COMPANY NUMBER 3791808

ROCK DEFORMATION RESEARCH LIMITED

ACCOUNTS

for the year ended 31 July 2006

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for the year ended 31 July 2006

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REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

The directors present their report and financial statements for the year ended 31 July 2006

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company's principal activity is the production, sale and marketing of fault seal products and the provision of services to the oil industry. The activities include research and development of products.

DIRECTORS

The directors who served during the year and the beneficial interests of those serving at the end of the year in the ordinary share capital of the company were:

year in the oraniary share sagital of the company were	A SI	nares 10 each	Ordinary Shares of £1 each		
	31 July 2006	31 July 2005	31 July 2006	31 July 2005	
P. Locke	-	-	-	- ·	
Professor R. J. Knipe	1	1	-	~	
Professor S. D. Mobbs (resigned 1 September 2005)	-	-	-	~	
Professor B. W. Yardley	-	-	-	~	
Professor P. Mackie (appointed 1 September 2005)	-	-	-	-	

None of the directors had any interest in the share capital of other group companies during the year.

AUDITORS

Deloitte & Touche LLP have expressed their willingness to continue as auditors and a resolution to reappoint them will be proposed at the Annual General Meeting.

SMALL COMPANIES EXEMPTIONS

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This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 relating to small companies.

APPROVED BY THE BOARD and signed on its behalf:

H. M. Smith Company Secretary

31 October 2006

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are required to present for each accounting period financial statements which comply with the provisions of the Companies Act 1985 and give a true and fair view of the state of the affairs of the company as at the end of the accounting period and of the profit and loss for that period. In preparing those financial statements, suitable accounting policies, framed by reference to reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates, have to be used and applied consistently. Applicable accounting standards also have to be followed subject to any material departures being disclosed and explained in the notes to the financial statements. The directors are required to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business. The directors are also responsible for maintaining adequate accounting records so as to enable them to ensure the safeguarding of assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ROCK DEFORMATION RESEARCH LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Rock Deformation Research Limited for the year ended 31 July 2006 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet, the accounting policies and the related notes 1 to 14. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described in the statement of directors' responsibilities the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant United Kingdom legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland).

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view in accordance with the relevant financial reporting framework, and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We report to you whether in our opinion, the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed.

We read the directors' report and the other information contained in the annual report for the above year as described in the contents section and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the financial statements.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion:

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 July 2006 and of its profit for the year then ended.
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985;
- the information given in the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements.

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DELOITTE & TOUCHE LLP

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors,

Leeds.

8 December 2006

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

for the year ended 31 July 2006

	Note	2006	2005
TURNOVER		1,837,686	1,712,935
Cost of sales		(877,024)	(988,604)
GROSS PROFIT		960,662	724,331
Administrative expenses	1	(782,772)	(614,516)
OPERATING PROFIT		177,890	109,815
Interest receivable		11,325	18,134
Interest payable		(940)	(1,113)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	[≣] 1	188,275	126,836
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	4	(36,000)	30,000
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES AFTER TAXATION and FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	₹	152,275	156,836
Balance brought forward		25,916	(130,920)
BALANCE CARRIED FORWARD		£ 178,191	£ 25,916

All amounts relate to continuing operations

There are no recognised gains or losses other than as disclosed above and accordingly, no statement of total recognised gains and losses is shown.

BALANCE SHEET

31 July 2006

	Note	2	2006		2006		20	05
FIXED ASSETS								
Tangible assets Intangible assets	5 6			36,187 -		36,103 -		
•				36,187		36,103		
CURRENT ASSETS				, -		,		
Stocks		9,506			1,446			
Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	7	914,067 443,432			728,826 418,465			
Cash at bank and in hand								
		1,367,005			1,148,737			
CREDITORS - amounts falling due within one year								
Trade creditors		28,041			30,058			
Payments received on account		284,010			330,011			
Corporation tax Amounts owed to ultimate holding company	10	26,000 97,489			- 88,386			
Amount owed to subsidiary undertaking	,,,	32,850			-			
Other taxation and social security		34,157			21,247			
Other creditors Accruals and deferred income		11,114 411,340			8,486 380,736			
		925,001			858,924			
		923,001						
NET CURRENT ASSETS				442,004		289,813		
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES				478,191		325,916		
CREDITORS - amounts falling due after more than one year	1							
Amounts owed to ultimate holding company	10			-		-		
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			£	478,191		£ 325,916		
Representing:								
CAPITAL AND RESERVES								
Called up share capital Profit and loss account	11			300,000 178,191		300,000 25,916		
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS - equity interests	12		£	478,191		£ 325,916		
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The financial statements were approved by the Board on 31 October 2006

P. Locke Director

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

for the year ended 31 July 2006

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in the year and the preceding year.

CONVENTION

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards and in accordance with the historical cost convention.

TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION

For all tangible fixed assets depreciation is calculated to write off their cost by equal instalments over the period of their estimated economic lives as follows:-

Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment - 3 to 4 years

INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS AND AMORTISATION

For all intangible assets amortisation is calculated to write off their cost by equal instalments over 20 years.

In compiling the annual financial statements regard is given generally as to whether there has been a likelihood of impairment due to particular market trends or other known circumstances.

LEASE CONTRACTS

Rentals paid under other leases (operating leases) are charged against income on a straight line basis over the lease term.

FOREIGN CURRENCY

Where supplies are obtained on terms denominated in foreign currency, the liability is initially recognised in the financial statements at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. The liability is reflected in the financial statements at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date or at the amount to be paid where currency purchase arrangements have been made at the balance sheet date. Disparities between the amount reflected in the financial statements and the amount of sterling subsequently required to settle the liability are reflected in the reported results of the subsequent period.

PENSION SCHEMES

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The pension charge represents contributions payable by the company to the scheme.

TAXATION

Current tax, including UK corporation and foreign tax, is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted of substantially enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred taxation is provided in full on timing differences that result in an obligation at the balance sheet date to pay more tax, or a right to pay less tax, at a future date, at rates expected to apply when they crystallise based on current tax rates and law. Timing differences arise from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in financial statements. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is regarded as more likely than not that they will be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

for the year ended 31 July 2006

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

Research and development expenditure is charged to the profit and loss account in the period in which it is incurred.

TURNOVER

Turnover represents the income receivable, excluding value added tax, in the ordinary course of business for services provided.

Where arrangements are made for invoices to be raised in advance of the company fulfilling its obligations then an estimate of the invoiced amounts attributable to work undertaken by the company before the balance sheet date based on the progress of the projects is included. To the extent that the invoiced amounts exceed the amounts attributable to work undertaken then payments received on account are reflected in the balance sheet.

In respect of long term contracts, revenue is recognised based on the value of work carried out during the year with reference to the total sales value and stage of completion of these contracts.

GROUP ACCOUNTS

The financial statements present information about the company as an individual undertaking and not as a group. This is because the company has taken advantage of the exemption available within Section 228 of the Companies Act 1985 not to prepare consolidated group accounts on the basis that it is an intermediate holding company. As such the accounts present only information on the company.

for the year ended 31 July 2006

1	PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITY BEFORE TAXATION is arrived at after charging :-		2006		2005
	Depreciation Operating Leases	£	26,224	£	25,128
	Rental costs of land and building Equipment	£	33,853 3,301	£	33,853 3,503
	Auditors remuneration	£	4,825	£	4,505
	Research and development	£	57,000	£	50,427
	In the opinion of the directors disclosure of geographical markets supplied would ser company and details are therefore not disclosed.	ious	sly prejudice	e the	·
2	DIRECTORS AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS		2006		2005
	Aggregate amount of emoluments	£	27,210		22,500
	Aggregate amount paid to third parties for directors' services	£	140,889	£	119,410
3	EMPLOYEES		2006		2005
	The average number employed by the company (including directors) was:		23		20
	The costs incurred were:				
	Wages and salaries		789,657		634,033
	Social security costs		55,754		59,875
	Other pension costs		95,962		75,705
		£	941,373	£	769,613
	At the balance sheet date unpaid pension contributions amounted to £8,189, (2005:	ENi).		
4	TAXATION		2006		2005
	Based on the results of the year :-				
	UK Corporation Tax				
	On profits of the year		26,000		-
	Total current tax		26,000		-
	Deferred tax at an average rate of 30% (2005 - 19%)				-
	Timing differences/(Reversal)		10,000	·	(30,000)
	Total deferred tax		10,000		(30,000)
	Tax charge/(credit)	£	36,000	£	(30,000)
	Factors affecting tax charge for year :-				
	Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	£	188,275	£	126,836

for the year ended 31 July 2006

4	TAXATION (continued)		2006		2005
	Profit on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by 30% (2005: 19%) Effects of :		56,483		24,099
	Permanent differences - expenses not deductible for tax purposes		-		9,125
	Permanent differences - expenses enhanced for tax purposes		(3,782)		(2,395)
	Depreciation for the period in excess of capital allowances		(2,138)		(2,350)
	Losses (available) for relief in future period		(24,563)		(21,339)
	Other deferred tax movements		-		(7,140)
	Current tax charge for the year	£	26,000	£	_

The company is a close company within the meaning of the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988.

5	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS			ngs, tools equipment
	COST At 1 August 2005 Additions Disposals			80,264 26,308
	At 31 July 2006			106,572
	DEPRECIATION At 1 August 2005 Charge for the year Disposals			44,161 26,224
	At 31 July 2006			70,385
	NET BOOK VALUE At 31 July 2006		£	36,187
	At 1 August 2005		£	36,103
6	INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS	Intelle	ctual	property Rights
	COST At 1 August 2005 Additions Disposals			200,000
	At 31 July 2006			200,000
	AMORTISATION At 1 August 2005 Charge for the year Impairment provision Disposals			200,000
	At 31 July 2006			200,000
	NET BOOK VALUE At 31 July 2006		£	<u>-</u>
	At 1 August 2005		£	<u>-</u>

for the year ended 31 July 2006

7	DEBTORS		2006		2005
	Trade debtors Other debtors Deferred tax Amount owed by subsidiary undertaking Prepayments and accrued income		771,800 962 20,000 - 121,305		621,398 - 30,000 2,670 74,758
		<u>£</u>	914,067	£	728,826
8	DEFERRED TAX		2006		2005
	ASSET				
	Capital allowances Losses available for relief against future profits		20,000		13,000 17,000
		£	20,000	£	30,000
	At 1 August 2005 (Charge)/Credit to profit and loss account for the period		30,000 (10,000)		30,000
	At 31 July 2006	£	20,000	£	30,000

In deriving these amounts the anticipated rate of Corporation Tax to be applicable is 30% (2005: 19%) No discounting for timing of future reversals is reflected in these figures.

9 SUBSIDIARY UNDERTAKING

The company owns all the shares of Rock Deformation Research USA Inc, a company incorporated in the USA which is a contractor for services to the oil industry.

The company has taken advantage of the exemption available within Section 228 of the Companies Act 1985 not to prepare consolidated group accounts on the basis that it is an intermediate holding company. As such, the accounts present only information on the company.

At 31 July 2006 the aggregate surplus of the share capital and reserves of Rock Deformation Research USA Inc amounted to £56,061 and its reported profit for the year ended 31 July 2006 was £54,602.

10 ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

In the opinion of the directors, the ultimate parent and controlling party is the University of Leeds. The company is a subsidiary of The University of Leeds which is registered in England and Wales.

The immediate controlling party is the University of Leeds.

Copies of the consolidated financial statements of the group into which the company is consolidated are available from University of Leeds, Leeds, LS2 9JT.

11 SHARE CAPITAL	2006	2005
Authorised 3,000,000 ordinary shares of £0.10 each (2005 - 3,000,000) 1 "A" share of £0.10 (2005 - 1)	300,000 -	300,000
	£ 300,000	£ 300,000

for the year ended 31 July 2006

11 SHARE CAPITAL (continued)	2006	2005
Allotted, called up and fully paid 3,000,000 ordinary shares of £0.10 each (2005 - 3,000,000) 1 "A" share of £0.10 (2005 - Nil)	300,000	300,000 -
	£ 300,000	£ 300,000

The ordinary shares and the "A" share rank equally for rights to dividends, their priority and the amount receivable on a winding up and voting rights. The holder of the "A" share is entitled to appoint one person as a director to the Board.

12 RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENT IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	2006	2005
Profit for the financial year and net addition to shareholders' funds Opening shareholders' funds	152,275 325,916	156,836 169,080
CLOSING SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	£ 478,191	£ 325,916

13 CASH FLOW

The company qualifies as a small company under the terms of S247 of the Companies Act 1985. As a consequence it is exempt from the requirement to publish a cash flow statement.

14 FINANCIAL COMMITMENTS

The company is required to make payments during the twelve months following the Balance Sheet date as a consequence of operating leases:

		20	106			20	05	
	L	and and			- 1	Land and		
	В	uildings		Other		Buildings		Other
Expiring in less than one year	£	3,050	£	_	£	3,050	£	-
Expiring in two to five years	£	-	£	3,340	£	-	£	3,340
Expiring after five years	£	30,800	£	-	£	30,800	£	_
			===		:===		===	

ROCK DEFORMATION RESEARCH LIMITED

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION REPORT for the year ended 31 July 2006

The additional information on pages 12 to 15 has been prepared from the accounting records of the company. While it is not audited and does not form part of the statutory financial statements, it should be read in conjunction with them and the auditors' report thereon.

TRADING ACCOUNT

for the year ended 31 July 2006

	2006		200)5
SALES		1,837,686		1,712,935
COST OF SALES		877,024		988,604
GROSS PROFIT		960,662		724,331
OVERHEADS: Directors and staff costs Establishment expenses Sales and marketing expenses Administrative expenses Financial expenses Depreciation PhD and MSc supervision and support Gift aid Transfer to WIP - overhead absorption	724,675 50,188 40,103 114,205 42,283 26,224 9,082 78,000 (275,713)		577,188 48,600 43,030 88,509 56,162 26,231 21,097 48,000 (234,611)	
		809,047		674,206
Income from PhD and MSc supervision and support	(26,275) (10,385)	151,615	(59,690) (17,021)	50,125
i mance costs	(10,000)	(36,660)		(76,711)
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		£ 188,275		£ 126,836