### Strategic Report, Report of the Director and Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30th June 2016

for

### FOREVER ENTERPRISES LIMITED

COMPANIES HOUSE

# Company Information FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2016

DIRECTOR:

Joseph J Jacob

**REGISTERED OFFICE:** 

2nd Floor

New Penderel House 283-288 High Holborn

London WC1V 7HP

**REGISTERED NUMBER:** 

03728924

**AUDITORS:** 

Munslows LLP

Chartered Certified Accountants

and Statutory Auditors

2nd Floor

New Penderel House 283-288 High Holborn

London WC1V 7HP

### Strategic Report FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2016

The director presents his strategic report for the year ended 30th June 2016.

### **REVIEW OF BUSINESS**

The results for the year under review showed an increase in turnover and profit. This was due to the following:-

Improving market conditions and preferential deals with two important manufacturers at the start of 2016 drove profits in the second part of the financial year. In addition, the company managed to secure profitable, high volume export sales with some new brands carried.

As a result, turnover increased from £11.69 million to £13.67 million and pre-tax profit from £1.09 million to £1.24 million.

This trend has continued into the current financial year. Post year-end management accounts show the company continuing to make good progress, though this growth appears to have stalled in 2017 with some challenging trading conditions now in place. In addition base costs have increased in the current financial year, in particular staff costs.

### PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The company's operations expose it to a variety of financial risks that include the effects of foreign exchange risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The company has in place a risk management programme that seeks to limit the adverse effects on the financial performance of the company by monitoring the levels of financial risks.

### Supply chain

The company 's performance is heavily influenced by the decision making and policies of it key suppliers regarding the supply of spare parts. In practice this has been a strength rather than a weakness because of the strong benefits accruing to all parties to the existing relationships.

### Foreign Exchange Risk

The company is exposed to foreign exchange risk in the normal course of business, principally in respect of purchases in euros. The company uses forward exchange contracts to assist in the hedge of foreign currency exposure.

### Credit Risk

The company has implemented policies that require appropriate credit checks on potential customers before sales are made. The company has a relatively short list of key customers and operates effective credit controls.

### Liquidity Risk

The company does not carry any debt as there are sufficient available funds to carry on operations for the foreseeable future

### ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

Joseph J Jacob - Director

23rd March 2017

### Report of the Director FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2016

The director presents his report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 30th June 2016.

### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the company is the wholesaling of automotive parts. The majority of sales are to authorised franchised dealers in the UK and overseas.

### **DIVIDENDS**

Interim dividends per share were paid as follows:

1,000 1,000 1,000 1,530	<ul> <li>13th July 2015</li> <li>13th October 2015</li> <li>4th January 2016</li> <li>1st April 2016</li> </ul>
4,530	

The director recommends that no final dividend be paid.

The total distribution of dividends for the year ended 30th June 2016 will be £453,000.

#### DIRECTOR

Joseph J Jacob held office during the whole of the period from 1st July 2015 to the date of this report.

### STATEMENT OF DIRECTOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES

The director is responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Report of the Director and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the director to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the director has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the director must not approve the financial statements unless he is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the director is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently:
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The director is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable him to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. He is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

### STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and he has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

### **AUDITORS**

Under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006, Munslows LLP will be deemed to have been re-appointed as auditors 28 days after these financial statements were sent to the members or 28 days after the latest date prescribed for filing the accounts with the Registrar of Companies, whichever is earlier.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

Joseph J Jacob - Director

23rd March 2017

### Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of Forever Enterprises Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Forever Enterprises Limited for the year ended 30th June 2016 on pages six to seventeen. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

### Respective responsibilities of director and auditors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Director's Responsibilities set out on page three, the director is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

### Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the director; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Director to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

### Basis for qualified opinion on financial statements

With respect to stock having a carrying amount of £1,169,060 the audit evidence available to us was limited because we did not observe the counting of the physical stock as at 30 June 2016, since that date was prior to our appointment as auditor of the company. Owing to the nature of the company's records, we were unable to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the stock quantities by using other audit procedures.

### Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30th June 2016 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

### Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Director for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

## Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of Forever Enterprises Limited

### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of director's remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Kaushik Ondhia (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of Munslows LLP

Chartered Certified Accountants

and Statutory Auditors

2nd Floor

New Penderel House

283-288 High Holborn

London

WC1V 7HP

23rd March 2017

# Income Statement FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2016

		201	16	201	5
	Notes	£	£	£	£
TURNOVER	2		13,676,245		11,689,714
Cost of sales			11,197,440		9,543,948
GROSS PROFIT			2,478,805		2,145,766
Distribution costs Administrative expenses		267,198 971,427		194,911 856,851	
·		<u> </u>	1,238,625 -	<del></del>	1,051,762
OPERATING PROFIT	4		1,240,180		1,094,004
Interest payable and similar charges	5		276		502
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES B TAXATION	EFORE		1,239,904		1,093,502
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	6		245,752		226,003
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR			994,152		867,499

# Other Comprehensive Income FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2016

Notes	2016 £	2015 £
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	994,152	867,499
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME Cash flow hedges - fair value movement	(57,925)	-
Income tax relating to other comprehensive income	11,585	
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR, NET OF INCOME TAX	(46,340)	
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	947,812	867,499 ————

### FOREVER ENTERPRISES LMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER: 03728924)

## Balance Sheet 30TH JUNE 2016

		201	6	201	5
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	. 8		26,646		16,013
CURRENT ASSETS		·			
Stocks	9	1,169,060		1,299,970	
Debtors	10	2,374,494		1,708,415	
Cash at bank and in hand		1,488,422		1,286,594	
		5,031,976		4,294,979	
CREDITORS	•	. ,			
Amounts falling due within one year	11	949,765		696,947	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			4,082,211	<del>,</del>	3,598,032
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					<u> </u>
LIABILITIES			4,108,857		3,614,045
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	13		500,000	•	500,000
Cash flow hedge reserve	14		(46,340)		=
Retained earnings	14		3,655,197		3,114,045
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			4,108,857		3,614,045

The financial statements were approved by the director on 23rd March 2017 and were signed by:

Joseph J Jacob - Director

# Statement of Changes in Equity FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2016

	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings £	Cash flow hedge reserve £	Total equity £
Balance at 1st July 2014	500,000	2,619,546	-	3,119,546
Changes in equity Dividends Total comprehensive income	- -	(373,000) 867,499	- -	(373,000) 867,499
Balance at 30th June 2015	500,000	3,114,045	<del></del>	3,614,045
Changes in equity Dividends Total comprehensive income	<u>-</u>	(453,000) 994,152	- (46,340)	(453,000) 947,812
Balance at 30th June 2016	500,000	3,655,197	(46,340)	4,108,857

# Cash Flow Statement FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2016

Notes	2016 £	2015 £
Cash flows from operating activities	£	I,
Cash generated from operations 1	961,318	366,339
nterest paid	(276)	(502)
Tax paid	(226,003)	(161,538)
Net cash from operating activities	735,039	204,299
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of tangible fixed assets	(21,016)	(5,602)
Sale of tangible fixed assets	<del>_</del>	122
Net cash from investing activities	(21,016)	(5,480)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Amount withdrawn by directors	(1,270)	-
Equity dividends paid	(453,000)	(373,000)
Net cash from financing activities	(454,270)	(373,000)
ncrease/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning	259,753	(174,181)
of year 2	1,286,594	1,460,775
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	(57,925)	<u> </u>
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year 2	1,488,422	1,286,594

## Notes to the Cash Flow Statement FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2016

1.	RECONCILIATION OF PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR T	O CASH GENERATED FROM O	PERATIONS
		2016	2015
		£	£
	Profit for the financial year	994,152	867,499
	Depreciation charges	10,384	5,393
	Loss on disposal of fixed assets	-	139
	Finance costs	276	502
	Taxation	245,752	226,003
		1,250,564	1,099,536
	Decrease/(increase) in stocks	130,910	(266,960)
	Increase in trade and other debtors	(654,494)	(543,115)
	Increase in trade and other creditors	234,338	76,878
	Cash generated from operations	961,318	366,339

### 2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The amounts disclosed on the Cash Flow Statement in respect of cash and cash equivalents are in respect of these Balance Sheet amounts:

Year ended 30th June 2016		
	30.6.16	1.7.15
	£	£
Cash and cash equivalents	1,488,422	1,286,594
Year ended 30th June 2015		
	30.6.15	1.7.14
	£	£
Cash and cash equivalents	1,286,594	1,460,775
·		·

### Notes to the Financial Statements FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2016

### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

### Significant judgements and estimates

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

No judgements (apart from those involving estimates) have been made in the process of applying the accounting policies set of below.

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year include:

### (i) Stock provision

The company is a wholesaler of automotive parts which are subject to changing consumer demands. As a result it is necessary to consider the net realisable value of stock and the associated provision for impairment. In calculating the stock impairment provision, management considers the nature and condition of the stock as well as the anticipated saleability of goods held.

#### **Turnover**

Turnover represents the sales value of goods sold, excluding value added tax and is net of sales returns, trade discounts and rebates.

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that economic benefits will flow to the company and that such benefits can be reliably measured. Revenue is recognised upon when goods are despatched.

### Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Plant and machinery Fixtures and fittings

25% on reducing balance25% on reducing balance

Motor vehicles Computer equipment 25% on reducing balance25% on reducing balance

### Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Cost is based upon the cost of purchase on a weighed average basis.

At each balance sheet date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stock is impaired, the carrying value is reduced to its expected selling price less costs to sell. The impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided for in full on timing differences which result in an obligation at the balance sheet date to pay more tax, or a right to pay less tax, at a future date, at rates expected to apply when they crystallise based on current tax rates and laws. Timing differences arise from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in financial statements. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is regarded as more likely than not that they will be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

### Foreign currencies

The company's functional and presentational currency is Sterling. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Exchange differences are recognised in profit or loss except when deferred in other comprehensive income as qualifying cash flow hedges.

### Notes to the Financial Statements - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2016

### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

### Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

### Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

### 2. TURNOVER

The turnover and profit before taxation are attributable to the one principal activity of the company.

An analysis of turnover by geographical market is given below:

	United Kingdom Rest of European Union Rest of World	2016 £ 11,100,141 2,100,873 475,231 13,676,245	2015 £ 7,768,192 3,495,707 425,815 11,689,714
3.	STAFF COSTS	2242	0045
	Wages and salaries Other pension costs	2016 £ 484,107 996	2015 £ 385,686
		485,103	385,686
	The average monthly number of employees during the year was as follows:	2016	2015
	Management	1	1
	Administration and warehouse	11 12	11 12 ===
4.	OPERATING PROFIT		
	The operating profit is stated after charging:		
	Other operating leases	2016 £ 147,942	2015 £ 97,938
	Depreciation - owned assets	10,383	5,392
	Loss on disposal of fixed assets Auditors' remuneration	11,906	8,700 ======
	Director's remuneration	130,268	105,675
5.	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES	2016	2015
	Bank interest	£ 276 ———	£ 502

# Notes to the Financial Statements - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2016

6.	TAXATION			
	Analysis of the tax charge The tax charge on the profit on ordinary activities for the year was a	s follows:	2016 £	2015 £
	Current tax: UK corporation tax		245,752	226,003
	Tax on profit on ordinary activities		245,752	226,003
				====
	Reconciliation of total tax charge included in profit and loss The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of explained below:	corporation to	ax in the UK. T	he difference is
			2016	2015
	Profit on ordinary activities before tax		£ 1,239,904 ————	£ 1,093,502
	Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporatax in the UK of 20% (2015 - 20.750%)	ation	247,981	226,902
	Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Capital allowances in excess of depreciation Marginal relief		49 (2,278) -	129 (264) (764)
	Total tax charge		245,752	226,003
	Tax effects relating to effects of other comprehensive income			
	Cash flow hedges - fair value movement	Gross £ (57,925) (57,925)	2016 Tax £ 11,585 11,585	Net £ (46,340) (46,340)
	Deferred tax relating to timing differences is provided only in so far a in the foreseeable future.	as a liability o	r asset is expect	ed to crystallise
	Deferred tax has been provided at the rate of 20%.			
7.	DIVIDENDS		2016	2015
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	•	£	£
	Interim		453,000	373,000

## Notes to the Financial Statements - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2016

8.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS					
		Plant and machinery £	Fixtures and fittings £	Motor vehicles £	Computer equipment £	Totals £
	COST					
	At 1st July 2015	18,752	45,208	21,162	20,222	105,344
	Additions	361	- (22.005)	19,590	1,065	21,016
	Disposals	(12,902)	(23,885)	<u> </u>	(7,163) ———	(43,950)
	At 30th June 2016	6,211	21,323	40,752	14,124	82,410
	DEPRECIATION	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
	At 1st July 2015	15,771	38,185	19,964	15,411	89,331
	Charge for year	934	2,326	5,197	1,926	10,383
	Eliminated on disposal	(12,902)	(23,885)	3,137	(7,163)	(43,950)
	Ziiiiiiiatoa oir alopoodi		<del></del>			
	At 30th June 2016	3,803	16,626	25,161	10,174	55,764
	NET BOOK VALUE					
	At 30th June 2016	2,408	4,697	15,591	3,950	26,646
	At 30th June 2015	2,981	7,023	1,198	4,811	16,013
9.	STOCKS				2016	2015
					£	£
	Goods for resale				1,169,060	1,299,970
10.	DEBTORS					
10.	DED TORRO				2016	2015
					£	£
	Amounts falling due within one	year:				
	Trade debtors				2,035,382	1,656,020
	Other debtors				283,263	263
	Prepayments and accrued inco	ome	•		44,264	52,132
					2,362,909	1,708,415
	Amounts falling due after more Deferred tax	than one year:			11,585	
	Deletied (ax				====	<u> </u>
	Aggregate amounts				2,374,494	1,708,415

The deferred tax asset is attributable to the expected future tax relief on unrealised exchange losses arising from cash flow hedging activities . It is anticipated that this will be realised in the short term.

### Notes to the Financial Statements - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2016

erivative con irectors' curroccruals and continuous and continuous least vithin one year etween one and more than fire the continuous and more than firectors.	and other taxes tracts ent accounts deferred income  REEMENTS e payments under non-cancell ar and five years	able operating leases fall due as folio	2016 £ 457,064 245,752 73,386 57,925 115,638 949,765 2016 £ 147,000 98,000	2015 £ 303,803 226,003 53,920 1,270 1111,951 696,947 2015 £ 102,000 408,000 25,500
ax ocial security erivative con irectors' curre ccruals and c  EASING AGI linimum lease vithin one yea etween one a more than fi	and other taxes tracts ent accounts deferred income  REEMENTS e payments under non-cancell ar and five years we years	able operating leases fall due as follo	457,064 245,752 73,386 57,925 115,638 949,765 2016 £ 147,000 98,000	303,803 226,003 53,920 1,270 1111,951 696,947 2015 £ 102,000 408,000 25,500
ax ocial security erivative con irectors' curre ccruals and c  EASING AGI linimum lease vithin one yea etween one a more than fi	and other taxes tracts ent accounts deferred income  REEMENTS e payments under non-cancell ar and five years we years	able operating leases fall due as follo	245,752 73,386 57,925 115,638 949,765 2016 £ 147,000 98,000	226,003 53,920 1,270 1111,951 696,947 2015 £ 102,000 408,000 25,500
ocial security erivative con irectors' curre ccruals and continuous and continuou	tracts ent accounts deferred income  REEMENTS e payments under non-cancell ar and five years we years	able operating leases fall due as follo	73,386 57,925 115,638 949,765 2016 £ 147,000 98,000	53,920 1,270 111,951 696,947 2015 £ 102,000 408,000 25,500
erivative con irectors' curroccruals and continuous and continuous least vithin one year etween one and more than fire the continuous and more than firectors.	tracts ent accounts deferred income  REEMENTS e payments under non-cancell ar and five years we years	able operating leases fall due as follo	57,925 	1,270 111,951 696,947 2015 £ 102,000 408,000 25,500
EASING AGI linimum lease vithin one yea etween one a more than fi	ent accounts deferred income  REEMENTS e payments under non-cancell ar and five years we years	able operating leases fall due as folio	115,638 949,765 949,765 2016 £ 147,000 98,000	2015 £ 102,000 408,000 25,500
EASING AGI linimum lease Vithin one yea etween one a n more than fi	REEMENTS e payments under non-cancell ar and five years we years	able operating leases fall due as follo	949,765 9016 £ 147,000 98,000	2015 £ 102,000 408,000 25,500
linimum lease  Vithin one yea etween one a n more than fi	e payments under non-cancell ar and five years ve years	able operating leases fall due as follo	2016 £ 147,000 98,000	2015 £ 102,000 408,000 25,500
linimum lease  Vithin one yea etween one a n more than fi	e payments under non-cancell ar and five years ve years	able operating leases fall due as follo	2016 £ 147,000 98,000	£ 102,000 408,000 25,500
Vithin one yea etween one a n more than fi	ar and five years ve years	able operating leases fall due as follo	2016 £ 147,000 98,000	£ 102,000 408,000 25,500
Vithin one yea etween one a n more than fi	ar and five years ve years		2016 £ 147,000 98,000	£ 102,000 408,000 25,500
etween one and more than fi	and five years ve years		147,000 98,000 -	102,000 408,000 25,500
etween one and more than fi	and five years ve years		98,000	408,000 25,500
n more than fi	ve years			25,500
ALLED UP S			245,000	
	HARE CAPITAL		245,000	535,500
	HARE CAPITAL			
	d and fully paid:			
umber:	Class:	Nominal	2016	2015
		value:	£	£
00,000	Ordinary	£1	500,000	500,000
ESERVES				
			_	<b>-</b>
				Totals £
		£	L	L
t 1st July 201	5	3,114,045	-	3,114,045
rofit for the ye	ear	994,152		994,152
ividends		(453,000)		(453,000
	ement	-		(57,925
axation		<del>-</del>	11,585	11,585
t 30th June 2	016	3,655,197	(46,340) ———	3,608,857
t r a	1st July 201 ofit for the ye vidends ir value mov xation	1st July 2015 ofit for the year vidends ir value movement	Retained earnings £  1st July 2015 ofit for the year vidends ir value movement xation  Retained earnings £  3,114,045 994,152 (453,000)	1st July 2015       3,114,045       -         ofit for the year       994,152         vidends       (453,000)         ir value movement       -       (57,925)         xation       11,585

#### 15. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

Impala Fabrics Limited
A company in which Mr Joseph J Jacob is a director

During the year, the company supplied goods to the value of £33,769.

	2016	2015
	£	£
Amount due from related party at the balance sheet date	30,523	-
Provisions for doubtful debt at the balance sheet date	(30,523)	-

### Notes to the Financial Statements - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2016

### 15. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES - continued

### Michael Jacob

A major shareholder

Consultancy services to a value of £36,000 (2015: £50,014).

### 16. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

In the opinion of the director, there is no ultimate controlling party.

### 17. FIRST YEAR ADOPTION

The policies applied under the entity's previous accounting framework are not materially different to FRS 102 and have not impacted on equity or profit or loss.