Company Number: 03744383

MARTINEAU GALLERIES (GP) LIMITED

ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 31 December 2017

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

Year ended 31 December 2017

The Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and consequently no Strategic Report has been prepared.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

The principal activity of Martineau Galleries (GP) Limited (the "Company") is to act as the General Partner to The Martineau Galleries Limited Partnership ("the Partnership"). Hammerson Martineau Galleries Limited, Hammerson MGLP Limited and Hammerson MGLP 2 Limited are the Limited Partners, each owning 33.18% of the Partnership, with the Company owning the remaining 0.46%. The Directors do not anticipate any significant change in the principal activity in the foreseeable future.

2. RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The profit for the year after tax was £nil (2016: loss £1,000). The Directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend for the year (2016: £nil).

Net liabilities of the Company at 31 December 2017 were £114,000 (2016: £114,000)

3. DIRECTORS

- (a) Mr. W.S. Austin and Mr. P.F. Cooper were Directors of the Company throughout the year.
- (b) Mr M. Plocica resigned as a Director of the Company on 17 March 2017.
- (c) Mr M.R. Bourgeois was appointed as a Director of the Company on 17 March 2017.
- (d) In accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company, the Directors are not required to retire by rotation.
- (e) No Director has any interests in contracts entered into by the Company.

4. <u>SECRETARY</u>.

Hammerson Company Secretarial Limited was Secretary of the Company throughout the year.

5. GOING CONCERN

The Directors have considered the use of the going concern basis in the preparation of the financial statements in light of the net liability position on the balance sheet as at 31 December 2017 and concluded that it was appropriate. More information is provided in note 1(b) to the financial statements.

6. <u>INDEMNITY</u>

The Company's ultimate parent company, Hammerson plc, has made qualifying third party indemnity provisions for the benefit of the Company's Directors which were in place throughout the year and which remain in place at the date of this report.

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DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)
Year ended 31 December 2017

7. <u>AUDIT</u>ORS

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP were appointed as auditors of the Company during the year and shall be deemed to be re-appointed as auditors for a further term under the provisions of section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP have indicated their willingness to continue in office.

8. <u>STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS</u>

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulation.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the Directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework", and applicable law). Under company law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing the financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 101, have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; include in all accounts
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006.

The Directors are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) Year ended 31 December 2017

8. <u>STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)</u>

In the case of each Director in office at the date the Directors' Report is approved:

- so far as the Director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware; and
- they have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a Director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information.

By order of the Board

B. Lees

For and on behalf of Hammerson Company Secretarial Limited acting as Secretary

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Date: 28 June 2018

Registered Office: Kings Place 90 York Way London N1 9GE Registered in England and Wales No. 03744383

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF MARTINEAU GALLERIES (GP) LIMITED

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

In our opinion, Martineau Galleries (GP) Limited's financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2017 and of its result for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework", and applicable law); and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements, included within the Annual Report and Financial Statements (the "Annual Report"), which comprise the balance sheet as at 31 December 2017; the statement of comprehensive income and the statement of changes in equity for the year then ended; and the notes to the financial statements, which include a description of the significant accounting policies

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities under ISAs (UK) are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We remained independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, which includes the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which ISAs (UK) require us to report to you when:

- the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate, or
- the Directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

However, because not all future events or conditions can be predicted, this statement is not a guarantee as to the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Reporting on other information

The other information comprises all of the information in the Annual Report other than the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. The Directors are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify an apparent material inconsistency or material misstatement, we are required to perform procedures to conclude whether there is a material misstatement of the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report based on these responsibilities

With respect to the Directors' Report, we also considered whether the Disclosures required by the UK Companies Act 2006 have been included

Based on the responsibilities described above and our work undertaken in the course of the audit, ISAs (UK) require us also to report certain opinions and matters as described below.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPÓRT TO THE MEMBERS OF MARTINEAU GALLERIES (GP) LIMITED (CONTINUED)

Directors' Report

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, the information given in the Directors' Report for the year ended 31 December 2017 is consistent with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we did not identify any material misstatements in the Directors' Report.

Responsibilities for the financial statements and the audit

Responsibilities of the Directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities in respect of the financial statements, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the applicable framework and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. The Directors are also responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditors' report.

Use of this report

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the Company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

Other required reporting

Companies Act 2006 exception reporting

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the Company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- certain disclosures of Directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns.

We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Entitlement to exemptions

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Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors were not entitled to: take advantage of the small companies exemption in preparing the Directors' Report; and take advantage of the small companies exemption from preparing a Strategic Report. We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Sonia Copeland (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

London

28 June 2018

Martineau Galleries (GP) Limited December 2017.DOCX

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME For the year ended 31 December 2017

	Notes	2017 £'000	2016 £'000
Increase in fair value adjustment	4(c)	<u>-</u>	(1)
Operating result/(loss) and result/(loss) after taxation and total comprehensive income/(expense) for the financial year	_	<u> </u>	(1)

All amounts relate to continuing activities

BALANCE SHEET
As at 31 December 2017

	Notes	2017		2016	
Tangible fixed assets Investments	4(a)	£'000	£'000 6	£,000	£'000
Current liabilities Payables	5 _	(120)	_	(120)	
Net current liabilities			(120)		(120)
Net liabilities		_	(114)		(114)
Capital and reserves Called up share capital Accumulated deficit	6 7	_	2 (11 <u>6)</u>		2 (116)
Shareholder's deficit			(114)		(114)

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 28 June 2018 and authorised for issue on 28 June 2018.

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors

W.S. Austin

Director

Company Number: 03744383

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STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY For the year ended 31 December 2017

	Called up share capital £'000	Acculumated deficit £'000	Shareholder's deficit £'000
Balance at 1 January 2016	2	(115)	(113)
Loss and total comprehensive expense for the year		(1)	(1)
Balance at 31 December 2016	2	(116)	(114)
Result and total comprehensive expense for the year	<u>-</u>		
Balance at 31 December 2017	2	(116)	(114)

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2017

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following principal accounting policies have been applied consistently throughout the current and preceding year.

(a) Basis of accounting

Basis of preparation

Martineau Galleries (GP) Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in the United Kingdom under the Companies Act 2006. The nature of the Company's operations and its principal activities are set out on page 1. The address of the registered office is Kings Place, 90 York Way, London, N1 9GE.

These financial statements were prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 *Reduced Disclosure Framework* ("FRS 101") as issued by the Financial Reporting Council and have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The presentation currency used is sterling and amounts have been presented in round thousands ("£000s"). The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for other investments which are held at fair value. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for the goods and services.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with FRS 101 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements, are disclosed in note 1(g).

Disclosure exemptions adopted

The following exemptions from the requirements of IFRS have been applied in the preparation of these financial statements, in accordance with FRS 101:

- IFRS 7, 'Financial Instruments; Disclosures';
- Paragraphs 91 to 99 of IFRS 13 'Fair value measurement' disclosure of valuation techniques and inputs used for fair value measurement of assets and liabilities';
- Paragraph 38 of IAS1, 'Presentation of financial statements' comparative information in respect of:
 - paragraph 79(a)(iv) of IAS 1;
 - paragraph 73(e) of IAS 16, 'Property, plant and equipment'; and
 - paragraph 118(e) of IAS 38, 'Intangible assets' (reconciliations between the carrying amount at the beginning and end of the period);
- The following paragraphs of IAS 1, 'Presentation of financial statements':
 - 10(d) (statement of cash flows);
 - 16 (statement of compliance with all IFRS);
 - 38A (requirements for minimum of two primary statements, including cash flow statements);
 - 38B-D (additional comparative information);
 - 111 (cash flow statement information); and
 - 134 136 (capital management disclosures);

IAS 7, 'Statement of cash flows';

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2017

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(a) Basis of accounting (continued)

- Paragraphs 30 and 31 of IAS 8 'Accounting policies, changes in accounting estimates and errors' (requirement for the disclosure of information when an entity has not applied a new IFRS what has been issued but is not yet effective);
- Paragraph 17 of IAS 24, 'Related party disclosures' (key management compensation); and
- The requirements in IAS 24, 'Related party disclosures', to disclose related party transactions entered into between two or more members of a group.

The above disclosure exemptions have been adopted because equivalent disclosures are included in the consolidated financial statements of Hammerson plc into which the Company is consolidated. The financial statements of Hammerson plc can be obtained as described in note 9. Group financial statements have not been prepared on the basis that the Company is included in the consolidated financial statements of Hammerson plc.

(b) Going concern

The financial position of the Company is as set out in the Balance Sheet. The Company has net current liabilities as at 31 December 2017 and is reliant on the support of its ultimate parent company, Hammerson plc, to be able to meet its liabilities as they fall due. The Directors consider that the Company is an integral part of Hammerson plc's structure and strategy and this is evidenced by a letter of support from Hammerson plc, which states its intent to provide the necessary financial support to ensure that the Company is a going concern for at least twelve months from the date of signing of these financial statements. After making enquiries and taking account of the factors noted above, the Directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company will have access to adequate resources to continue in existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

(c) <u>Fixed asset investments</u>

Fixed asset investments, including investments in subsidiaries and associates, are shown at cost less provision for impairment. Other investments comprising investments in listed shares are held at fair value.

(d) Loans receivable

Loans receivable are financial assets which are initially measured at fair value, plus acquisition costs and are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

(e) Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, after taking account of any discount on issue and attributable transaction costs. Subsequently, borrowings are held at amortised cost, such that discounts and costs are charged to the statement of comprehensive income over the term of the borrowing at a constant return on the carrying value of the liability.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2017

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(f) <u>Financial instruments</u>

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at transaction price (including transaction costs). Financial assets and liabilities are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Financial assets and liabilities are only offset in the balance sheet when, and only when there exists a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and the Company intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Financial assets are derecognised when and only when a) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or are settled, b) the Company transfers to another party substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, or c) the Company, despite having retained some, but not all, significant risks and rewards of ownership, has transferred control of the asset to another party. Financial liabilities are derecognised only when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

(g) <u>Critical</u> accounting policies

In the application of the Company's accounting policies, the Directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying value of assets and liabilities. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from those estimates. Estimates and the underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both the current and future periods.

The Company's critical judgement and area of estimation uncertainty is in respect of the valuation of investments. The Company's investments includes its investment in The Martineau Galleries Limited Partnership ("the Partnership"), which is carried in the balance sheet at historical cost less provision for impairment, which is valued by the Directors based upon the net assets of the Partnership in which the Company invests. The principal asset of the Partnership is its investment properties which are valued six monthly by professional qualified external valuers. The Directors must ensure they are satisfied that the Company's investment in the Partnership is appropriate for the financial statements. The basis of valuation of the Partnership's investment properties is set out in the notes to the financial statements of the Partnership for the year ended 31 December 2017.

(h) Other Investments

Other investments are shares held in quoted investments and are accounted for on the fair value basis. These other investments are held on the balance sheet and any increase or decrease in fair value is reflected on the statement of comprehensive income.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2017

2. ADMINISTRATION EXPENSES

The average number of employees during the year, excluding Directors, was nil (2016: nil).

The Directors did not receive any remuneration for their services from the Company in the year (2016: £nil), having been paid by other group undertakings. It is deemed impractical to allocate their remuneration between group undertakings for the purpose of disclosure.

Another Group company has paid the auditor's fees for the audit of the Company's annual financial statements in both the current and preceding financial year. Fees for the audit of the Company were £1,500 (2016: £1,298).

3. TAXATION

The Company's ultimate parent company, Hammerson plc, is a UK Real Estate Investment Trust ("UK REIT"). As a consequence, its subsidiaries are exempted from UK corporation tax on the profits of a UK property rental business and on the gains on UK investment properties (including profits and gains from activities conducted via a limited partnership).

Group companies remain subject to UK corporation tax on items other than UK property rental profits and gains on UK investment properties but, as the Group has surplus tax losses, the Group's policy is for these taxable profits and losses to be fully offset by group relief surrendered without payment, so that individual subsidiaries do not bear tax.

During the year the Company had taxable income of £nil (2016: £nil) relating to its share of the interest income of The Martineau Galleries Limited Partnership. The Company therefore had no tax charge for the year, and this is expected to continue for the foreseeable future.

4. INVESTMENTS

(a)	Summary
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(a)	Guillilary		2017 £'000	2016 £'000
	Investment in The Martineau Galleries Limited note 4 (b)	l Partnership -	2	2
	Other investments - note 4 (c)		4	4
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(b)	Investment in The Martineau Galleries Limited	Paπnersnip	Impairment	Carrying
		Cost £'000	provision £'000	value £'000
	Cost and net book value			
	At 1 January and 31 December 2016	2	-	2
	At 1 January and 31 December 2017	2	-	2

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2017

4. INVESTMENTS (continued)

The Company has a 0.46% interest in The Martineau Galleries Limited Partnership ("the Partnership") a joint venture that owns and manages a portfolio of properties in Birmingham. The remaining interests in the Partnership are held by fellow subsidiaries of Hammerson plc. The registered office of the above entities is Kings Place, 90 York Way, London, N1 9GE.

(c) Other investments

	Cost £'000	Fair value adjustment £'000	Total £'000
At 1 January 2016	7	(2)	5
Decrease in fair value		(1)	(1)
At 31 December 2016	7	(3)	4
Movement in fair value			
At 31 December 2017	7	(3)_	4

Other investments comprise shares held in quoted investments.

The market value of the above quoted investments at 31 December 2017 was £4,234 (2016: £3,800).

5. PAYABLES: CURRENT LIABILITIES

	2017 £'000	2016 £'000
Amounts owed to The Martineau Galleries Limited Partnership	120	120
	120	120

Amounts owed to fellow subsidiary undertakings are repayable on demand and are non-interest bearing.

6. CALLED-UP SHARE CAPITAL

	2017	2016
Authorised: 180,000 ordinary shares of £0.01 each	1,800	1,800
Allotted, called up and fully paid: 180,000 ordinary shares of £0.01 each	1,800	1,800

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2017

7. RESERVES

The following describes the nature and purpose of each reserve within equity:

Reserve Description and purpose

Share capital Nominal value of share capital subscribed for

Accumulated deficit Cumulative profits and losses less any dividends paid

8. ADVANCES, CREDIT AND GUARANTEES

The Company did not grant any credits, advances or guarantees of any kind to its Directors during the current or preceding year.

9. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY AND CONTROLLING PARTY

At 31 December 2017, the Company's ultimate parent company was Hammerson plc, which is registered in England and Wales and is the largest and smallest group to consolidate these financial statements. At 31 December 2017, the Company's immediate parent company was Hammerson Birmingham Properties Limited.

The consolidated financial statements of the ultimate parent company, Hammerson plc, are available from that company's registered office, Kings Place, 90 York Way, London N1 9GE.

Partnership registration: LP006355

THE MARTINEAU GALLERIES LIMITED PARTNERSHIP

ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 31 December 2017

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REPORT OF THE GENERAL PARTNER Year ended 31 December 2017

The Report of the General Partner has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and consequently no Strategic Report has been prepared.

1. PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

The principal activity of the Partnership is property investment and development in the United Kingdom. The General Partner does not anticipate any significant change in the principal activity in the foreseeable future.

2. RESULTS AND DISTRIBUTION

The Partnership made a profit for the financial year of £4,819,000 before partners' interests (2016: £2,348,000). No distributions have been made during the year (2016: £nil).

Net assets for the Partnership at the 31 December 2017 were £77,344,000 (2016: £72,525,000)

3. <u>DIRECTORS</u>

- (a) Mr. W.S. Austin and Mr. P.F. Cooper were Directors of the General Partner throughout the year.
- (b) Mr M. Plocica resigned as a Director of the General Partner on 17 March 2017.
- (c) Mr M.R. Bourgeois was appointed as a Director of the General Partner on 17 March 2017.

4. INDEMNITY

The General Partner's ultimate parent company, Hammerson plc has put in place qualifying third party indemnity provisions for the benefit of its respective Directors of the General Partner, which were in place throughout the year and remain in place at the date of approval of this report.

GOING CONCERN

The Directors have considered the use of the going concern basis in the preparation of the financial statements as at 31 December 2017 and concluded that it was appropriate. More information is provided in note 1(b) to the financial statements.

6. AUDITORS

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP were appointed as auditors of the Partnership during the year and shall be deemed to be re-appointed as auditors for a further term under the provisions of section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP have indicated their willingness to continue in office.

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REPORT OF THE GENERAL PARTNER (CONTINUED) Year ended 31 December 2017

7. <u>STATEMENT OF GENERAL PARTNER RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS</u>

The General Partner is responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulation.

Company law, as applied to qualifying partnerships by the Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008 (the "Regulations"), requires the General Partner to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the General Partner has prepared the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework", and applicable law), and applicable law). Under company law, as applied to qualifying Partnerships, the General Partner must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the qualifying Partnership and of the profit or loss of the qualifying Partnership for that period. In preparing the financial statements, the General Partner are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 101, have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the qualifying Partnership will continue in business.

The General Partner is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the qualifying Partnership's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the qualifying Partnership and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006 as applied to qualifying Partnerships by the Regulations.

The General Partner is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the qualifying Partnership and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

8. PROVISION OF INFORMATION TO THE AUDITOR

Each of the persons who is a Director of the General Partner for the Partnership at the date of approval for this report have confirmed that:

- (a) so far as he is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Partnership's auditor is unaware; and
- (b) he has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a Director of the General Partner of the Partnership in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Partnership's auditor is aware of that information.

REPORT OF THE GENERAL PARTNER (CONTINUED)
Year ended 31 December 2017

8. PROVISION OF INFORMATION TO THE AUDITOR (continued)

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of section 418(2) of the Companies Act 2006.

Approved by Martineau Galleries (GP) Limited, General Partner, and signed on its behalf

M.R. Bourgeois

Director

Date: 28 June 2018

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE PARTNERS OF THE MARTINEAU GALLERIES LIMITED PARTNERSHIP

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

In our opinion, The Martineau Galleries Limited Partnership's financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the qualifying partnership's affairs as at 31 December 2017 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework", and applicable law); and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applied to qualifying partnerships by the Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008.

We have audited the financial statements, included within the Annual Report and Financial Statements (the "Annual Report"), which comprise: the balance sheet as at 31 December 2017; the statement of comprehensive income and the statement of changes in equity for the year then ended; and the notes to the financial statements, which include a description of the significant accounting policies.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities under ISAs (UK) are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We remained independent of the qualifying partnership in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, which includes the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which ISAs (UK) require us to report to you when:

- the General Partner's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the General Partner has not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may
 cast significant doubt about the qualifying partnership's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of
 accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised
 for issue.

However, because not all future events or conditions can be predicted, this statement is not a guarantee as to the qualifying partnership's ability to continue as a going concern.

Reporting on other information

The other information comprises all of the information in the Annual Report other than the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. The General Partner is responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify an apparent material inconsistency or material misstatement, we are required to perform procedures to conclude whether there is a material misstatement of the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report based on these responsibilities.

With respect to the Report of the General Partner, we also considered whether the disclosures required by the UK Companies Act 2006 as applied to qualifying partnerships have been included.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE PARTNERS OF THE MARTINEAU GALLERIES LIMITED PARTNERSHIP (CONTINUED)

Based on the responsibilities described above and our work undertaken in the course of the audit, ISAs (UK) require us also to report certain opinions and matters as described below.

Report of the General Partner

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, the information given in the Report of the General Partner for the year ended 31 December 2017 is consistent with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In light of the knowledge and understanding of the qualifying partnership and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we did not identify any material misstatements in the Report of the General Partner.

Responsibilities for the financial statements and the audit

Responsibilities of the General Partner for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Statement of General Partner Responsibilities in respect of the financial statements, the General Partner is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the applicable framework and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. The General Partner is also responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the General Partner is responsible for assessing the qualifying partnership's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the General Partner either intends to liquidate the qualifying partnership or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditors' report.

Use of this report

This report, including the opinion, has been prepared for and only for the partners of the qualifying partnership as a body in accordance with the Companies Act 2006 as applied to qualifying partnerships by the Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving this opinion, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

Other required reporting

Companies Act 2006 exception reporting

Under the Companies Act 2006 as applied to qualifying partnerships we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the qualifying partnership, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns.

We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE PARTNERS OF THE MARTINEAU GALLERIES LIMITED PARTNERSHIP (CONTINUED)

Entitlement to exemptions

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors were not entitled to: take advantage of the small companies exemption in preparing the Directors' Report; and take advantage of the small companies exemption from preparing a strategic report. We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Paul Cragg (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

London

28 June 2018

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME For the year ended 31 December 2017

	Notes	2017 £'000	2016 £'000
Gross rental income Rents payable and other property outgoings	-	2,869 (988)	3,763 (1,772)
Net rental income	3	1,881	1,991
Administration expenses	4 _	(291)	(218)
Operating profit before property revaluation gains		1,590	1,773
Revaluation gains on properties	6(a)	3,431	574
Operating profit		5,021	2,347
Net finance (expense)/income	5 _	(202)_	1_
Total profit and total comprehensive income for the financial year before partners' interests	_	4,819	2,348

All amounts relate to continuing activities.

BALANCE SHEET
As at 31 December 2017

	Notes	20 [,] £'000	17 £'000	20 £'000	16 £'000
Tangible fixed assets Investment properties Interest in leasehold properties	6(a) 7	_	37,400 1,198	2 000	33,685 1,135
Total non-current assets			38,598		34,820
Current assets Receivables Cash and deposits	8 9 _	41,413 546	-	39,783 872	
Current liabilities Payables	10 _	41,959 (1,781)	-	40,655	
Net current assets		_	40,178	-	39,021
Total assets less current liabilities			78,776		73,841
Non-current liabilities Payables Obligations under head leases	11 12	-	(185) (1,247)	-	(181) (1,135)
Net assets		-	77,344	-	72,525
Represented by:					
Partners' equity Partners' capital accounts Partners' current accounts	13 13		109,352 (32,008)	-	109,352 (36,827)
		_	77,344_	_	72,525

The General Partner in accordance with the Limited Partnership Agreement approved the financial statements on 28 June 2018 and authorised them for issue on 28 June 2018.

Signed on behalf of the General Partner.

M.R. Bourgeois

Director

Partnership registration number: LP006355

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY For the year ended 31 December 2017

	Partners' capital accounts £'000	Partners' current accounts £'000	Partners' equity £'000
Balance at 1 January 2016	109,352	(39,175)	70,177
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year		2,348	2,348
Balance at 31 December 2016	109,352	(36,827)	72,525
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year		4,819	4,819
Balance at 31 December 2017	109,352	(32,008)	77,344

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2017

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following principal accounting policies have been applied consistently throughout the current and preceding year.

(a) Basis of accounting

Basis of preparation

The Martineau Galleries Limited Partnership (the 'Partnership') is registered pursuant to the provisions of The Limited Partnerships Act 1907. The Partnerships and Unlimited Companies (Accounts) Regulations 2008 (SI 2008/569) require certain qualifying partnerships to prepare and have audited financial statements as required for a company by the Companies Act 2006. The nature of the Partnership's operations and its principal activities are set out on page 4. The address of the registered office of the General Partner is the same as that of Hammerson plc, the ultimate controlling party, which is Kings Place, 90 York Way, London, N1 9GE.

These financial statements were prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework ("FRS 101") as issued by the Financial Reporting Council.

The presentation currency used is sterling and amounts have been presented in round thousands ("£000s"). The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for the revaluation of investment properties. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for the goods and services.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with FRS 101 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Partnership's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements, are disclosed in note 1(g).

Disclosure exemptions adopted

The following exemptions from the requirements of IFRS have been applied in the preparation of these financial statements, in accordance with FRS 101:

- IFRS 7, 'Financial Instruments; Disclosures';
- Paragraphs 91 to 99 of IFRS 13 'Fair value measurement' disclosure of valuation techniques and inputs used for fair value measurement of assets and liabilities';
 - Paragraph 38 of IAS1, 'Presentation of financial statements' comparative information in respect of:
 - paragraph 79(a)(iv) of IAS 1;
 - paragraph 73(e) of IAS 16, 'Property, plant and equipment'; and
 - paragraph 118(e) of IAS 38, 'Intangible assets' (reconciliations between the carrying amount at the beginning and end of the period);
- The following paragraphs of IAS 1, 'Presentation of financial statements':
 - 10(d) (statement of cash flows);
 - 16 (statement of compliance with all IFRS):
 - 38A (requirements for minimum of two primary statements, including cash flow statements):
 - 38B-D (additional comparative information);
 - 111 (cash flow statement information); and
 - 134 136 (capital management disclosures);

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2017

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(a) Basis of accounting (continued)

Basis of preparation (continued)

- IAS 7, 'Statement of cash flows';
- Paragraphs 30 and 31 of IAS 8 'Accounting policies, changes in accounting estimates and errors' (requirement for the disclosure of information when an entity has not applied a new IFRS what has been issued but is not yet effective);
- Paragraph 17 of IAS 24, 'Related party disclosures' (key management compensation); and
- The requirements in IAS 24, 'Related party disclosures', to disclose related party transactions entered into between two or more members of a group.

The above disclosure exemptions have been adopted because equivalent disclosures are included in the consolidated financial statements of Hammerson plc into which the Partnership is consolidated. The financial statements of Hammerson plc can be obtained as described in note 16.

(b) Going concern

The General Partner has reviewed the current and projected financial position of the Partnership, making reasonable assumptions about the future trading performance. After making enquiries, the General Partner has a reasonable expectation that the Partnership has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, the General Partner continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the Annual Report and Financial Statements.

(c) Net rental income

Rental income from investment property in the United Kingdom leased out under an operating lease is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Contingent rents, such as turnover rents, rent reviews and indexation are recorded as income in the periods in which they are earned. Rent reviews are recognised when such reviews have been agreed with tenants.

Lease incentives and costs associated with entering into tenant leases are added to the costs of property and are amortised over the lease term on a straight line basis or, if the probability that the break option will be exercised is considered high, over the period to the first break option.

Property operating expenses are expensed as incurred and any property operating expenditure not recovered from tenants through service charges is charged to the statement of comprehensive income.

(d) Investment properties

The Partnership applies the fair value accounting model to investment properties, being market value determined by professionally qualified external valuers. Changes in fair value are recognised in statement of comprehensive income. All costs directly associated with the purchase and construction of a property are capitalised.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2017

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(e) Leasehold properties

Leasehold properties that are leased out to tenants under operating leases, are classified as investment properties or development properties, as appropriate, and included in the balance sheet at fair value. The obligation to the freeholder or superior leaseholder for the land element of the leasehold is included in the balance sheet as a head lease at the present value of the minimum lease payments at inception. Payments to the freeholder or superior leaseholder are apportioned between a finance charge and a reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease term so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Contingent rents payable, such as rent reviews or those related to rental income, are charged as an expense in the period in which they are incurred. An asset equivalent to the leasehold obligation is recorded in the balance sheet within 'interests in leasehold properties', and is amortised over the lease term.

(f) Critical accounting policies and estimation uncertainties

In the application of the Partnership's accounting policies, the Directors of the General Partner are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying value of assets and liabilities. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from those estimates. Estimates and the underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both the current and future periods.

The Partnership's critical judgement and area of estimation uncertainty is in respect of property valuations. The Partnership's investment property, which is carried in the balance sheet at fair value, is valued six-monthly by professionally qualified external valuers and the Directors of the General Partner must ensure that they are satisfied that the valuation of the Partnership's property is appropriate for the accounts. Investment properties, excluding properties held for development, are valued by adopting the 'investment method' of valuation. This approach involves applying market-derived capitalisation yields to current and market-derived future income streams with appropriate adjustments for income voids arising from vacancies or rent-free periods. These capitalisation yields and future income streams are derived from comparable property and leasing transactions and are considered to be key inputs in the valuation. Other factors that are taken into account in the valuations include the tenure of the property, tenancy details and ground and structural conditions.

In the case of on-site developments, the approach applied is the 'residual method' of valuation, which is the investment method of valuation as described above with a deduction for all costs necessary to complete the development, together with a further allowance for remaining risk, developers' profit and purchasers' costs. Properties held for future development are generally valued by adopting the higher of the residual method of valuation allowing for all associated risks, or the investment method of valuation for the existing assets.

(g) Loans receivable

Loans receivable are financial assets which are initially measured at fair value, plus acquisition costs and are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2017

ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(h) Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, after taking account of any discount on issue and attributable transaction costs. Subsequently, borrowings are held at amortised cost, such that discounts and costs are charged to the statement of comprehensive income over the term of the borrowing at a constant return on the carrying value of the liability.

(i) <u>Financial instruments</u>

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Partnership becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at transaction price (including transaction costs). Financial assets and liabilities are subsequently carried at cost using the effective interest method. Financial assets and liabilities are only offset in the balance sheet when, and only when there exists a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and the Partnership intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Financial assets are derecognised when and only when a) the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or are settled, b) the Partnership transfers to another party substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, or c) the Partnership, despite having retained some, but not all, significant risks and rewards of ownership, has transferred control of the asset to another party. Financial liabilities are derecognised only when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

(j) Cash and cash equivalents and restricted monetary assets

Cash and deposits comprise cash and short-term bank deposits with an original maturity of three months or less which are readily accessible.

(k) Net finance costs

Net finance costs include interest payable on borrowings, net of interest capitalised and interest receivable on funds invested and is included within the statement of comprehensive income.

(I) Distributions

Distributions are paid to the partners out of realised profits which are available for distribution. Distributions are shown in the statement of changes in equity.

2. LIMITED PARTNERSHIP AGREEMENT ('The Agreement')

- (a) The Agreement dated 1 March 2002 states that the purpose of the Partnership is to carry out property investment and development.
- (b) During the year Martineau Galleries (GP) Limited acting as the General Partner had an interest of 0.46% in the profits and assets of the Partnership.
- (c) At 31 December 2017, Hammerson Martineau Galleries Limited, Hammerson MGLP Limited and Hammerson MGLP 2 Limited acting as the Limited Partners had interests of 33.18% each in the profits and assets of the Partnership.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2017

3. NET RENTAL INCOME

3.	NET RENTAL INCOME		
		2017 £'000	2016 £'000
	Gross rental income Ground and equity rents payable	2,869 (117)	3,763 (289)
	Gross rental income, after rents payable Service charge income Service charge expenses	2,752 345 (1,101)	3,474 490 (1,338)
	Net service charge expenses Other property outgoings	(756) (115)	(848) (635)
	Total property outgoings	(871)	(1,483)
	Net rental income	1,881	1,991
4.	ADMINISTRATION EXPENSES	2017	2016
		£'000	£'000
	Management fee payable to Hammerson UK Properties plc Valuation fees Other administration fees	282 - 9	230 (5) (7)
		291	218

The Directors did not receive any remuneration from the Partnership for their services in the year (2016: £nil), having been paid by other group undertakings. It is deemed impractical to allocate their remuneration between group undertakings for the purpose of disclosure. The services of the Directors of the General Partner are of a non-executive nature.

The Partnership had no employees in either the current or preceding financial year.

Another group company has paid the auditors' fees for the audit of the Partnership's annual financial statements in the current year. Fees for the audit of the Partnership were £2,200 (2016: £7,549).

5. NET FINANCE EXPENSE

	2017 £'000	2016 £'000
Interest (expense)/income	(202)	11

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2017

6. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

(a) The movements in the year on the valuation of properties were:

Long Leasehold	2017 £'000	2016 £'000
At 1 January	33,685	33,100
Additions at cost	284	11
Surplus on revaluation	3,431	574
At 31 December	37,400	<u>3</u> 3,685

- (b) The properties are stated at fair value at 31 December 2017, valued by professionally qualified external valuers, Cushman & Wakefield Debenham Tie Leung, Chartered Surveyors. The valuations have been prepared in accordance with the RICS Valuation Professional Standards 2014 based on certain assumptions as set out in note 1(f).
- (c) The historical cost of investment properties at 31 December 2017 was £64,433,642 (2016: £64,149,390.

7. INTEREST IN LEASEHOLD PROPERTIES

•	INTEREST IN ELASEITOES FROI ENTIES	2017 £'000	2016 £'000
	At 1 January Increase	1,135 63	1,135
	At 31 December	1,198	1,135
8.	RECEIVABLES: CURRENT ASSETS	2017 £'000	2016 £'000
	Trade receivables Amounts owed by Martineau Galleries (GP) Limited Amounts owed by the Limited Partners Amounts owed by Hammerson UK Properties plc Other receivables and prepayments	877 120 35,952 3,990 474	799 120 35,952 2,664 248
		41,413	39,783

All amounts shown under receivables fall due for payment within one year and are repayable on demand. Amounts owed by Martineau Galleries (GP) Limited, the Limited Partners and Hammerson UK Properties plc are non-interest bearing.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2017

9. CASH AND DEPOSITS

	2017 £'000	2016 £'000
Cash at bank	546	872

At 31 December 2017, the Partnership's managing agent held cash of £546,000 (2016: £872,000) on behalf of the Partnership which is not restricted and is available to the Partnership and as such has been included in cash and deposits.

10. PAYABLES: CURRENT LIABILITIES

	2017	2016
	£'000	£'000
Trade payables	273	310
Amounts due to Hammerson Group Management Limited	750	467
Other payables and accruals	226	313
Deferred income	532	544
	1,781	1,634

The amounts due to the Hammerson Group Management Limited are repayable on demand and are non-interest bearing.

11. PAYABLES: NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES

	2017	2016
	£'000	£'000
<u>.</u>		
Other payables		
- Over 5 years	185	181

12. OBLIGATIONS UNDER HEAD LEASES

Head lease obligations in respect of rents payable on the leasehold properties are payable as follows:

	Minimum lease payments £'000	2017 Interest £'000	Present Value of minimum lease payments £'000	Minimum lease payments £'000	2016 Interest £'000	Present Value of minimum lease payments £'000
After 5 years 2-5 years 1-2 years Within 1 year	11,048 513 171 171 11,903	(9,802) (512) (171) (171) (10,656)	1,246 1 - - 1,247	11,218 513 171 171 12,073	(10,084) (512) (171) (171) (10,938)	1,134 1 - - - 1,135

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2017

13. PARTNERS' EQUITY

	2017 £'000	2016 £'000
Partners' capital accounts		
 Martineau Galleries (GP) Limited 	2	2
- Hammerson MGLP Limited	36,450	36,450
 Hammerson MGLP 2 Limited 	36,450	36,450
- Hammerson Martineau Galleries Limited	36,450	36,450
	109,352	109,352
Partners' current accounts	(32,008)	(36,827)
	77,344	72,525

Under the Limited Partnership Agreement no further capital is required to be injected and no interest is payable on the capital.

The Partners' current accounts represent the cumulative profits and losses of the Partnership after deduction of distributions to the Partners.

14. THE PARTNERSHIP AS LESSOR - OPERATING LEASE RECEIPTS

At the balance sheet date, the Partnership had contracted with tenants for the future minimum lease receipts as shown in the table below. The data is for the period to the first tenant break option.

	2017	2016
	£'000	£'000
Within one year	2,272	2,024
From one to two years	2,075	1,909
From two to five years	4,814	4,783
Over five years	35,684	32,400_
	44,845	41,116

15. ADVANCES, CREDIT AND GUARANTEES

The General Partner did not grant any credits, advances or guarantees of any kind to its Directors during the current or preceding year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2017

16. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTIES

The Partners listed in note 2 are the immediate controlling parties of the Partnership. The ultimate controlling party is Hammerson plc, which is registered in England and Wales.

The consolidated financial statements of the ultimate controlling parties are available from their registered offices:

Hammerson plc The Company Secretarial Department Kings Place 90 York Way London N1 9GE