Directors' report and financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2009

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Company number 3734526

Directors' report for the year ended 30 September 2009

The Directors submit their report and the audited financial statements of Hotels London Limited ('the Company') for the year ended 30 September 2009 The comparative period is for the 6-month period ended 30 September 2008

On 1 September 2008, 100% of the entire issued share capital of the Company was purchased by Late Rooms Limited, a Company registered in England and Wales From this date Late Rooms Limited became the immediate parent Company

Principal activity

The principal activity of the Company in the period under review was the provision of advertising and online reservations for hotels, web design and marketing

Business review

The Company is exempt, by virtue of its size, from the requirement to include an enhanced business review

Results and dividends

The profit on ordinary activities before taxation for the year ended 30 September 2009 amounted to £227,675 (2008 £142,721)

There were no dividends paid during the year (2008 £57,000) The Directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend

Directors

The Directors at the date of this report are

J Villa Bosch A L John C P Morris J Pogson

Funding and liquidity

The Directors have considered the funding and liquidity position of the Company and of its intermediate parent Company, TUI Travel PLC Following this review, the Directors consider it appropriate to continue to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis

Policy and practice on payment of suppliers

It is the Company's policy wherever possible to agree terms of payment with suppliers in advance to ensure that they are made aware of the terms of payment and both parties abide by those terms

Directors' insurance

The intermediate parent Company TUI Travel PLC maintains Directors' and Officers' Liability insurance polices on behalf of the Directors of the Company for all wrongful acts

Statement as to disclosure of information to auditors

The Directors confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and each Director has taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a Director to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information

Directors' Report for the year ended 30 September 2009 (continued)

Auditors

Pursuant to Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditors will be deemed to be reappointed and KPMG Audit Plc will therefore continue in office

By order of the Board

C P Morris
Director

Dated 21 June 2010

Company number 3734526

Statement of Directors' responsibilities in respect of the Directors' Report and the financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2009

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

Under Company law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

Report of the independent auditor to the members of Hotels London Limited

Company number 3734526

We have audited the financial statements of Hotels London Limited for the year ended 30 September 2009 set out on pages 5 to 14. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and UK Accounting Standards (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of Directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 3, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the APB's web-site at www frc org uk/apb/scope/UKNP.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 30 September 2009 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of Directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Stuart Burdass (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of KPMG Audit Plc, Statutory Auditor

Chartered Accountants St James' Square, Manchester, M2 6DS

United Kingdom

Dated 2\June 2010

Profit and loss account for the year ended 30 September 2009

	Note	Year ended 30 September 2009 £	6-month period ended 30 September 2008 £
Turnover Cost of sales	2	648,093 (101,506)	335,610 (131 943)
Gross profit Administrative expenses Other operating income		546,587 (317,131)	203,667 (60,909) 2 948
Operating profit Interest receivable and similar income	3-4	229,456 125	145 706
Interest payable and similar charges	6	(1,906)	(3,084)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation Tax on profit on ordinary activities	7	227,675 (63,498)	142,721 (38,254)
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation and for the financial year/period	13	164,177	104,467

The Company has no recognised gains and losses other than those stated above and therefore no statement of total recognised gains and losses has been presented

A note on historical cost profits and losses has not been included as part of these financial statements as the results as disclosed in the profit and loss account are prepared on an unmodified historic cost basis

The results stated above are all derived from continuing operations

Balance sheet at 30 September 2009

	Note	2009 £	2008 £
Fixed assets Tangible assets	9	4,267	33,281
Current assets Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	10	100,270 316,060	113,595 102 846
		416,330	216 441
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	11	(186,236)	(179,538)
Net current assets		230,094	36,903
Net assets		234,361	70,184
Capital and reserves Called up share capital Profit and loss account	13 14	100 234,261	100 70,084
Equity shareholders' funds		234,361	70 184
			

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 21 June 2010 and were signed on its behalf by

C P Morris Director

Reconciliation of movements in shareholder's funds for the year ended 30 September 2009

	Note	Year ended 30 September 2009 £	6-month period ended 30 September 2008 £
Profit for the financial year/period Dividend on shares classified in shareholder's funds	8	164,177 -	104 467 (57,000)
Net addition to shareholder's funds		164,177	47 467
Opening shareholder's funds		70,184	22 717
Closing shareholder's funds		234,361	70 184

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2009

1 Accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the financial statements

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards under the historical cost convention

Under Financial Reporting Standard 1 (revised 1996) the Company is exempt from the requirement to prepare a cash flow statement on the grounds that a parent undertaking includes the Company in its own published consolidated financial statements

Related party transactions

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption contained in Financial Reporting Standard No 8 'Related Party Disclosure" as it is a wholly-owned subsidiary of TUI Travel PLC (from 1 September 2009) Therefore the Company has not disclosed related party transactions or balances with wholly-owned entities that form part of the group headed by TUI Travel PLC

Going concern

The Directors have considered the funding and liquidity position of the Company and of its intermediate parent Company, TUI Travel PLC Following this review, the Directors consider it appropriate to continue to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis

Fixed assets and depreciation

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost less the estimated residual value of tangible fixed assets by equal instalments over their estimated useful economic lives as follows

Fixtures and fittings

25% on reducing balance

Motor vehicles

25% on reducing balance

Computer equipment

50% on cost

Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded using the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date and the gains or losses on translation are included in the profit and loss account

Leases

Operating lease rentals are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the period of the lease

Taxation

UK Corporation tax is provided on amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date

Except as otherwise required by accounting standards, full provision without discounting is made for all deferred tax timing differences which have arisen but not reversed at the balance sheet date. Timing differences arise when items of income and expenditure are included in tax computations in periods different from their inclusion in the financial statements.

Dividends

Dividends unpaid at the balance sheet date are only recognised as a liability at that date to the extent that they are appropriately authorised and are no longer at the discretion of the Company Unpaid dividends that do not meet these criteria are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2009 (continued)

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Turnover

Turnover represents net invoiced sales of goods, excluding value added tax. Revenue is recognised on the date of the customer's hotel stay

2 Segmental reporting

The Company has one class of business, namely the provision of advertising and online reservations for hotels, web design and marketing. All turnover originates within the UK

3 Notes to the profit and loss account

	Year ended	6-month period ended
	30 September	30 September
	2009	2008
	£	£
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charging/ (crediting)		
Depreciation – owned assets	10,275	3 569
Depreciation – assets on hire purchase contracts	416	2,855
Foreign exchange differences	(62)	474

Auditors' remuneration

The audit fee was borne by a fellow group undertaking. The audit fee relating to the Company is as follows

		6-month
	Year ended	period ended
	30 September	30 September
	2009	2008
	£	£
Amounts receivable by the auditors and their associates in respect of the		
audit of these financial statements	4,000	4,000

Fees paid to the Company's Auditors KPMG Audit Plc, and its associates for services other than the statutory audit of the Company are not disclosed in these financials statements. This is on the basis that such non-audit fees are disclosed in the consolidated financial statements of the Company's intermediate parent Company, TUI Travel PLC

4 Remuneration of Directors

		6-month
	Year ended	period ended
	30 September	30 September
	2009	2008
	£	£
Directors' remuneration	75,425	5,060
		

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2009 (continued)

5 Staff numbers and costs

The average number of persons employed by the Company (including Directors) during the period, analysed by category, was as follows

	Year ended 30 September 2009 Number	6-month period ended 30 September 2008 Number
Administration, sales and marketing Directors	5 1	6 2
	6	8
The aggregate payroll costs of these persons was as follows		
	Year ended 30 September 2009 £	6-month period ended 30 September 2008 £
Wages and salaries Social security	222,710 16,146	108,982 8,364
	238,856	117,346
6 Interest payable and similar expenses		
	Year ended 30 September 2009 £	6-month period ended 30 September 2008 £
On bank loans and overdrafts Finance charges in respect of finance leases and hire purchase contracts Net exchange loss Other interest	1,639 267 -	1,455 1 082 474 72
	1,906	3 083

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2009 (continued)

7 Taxation

(i) Analysis of tax charge for the year/period

(i) Analysis of the charge for the year, period		
		6-month
	Year ended	period ended
	30 September	30 September
	2009	2008
	£	£
Current tax		
Amounts payable to fellow subsidiaries for group relief	70,160	6,893
UK corporation tax	•	35 149
Adjustments in respect of prior periods	(1,578)	
rajustinents in respect of prior periods	(1,D10)	
Total current tax	68,582	42 042
D. Comp. Leave		
Deferred tax		
Origination and reversal of timing differences		
- current year/period	(6,398)	(1 799)
- adjustments in respect of prior periods	1,314	(1,989)
Total deferred tax (Note 12)	(5,084)	(3 788)
The should be under an auditorial state of	61 409	38 254
Tax charge on profit on ordinary activities	63,498	36 234

(ii) Factors affecting the current tax charge for the year/period

The current tax charge for the year/period is higher (2008 higher) than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK (28%, 2008 29%) The differences are explained below

	Year ended 30 September 2009 £	6-month period ended 30 September 2008 £
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	227,675	142,721
Profit on ordinary activities at the standard rate of UK corporation tax of 28% (2008–29%)	63,749	39,962
Effects of Amounts not deductible for tax purposes Depreciation for the year in excess of capital allowances Other short term timing differences Adjustments in respect of prior periods	13 2,058 4,340 (1,578)	281 1,799 -
Current tax charge for the year/period	68,582	42 042

(iii) Factors affecting the future tax charge

The rate of taxation is expected to follow the standard rate of UK corporation tax of 28% in future periods

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 30 September $2009\ (continued)$

8	Dividends				
The a	aggregate amount of dividends comp	rises			
Inte	nm dividends paid in respect of the current	t vear/nen.vl		Year ended 30 September 2009	6-month period ended 30 September 2008 £ 57,000
mo	in dividends paid in respect of the current	, yearperiod		====	====
9	Tangible fixed assets				
		Fixtures & fittings £	Motor Vehicles £	Computer equipment £	Total £
Ad	of beginning of period ditions posals	36,585 3,270 (36,585)	40 604 - (40,604)	43,549 1 300	120,738 4,570 (77,189)
At	end of period	3 270		44,849	48,119
At Ch	preciation beginning of period arged for period sposals	25,119 8,505 (33,261)	20,619 416 (21,035)	41,719 1,770	87 457 10,691 (54,296)
At	end of period	363	-	43,489	43 852
	t book value 30 September 2009	2,907		1,360	4,267
At	30 September 2008	11,466	19,985	1 830	33 281
10	Debtors				
				30 September 2009 £	30 September 2008 £
	le debtors ounts owed from Group Companies			44,387 43,179	104.790
Prep	payments erred tax asset (see Note 12)			3,832 8,872	5 017 3.788
				100,270	113 595

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2009 (continued)

11 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	30 September	30 September
	2009	2008
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	-	30 247
Trade creditors	2,032	11 523
Corporation tax	33,831	70,118
Other tax and social security	34,967	44 892
Other creditors	, -	5 772
Accruals	38,613	10 093
Group relief payable	76,793	6 893
	186,236	179 538
		
12 Deferred tax		
Deferred tax asset		
- 	30 September	30 September
	2009	2008
	£	£
At start of year/period	3,788	-
At start of year/period Credited in the year/period	3,788 5,084	3,788
	5,084	
		3,788
Credited in the year/period	5,084	
Credited in the year/period	5,084 ————————————————————————————————————	3,788
At 30 September 2009	5,084 ————————————————————————————————————	3,788 30 September
At 30 September 2009	5,084 ————————————————————————————————————	3,788 30 September 2008
At 30 September 2009	5,084 ————————————————————————————————————	3,788 30 September
At 30 September 2009	5,084 ————————————————————————————————————	3,788 30 September 2008
At 30 September 2009 The elements of deferred taxation are as follows	5,084 	3,788 30 September 2008 £
At 30 September 2009 The elements of deferred taxation are as follows Fixed asset timing differences	5,084 	3,788 30 September 2008 £

There are no other unprovided deferred tax liabilities or unrecognised deferred tax assets at either 30 September 2009 or 31 March 2008

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2009 (continued)

13 Share capital		
	September 2009	September 2008
Authorised	£	£
100,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	100,000	100,000
Institute of the American		
Issued and fully paid 100 ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100
14 Reserves		
		Profit and loss account
At 1 October 2008 Profit for period		70,084 164,177
At 30 September 2009		234,261

15 Ultimate parent undertaking

The Company is a subsidiary undertaking of TUI AG, a Company registered in Berlin and Hanover (Federal Republic of Germany), which is the ultimate parent Company The intermediate holding Company is TUI Travel PLC The immediate parent Company is Late Rooms Limited, incorporated in England and Wales

The largest group in which the results of the Company are consolidated is that headed by TUI AG. The smallest group in which they are consolidated is that headed by TUI Travel PLC, incorporated in the United Kingdom. No other group financial statements include the results of the Company.

Copies of the TUI Travel PLC financial statements are available from TUI Travel House, Crawley Business Quarter, Fleming Way, Crawley, West Sussex RH10 9QL Copies of the TUI AG financial statements are available from Investor Relations, TUI AG Karl-Wiechert-Allee 4, D-30625, Hanover or from the TUI website address www tuigroup com