Company number: 3817122

CAPRICORN ADMINISTRATION SERVICES LIMITED

REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 JUNE 2019

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04/02/2020 COMPANIES HOUSE #21

Directors

Charles Luyckx Leslie Perlman

Registered Office

St. Mary's House, 42 Vicarage Crescent, London SW11 3LD

Auditors BDO LLP 55 Baker Street, London, W1U 8EW

Report of the Directors

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2019.

Company Number

The company is registered in England and Wales under reference 3817122.

Review of Activities and Future Prospects

The company's activity is that of providing professional, financial and other administrative services to corporate entities and to private individuals. The directors are pleased to note that the company has continued to be profitable.

Results and Dividends

The profit after tax for the year was £12,879 (2018: £9,544).

The directors do not propose the payment of a final dividend (2018: £nil).

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Directors' Confirmation

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this report is approved has confirmed that:

- (a) so far as each director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware; and
- (b) each director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director, including making appropriate enquiries of fellow directors and of the company's auditors for that purpose, in order to be aware of any information needed by the company's auditors in connection with preparing their report and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

Basis of Preparation

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

By Order of the Board

L. Periman

Director

Date: 20 January 2020

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Capricorn Administration Services Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Capricorn Administration Services Limited ("the Company") for the year ended 30 June 2019 which comprise the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of financial position and and the notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 30 June 2019 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties
 that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern
 basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial
 statements are authorised for issue.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the directors report and financial statements, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Capricorn Administration Services Limited (continued)

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion;

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the directors' report and from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

Responsibilities of Directors

As explained more fully in the statement of directors responsibilities, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at:

https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Capricorn Administration Services Limited (continued)

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Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

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Benjamin Courts (Senior Statutory Auditor) For and on behalf of BDO LLP, Statutory Auditor London, UK

Date: 31 January 2020

BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC305127).

Statement of comprehensive income For the year ended 30 June 2019

	2019 £	2018 £
Turnover	212,023	88,146
Administrative expenses	(198,116)	(76,986)
Operating profit	13,907	11,160
Loan interest receivable	1,799	503
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	15,706	11,663
Taxation	(2,827)	(2,119)
Profit for the year and total comprehensive income	12,879	9,544

The notes on pages 8 to 11 form part of the financial statements.

Company No: 3817122

Capricom Administration Services Limited

Statement of financial position as at 30 June 2019

	<u>Note</u>	2019 £	2018 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	4	2,038	415
Current assets	•		
Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	5	148,776 92,274	104,615 96,498
	·	241,050	201,113
Creditors, amounts falling due within one year	6	(49,117)	(20,436)
Net current assets		191,933	180,677
Total assets less current liabilities		193,971	181,092
Capital and reserves			
Share capital Profit and loss account		2 193,969	2 181,090
Shareholder's funds		193,971	181,092

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the Special Provisions applicable to the Small Companies' regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS102 Section 1A-Small entities.

Approved and authorised for issue by the Board and signed on its behalf on 20 January 2020

L.PERLMAN Director

The notes on pages 8 to 11 form part of the financial statements.

Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2019

Notes

1. Principal accounting policies

Capricorn Administration Services Limited is a private limited company, limited by shares, incorporated in England and Wales under the number 3817122. It's registered office is St Mary's House, 42 Vicarage Crescent, London, SW11 3LD.

(a) Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

(b) Turnover

Turnover represents the value of income earned in the year from the provision of services provided in the accounting period.

Revenue from professional services engagements is recognised by time spent on underlying work completed.

(c) Fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is provided on a straight line basis over the anticipated useful lives of the assets concerned at the following rates:

Motor vehicles - 20% per annum
Computer equipment - 331/3% per annum
Office furniture, fixtures and equipment - 25% per annum

(d) Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the company operates and generates income.

Deferred taxation is provided in full on all material timing differences which result in an obligation to pay more tax, or a right to pay less tax, in the future at rates expected to apply when they crystallise based on current tax rates and law. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is more likely than not there will be suitable taxable profits from which future reversals of the underlying timing differences can be deducted. No provision is made where the amounts involved are not material.

Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2019

Notes (Continued)

(e) Pension costs

The Company operates a defined contribution scheme. Pension costs are charged to expenditure in accordance with individual's personal contractual terms as incurred.

(f) Leasing contracts

Rents applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessors are charged to expenditure as incurred.

(g) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits held on call with banks.

(h) Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors and loans to related parties.

The Company only holds basic financial instruments. The financial assets and financial liabilities of the Company and their measurement basis are as follows:

Financial assets – trade and other debtors are basic financial instruments and are debt instruments which are measured at amortised cost. Prepayments are not financial instruments. Amounts due to the company's related undertakings are held at amortised cost.

Cash at bank is classified as a basic financial instrument and is measured at face value. Financial liabilities – trade creditors, accruals and other creditors are financial instruments, and are measured at amortised cost. Taxation and social security are not included in the financial instruments disclosure definition. Deferred income is not deemed to be a financial liability, as the cash settlement has already taken place and there is an obligation to deliver services rather than cash or another financial instrument. Amounts due to group companies are held at amortised cost.

(i) Critical judgements and estimates

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported for assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as at the statement of financial position date and the amounts reported for income and expenses during the year. Use of available information and application of judgement are inherent in the formation of estimates, together with past experience and expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results in the future could differ from such estimates. There are no significant areas of judgement or key assumptions that effect items in the financial statements with respect to the next reporting period for the year ended 30 June 2019.

(j) Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which assumes the Company will continue in operational existence, and will be able to meet its liabilities as they fall due, for a period of at least twelve months fom the date of approval of the financial statements.

Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2019

Notes (Continued)

2. Auditor's remuneration

	<u>2019</u> £	<u>2018</u> £
Auditor's remuneration:	0.750	0.500
- Audit	8,750	8,500
- Other	2,400	4,300

3. Directors and employees

The average monthly number of persons employed by the Company during the year was 3 (2018 - 1). All were employed in an administrative capacity.

4. Tangible fixed assets

		Oπice furniture, fixtures		
	Computer	and	Motor	
	<u>equipment</u>	equipment	<u>vehicles</u>	<u>Total</u>
	£	£	£	£
Cost				
At 1 July 2018	4,020	19,746	14,638	38,404
Additions	1,123	655	-	1,778
Disposals	(4,020)	(5,036)_		(9,056)
30 June 2019	1,123	15,365	14,638	31,126
Depreciation				
At 1 July 2018	4,020	19,332	14,638	37,990
Additions	31	123	-	154
Disposals	(4,020)	(5,036)		(9,056)
30 June 2019	31	14,419	14,638	29,088
Net book value				
At 30 June 2019	1,092	946		2,038
At 30 June 2018		415		415

Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2019

Notes (Continued)

5. Debtors

Debtors	<u>2019</u> £	2018 £
Trade debtors	45,364	12,966
Amounts owed by group companies	44,352	16,207
Loans receivable	55,042	75,000
Other debtors	4,018	442
	148,776	104,615

Amounts owed by group companies are non-interest bearing and repayable on demand.

There are two loan agreements at year end. One of the loans is interest bearing at the Bank of England base rate plus 2.5% and repayable within 12 months. The remaining loan is interest bearing at the Bank of England base rate plus 2% and deemed to be repayable within 12 months based on the conditions of the loan agreement.

6. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	<u>2019</u> £	<u>2018</u> £
Trade creditors	5,764	467
Corporation tax	2,827	2,119
Taxation and social security	6,367	2,899
Accruals	22,383	12,800
Other creditors	11,776	2,151
	49,117	20,436

7. Financial commitments

Operating leases

The Company's commitments at 30 June 2019 for rental payments under non-cancellable leases payable after the reporting date totalled £8,000 (2018: £nil).

8. Controlling party

In the opinion of the directors, the immediate holding company and the ultimate controlling party is Capricorn Ventures International Limited, duly registered in Guernsey. No consolidated financial statements of this group are available to the public.

9. Related party transactions

The directors have taken advantage of the exemptions provided by section 33 of FRS 102 and have therefore not disclosed transactions with wholly owned entities which form part of the group headed by Capricorn Ventures International Limited.

Detailed Profit and Loss Account For the year ended 30 June 2019

	2019 £	2018 £
Turnover	212,023	88,146
Interest receivable	1,799	503
Administrative expenses	,,,,,,	
Administrative expenses		
Staff salaries and N.I.	176,320	30,897
Telephone and communications	2,083	2,117
Audit and accountancy	9,000	17,650
Professional charges	1,101	1,207
Bank charges	1,321	1,698
Consultancy fees	-	20,000
Depreciation	154	-
Subscriptions	-	151
Sundry expenses	925	569
Repairs and maintenance	650	278
Insurance	2,329	2,419
Rent and rates	4,232	
	198,116	76,986
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	15,706_	11,663