COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER 3794233

BSI GENERALI UK LIMITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2008



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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

The board of directors A F Arscott

M G Carvill D A Palmer C Ferry U I M B Alonzo V Piantedosi

Company secretary S Turnbull

Registered office Windsor House

39 King Street London EC2V 8DQ

Auditor Ernst and Young LLP

Registered Auditor
1 More London Place

London SE1 2AF

Bankers The Royal Bank of Scotland plc

62/63 Threadneedle Street

London EC2R 8LA

Solicitors Ashurst

Broadwalk House 5 Appold Street London

EC2A 2HA

THE DIRECTORS' REPORT

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2008

The directors have pleasure in presenting their report and the financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2008.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND BUSINESS REVIEW

The Company's principal activities are the provision of discretionary portfolio management and advisory services to private clients resident in the United Kingdom. The Company is authorised and regulated by the Financial Services Authority.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £335,904 (2007: £840,550 loss). The directors have not recommended a dividend (2007: £Nil).

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Company's principle financial instruments comprise bank balances, trade debtors and trade creditors.

Trade debtors comprise fees and commissions accrued but not yet received by the Company as at the balance sheet date.

The accounting treatment adopted by the Company in respect of bank balances and trade debtors denominated in foreign currencies is described under Accounting Policies in the Financial Statements.

The Company is regulated and authorised by the Financial Services Authority. The Company is an investment management Company which specialises in investment advisory services and fund management. The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of BSI SA, Lugano Switzerland.

Where possible, the Company will attempt to manage all the risks that arise from its operations. As the Company is a BIPRU Limited Licence £125,000 Company it is not usually exposed to Credit Risk, Market Risk (including interest rate risk) or Operational Risk. However, the Company has separately considered the risks associated with its business and these are detailed later in this document.

The Company has established risk management measures to identify, monitor and control risks. The risk management process is undertaken by the Managing Director and Compliance Officer. Further oversight is provided by the parent Company. In addition, management accounts are produced and reviewed on a monthly basis to ensure the Company continues to meet its FSA financial resources obligations.

A summary of risks faced by the Company are detailed below:

Credit Risk

The credit risk faced by the business is negligible since there is no lending or other exposure to the Company's clients, nor does it invest on its own account in securities or other financial instruments issued by borrowers. The extent of credit risk exposure relates to fees billed to clients and cash held on deposit. Given that cash is held in large international institutions and there is little risk of default by clients as fees are deducted from investments under management. Given the nature of the Company's exposures, no specific mitigation for hedging or mitigating credit risks is in place.

THE DIRECTORS' REPORT

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2008

Business Risk and Market Risk

Market risks are limited to fluctuations in the markets. The client base of the Company consists of long standing clients. It is considered that the client base will largely stay at current levels; therefore, no mitigation needs to be put in place. However, in order to provide assurance to this, the Company has undertaken stress testing to ensure that it is aware of the potential impacts (however remote) of significant reductions in the client base and/or portfolio values.

Operational Risk

The Company places significant emphasis on the operational policies and procedures in place. All staff are fully aware of their own responsibilities within this context. The key operational risks relate to 1) loss of investment managers, 2) failure of the custodian (Bank of New York Mellon), and 3) IT failure. For items 1 and 3, the risk is considered very low and for item 3, appropriate security, controls and disaster recovery plans have been put in place.

RISK MANAGEMENT

Risk Reporting and Management Systems

There are a number of reports and processes that are employed by the Company to enable key risks to be identified, reported to appropriate personnel for consideration and, where required, action and managed. These include:

Compliance Risk Assessment (inc Anti Money Laundering)

This is an assessment of all relevant risks that the Company is likely to face in the next twelve months and is performed on an annual basis. The report is presented to the Company's governing body for review and approval and is used as the basis for the Company's compliance monitoring for the following period.

Compliance Oversight Officer's Report

An annual consideration of the standard of the Company's compliance over the preceding year. This report is presented to the Board on an annual basis, further quarterly interim reports are provided to the Board for consideration and action, if necessary.

MLRO Report

An annual consideration of the standard of the Company's anti money laundering and other financial crime practices over the preceding year This report is presented to the Board on an annual basis, further quarterly interim reports are provided to the Board for consideration and action, if necessary.

Treating Customers Fairly ('TCF')

The Company has developed a TCF action plan which is reviewed and auctioned upon. The progress of this is reported to the Board on a quarterly basis.

CAPITAL RESOURCES

The Company's capital resources comprise entirely share capital and audited reserves.

The Tier 1 and 2 capital before deductions is set out below:

Tier 1 and 2: £510,783

THE DIRECTORS' REPORT

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2008

INTEGRATION INTO BUSINESS STRATEGY

It is the intention of the Company to maintain sufficient capital resources to allow it to continue to operate profitably and to provide a reasonable return for the shareholders of the Company. In order to maintain this capital the Company must generate and retain profits that will add to the Company's financial reserves.

Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process ("ICAAP")

The ICAAP combines Pillar 1 and Pillar 2 requirements and involves a detailed analysis of the various elements of the business to understand the need for capital in the forthcoming period. Various models are tested in the process to identify areas where additional capital may be required to manage the risks to which the Company is exposed.

The result of the ICAAP is challenged by a party independent of the preparation of the ICAAP and this is ultimately reviewed and approved by the Company's governing body to ensure that there is sufficient capital within the Company to meet our future plans and anticipated risks.

FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

Having moved asset custody to a new outsourced back office provider the aim of the Directors is to ensure that the interaction with this new provider is fully embedded and understood. No other significant changes to the business are planned.

DIRECTORS

The directors who served the company during the year were as follows:

A F Arscott

(Appointed 10th October 2008)

M G Carvill

D A Palmer

C Ferry

U I M B Alonzo

V Piantedosi

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary and the interests of the group directors are disclosed in the financial statements of the parent company.

GOING CONCERN

After making enquiries, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing report and accounts.

POLITICAL AND CHARITABLE DONATIONS

During the year the Company made charitable contributions totalling £Nil (2007: £100)

THE DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2008

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

In so far as the directors are aware:

- there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware; and
- the directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information.

AUDITOR

At a meeting of the Directors of the Company held on 13 November 2000 resolutions from the sole member of the Company were received to dispense with the requirements to hold annual general meetings of the Company and to reappoint auditors annually. Our auditors, Ernst & Young LLP, have indicated their willingness to continue in office.

Registered office: Windsor House 39 King Street London

EC2V 8DQ

Signed by order of the directors

S TURNBULL Company Secretary

Approved by the directors on 22th April 2007



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF BSI GENERALI UK LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of BSI Generali UK Limited for the year ended 31 December 2008 on pages 8 to 20 which have been prepared on the basis of the accounting policies set out on pages 10 to 12.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland).

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements.

In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed.

We read the directors' report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the group's and company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF BSI GENERALI UK LIMITED (continued)

Opinion

In our opinion:

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2008 and of the profit for the year then ended;
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985; and
- the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2008.

Eunt + Young ur

Ernst & Young LLP Registered Auditor London

27 April 2009

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2008

		200	8	2007
	Note	£	£	£
TURNOVER Continuing operations Discontinued operations	2	2,195,898 -		2,018,042 3,626,872
			2,195,898	5,644,914
Cost of sales	3		(304,884)	(1,249,370)
GROSS PROFIT			1,891,014	4,395,544
Net operating expenses	3		1,417,761	5,590,602
OPERATING PROFIT/(LOSS): Continuing operations Discontinued operations	4	473,253 —		(40,982) (1,154,076)
			473,253	(1,195,058)
Interest receivable Interest payable and similar charges	7		15,049 (18,181)	53,172 (18,087)
PROFIT/(LOSS) ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION			470,121	(1,159,973)
Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities	8		134,217	(319,423)
PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR			335,904	(840,550)

The company has no recognised gains or losses other than the results for the year as set out above.

The notes on pages 10 to 20 form part of these financial statements.

BALANCE SHEET

31 DECEMBER 2008

		2008		2007
	Note	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS				
Tangible assets	10		35,807	16,418
CURRENT ASSETS				
Debtors due within one year	11	830,298		1,922,016
Cash at bank and in hand		260,435		597,506
		1,090,733		2,519,522
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one				
year	12	276,925		2,025,157
NET CURRENT ASSETS			813,808	494,365
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	3		849,615	510,783
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES				
Deferred taxation	13		2,928	_
			846,687	510,783
CAPITAL AND RESERVES				
Called-up equity share capital	15		250,000	250,000
Profit and loss account	16		596,687	260,783
EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	17		846,687	510,783
-			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	****

These financial statements were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 27 April 2009 and are signed on their behalf by:

A F Arscott Director V Piantedosi Director

The notes on pages 10 to 20 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2008

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

The accounts are prepared in accordance with accounting standards applicable in the United Kingdom.

In preparing the financial statements for the current year the Company has adopted the following Financial Reporting Standards:

Cash flow statement

A cash flow statement has not been included in the accounts as the Company has taken advantage of the exemption from the requirements of Financial Reporting Standard 1 on the grounds that it is a wholly owned subsidiary and that its cash flows are incorporated in the publicly available, consolidated accounts of its ultimate parent company (Note 19).

Related parties transactions

The Company has taken exemption from disclosure of intra-group transactions as permitted by FRS 8 on the grounds that it is a wholly owned subsidiary and that the accounts of its ultimate parent company in which such transactions are consolidated are publicly available.

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Leasehold Property Equipment

- straight line basis over the lease term
- straight line basis over 3 to 10 years

The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed for impairment if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2008

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Pension costs

The Company offers certain of its employees membership of a defined benefit, group pension scheme, which requires contributions to be made to a separately administered fund. Contributions to the fund are charged to the profit and loss account at the rate required of the scheme as a whole. No allowance is made for any difference between the funding of the scheme and the charge to the Company in the profit and loss account, as the Company is unable to identify its share of the underlying assets and liabilities of the scheme on a consistent and reasonable basis. The company also offers other employees membership of a defined contribution pension scheme.

The company also offers other employees membership of a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company. The annual contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account.

Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or right to pay less or to receive more tax, except that deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date.

All differences are taken to profit and loss.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2008

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Discontinued operations

On the 01/01/2008 the company discontinued and transferred the Treasury and Banking function of the business to a fellow subsidiary BSI Investment Advisory Limited. No turnover or operating profit was included within the financial statements for the year ended 31/12/2008. Within the financial statements for the year ended 31/12/2007 the Treasury and Banking part of the business had turnover of £3,626,872 and operating loss of £(1,154,076).

Change in accounting policy

The directors under took a review of cost of sales and operating expenses and were of the opinion that certain costs and expenses should be reclassified between the two categories as this would provide a fairer presentation of the results. The reclassification has reduced the gross profit ratio for the 2007 figures from 92.16% in the 2007 accounts to 77.87% in the 2008 accounts.

2. TURNOVER

The turnover and profit before tax are attributable to the one principal activity of the company. An analysis of turnover is given below:

	2008	2007	2007	2007
	£	£	£	£
		Asset	Advisory	
	Total	Management	Services	Total
United Kingdom	2,195,898	2,104,225	170,160	2,274,385
Other	_	2,906,138	_	2,906,138
European Worldwide		464,391	-	464,391
	2,195,898	5,474,754	170,160	5,644,914

3. ANALYSIS OF COST OF SALES AND NET OPERATING EXPENSES

	Continuing operations	Discontinued operations	Total £
YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2008			
Turnover	2,195,898		2,195,898
Cost of sales	304,884		304,884
Gross profit	1,891,014		1,891,014
Net operating expenses	1,417,761		1,417,761
Operating profit	473,253		473,253

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2008

3. ANALYSIS OF COST OF SALES AND NET OPERATING EXPENSES (continued)

	Continuing operations	Discontinued operations	Total £
YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2007			
Turnover	2,018,042	3,626,872	5,644,914
Cost of sales	386,576	862,794	1,249,370
Gross profit	1,631,466	2,764,078	4,395,544
Net operating expenses	1,672,448	3,918,154	5,590,602
			
Operating loss	(40,982)	(1,154,076)	(1,195,058)

4. OPERATING PROFIT/(LOSS)

Operating profit/(loss) is stated after charging:

2008	2007
£	£
10,808	5,355
45,000	60,000
-	255,090
_	85,000
12,517	12,517
12,375	135,000
4	-
	10,808 45,000 - 12,517 12,375

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2008

5. PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES

The average number of staff employed by the company during the financial year amounted to:

2008	2007
No	No No
Administrative staff	7
Investment management staff 3	18
——————————————————————————————————————	
6	25
-	
The aggregate payroll costs of the above were:	3007
2008	2007
£	£
Wages and salaries 603,642	2,908,096
Social security costs 62,618	206,753
Other pension costs 135,811	320,544
802,071	3,435,393

Executive Directors' costs are included in the above figures.

Other pension costs include contributions to defined benefit and defined contribution schemes of £111,600 and £8,911 (2007: £121,868 and £183,426). A contribution of £15,300 (2007: £15,250) was also made to an employee's SIPP.

2008

2007

6. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

7.

The directors' aggregate emoluments in respect of qualifying services were:

	2008 £	2007 £
Emoluments receivable	82,221	25,046
Value of company pension contributions to defined benefit schemes	87,600	32,895
	169,821	57,941
The number of directors who accrued benefits under company pension	schemes was a	s follows:
	2008	2007
	No	No
Defined benefit schemes	2	1
	_	
INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES		
	2008	2007
	£	£
Interest payable	18,181	18,087

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2008

8. TAXATION ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

(a) Analysis of charge in the year

	2008 £	2007 £
Current tax:	_	-
In respect of the year:		
UK Corporation tax based on the results for the year at 28.50% (2007 - 30%) Over/under provision in prior year	77,725 (9,025)	(272,218) 15,384
Total current tax	68,700	(256,834)
Deferred tax:		
Origination and reversal of timing differences Adjustment in respect of prior year	65,517	(50,168) (12,421)
Total deferred tax (note 12)	65,517	(62,589)
Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities	134,217	(319,423)

(b) Factors affecting current tax charge

The tax assessed on the profit/(loss) on ordinary activities for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28.50% (2007 - 30%).

Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation	2008 £ 470,121	2007 £ (1,159,973)
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities by rate of tax Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	133,972 5,541	(347,992) 22,022
Capital allowances in excess of depreciation	(7,538)	(3,358)
Adjustment to tax charge in respect of previous years	(9,025)	15,384 57,110
Other timing differences	$\frac{(54,250)}{(6,700)}$	
Total current tax (note 8(a))	68,700	(256,834)

9. Dividends

No equity dividends in 2008 or 2007.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2008

10. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

		Leasehold Property £	Equipment £	Total £
	COST		143 557	142 557
	At 1 January 2008 Additions	24,352	142,557 14,346	142,557 38,698
	Disposals	24,332	(113,005)	(113,005)
	At 31 December 2008	24,352	43,898	68,250
	DEPRECIATION			
	At 1 January 2008	_	126,139	126,139
	Charge for the year	4,428	6,380	10,808
	On disposals	_	(104,504)	(104,504)
	At 31 December 2008	4,428	28,015	32,443
	NET BOOK VALUE			
	At 31 December 2008	19,924	15,883	35,807
	At 31 December 2007	_	16,418	16,418
11.	DEBTORS			
			2008	2007
			£	£
	Trade debtors		297,755	306,895
	Trade debtors owed by group undertakings		_	561,491
	Other debtors owed by group undertakings Corporation tax repayable		310,775	174,358 347,475
	VAT recoverable		310,773	26,466
	Other debtors		200,215	215,507
	BSI property costs		_	102,350
	Prepayments and accrued income		21,553	124,885
	Deferred taxation (note 12)		_	62,589
			830,298	1,922,016

Other debtors includes a deposit of £200,000 (2007: Nil) being held by Pershing Limited, the management agents. It will be held until BSI Generali UK Limited terminates the contract.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

12.	CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year				
		2008		2007	
		£	£	£	
	Overdrafts		1,940	1,978	
	Trade creditors		9,707	337,138	
	Amounts owed to group undertakings		24,384	-	
	Other creditors including taxation and social security:				
	PAYE and social security	19,870		-	
	VAT	56,886		-	
	Other creditors	3,300		222,149	
			80,056	222,149	
	Accruals and deferred income		160,838	1,463,892	
	Tree and all deletes in the internal in the in				
			276,925	2,025,15	
3.	DEFERRED TAXATION				
	The deferred tax (asset)/liability in the Balance sheet is as	s follows:			
			2008	2007	
			£	£	
	Included in debtors (note 11)		-	(62,589	
	Included in provisions		2,928		
			2,928	(62,58	
	The movement in the deferred taxation account during the year was:				
			2008	2007	
			£	£	
	Balance brought forward		(62,589)		
	Profit and loss account movement arising during the year		65,517	(62,58)	
	Balance carried forward		2,928	(62,589	
	Datance Carried for ward		2,720	(02,50	
	The balance of the deferred taxation account consists of the tax effect of timing difference of:				
			2008	2007	
			£	£	
	Depreciation in excess of capital allowances		2,928	(9,28	
	Pension accruals		-	(6,33	
	Other timing differences		-	(46,97	
			2,928	(62,58	
			-1	, 92,30	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2008

14. COMMITMENTS UNDER OPERATING LEASES

At 31 December 2008 the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as set out below.

		2008		2007	
		Land & Buildings	Other Items £	Land & Buildings £	Other Items £
	Operating leases which expire: Within 1 year	£ -	ž.		12,517
	Within 2 to 5 years	36,420	-	268,000	-
		36,420	-	268,000	12,517
15.	SHARE CAPITAL				
	Authorised share capital:				
				2008 £	2007 £
	250,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each			250,000	250,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid:				
		2008		200	
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	No 250,000	£ 250,000	No 250,000	250,000
16.	PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT				
				2008 £	2007 £
	Balance brought forward Profit/(loss) for the financial year			260,783 335,904	1,101,333 (840,550)
	Balance carried forward			596,687	260,783
17.	RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMEN	NTS IN SHARE	HOLDERS'	FUNDS	
				2008 £	2007 £
	Profit/(Loss) for the financial year			335,904	(840,550)
	Opening shareholders' funds			510,783	1,351,333
	Closing shareholders' funds			846,687	510,783

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2008

18. PENSION COMMITMENTS

The Company makes contributions to a group scheme, the Assicurazioni Generali SpA UK Branch Pension Scheme, for a Director and some employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Company and other participating entities in an independently administered fund. The contribution rate for the year was 30% (2007: 30%).

The pension costs are determined with the advice of an independent qualified actuary on the basis of the triennial valuations using the projected unit credit method. The basis of calculation of the contribution rate considers all members of the scheme and does not identify separately contribution rates payables by different group entities. In accordance with FRS 17, the contributions to the scheme are therefore treated as being made to a defined contribution scheme. Any under or over-funding of the group defined benefit scheme as a whole will be accounted for in the consolidated accounts of the ultimate parent Company treated in accordance with Italian generally accepted accounting practice.

The results of the most recent valuation which was conducted as at 1 January 2006 were as follows:

Main assumptions

2006 & 2005

Rate of returns on investments

7.0% per annum before retirement 4.5% per annum after retirement

Rate of salary increases

4.81% per annum inclusive of allowance for promotional increases

Rate of pension increases

2.31% per annum

Rate of dividend growth

NA

Market value of scheme's assets

£49,200,000 (2005: £31,863,000)

Level of funding being the actuarial value of assets expressed as a percentage of the benefits accrued to members after allowing for future salary increases

83% (2005: 86%)

Contributions are paid to reduce the deficit over a period of a period of 14 years the average remaining service life of the active membership. The current contribution rate is an increase in the long-term cost of 18.8%. The scheme was closed to new members other than life assurance only members on 1 August 2003. Consequently it is expected that the average age and hence the contribution rate will rise from valuation to valuation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2008

The most recent valuation of the scheme's liabilities used assumptions related directly to market conditions at the valuation date and took assets at their market value whereas previous valuations used "long-term" assumptions and valued the assets by discounting the expected future investment income. The former method is more transparent but is expected to lead a more volatile funding position.

19. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

The Company's immediate parent undertaking is BSI AG, a company incorporated in Switzerland. The Company's ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is Assicurazioni Generali SpA which is incorporated in Italy. Copies of its group accounts, which include the Company, are available from Piazza Duca degli Abruzzi, Trieste, Italy.

MANAGEMENT INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2008

The following pages do not form part of the statutory financial statements which are the subject of the independent auditor's report on pages 6 to 7.

DETAILED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

	2008		2007
	£	£	£
TURNOVER		2,195,898	5,644,914
COST OF SALES			
Compensation payable	238,979		1,164,298
Management fees payable	65,905		85,072
		304,884	1,249,370
GROSS PROFIT		1,891,014	4,395,544
OVERHEADS			
Administrative expenses		1,417,761	5,590,602
OPERATING PROFIT/(LOSS)		473,253	(1,195,058)
Bank interest receivable		15,049	53,172
		488,302	(1,141,886)
Bank interest payable		(18,181)	(18,087)
PROFIT/(LOSS) ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES		470,121	(1,159,973)

NOTES TO THE DETAILED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

	2008		2007
A DAMINICOD A CINTE ENDENCES	£	£	£
ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES			
Personnel costs	512,792		1,883,495
Wages and salaries Wages bonus	88,170		186,000
Non payroll staff wages	2,680		838,601
Employers national insurance contributions	62,618		206,753
Staff pension contributions	135,811		320,544
Starr pension contributions		005.054	
		802,071	3,435,393
Establishment expenses			
Rent	12,375		135,000
Service charge	(6,875)		129,600
Light and heat	1,703		22,926
Insurance	6,866		104,954
		14,069	392,480
General expenses			
Travel and subsistence	53,837		134,151
Telephone	6,676		74,911
IT services	29,268		113,032
Office expenses	10,518		45,358
Printing, stationery and postage	15,488		57,651
Bargain Charges	270,855		391,474
Staff training	· –		7,111
Recruitment costs	_		7,500
Donations	_		4,008
Advertising	_		595
Marketing	_		495
Entertaining	19,727		69,400
Subscriptions	7,058		16,813
Irrecoverable VAT	10,066		5,737
Management charges payable			492
Legal and professional fees	6,683		306,635
Consultancy	17,610		47,815
Regulatory and third party charges	73,878		158,303
Accountancy fees	24,145		-
Auditors remuneration	45,000		315,090
Depreciation	6,380		5,277
Depreciation of fixtures and fittings	4,428		
		601,617	1,761,848
Carried forward		1,417,757	5,589,721

NOTES TO THE DETAILED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

	2008		2007
	£	£	£
ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES (continued)			
Brought forward		1,417,757	5,589,721
Financial costs Bank charges Foreign currency gains/losses	_ 4		881
Totelgh cultoney gams/1055es		4	881
		1,417,761	5,590,602
INTEREST RECEIVABLE Bank interest receivable		15,049	53,172