#### **COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 03726880**

# Anglian Insulations Limited Unaudited financial statements 30 September 2022



#### Statement of financial position

#### 30 September 2022

		2022		2021	
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets Tangible assets	6		87,957		77,448
Current assets Stocks Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	7	40,226 226,026 349,337 615,589		47,340 149,316 268,765 465,421	
Prepayments and accrued income		5,394		4,291	
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	8	(167,083)		(107,079)	
Net current assets			453,900		362,633
Total assets less current liabilities			541,857		440,081
Provisions			(16,686)		(14,715)
Accruals and deferred income			(16,159)		(11,897)
Net assets			509,012		413,469
Capital and reserves Called up share capital Profit and loss account			1,000 508,012		1,000 412,469
Shareholders funds			509,012		413,469

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

For the year ending 30 September 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

#### Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The statement of financial position continues on the following page.

# Statement of financial position (continued)

### 30 September 2022

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on ...24.2.23....., and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr P. W. Hipperson

Director

Company registration number: 03726880

#### Notes to the financial statements

#### Year ended 30 September 2022

#### 1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Bankside 300, Peachman Way, Broadland Business Park, Norwich, Norfolk, NR7 0LB. The trading address is Frost Industrial Estate, Bidewell Close, Drayton High Road, Drayton, Norfolk, NR8 6AP.

#### 2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

#### 3. Accounting policies

#### **Basis of preparation**

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

#### Revenue recognition

Turnover is the total amount receivable by the company for goods supplied and services provided, excluding VAT and trade discounts.

#### Income tax

Provision is made, under the liability method, to take account of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for accounts purposes and their treatment for tax purposes. Tax deferred or accelerated is accounted for in respect of all material timing differences to the extent that it is considered that a net liability may arise.

#### Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

#### **Depreciation**

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Leasehold Land and Buildings

10% straight line

Plant & Machinery Office Equipment

20 - 50% straight line15 - 33% straight line

Motor Vehicles

25% reducing balance

#### Notes to the financial statements (continued)

#### Year ended 30 September 2022

#### 3. Accounting policies (continued)

#### Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is computed on a first in first out basis. The cost of work in progress and finished goods includes all production overheads and depreciation and the attributable proportion of indirect overheads based on the normal level of activity. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price less the estimated cost of disposal.

#### Finance leases and hire purchase contracts

Assets held under finance leases are recognised in the statement of financial position as assets and liabilities at the lower of the fair value of the assets and the present value of the minimum lease payments, which is determined at the inception of the lease term. Any initial direct costs of the lease are added to the amount recognised as an asset.

#### Government grants

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable. Grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the company will comply with the conditions attaching to them and the grants will be received.

Government grants are recognised using the accrual model:

Under the accrual model, government grants relating to revenue are recognised on a systematic basis over the periods in which the company recognises the related costs for which the grant is intended to compensate. Grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the entity with no future related costs are recognised in income in the period in which it becomes receivable.

#### **Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense.

Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period it arises.

#### **Defined contribution plans**

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company. The annual contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account.

#### 4. Employee numbers

The average number of employees during the year was 17 (2021: 16).

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# Notes to the financial statements (continued)

# Year ended 30 September 2022

5.	Intangible assets					
						Goodwill £
	Cost At 1 October 2021 and 30 S	September 202	22			125,000
•	Amortisation At 1 October 2021 and 30 \$		125,000			
	Carrying amount At 30 September 2022					
	At 30 September 2021					_
6.	Tangible assets					
		Land and buildings £	Plant and machinery £	Fixtures and fittings £	Motor vehicles £	Total £
	Cost At 1 October 2021 Additions Disposals	58,866 - -	122,938 208 –	36,243 1,355 –	192,144 32,200 (6,995)	410,191 33,763 (6,995)
	At 30 September 2022	58,866	123,146	37,598	217,349	436,959
	<b>Depreciation</b> At 1 October 2021 Charge for the year Disposals	58,866 - -	114,080 3,988 –	33,589 1,667	126,208 16,112 (5,508)	332,743 21,767 (5,508)
	At 30 September 2022	58,866	118,068	35,256	136,812	349,002
	Carrying amount At 30 September 2022		5,078	2,342	80,537	87,957
	At 30 September 2021	_	8,858	2,654	65,936	77,448
7.	Debtors					
					2022 £	2021 £
	Trade debtors Other debtors				181,032 44,994	120,546 28,770
					226,026	149,316
8.	Creditors: Amounts falling	due within o	ne year			
					2022	2021
	Trade creditors Social security and other tax Other creditors	es			<b>£</b> 113,496 29,793 23,794	£ 68,511 21,588 16,980
					167,083	107,079

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# **Anglian Insulations Limited**

#### Notes to the financial statements (continued)

#### Year ended 30 September 2022

#### 8. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year (continued)

Included within other creditors falling due within one year are finance leases and hire purchases agreements totalling £Nil (2021: £4,093) secured on the assets to which they relate.

# 9. Operating leases

The total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	•	 2022	2021
Not later than 1 year		£ 3,375	£ 3,375