

Directors' report and financial statements

Year ended 31 December 2002

Registered number: 3759979





## Directors' report and financial statements

Contents	Page
Directors and other information	1
Directors' report	2
Statement of directors' responsibilities	4
Independent auditors' report	5
Statement of accounting policies	6
Profit and loss account	7
Statement of total recognised gains and losses	7
Balance sheet	8
Notes forming part of the financial statements	9 - 13



## Directors and other information

**Directors** 

James A. Boyle (Chairman)

Michael J. McGinley

Peter Crowley

Registered office

No. 6 Bridgegate Business Park

Gatehouse Way

Aylesbury

Buckinghamshire HP19 8XN

England

Secretary

Michael J. McGinley

**Auditors** 

**KPMG** 

**Chartered Accountants** 

1 Stokes Place St. Stephen's Green

Dublin 2

Principal bankers

NatWest Bank plc

67 High Street Staines, Middlesex

TW18 4PU

England

**Principal solicitors** 

Pinsent Curtis

3 Colmore Circus

Birmingham B4 6BH

England



### Directors' report

The directors have pleasure in submitting their annual report together with the audited financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2002.

### Principal activities and business review

The company carries out research and development services and provides sales and marketing support services in the UK solely for its parent company, Sigma Wireless Technologies Limited.

#### Results

The company realised an operating profit for the year of Stg£36,187 (2001:Stg£46,396).

The directors do not anticipate any changes in the company's activities for the foreseeable future.

#### **Dividends**

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend.

#### **Directors**

In accordance with the Articles of Association, the directors are not required to retire by rotation.



Directors' report (continued)

### Directors' and secretary's interests

The directors and secretary who held office at 31 December 2002 had no interest in shares, debentures or loan stock of the company or any group companies except as set out below:

		At	At
		31 December	31 December
Name	Description	2002	2001
	BMS Holdings Limited	Stg£	Stg£
J,A. Boyle	Ordinary shares of Stg£1 each	750.00	750.00
M. J. McGinley	Ordinary shares of Stg£1 each	250.00	250.00
	Sigma Communications Group Limited	$\epsilon$	€
J.A. Boyle	10% non-cumulative participating		
	preference shares of €1.269738 each	95.23	95.23
M. J. McGinley	10% non-cumulative participating		
	preference shares of €1.269738 each	31.74	31.74
P. Crowley	10% non-cumulative participating		
-	preference shares of €1.269738 each	31.74	31.74
	250 ordinary shares of €1.269738 each	317.43	317.43
	Finglas Technologies Limited	€	€
J.A. Boyle	1 "A" ordinary share of €0.012697each	0.01	0.01
	75 "B" ordinary shares of €0.063487 each	4.76	4.76
M. J. McGinley	25 "B" ordinary shares of €0.063487 each	1.59	1.59
	•		

#### Auditors

In accordance with Section 385(2) of the Companies Act, 1985, as amended by the Companies Act 1989, KPMG, Chartered Accountants, will continue in office.

On behalf/of the board

James A. Boyle

Director

Michael J. McGinley

Director

8 August 2003



### Statement of directors' responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements, for each financial year, which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper books of account which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

On behalf of the board

Tames A. Boyle

**D**irector

Michael J. McGihley Director



#### Chartered Accountants

1 Stokes Place St. Stephen's Green Dublin 2 Ireland

## Independent auditors' report to the members of Sigma Wireless (U.K.) Limited

We have audited the financial statements on pages 6 to 14.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act, 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body for our audit work, for this report or for the opinions we have formed.

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and, as described on page 4, the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards. Our responsibilities, as independent auditors, are established in the United Kingdom by statute, the Auditing Practices Board and by our profession's ethical guidance.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies act. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

#### Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at 31 December 2002 and of the results for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Chartered Accountants Registered Auditors

8 August 2003



### Statement of accounting policies

for the year ended 31 December 2002

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

#### Basis of preparation

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles under the historical cost convention, and comply with financial reporting standards of the Accounting Standards Board.

#### **Turnover**

Turnover comprises the value of sales, excluding VAT and trade discounts, of goods and services in the normal course of business.

#### Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are shown at the directors' assessment of fair value on the acquisition of a business or otherwise at original historical cost. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost or valuation, of each asset, other than freehold land, on a straight line basis over its remaining expected useful life, as follows:

Fixtures & Fittings	3 to 15 years
Computer equipment	3 years
Motor vehicles	3 years

#### Foreign currencies

Trading activities denominated in foreign currencies are recorded in Sterling at rates approximating actual exchange rates as at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are reported at the rates of exchange prevailing at the year end. Any gain or loss arising from a change in exchange rates subsequent to the date of the transaction is reported as an exchange gain or loss in the profit and loss account.

#### Taxation

Corporation tax, including UK corporation tax and foreign tax, is provided on the company's taxable profits, at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date. Provision is made at the rates expected to apply when the timing differences reverse. Timing differences are differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in taxable profits in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

A net deferred tax asset is regarded as recoverable and therefore recognised only when, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

#### Pensions

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the group in an independently administered fund. The amount charged against profits represents the contributions payable to the scheme in respect of the accounting period.



### Profit and loss account

for the year ended 31 December 2002

	Note	2002 Stg£	2001 Stg£
Turnover - continuing operations	1	377,872	456,445
Operating expenses		(341,685)	(410,049)
Operating profit - continuing operations Interest payable and similar charges	2	36,187 (1,835)	46,396 (4,901)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation Tax on profit on ordinary activities	3 5	34,352 (6,870)	41,495 (12,923)
Profit for the financial year		27,482	28,572
Profit and loss account at beginning of year		64,960	36,388
Profit and loss account at end of year		92,442	64,960

## Statement of total recognised gains and losses

for the year ended 31 December 2002

The company had no recognised gains or losses in the financial year or the preceding financial year other than those dealt with in the profit and loss account.

On behalf of the board

Director

Director



# Balance sheet at 31 December 2002

		2002		2001	
	Note	Stg£	Stg£	Stg£	$Stg\pounds$
Fixed assets Tangible assets	6		47,704		72,388
Current assets Debtors	7	133,051			78,199
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(88,312)			(85,626)
Net current assets/(liabilities)			44,739		(7,427)
Net assets			92,443		64,961
Capital and reserves Called up share capital Profit and loss account	10		92,442		1 64,960
Shareholders' funds - equity	11		92,443		64,961

On behalf of the board

James A. Boyle

Director

Michael J. McGinley

Director



#### Notes

forming part of the financial statements

1	Turnover	2002 Stg£	2001 Stg£
	Service fees and commissions	377,872 ======	456,445
2	Interest payable and similar charges	2002 Stg£	2001 Stg£
	Bank interest and charges Finance lease interest	1,835	2,226 2,675
		1,835	4,901
3	Statutory and other information  Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	2002 Stg£	2001 Stg£
	is stated after charging/(crediting): Depreciation (Profit)/loss on disposal of fixed assets Auditors' remuneration	24,684	29,440 (7,071) 500

### 4 Employees

The average weekly number of persons employed by the company (including executive directors), during the year, analysed by category, was as follows:

during the year, analysed by category, was as follows.	2002 Number	2001 Number
Research and development Sales and administration	2 2	3 4
	4	7
The aggregate payroll costs of these persons were as follows:	2002 Stg£	2001 Stg£
Wages and salaries Social welfare costs Pensions	143,101 17,559 6,402	211,920 21,446 7,853
	167,062	241,219



Notes (continued)

5	Tax on profit on ordinary activities	2002	2001
		Stg£	$\operatorname{Stg}_{\mathfrak{L}}$
(a)	Analysis of charge in the year		
	Corporation tax	6,870	8,084
	Underprovision in respect of prior years		4,839
	Tax on profit on ordinary activities	6,870	12,923
(b)	Factors affecting tax charge for the year		
	The tax assessed for the year is equivalent to the standard rat	te of corporation tax	in the UK.
		2002	2001
		Stg£	Stg£
	Profit on ordinary activities before tax	34,352	41,495
	Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard		
	rate of corporation tax of 20% (2001: 20%)	6,870	8,299
	Effects of:		
	Capital allowances in excess of depreciation	-	(215)
	Adjustments to tax charge in respect of prior years	-	4,839
	Tax charge for year	6,870	12,923



Notes (continued)

Tangible fixed assets

	vehicles  Stg£	& fittings Stg£	equipment Stg£	Total <b>Stg£</b>
Cost At beginning and end of year	29,566	72,088	19,217	120,871
At beginning and the or year				
Depreciation				
At beginning of year	13,453	21,969	13,061	48,483
Charge	7,446	12,650	4,588	24,684

At end of year	20,899	34,619	17,049	73,107
	<del></del>	<del></del>		<del></del>
Net book value				
At 31 December 2002	8,667	37,469	1,568	47,704
At 31 December 2001	16,113	50,119	6,156	72,388

The net book value of the company's tangible fixed assets includes Stg£8,667 (2001:Stg£16,113) in respect of leased assets. The depreciation charge for the year on these assets amounted to Stg£7,446 (2001:Stg£11,651)



## Notes (continued)

7	Debtors	2002 Stg£	2001 Stg£
	Amounts due from parent undertaking VAT refundable Prepayments	116,276 2,707 14,068	60,620 3,511 14,068
		133,051	78,199 ——
	All amounts fall due within one year		
8	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2002 Stg£	2001 Stg£
	Bank overdrafts Trade creditors Amounts owed to fellow subsidiary undertaking Accruals Taxation and social welfare creditors (see below) Obligations under finance leases (note 9)	1,246 2,768 31,581 35,376 17,341	9,951 9,757 31,581 23,017 10,301 1,019
		88,312	85,626 ———
	Analysis of taxation and social welfare creditors:		
	Corporation tax National insurance	14,954 2,387	8,084 2,217
		<del>17,341</del>	10,301
		<del></del>	



Notes (continued)

9	Obligations under finance leases	2002 Stg£	2001 Stg£
	Within one year	-	1,019
	Finance charges attributable to future periods	<u>-</u>	
		-	1,019
	Included in creditors as follows:		
	Within one year	•	1,019
10	Share capital - equity	2002 Stg£	2001 Stg£
	Authorised 1,000 ordinary shares of Stg£1 each	1,000	1,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid 1 ordinary share of Stg£1 each	1	1
11	Reconciliation of shareholders' funds - equity	2002 Stg£	2001 Stg£
	Shareholders funds at beginning of year Total recognised gains and losses	64,961 27,482	36,389 28,572
	Shareholders' funds at end of year	92,443	64,961



Notes (continued)

#### 12 Pension

The company makes contributions on behalf of a number of employees to an external pension scheme. The pension cost charged for the year represents contribution payable by the company to the fund and amounted to Stg£6,402 (2001:Stg£7,853).

#### 13 Related party transactions

The company has availed of the exemption available in FRS8 - Related party disclosures from disclosing transactions with group undertakings. Details on the availability of the group consolidated financial statements are given in note 14.

#### 14 Group relationships and controlling parties

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Sigma Wireless Technologies Limited which is incorporated in the Republic of Ireland. The financial statements reflect all intergroup transactions.

The ultimate holding company is BMS Holdings Ltd, a company incorporated in Jersey, which does not prepare consolidated financial statements. The smallest and largest group into which the results of the company are consolidated is Sigma Communications Group Limited and Subsidiaries. The consolidated financial statements of Sigma Communications Group Limited and Subsidiaries are available for public inspection at the Companies Registration Office, Parnell House, 14 Parnell Square, Dublin 1.

#### 15 Post balance sheet events

No material events affecting the company have occurred since the balance sheet date.

#### 16 Cashflow statement

In accordance with Financial Reporting Standard No. 1 'Cashflow Statements' the company is exempt from preparing a cashflow statement.

#### 17 Comparative amounts

Comparative amounts have been reclassified, where necessary, on the same basis as those for the current year.

#### 18 Approval of financial statements

The directors approved the financial statements on 8 August 2003.