on other group entities for financial support, the directors acknowledge that there can be no certainty that this support will continue although, at the date of approval of these financial statements, they have no reason to believe that it will not do so. In this context, further information on Maltby Investments is set out below.

The Group's lender has provided the Group with a number of banking facilities which are repayable from 2014 and 2015. The facilities include certain financial covenant tests which are performed quarterly in respect of rolling one year periods ending on 31 March, 30 June, 30 September and 31 December and certain other covenants and events of default. The breach of a covenant or occurrence of an event of default renders all of the facilities repayable on demand at the option of the lender.

Maltby Investments Limited made the following disclosures within its financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2010, approved 11 August 2010, regarding going concern

The operating performance of EMI has improved markedly over the period since its acquisition by its current shareholders. The Group's Profit before impairment and restructuring costs has increased from £143m for the financial year ended March 2010. The Group's Cash generated from operations has increased from £192m for the financial year ended March 2009 to £273m for the financial year ended March 2010. This represents a 34% increase in Profit before impairment and restructuring costs and a 42% increase in Cash generated from operations over the last financial year.

This enhanced operational performance, together with equity injections provided to date by the shareholders of Maltby Capital Limited (the "ultimate shareholders"), means the Group is able to meet its ongoing working capital needs and its current debt service obligations under the facilities agreements to which the Company and a number of its subsidiaries are party. However, the banking facilities contain a financial covenant for each division based on Debt/EBITDA which has been tightening over the same period to a greater extent than can be covered by the improvement in the Group's performance (especially in the EMI Music division). The covenant steps down significantly each March year end making it progressively harder to achieve the required ratio.

The covenants are tested quarterly in respect of rolling one year periods ending on 31 March, 30 June, 30 September and 31 December. The breach of a financial covenant (or any other covenant or the occurrence of an event of default) renders all of the facilities repayable on demand at the option of the lender. As the financial covenant ratios have tightened over this period, shortfalls to the financial covenant have occurred and (due to the continued tightening of the financial covenants in future periods) are anticipated to occur going forward, notwithstanding the operational improvements. The requirement for further equity cures is discussed in more detail below.

The principal uncertainty for the Group is whether additional equity funding will be available in future periods to enable it to comply with the financial covenant under the banking facilities. Due to the sound operating performance of the business, the directors believe that it would be in the interests of the Group's lender to maintain the Group's business as a going concern and to minimise any disruption to its ongoing operations if the covenant were breached

In order to meet financial covenant tests in respect of several quarterly periods ended since 30 September 2008 the Group applied funds originally provided by the ultimate shareholders under equity cure provisions within the banking facilities as follows

	2008	2009	2010
Quarter ended	£m	£m	£m
31 March		39 25	87 5
30 June		37 0	
30 September	16 0	nıl	
31 December	12 75	nıl	

The equity cure in relation to the quarter ended 31 March 2010 was effected on 10 June 2010 out of new equity raised from the ultimate shareholders of £78 1m together with £9 4m already held by Maltby Capital Limited ("Maltby Capital") These equity cures were made to ensure that the EMI Music division remained compliant with the covenants relating to its financing facilities. No cure was required for the EMI Music Publishing division

The financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis. In preparing the financial statements on this basis the directors have taken account of the following matters.

The Group meets its day to day working capital requirements and medium term funding requirements through its banking facilities which are repayable from 2014 and 2015

The directors have prepared base case trading and cash flow forecasts for a period in excess of one year from the date of approval of these financial statements which project that the total amount of each of the facilities is not exceeded. However, there are a number of risks attached to these projections including the current general economic climate, inherent risks that exist in the music market of market growth or decline varying from the rates expected and the nature of the Group's business is such that there can be considerable unpredictable variation in the timing of earnings and cash inflows if there is a change in the forecast release date for key projects.

The latest projections for the Group indicate that funds of up to £26 9m in aggregate will be required for cure purposes in respect of the 12 month test periods ending on 30 June 2010, 30 September 2010 and 31 December 2010. Maltby Capital has received a commitment from the ultimate shareholders to provide it with further injections up to this amount provided that (i) no "Default" under the Group's banking facilities is continuing at the time of injection and (ii) at least 3 business days' notice of the cure amount required is given by Maltby Capital to the ultimate shareholders. In turn, the Maltby Capital will make funds of up to £26.9m in aggregate available to the Company in relation to the test periods remaining in 2010, provided that (i) no "Default" under the Group's banking facilities is continuing at the time of injection, (ii) the provision of such funds would result in the financial covenants being complied with, and (iii) at least 5 business days' notice of the cure amount required is given by the Company to Maltby Capital. In agreeing the amount of funds to be committed, no headroom in excess of the expected level of further cure requirements for the three 12 month periods referred to above has been included and there are uncertainties associated with the forecasts and projections for the business which could result in earnings and cash flows being below their forecast levels without mitigating factors occurring

The Group has already factored into its projections assumptions around tight cash management over this period so as to minimise the quantum of cure payments it is required to make, so efforts to mitigate the impact of any trading shortfall by further cash conservation measures is likely to be challenging. There is therefore no certainty that the committed funds will be sufficient to effect any cures which are required in relation to periods ended up to 31 December 2010.

3 The directors continue to engage with Maltby Capital, the ultimate shareholders and debt provider to ensure continued operations. The current forecasts for the Group indicate that it is likely there will be a further significant shortfall when the covenants under its banking facilities are tested as at 31 March 2011. Current indications are

that in the absence of other initiatives additional funds in an amount that could be substantially in excess of the total amount of equity cure payments provided by the ultimate shareholders to cure covenant breaches for test periods ended during the financial year to 31 March 2010 would be required from shareholders to fund the cure payment for the test period ending 31 March 2011. The directors have been exploring various strategic options which may be available to the Group but, even though the strategic options are expected to reduce the quantum of the further equity injection, they consider that it is unlikely that the financial covenants tested as at 31 March 2011 will be met without a further substantial equity injection. In addition further smaller cures may also be required in relation to the other test periods ending in 2011.

Accordingly the directors will need to engage, together with Maltby Capital, in discussions with the ultimate shareholders for additional funding in respect of the above as they did for the additional equity raised to cure the covenant for the test period ended 31 March 2010. However, there is no certainty that an agreement for further equity injections will be reached, or will be reached within the time available under the Group's banking facilities.

Consequently, should the conditions attached to the additional funding which the ultimate shareholders and Maltby Capital have undertaken to provide in relation to the June, September and December 2010 test periods not be met or should the consent of the ultimate shareholders to the provision of further equity cure funding required in respect of the test period ending 31 March 2011 not be forthcoming, or not be forthcoming within the applicable period, the outcome for the Group of a breach of financial covenants in respect of these periods would be dependent upon discussions with the Group's lender. This would also be the case if any equity cure funding provided by the ultimate shareholders was insufficient to prevent breaches of financial covenants in relation to subsequent test periods, and consent of the ultimate shareholders to any subsequent request for the provision of further equity cure funding was not forthcoming, or not forthcoming within the applicable period.

In these circumstances, the directors consider that it would be in the interests of the Group's lender to maintain the Group's business as a going concern and to minimise any disruption to its ongoing operations. In coming to this view, the directors have taken account of the improvement in the Group's operating cashflow, which means that based on current forecasts the Group has sufficient cash flow to meet its current debt service obligations under its banking facilities absent any breach of covenants which would render all facilities repayable on demand at the option of the lender

The directors also recognise that existing forecasts indicate further significant shortfalls in respect of the covenant test periods to the end of March in each year until the facilities expire in 2014 and 2015. The directors are aware of the ongoing litigation in respect of certain matters relating to the acquisition of the Company's subsidiary, EMI Group Limited (formerly EMI Group plc) between, amongst others, shareholders of Maltby Capital and the Group's lender. Neither Maltby Capital, the Company nor any other members of the Group is party to these proceedings. EMI Group Limited has been in discussions with the Trustee of the EMI Group Pension Fund regarding the cash contributions under the scheme funding regime. Agreement has not been able to be reached regarding a long-term funding policy for the Fund and absent such agreement the Pensions Regulator has referred the matter to the Determinations Panel for resolution.

The Group's current lending arrangements require the deficit existing at the date of acquisition of EMI Group Limited to be met by additional equity investment. Under proposals put forward to the Determinations Panel, the scheme funding deficit could fall somewhere in a range between £115 million and £217 million based on a valuation at 31 March 2008. Absent any prior agreement with the Trustees, the size of this deficit and the number of years over which the deficit is removed will be resolved by the Determinations Panel.

The directors have concluded that the combination of these circumstances represents a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt on Maltby investments Limited's ability to make funds available to the Company and hence the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The Company may therefore be unable to continue realising its assets and discharging its liabilities in the normal course of business. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that would result if the Company were unable to continue as a going concern due to a withdrawal of the Group's banking facilities by the Group's lender.

Nevertheless, after making enquiries and considering the uncertainty described above, the directors have concluded that they have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue as a going concern for the foreseeable future. For these reasons, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Accounting convention**

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2007)

#### Turnove

Turnover represents net invoiced sales of goods, excluding value added tax

#### Intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets are amortised to the profit and loss account by equal instalments over their estimated useful economic life up to a maximum of 20 years

#### Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Plant and machinery - 25% on cost Fixtures and fittings - 25% on cost

#### Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date

#### Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the period of the lease

### **3 INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS**

3 INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS	
	Total
	£
COST	
At 1 April 2009 and at 31 March 2010	68,113
AMORTISATION	
At 1 April 2009	3,088
Charge for year	404
Elimination on disposal - Website development	(3,014)
At 31 March 2010	478
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 31 March 2010	67,635
At 31 March 2009	65,025
4. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS	
	Total
	£
COST	
At 1 April 2009	844,714
Additions	423,698
Disposals	(99,499)
At 31 March 2010	1,168,913
DEPRECIATION	
At 1 April 2009	505,631
Charge for year	228,287
Eliminated on disposal	(66,472)
	667,446
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 31 March 2010	501,467
At 31 March 2009	339,083

#### **5 CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL**

		2010	2009
Class	Nominal	£	£
	Value		
Ordinary	04p	1,000	1,000
Preference Shares	£1	-	-
		1,000	1,000
nd fully paid			
Class	Nominal	2010	2009
	Value		
Ordinary	04p	538	547
Preference Shares	£1	-	-
		538	547
	Preference Shares  nd fully paid  Class  Ordinary	Ordinary 04p Preference Shares £1  and fully paid Class Nominal Value Ordinary 04p	Class         Nominal Value         £           Ordinary         04p         1,000           Preference Shares         £1         -           and fully paid         Class         Nominal Value           Ordinary         04p         538           Preference Shares         £1         -

### 6 Post Balance Sheet Events

On the 10<sup>th</sup> August 2010 the entire share capital of Digital Stores Limited was acquired by EMI Records Limited The ultimate owner of the company is Maltby Capital Limited