Company Registration No. 3756897 (England and Wales)

# ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2004

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#### **CONTENTS**

	Page
Auditors' report	1
Abbas visted belows sheet	2
Abbreviated balance sheet	2
Notes to the abbreviated accounts	3 - 4

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO RICHSTONE INVESTMENTS LIMITED UNDER SECTION 247B OF THE COMPANIES ACT 1985

We have examined the abbreviated accounts set out on pages 2 to 4, together with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 30 April 2004 prepared under section 226 of the Companies Act 1985.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 247B of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

#### Respective responsibilities of the director and auditors

The director is responsible for preparing the abbreviated accounts in accordance with section 246 of the Companies Act 1985. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion as to whether the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with sections 246(5) and (6) of the Act to the Registrar of Companies and whether the accounts to be delivered are properly prepared in accordance with those provisions and to report our opinion to you.

#### Basis of audit opinion

We have carried out the procedures we considered necessary to confirm, by reference to the financial statements, that the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts and that the abbreviated accounts to be delivered are properly prepared. The scope of our work for the purpose of this report did not include examining or dealing with events after the date of our report on the financial statements.

#### Opinion

In our opinion the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with sections 246(5) and (6) of the Companies Act 1985, and the abbreviated accounts on pages 2 to 4 are properly prepared in accordance with those provisions.

**Charles Stuart LLP** 

21 February 2005

Chartered Accountants

Registered Auditor

32-36 Bath Road Hounslow TW3 3EF

## ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30 APRIL 2004

		2	004	2	003
	Notes	3	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	2		3,100,000		2,700,000
Current assets					
Debtors		654,629		665,822	
Cash at bank and in hand		10,163		17,579	
		664,792		683,401	
Creditors: amounts falling due within					
one year		(177,052) ————		(240,013)	
Net current assets			487,740		443,388
Total assets less current liabilities			3,587,740		3,143,388
Creditors: amounts falling due after					
more than one year	3		(2,437,500)		(2,437,500)
			1,150,240		705,888
			<del></del>		=
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	4		2		2
Revaluation reserve			1,288,029		888,029
Profit and loss account			(137,791)		(182,143)
Shareholders' funds			1,150,240		705,888

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 relating to small companies.

The financial statements were approved by the Board on 21 February 2005

DGP Rich-Jones

Director

## NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2004

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention modified to include the revaluation of freehold land and buildings and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective June 2002).

#### 1.2 Compliance with accounting standards

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

#### 1.3 Turnover

Turnover represents rents receivable.

#### 1.4 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost or valuation less estimated residual value of each asset over its expected useful life.

Investment properties are included in the balance sheet at their open market value.

Although this accounting policy is in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective March 2000), it is a departure from the general requirement of the Companies Act 1985 for all tangible assets to be depreciated. In the opinion of the director compliance with the standard is necessary for the financial statements to give a true and fair view. Depreciation or amortisation is only one of many factors reflected in the annual valuation and the amount of this which might otherwise have been charged cannot be separately identified or quantified.

#### 1.5 Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is provided at appropriate rates on all timing differences using the liability method only to the extent that, in the opinion of the director, there is a reasonable probability that a liability or asset will crystallise in the foreseeable future.

Tangible

#### 2 Fixed assets

	assets
Cost or valuation	£
At 1 May 2003 Revaluation	2,700,000 400,000
At 1 May 2003 & at 30 April 2004	3,100,000
At 30 April 2003	2,700,000

## NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2004

3	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	2004 £	2003 £
	Analysis of loans repayable in more than five years		
	Not wholly repayable within five years other than by instalments	2,437,500	2,437,500
4	The aggregate amount of creditors for which security has been given amou £2,437,500).	·	
4	Share capital	2004 £	2003 £
	Authorised		
	1,000 Ordinary Shares of £1 each	1,000	1,000
		= <del>=</del> ;=	<del></del>
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		
	2 Ordinary Shares of £1 each	2	2