Registered number 3741747

Heritage Attractions Limited
Report and Accounts
31 January 2009

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Heritage Attractions Limited Company Information

Directors

A J S Leech P M Treherne D C S Westgate

Secretary

P Cushion

Auditors

Jackson UK LLP (formerly known as Hurst (Liverpool) LLP) 20 Chapel Street Liverpool L3 9AG

Bankers

Alliance & Leicester Commercial Bank Bridle Road Bootle Merseyside L30 4GB

Solicitors

Salehs LLP 748 Wilmslow Road Didsbury Manchester M2 6WF

Registered office

Suite 37 The Colonnades Albert Dock Liverpool L3 4AA

Registered number

3741747

Heritage Attractions Limited Directors' Report

The directors present their report and accounts for the year ended 31 January 2009.

Principal activities and review of the business

The principal activity of the company is the operation of various landmark day visitor attractions in the Isle of Wight, Cornwall, North Wales and Scotland.

Review of the business and future developments

The results for the year are set out on page 6. The results were negatively affected by an extremely early Easter when the weather was poor and the general economic climate which dramatically deteriorated through 2008. Due to poor results the Director's took the decision to close the negatively trading World in Miniature site in Cornwall and are currently applying for planning permission to redevelop the site as a self catering lodge park who's financial feasability will produce a stronger business model. The Director's have taken appropriate action to improve results for 2009 and the season to date is ahead of budget expectations.

Results & dividends

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £603,925 (2008: £370,307). The directors do not recommend a final dividend. There was a dividend paid in the year of £500,000 (2008: £500,000)

Directors and their interests

The following persons served as directors during the year:

A J S Leech
P M Treherne
D C S Westgate

Mr A J S Leech is a discretionary beneficiary of a Jersey Trust, which through Cherberry Limited, a Jersey company, owns the entire share capital of Heritage Great Britain PLC, the immediate holding company of Heritage Attractions Limited. None of the other directors have interests in the shares of the company.

Treasury policies

The objectives of the company are to manage the company's financial risk, secure cost effective funding for the company's operations, and to minimise the adverse effects of fluctuations in the financial markets on the company's financial assets and liabilities, on reported profitability and on the cash flows of the company.

The company finances its activities with a combination of bank overdrafts, finance leases, hire purchase contracts and cash deposits. Overdrafts are used to satisfy short term cash flow requirements. Other financial assets and liabilities, such as trade debtors and trade creditors, arise directly from the company's operating activities. The company does not trade in financial instruments and has no other form of derivatives.

The main risks associated with the company's financial assets and liabilities are set out below, as are the policies agreed by the board for their management.

Heritage Attractions Limited Directors' Report

Interest rate risk

The company finances its operations through a mixture of retained profits, bank overdrafts and balances with group undertakings. The bank borrowings are at variable rates.

Liquidity risk

The company's overdraft facilities are repayable on demand. The company expects to replace or renew these when required later in the year. Loans from group undertakings are payable on demand.

Foreign currency risk

All the company's transactions are predominantly in sterling. The company does not hedge any currency exposures.

Political and charitable donations

There were no political donations made during the year. Charitable donations amounted to £2,128 (2008: £4,741).

Employees

The company is committed to the development of all employees, both full time and part time. This is achieved by regular training programmes and keeping all staff informed and involved in the company's activities through regular meetings and communications. The employees are flexible in their working and are an important asset of the company. The company is committed to the provision of equal opportunities for all employees.

The company gives full consideration to applications for employment from disabled persons where the requirements of the job can be adequately fulfilled by a handicapped or disabled person. Where existing employees become disabled, it is the company's policy wherever practicable to provide continuing employment under normal terms and conditions and to provide training and career development and promotion to disabled employees wherever possible.

Disclosure of information to auditors

So far as each director at the date of approval of this report is aware:

- · there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware; and
- the directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information.

Auditors

Jackson UK LLP, formerly known as Hurst (Liverpool) LLP, being eligible offer themselves for reappointment as auditors for the company in accordance with section 385 of the Companies Act 1985.

This report was approved by the board on 4 June 2009

P Cushion Secretary

Heritage Attractions Limited Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the report and accounts in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare accounts for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the accounts in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). The accounts are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these accounts, the directors are required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the accounts;
- prepare the accounts on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the accounts comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdiction

Heritage Attractions Limited Independent auditors' report to the shareholders of Heritage Attractions Limited

We have audited the accounts of Heritage Attractions Limited for the year ended 31 January 2009 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses and the related notes. These accounts have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the accounts in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities.

Our responsibility is to audit the accounts in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland).

We report to you our opinion as to whether the accounts give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the accounts.

In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the accounts. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the accounts, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the accounts are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the accounts.

Opinion

In our opinion:

- the accounts give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 January 2009 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- the accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985; and

the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the accounts.

Jackson UK LLP

Redistered auditors

20 Chapel Street Liverpool

L3 9AG

Heritage Attractions Limited Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31 January 2009

	Notes	2009 £	2008 £
Turnover			
Continuing operations	2	9,262,837	9,810,875
Discontinued operations		261,166	
		9,524,003	9,810,875
Cost of sales		(2,617,714)	(2,740,164)
Gross profit		6,906,289	7,070,711
Administrative expenses		(6,816,916)	(6,798,833)
Operating profit	3		
Continuing operations		202,353	271,878
Discontinued operations		(112,980)	<u> </u>
		89,373	271,878
Exceptional items:			
profit on the disposal of tangible fixed assets	4	-	104,542
		89,373	376,420
Interest receivable and similar income	5	112,112	123,934
Interest payable	6	(88,719)	(43,267)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		112,766	457,087
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	9	491,159	(86,780)
Profit for the financial year		603,925	370,307

The discontinued operations relates to the closure of the World in Miniature site in Cornwall.

Heritage Attractions Limited Statement of total recognised gains and losses for the year ended 31 January 2009

	Notes	2009 £	2008 £
Profit for the financial year		603,925	370,307
Actuarial gain on pension scheme	28	148,200	50,200
Total recognised gains and losses related to the year		752,125	420,507

Heritage Attractions Limited Balance Sheet as at 31 January 2009

	Notes		2009		2008
Fixed assets			£		£
Intangible assets	10		142,220		155,983
Tangible assets	11		11,336,266		11,419,187
Investments	12		4		4
			11,478,490		11,575,174
Current assets					
Stocks	13	578,498		627,063	
Debtors	14	4,157,680		4,069,612	
Cash at bank and in hand		41,446		37,410	
		4,777,624		4,734,085	
Creditors: amounts falling due	•				
within one year	15	(1,257,152)		(936,601)	
Net current assets			3,520,472		3,797,484
Total assets less current		-			
liabilities			14,998,962		15,372,658
Creditors: amounts falling due	:				
after more than one year	16		(5,727,077)		(5,682,139)
Accruals and deferred income	17		(59,011)		(69,011)
Provisions for liabilities					
Deferred taxation	19		(79,861)		(571,020)
Net assets excluding pension		•		•	
scheme deficit			9,133,013		9,050,488
Pension scheme deficit	28		(213,800)		(383,400)
Net assets including pension		•	9.010.212	•	0 667 000
scheme deficit			8,919,213		8,667,088
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	20		8,221,502		8,221,502
Actuarial gain on pension schem			148,200		50,200
Profit and loss account	21		549,511		395,386
Shareholders' funds	23		8,919,213		8,667,088

P M Treherne

Director

Approved by the board on 4 June 2009

Ret Sol

1 Accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards in the United Kingdom and the Companies Act 1985 s256. A summary of the more important accounting policies, which have been applied consistently, is set out below.

Basis of accounting

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards.

Turnover

Turnover represents amounts (excluding value added tax) derived from provision of goods and services rendered during the period.

Tangible fixed assets

The cost of tangible fixed assets is their purchase or construction cost, together with any incidental costs of acquisition.

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of tangible fixed assets, less their estimated residual values, on a straight line basis over the expected useful economic lives of the assets concerned. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are:

Freehold buildings	2%
Computer equipment	33%
Motor vehicles	25%
Fixtues and fittings	12.5%
Plant and machinery	5% to 10%

The long leasehold premises are depreciated over 50 years or the length of the lease, whichever is shorter. Freehold and long leasehold land is not depreciated.

Railway line and rolling stock are depreciated on a straight line basis over 50 years, with the exception of some significant components which are depreciated over 5 to 20 years.

Assets held under finance leases are depreciated over the shorter of their estimated useful lives and the term of the lease.

Investments

Investments in subsidiary undertakings are stated at cost, less any provision necessary for permanent diminution in value.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have accounted at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more, tax, with the following exceptions:

- Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold:
- Provision is made for deferred tax that would arise on remittance of the retained earnings of overseas subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, dividends have been accrued as receivable;
- Deferred tax are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely
 than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying
 timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Finance leases

Where the company enters into a lease which entails taking substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of an asset, the lease is treated as a finance lease. The asset is recorded in the balance sheet as a tangible fixed asset and is depreciated over its estimated useful life. Future instalments under such leases, net of finance charges, are included within creditors. Rentals payable are apportioned between the finance element, which is charged to the profit and loss account, and the capital element, which reduces the outstanding obligation for future instalments.

Operating leases

Costs in respect of operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Costs include all costs incurred in bringing each item to its present location and condition.

Government grants

Government grants in respect of capital expenditure are credited to a deferred income account and are released to profit over the expected useful lives of the relevant assets by equal annual instalments. Grants of a revenue nature are credited to income so as to match them with the expenditure to which they relate.

Pensions

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for certain employees. The costs are charged to the profit and loss account as incurred. The charge for the year was £53,729 (2008: £50,575).

The company also operates a pension scheme providing benefits based on final pensionable pay. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company. In accordance with FRS17, the service cost of pension provision relating to the period, together with the cost of any benefits relating to past service, is charged to the profit and loss account. A charge equal to the increase in the present value of the scheme liabilities and a credit equivalent to the Company's long-term expected return on assets (based on the market value of the scheme assets at the start of the period), are included in the profit and loss account.

The difference between the market value of the assets of the scheme and the present value of the accrued pension liabilities is shown as an asset or liability in the balance sheet. Deferred tax assets on the pension liability are recognised to the extent that they are considered recoverable. Any difference between the expected return on assets and that actually achieved is recognised in the statement of total recognised gains and losses along with differences which are from experience gains and losses and changes of assumptions.

Further information on the pension arrangements is set out in Note 28 to the accounts.

Goodwill

Positive goodwill arising on acquisitions is capitalised, classified as an asset on the balance sheet and amortised on a straight-line basis over its useful economic life up to a presumed maximum of 20 years. It is reviewed for impairment at the end of the first full financial year following the acquisition and in other periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Cash flow statement

The company has taken advantage of the exemption available to wholly owned subsidiary companies of a UK parent not to prepare a cash flow statement.

Group accounts

The company is exempt from the requirement to present consolidated accounts as it is a wholly owned subsidiary undertaking of Heritage Great Britain PLC, registered in England and Wales. The accounts present the results of the company only.

2 Turnover

Turnover, which is stated net of value added tax, consists entirely of sales made in the United Kingdom which can be analysed as follows:

By activity:	2009	2008
•	£	£
Attractions and admissions	3,161,210	3,402,731
Retailing	2,601,134	2,723,857
Catering, hotel and bar	2,554,348	2,752,938
Other revenues	1,207,311	931,349
	9,524,003	9,810,875

3	Operating Profit	2009	2008
		£	£
	This is stated after charging:		
	Depreciation of owned fixed assets	501,937	483,798
	Depreciation of assets held under finance leases	41,228	25,431
	Amortisation of goodwill	13,763	13,762
	Operating lease rentals - plant and machinery	54,973	67,644
	Government grants – release of deferred income	(10,000)	(10,000)
	Auditors' renumeration for audit and other services has been met by	the parent compa	any.
4	Exceptional items	2009	2008
7	Exceptional terms	£	£
	Profit on disposal of land and buildings	_	104,542
	·		
5	Interest receivable and similar income	2009	2008
		£	£
	Rent receivable	112,112	123,934
		112,112	123,934
_			
6	Interest payable	2009	2008
		£	£
	Other finance costs	23,600	22,200
	Finance charges payable under finance leases and hire purchase	_0,000	22,233
	contracts	65,119	21,067
		88,719	43,267
_			2000
7	Directors' emoluments	2009	2008
		£	£
	Emoluments	58,961	56,839
	Company contributions to money purchase pension schemes	7,236	6,566
		66,197	63,405
		00,197	03,403
	Number of directors in company pension schemes:	2009	2008
		Number	Number
	Money purchase schemes	1	1
	money peromote detremote		

8	Employee information	2009 £	2008 £
	Wages and salaries	3,433,014	3,455,501
	Social security costs	263,737	265,065
	Pension costs	53,729	50,575
		3,750,480	3,771,141
	Average number of employees during the year	Number	Number
	Management & administration	14	15
	Retail, catering and other	205	
		219	226

Current tax charge for period

9	Taxation	2009 £	2008 £
	Analysis of charge in period		
	Current tax:		
	UK corporation tax on profits of the period	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· -
	Deferred tax:		
	Origination and reversal of timing differences	(491,159)	86,780
	Tax on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities	(491,159)	86,780
	Factors affecting tax charge for period The tax assessed for the period is different to the standard rate of the differences are explained below:	of corporation tax in th	ne UK (28%).
		2009	2008
		2009 £	2008 £
	Profit on ordinary activities before tax		
	Profit on ordinary activities before tax Standard rate of corporation tax in the UK	£	£
	Standard rate of corporation tax in the UK	£ 112,766	£ 457,087
	Standard rate of corporation tax in the UK Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of	£	£ 457,087 30% £
	Standard rate of corporation tax in the UK	£ 112,766 28%	£ 457,087
	Standard rate of corporation tax in the UK Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28% (2008: 30%). Effects of:	£ 112,766 _ 28% £ 31,574	£ 457,087 30% £ 137,126
	Standard rate of corporation tax in the UK Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28% (2008: 30%). Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	£ 112,766 28% £ 31,574	£ 457,087 30% £ 137,126
	Standard rate of corporation tax in the UK Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28% (2008: 30%). Effects of:	£ 112,766 _ 28% £ 31,574	£ 457,087 30% £ 137,126 8,388 (85,374)

As at 31 January 2009, tax losses of £47,000 (2008: £47,000) are available, subject to agreement with H M Revenue & Customs, to carry forward within the Land's End and John O'Groats businesses.

With effect from 21 March 2007 any disposal of buildings which have previously qualified as Industrial Buildings for tax allowance purposes will not result in any balancing charges. This means that any deferred tax provision relating to such buildings is no longer required. This accounts for £387,134 of the reversal of deferred tax timing differences of £491,159.

10	Intangible fixed assets Goodwill:	£
	Cost	
	At 1 February 2008	275,262
	At 31 January 2009	275,262
	Amortisation	
	At 1 February 2008	119,279
	Provided during the year	13,763
	At 31 January 2009	133,042_
	Net book value	
	At 31 January 2009	142,220_
	At 31 January 2008	155,983

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of businesses is being amortised evenly over the directors' estimate of its useful economic life of 20 years.

11 Tangible fixed assets

	Railway line and rolling stock £	Land and buildings £	Plant and machinery £	Motor vehicles £	Fixtures and fittings £	Total £
Cost						
At 1 February 2008 Additions Disposals	1,700,815	10,435,342 - -	2,189,473 207,953 (13,752)	181,106	2,019,748 262,378	16,526,484 470,331 (13,752)
At 31 January 2009	1,700,815	10,435,342	2,383,674	181,106	2,282,126	16,983,063
Depreciation						
At 1 February 2008	364382	1,602,013	1,340,949	118,485	1,681,468	5,107,297
Charge for the year	32016	177,096	221,620	850	111,583	543,165
On disposals		•	(3,667)			(3,667)
At 31 January 2009	396,398	1,779,109	1,558,902	119,335	1,793,051	5,646,795
Net book value						
At 31 January 2009	1,304,417	8,656,233	824,772	61,771	489,075	11,336,268
At 31 January 2008	1,336,433_	8,833,329	848,524	62,621	338,280	11,419,187

Net book value of land and buildings:	2009 £	2008 £
Freehold	8,633,131	8,806,727
Long leasehold	23,102	26,602
	8,656,233	8,833,329
	2009 £	2008 £
Net book value of plant and machinery included above held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	416,511	309,779

The depreciation for assets held under finance leases amount to £41,228 (2008:£25,431)

12 Investments

	Investments in subsidiary undertakings £
Cost At 1 February 2008	4
At 31 January 2009	4

Fixed asset investments represent £2 ordinary shares in each off two subsidiary undertakings and comprise the whole of the issued ordinary share capital of the following companies which are registered in England and Wales.

Land's End Limited - Dormant

John O'Groats Limited - Dormant

13 Stocks		2009 £	2008 £
Raw materials and consum	nables	204,360	288,882
Catering and bar stocks		39,990	50,998
Finished goods and goods	for resale	334,148	287,183
		578,498	627,063

The difference between purchase price or production cost of stocks and their replacement cost is not material.

14	Debtors	2009 £	2008 £
	Trade debtors	142,318	26,061
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	3,802,564	3,704,729
	Other debtors	-	55,342
	Prepayments and accrued income	212,798	283,480
		4,157,680	4,069,612
15	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2009 £	2008 £
	Bank loans and overdrafts	618,259	250,469
	Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	168,127	144,277
•	Trade creditors	345,538	341,974
1	Other taxes and social security costs	49,654	62,337
1	Other creditors	47,993	38,210
	Accruals and deferred income	27,581	99,334
		1,257,152	936,601

The company has provided a cross-guarantee to the Company's bankers in respect of all group company's overdraft and borrowing facilities. If other Companies in the Group were to default on their overdraft arrangements then Heritage Attractions Limited would be liable for any outstanding liabilities. The net position of the Group on 31 January 2009 was £615,304 overdrawn (2008:£53,928).

16	Creditors: amounts falling due after one year	2009 £	2008 £
	Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	158,047	113,109
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	5,569,030	5,569,030
		5,727,077	5,682,139
17	Accrual and deferred income	2009	2008
	Grant received from Welsh Tourist Board:	£	£
	At 1 February	69,011	79,011
	Released in the year	(10,000)	(10,000)
	At 31January	59,011	69,011

18	Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	2009 £	2008 £
	Amounts payable: Within one year Within two to five years	168,127 158,047	144,277 113,109
		326,174	257,386
19	Deferred taxation	2009 £	2008 £
	Difference between accumulated depreciation and capital		
	allowance	93,221	585,334
	Other timing differences	(13,360)	(14,314)
	Undiscounted provision for deferred tax	79,861	571,020
		2009 £	2008 £
	A. 4. E.)		
	At 1 February 2008 Deferred tax charge in profit and loss account	571,020 (491,159)	484,240 86,780
	At 31 January 2009	79,861	571,020
20	Share capital	2009	2008
	Authorised:	£	£
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	9,999,900	9,999,900
		2009 £	2008 £
	Allotted, called up and fully paid: Ordinary shares of £1 each	8,221,502	8,221,502
	Ordinary Shares of ET each	6,221,302	6,221,302
21	Profit and loss account	2009 £	
	At 1 February Profit for the financial year Dividends Acturial profit on pension scheme At 31 January 2009	445,586 603,925 (500,000) 148,200	
	At 31 Sanuary 2005	697,711_	

22	Dividends	2009 £	2008 £
	Dividends for which the company became liable during the year: Dividends paid	500,000	500,000
23	Reconciliation of movement in shareholders' funds	2009 £	2008 £
	At 1 February Profit for the financial year Dividends Actuarial gain on pension scheme	8,667,088 603,925 (500,000) 148,200	8,746,581 370,307 (500,000) 50,200
	At 31 January	8,919,213	8,667,088
24	Capital commitments	2009 £	2008 £
	Amounts contracted for but not provided in the accounts	<u> </u>	182,400

25 Operating lease commitments

Annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	Other	Other
	2009	2008
	£	£
Operating leases which expire:		
within one year	17,310	14,772
within two to five years	37,663	52,872
	54,973	67,644

26 Related parties

The directors have taken advantage of the exemption available under Financial Reporting Standard 8 "Related Party Disclosures" not to disclose transactions with other members of the Heritage Great Britain PLC group on the grounds that these are eliminated on consolidation.

The Company sold a shooting gallery to Lightwater Valley Attractions Limited (on normal commercial terms). The costs of this was £12,000 all of which was outstanding at the year end. Mr A J S Leech, Mr P M Treherne and Mr D C S Westgate are directors of Lightwater Valley Attractions Limited.

27 Ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Heritage Great Britain PLC which is registered in England and Wales. Copies of Heritage Great Britain PLC accounts are available from its registered office: Suite 37, The Colonnades, Albert Dock, Liverpool L3 4AA. The entire share capital of Heritage Great Britain PLC is wholly owned by a Jersey company, Cherberry Limited. Cherberry Limited is wholly owned by the Trustees of a settlement. In the opinion of the directors, there is no single individual or entity that can or does exercise ultimate control, as defined under FRS8, over that company.

28. Pension scheme

The company operates a pension scheme providing benefits based on final pensionable pay funded by payment of contributions to a separately administered fund. Until 31 May 2001 all members' benefits have been accrued in this Scheme; after this date members benefits have not been accrued in the Scheme and from 1 June 2001 the Trustees have directed all members contributions into a newly established money purchase scheme operated by a different scheme administrator which has continued the rights for existing members. For the foreseeable future the Employer Company will continue to make employer contributions into the current Scheme to meet the minimum funding requirements as advised by the Scheme actuaries. The Scheme is now closed to new members and under the projected unit method the current service cost to the company will increase as the members of the Scheme approach retirement.

The most recent valuation was at 5 April 2005. The current contribution rate as determined by the actuary is 4% (2005: 4%) of total pensionable pay.

The valuation used for FRS 17 disclosures has been based on the most recent actuarial valuation and updated by the actuary at 31 January 2008 using the following assumptions:

	2009	2008	2007	2006
Rate of increase in salaries	5.30%	6.60%	6.40%	6.10%
Rate of increase in pensions in payment for service from and including 6 April 1997	3.10%	3.20%	3.10%	2.90%
Discount rate	6.90%	6.10%	5.30%	4.70%
Inflation rate	3.30%	3.60%	3.40%	3.10%
Rate of increase of deferred pensions in excess of GMP	3.30%	3.60%	3.40%	3.10%

The assets of the Pension Scheme valued below are in the form of an insurance policy invested in a with-profits and unit-linked money fund with the Equitable Life Assurance Society, a Trustee Investment Plan with Zurich, an Investment Account with Sterling and a bank account held by the Trustee. The value of assets held in the with-profits fund has been taken as the policy value on 31 January 2009, which broadly represents the policy's share of assets in the with-profits fund. The value of assets held in the unit linked money fund has been taken as the value of units at bid price on 31 January 2009. The value of the other assets is the value held with the provider. The value shown is not the value that would have been available to provide contractual benefits nor is it necessarily the value that would be available were the policy to be surrendered.

28. Pension scheme (continued)

The assets in the scheme and the expected rate of return were:

	Long term rate of return expected at 31 Jan 2009	Value at 31 Jan 2009 £	Long term rate of return expected at 31 Jan 2008	Value at 31 Jan 2008 £	Long term rate of return expected at 31 Jan 2007	Value at 31 Jan 2007
With Profits Fund – Equitable Life	5.1%	228,390	5.1%	236,400	5.0%	221,700
Unit Linked Money fund – Equitable Life	1.0%	36,681	5.0%	35,800	4.8%	34,000
Trustees bank account	1.0%	1,834	5.0%	1,400	5.3%	1,800
Trustee Investment Plan – Zurich Assurance	7.4%	72,814	6.6%	86,200	6.7%	92,200
Investment Account – Sterling	7.0%	134,685	6.4%	107,000	6.8%	68,000
Total Market Value of Investments		474,400		466,800		417,700
Actuarial Valuation of Liabilities		688,200		850,200		874,100
Deficit in the scheme		(213,800)	•	(383,400)		(456,400)

The following information has been provided by the scheme actuary to meet the current disclosure requirement under FRS 17.

Analysis of amounts charged to operating profit	2009	2008
	£	£
Current service cost	-	-
Past service cost	-	-
Losses/(gains) on settlements or curtailments	-	-
Total operating charge		
Total operating charge		
Analysis of amounts credited to other finance costs	2009	2008
•	£	£
Expected return on pension scheme assets	28,100	25,000
Interest on pension scheme liabilities	(51,700)	(47,200)
Net cost	(23,600)	(22,200)
		====

28. Pension scheme (continued)

Analysis of amount recognised in statement of total recognised gains and losses (STRGL)	2009 £	2008 £
Actual return less expected return on pension scheme assets	(65,500)	(20,900)
Experience gains and losses arising on the scheme liabilities	(5,100)_	(35,800)
Changes in assumptions underlying the present value of the	218,800	106,900
scheme liabilities		
Actuarial gain recognised in STRGL	148,200	50,200
Movement in surplus/(deficit) during the year	2009 £	2008 £
Deficit in the scheme at the beginning of the year	(383,400)	(456,400)
Movement in the year - Current service cost	-	-
- Employers contributions	45,000	45,000
- Other finance costs	(23,600)	(22,200)
- Actuarial gain	148,200	50,200
Deficit in the scheme at the end of the year	(213,800)	(383,400)

The company has been in ongoing consultation with its professional advisors in relation to the deficit of the Scheme and in particular, the appropriate method to address the deficit. Accordingly the company has agreed with the Trustee to increase contributions to £45,000 per annum for the next three years.

28. Pension scheme (continued)

History	of	exi	perience	gains	and	losses
	~-					

	2009	2008	2007	2006
Difference between the expected and actual return on scheme assets				
- amount	(£65,500)	(£20,900)	£5,600	£15,300
- percentage of scheme assets	13%	(4.5%)	1.3%	4.2%
Experience gains and losses on scheme liabilities				
- amount	£5,100	(£35,800)	£5,800	(£6,300)
- percentage of the present value of scheme liabilities	0.7%	(4.2%)	0.7%	(0.7%)
Total amount recognised in STRGL				
- amount	£148,200	£50,200	£121,300	£154,700
- percentage of the present value of scheme liabilities	21%	5.9%	13.9%	(16.2%)