OVERGATE GP LIMITED
REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED TO 31 MARCH 2013

WEDNESDAY

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31/07/2013 COMPANIES HOUSE #259

Directors' Report for the year ended 31 March 2013

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2013

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The results are set out in the Income Statement on page 4

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend for the year ended 31 March 2013 (2012 £Nil)

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of Overgate GP Limited is to act as General Partner to the Overgate Limited Partnership

No changes in the Company's principal activity are anticipated in the foreseeable future

GOING CONCERN

The directors believe that preparing the financial statements on the going concern basis is appropriate due to the continued financial support of the ultimate parent company Land Securities Group PLC. The directors have received confirmation that Land Securities Group PLC intends to support the Company for at least one year after these financial statements are signed.

DIRECTORS

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of this report unless otherwise stated were

D L F Holi

R J Akers

A P Blake

G R Jennings

M F Greenslade

(appointed 30 September 2012)

(resigned 30 September 2012)

SMALL COMPANIES EXEMPTION

The Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to small companies within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006

INDEMNITY

The Company has made qualifying third party indemnity provisions for the benefit of the respective directors which were in place throughout the year and which remain in place at the date of this report

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

In the case of each director in office at the date the Directors' Report is approved, the following applies

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and
- he has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information

Registered Office 5 Strand London WC2N 5AF

By order of the Board L F Turner, for and on behalf of LS Company Secretaries Limited Company Secretary 24 July 2013

Registered in England and Wales Registered number 3720195

Directors' Responsibilities in respect of the directors' report and the financial statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the EU and applicable law. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether they have been prepared in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the EU, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Independent Auditors' Report to the Members of Overgate GP Limited for the year ended 31 March 2013

We have audited the financial statements of Overgate GP Limited for the year ended 31 March 2013 which comprise the Statement of Financial Position, the Income Statement, the Statement of Cash Flow, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the European Union

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page 2 the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the report and financial statements to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2013 and of its loss for the year then ended,
- · have been properly prepared in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the EU, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by
 us or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies' exemption in preparing the Directors' Report

Parwinder Purewal (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors
London
24 July 2013

Income Statement for the year ended 31 March 2013

	Notes	Year ended 31 March 2013 £	Period from 1 July 2011 to 31 March 2012 £
Net revenue Administrative expenses	2		- -
Operating profit Interest payable and similar charges	5	(124)	(18,746)
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation Taxation	4	(124) (2,032)	(18,746)
Loss for the financial year		(2,156)	(18,746)

Statement of Changes in Equity

	Share Capital £	Retained Earnings £	Total Equity
At 1 July 2011	15	814	829
Loss for the financial period		(18,746)	(18,746)
Balance as at 31 March 2012	15	(17,932)	(17,917)
At 1 April 2012	15	(17,932)	(17,917)
Loss for the financial year	-	(2,156)	(2,156)
Balance as at 31 March 2013	15	(20,088)	(20,073)

All amounts arise from continuing operations

There is no difference between reported loss and historical cost loss on ordinary activities before taxation. There are no recognised gains or losses other than those shown in the Income Statement above.

Statement of Financial Position as at 31 March 2013			
	Notes	2013 £	2012 £
Non-current assets		-	_
Investments	•	4	4
Investment in a partnership	6	1	
Current assets			
Trade and other receivables	7	1	-
Current habilities	_		
Trade and other payables	8	(20,075)	(17,918)
Net current liabilities		(20,074)	(17,918)
	•	(20,01.1)	(1)/5.5/
Total assets less current liabilities		(20,073)	(17,917)
Net liabilities		(20,073)	(17,917)
Equity			
Ordinary shares	9	15	15
Retained earnings	J	(20,088)	(17,932)
recomes carrings		(23,000)	(17,002)
Total equity		(20,073)	(17,917)

The notes to and forming part of these financial statements are set out on pages 7 to 9 $\,$

The financial statements were approved by the board directors on 24 July 2013 and were signed on its behalf by

Statement of Cash Flow for the year ended 31 March 2013

	31 March	Period from 1 July 2011 to March 2012 £
Loss for the financial year / period Adjustments for Interest payable and similar charges Cash generated from operations	(2,156) 2,156	(18,746) 18,746
Interest paid Net cash (outflow) / inflow from operating activities	- -	- -
Cash flow from investing activities Interest payable and similar charges Net cash from investing activities	 :	
Distributions paid to shareholders	-	-
Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at 1 April / 1 July	-	-
Cash and Cash equivalents at 31 March		-

1. Accounting Policies

Overgate GP Limited is a company incorporated in the UK. The Company's financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis, under the historical cost convention, in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU ("Adopted IFRS") and its interpretations as adopted by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB)

The accounting policies set out below have, unless otherwise stated, been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements

(a) Income

Income is stated net of value added tax and is derived from the provision of fund and asset management services

(b) Interest

Interest is accounted for on an accruals basis

(c) Taxation

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the period, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date, and any adjustment to the tax payable in respect of previous period

(d) Key estimates and judgements

These financial statements are prepared under IFRSs as adopted by the EU. The choice of accounting policies involves, in some cases, management evaluating and choosing the policy that gives the most true and fair view. The most relevant to the Company is in relation to provision for doubtful debt.

(e) New standards and interpretations not yet adopted

The accounting policies are consistent with those applied in the year ended 31 March 2012, as amended to reflect the adoption of the new Standards, Amendments to Standards and Interpretations which are mandatory for the year ended 31 March 2013

The following IFRS accounting standards and interpretations relevant to the entity have been issued but are not yet effective, or have not yet been adopted by the EU. None of these standards or interpretations have been adopted early by the entity. The entity is in the process of assessing the impact of these new standards and interpretations on its financial reporting. None of these standards are expected to have a significant impact on the entity's reporting, although some may require additional disclosures to be included in the notes to the financial statements.

- IAS 1 (amendment) 'Presentation of Financial Statements'
- IAS 12 (amendment) 'Income Tax'

2. Administrative expenses

The directors of the Company received no emoluments from Land Securities Properties Limited for their services to the Company The amounts allocated to services for this Company were of negligible value (2012 £Nil)

The Company did not employ any staff during the year (2012 None)

3 Auditors' remuneration

The Group's auditors' remuneration is borne by Land Securities Properties Limited. The proportion of the remuneration which relates to the Company amounts to £1,471 (2012 £1,636). The auditors received no remuneration for non-audit services provided to the Company during the year (2012 £Nil).

	-	
	Year ended 31 March 2013 £	Period from 1 July 2011 to 31 March 2012 £
analysis of tax charge for the year adjustments to current tax in respect of prior years	2,032	-
Corporation tax on loss for the year otal current tax	2,032	
The above tax calculation is an estimate prepared at the time of signing the financial statements. Any nland Revenue will be reflected in the financial statements for the period in which such financial agreements affecting the tax charge for the year. The tax assessed for the period is higher than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 24% (2).	ement is reached	agreed with
6%) he differences are explained below		
oss on ordinary activities before taxation	(124)	(18,746)
oss on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate in the UK at 24% (2012 26%)	(30)	(4,874)
ffect of xpenses not deductible for tax purposes	1,437	150
djustments in respect of prior years exempt property gains in the year ended 31 March 2013 / 31 March 2012	2,032 (1,407)	- 4,724
Current tax charge for the year ended 31 March 2013	2,032	
. Interest payable and other similar charges		
	Year ended 31 March 2013 £	Period from 1 July 2011 to 31 March 2012 £
undry	124	2,911
On an amount owed to a group undertaking	124	15,835 18,746
i. Investments		
. mvesuments		
	2013 £	2012 £
quity investment in Overgate Limited Partnership	1	1
he investment represents the participation in the Overgate Limited Partnership held by the company	as General Partner	
The holding is included in the balance sheet at cost. The directors are satisfied that the investment is tated in the balance sheet.	s worth at least the amount	at which it is
. Trade and other receivables		
	2013 £	2012 £
Corporation tax	1	
. Trade and other payables	_,	
	2013 £	2012 £
Corporation tax	•	5,370
axation and social security Imounts owed to a group undertaking	20,075	12,548
anounts owed to a group undertaking		

9. Ordinary shares

		Issued	Allotted and	l fully paid
	2013 Number	2012 Number	2013 £	2012 £
Ordinary shares of £0 01 each	1,471	1,471	15	15

10 Ultimate parent company and parent undertaking of a larger group of which the Company is a member

The immediate parent company is Overgate GP Investments Limited

The ultimate parent company and controlling party at 31 March 2013 was Land Securities Group PLC, which is registered in England and Wales. This is the largest parent company of the group to consolidate these financial statements.

Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2013 for Land Securities Group PLC can be obtained from the Company Secretary, 5 Strand, London WC2N 5AF This is the largest and smallest Group to include these financial statements in its consolidated financial statements

11. Related party disclosures

At the year end, the Company owed £20,075 to Land Securities Properties Limited (2012 £Nil)

12. Subsequent events

There have been no significant post balance sheet events

13. Financial support

The ultimate parent company has informed the Company that it is its present intention to continue to provide financial support to the Company to enable it to meet its liabilities as they fall due

Registered Number LP006306

OVERGATE LIMITED PARTNERSHIP
REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2013

THESE PARTNERSHIP
ACCOUNTS FORM

PANT OF THE PUCCUNTS

OF COMPANY

3720195

General Partner's Report for the year ended 31 March 2013

The General Partner submits its report with the audited financial statements of the Limited Partnership for the year ended 31 March 2013

RESULTS FOR THE YEAR

The results are set out in the Profit and Loss Account on page 3

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY, REVIEW OF THE BUSINESS AND FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

The Limited Partnership has continued its property investment in Scotland No changes in the Limited Partnership's principal activity are anticipated in the foreseeable future

PARTNERS

Overgate GP Limited, with a 0 01% interest, acts as the General Partner to the Limited Partnership. The remaining Limited Partner and its percentage holding is

Overgate Jersey Unit Trust

99 9271%

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES OF THE PARTNERSHIP

The principal risk facing the Limited Partnership is that poor performance of the investment property might have a material impact on the asset valuation and rental income in the financial statements. The Limited Partnership's performance during the year indicates a satisfactory performance of the investment property held.

KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

The directors assess the performance of the Company by reference to the valuation surplus / deficit upon revaluation of the Company's investment properties and profit before tax

GENERAL PARTNER'S RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Overgate Limited Partnership ("the Limited Partnership") is registered pursuant to the provisions of The Limited Partnerships Act 1907. The Partnerships and Unlimited Companies (Accounts) Regulations 2008 (SI 1993/1820) require certain qualifying partnerships to prepare and have audited annual accounts and reports as required for a company by the Companies Act 2006. The Limited Partnership is a qualifying partnership as all its members are limited companies.

Overgate GP Limited acting as the General Partner is responsible under the Limited Partnership Deed for the preparation of the Limited Partnership accounts in accordance with English law and generally accepted accounting principles and practices in the UK

The General Partner is required to prepare financial statements for each financial period, which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Limited Partnership as at the end of the financial period and of the profit or loss of the Limited Partnership for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the General Partner is required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Limited Partnership will continue in business

The General Partner is responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Limited Partnership and to enable it to ensure that the financial statements comply with SI 1993/1820 (Regulation 4). It is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Limited Partnership and for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

STATEMENT OF DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

In the case of each director of the general partner in office at the date the General Partners' Report is approved, the following applies

- . so far as the director is aware, #ffere is no relevant audit information of which the Limited Partnership's auditors are unaware, and
- he has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to
 establish that the Limited/Partnership's auditors are aware of that information

A P Blake Director For and on behalf of the General Partner,

Overgate GP Limited 24 July 2013

Independent Auditors' Report to the Partners of Overgate Limited Partnership for the year ended 31 March 2013

We have audited the financial statements of Overgate Limited Partnership for the year ended 31 March 2013 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses, the Reconciliation of Movements in Net Funds Attributable to Partners, the Balance Sheet and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Respective responsibilities of the General Partner and auditors

As explained more fully in the Statement of General Partner's Responsibilities set out on page 1, the General Partner is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the partners of the qualifying partnership as a body in accordance with the Companies Act 2006 as applied to qualifying partnerships by the Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the qualifying partnership's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the General Partner; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the report and financial statements to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the qualifying partnership's affairs as at 31 March 2013 and of its result for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applied to qualifying partnerships by The Partnerships (Accounts) Regulations 2008

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 as applied to qualifying partnerships requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- · certain disclosures of partners' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Parwinder Purewal (Senior Statutory Auditor) For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors London 24 July 2013

Page 2

Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31 March 2013

	Notes	2013 £'000	15 months to 31 March 2012 £'000
Turnover Gross property income	2	12,876	15,948
Net rental income	2	8,791	10,537
Property management and administrative expenses	3	(323)	(958)
Profit before interest		8,468	9,579
Interest receivable and similar income	4	-	3
Interest payable and similar charges	5	•	(3)
Profit transferred to Partners' current accounts		8,468	9,579

Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses for the year ended 31 March 2013

			15 months to 31 March
	Notes	2013 £'000	2012 £'000
Profit transferred to Partners' current accounts Unrealised (deficit) / surplus on revaluation of investment properties Total gains and losses recognised since the last financial statements	6,11	8,468 (17,786) (9,318)	9,579 3,138 12,717

Reconciliation of Movements in Net Funds Attributable to Partners for the year ended 31 March 2013

	Notes	2013 £'000	2012 £'000
Profit transferred to Partners' current accounts Unrealised (deficit) / surplus on revaluation of investment properties Distributions	10 6 , 11 10	8,468 (17,786) (6,924)	9,579 3,138 (8,976)
Net change in net funds attributable to Partners Opening net funds		(16,242) 144,684	3,741 140,943
Closing net funds attributable to Partners		128,442	144,684

All amounts arise from continuing operations

There is no difference between reported profit and historical cost profit on ordinary activities before taxation

Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2013	•		
	Notes	2013 £'000	2012 £'000
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets			
Investment properties ,	6	124,659	143,285
Current assets			
Debtors	7	6,965	4,809
Cash at bank and in hand		457	148
		7,422	4,957
Creditors amounts falling due within one year	8	(3,639)	(3,558)
Net current assets		3,783	1,399
Total assets less current liabilities		128,442	144,684
Capital and reserves			
Partners' capital accounts	9	1	1
Advances from partners	9	135,615	135,615
Capital reserves	9	(1,537)	(1,537)
Partners' current accounts	10	5,049	3,505
Revaluation reserve	11	(10,686)	7,100
Partners' funds		128,442	144,684

The financial statements on pages 3 to 8 were approved by the General Partner on 24 July 2013

Signed on behalf of the General Partner

Overgate GP Limited

1. Accounting Policies

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis, under the historical cost convention, in accordance with the Companies Act 2006 and applicable United Kingdom accounting standards, modified by the revaluation of investment properties. Compliance with SSAP19 'Accounting for Investment Properties' requires a departure from the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to depreciation and amortisation and an explanation of this departure is given in policy h (ii) below

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the Limited Partnership's financial statements

(a) Profit and Loss Account and other primary statements

The profit transferred to partners' current accounts is arrived at after taking into account income and outgoings on all properties, including those under development. In accordance with FRS3 'Reporting Financial Performance', profits and losses on properties sold during the period are calculated by comparing net sales proceeds with book values.

Surpluses and deficits relating to previous years realised on investment properties sold during the year are transferred directly from the revaluation reserve to the profit and loss reserve and do not pass through the Profit and Loss Account

Unrealised capital surpluses and deficits, including those arising on the periodic revaluation of properties, are taken to the revaluation reserve

(b) Gross property income

The gross property income comprises rental income, service charges and other recoveries from tenants of investment properties

Income is credited to the Profit and Loss Account as space and other services are provided to customers. Gross property income includes costs recovered from tenants. Rental income includes the net income from managed operations such as car parks, food courts, serviced offices and flats.

Service charges and other recoveries include income in relation to service charges and directly recoverable expenditure together with any chargeable management fee In accordance with the Accounting Standards Board's (ASB) Urgent Issues Task Force Abstract 28 'Operating Lease Incentives' (UITF28) the Limited Partnership treats any incentive for lessees to enter into lease agreements as a revenue cost and accounts for rental income from the commencement date of any rent-free period. The cost of all lease incentives (such as rent-free periods or contributions to tenants' fitting out costs) is, therefore, offset against the total rent due The net rental income is then spread evenly over the shorter of the period from the rent commencement date to the date of the next rent review or the lease end date

(c) Taxation

The Partnership is not subject to taxation itself. Partners liable to taxation on their share of surplus in the Partnership are responsible for settling these liabilities independently of the Partnership.

(d) Impairment of assets

Assets are reviewed annually for impairment Where impairment exists the asset is written down to its net realisable value

(e) Debtors

All trade debtors are recognised at the amounts receivable less any provision for doubtful debts. Recoverability of trade debtors is reviewed on an ongoing basis.

(f) Cash

Cash comprises cash in hand and bank deposits that can be withdrawn immediately or within twenty four hours without penalty

(g) Borrowings

Borrowings other than bank overdrafts are recognised initially at fair value less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, borrowings are stated at amortised cost with any difference between the amount initially recognised and redemption value being recognised in the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the borrowings, using the effective interest method

(h) Investment properties

ı Valuation

Investment properties are those properties, either owned by the Company or where the Company is a lessee under a finance lease, that are held either to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or both

Investment properties are measured initially at cost, including related transaction costs. After initial recognition at cost, investment properties are carried at their market value based on valuations determined by professional external valuers at each reporting date. Any gain or loss on remeasurement is taken direct to equity unless any loss in the period exceeds any net cumulative gain previously recognised in equity. In the latter case, the amount by which the loss in the period exceeds the net cumulative gain previously recognised is taken to the Profit and Loss Account if considered permanent in nature, otherwise is recognised in equity.

Properties are treated as acquired at the point when the Company assumes the significant risks and returns of ownership and as disposed when these are transferred to the buyer. Additions to investment properties consist of costs of a capital nature and, in the case of investment properties under development, capitalised interest (see note (ii) below). Certain internal staff and associated costs.

directly attributable to the management of major schemes during the construction phase are also capitalised

ii Depreciation and amortisation

In accordance with SSAP19 'Accounting for Investment Properties', depreciation is not provided on investment properties that are held as freeholds or on leases having more than 20 years unexpired This is a departure from the Companies Act 2006 which requires all tangible assets to be depreciated. In the opinion of the directors, this departure is necessary for the financial statements to give a true and fair view and comply with applicable accounting standards which require properties to be included in the financial statements at market value. The effect of depreciation is implicitly reflected in the valuation of investment properties, and the amount attributable to this factor cannot reasonably be separately identified or quantified by the valuers Had the provisions of the Act been followed, net assets would not have been affected but revenue profits would have been reduced for this period and earlier years and revaluation surpluses/deficits correspondingly have been increased / decreased

(i) Segmental reporting

The Limited Partnership's activities consist solely of property investment in the United Kingdom

1,299

141,986

2. Net rental income 2012 2013 £'000 £'000 Rental income 12,702 10.566 Service charges and other recoveries 2,310 3,246 15,948 Gross property income 12,876 (4,085)(5,411) Other direct property or contract expenditure Net rental income 8,791 10,537

Other property outgoings are costs incurred in the direct maintenance and upkeep of investment properties. Void costs, which include those relating to empty properties pending redevelopment and refurbishment, costs of investigating potential development schemes which are not proceeded with, and costs in respect of housekeepers and outside staff directly responsible for property services, are also included

3. Property management and administrative expenses

Property management and administrative expenses consist of all costs of managing the property, together with the costs of rent reviews and renewals, re-lettings of the property and management services as explained in note (a) below. No staff costs or overheads are capitalised

(a) Management services

The Limited Partnership had no employees during the year (2012 None) Management services were provided to the Limited Partnership throughout the year by Land Securities Properties Limited, a related party

(b) Directors' emoluments / Corporate Services

The directors of the General Partner received no emoluments for their services to the Limited Partnership The amounts allocated to services for this Limited Partnership were £Nil (2012 £Nil)

(c) Auditors' remuneration

Net book value at 31 March 2012

The Group's auditors' remuneration is borne by Land Securities Properties Limited The proportion of the remuneration which relates to the Partnership amounts to £1,471 (2012 £1,636) The auditors received no remuneration for non-audit services provided to the Limited Partnership during the year (2012 £Nil)

4 Interest receivable and similar income			_
		2013 £'000	2012 £'000
Sundry	_		3_
5. Interest payable and similar charges			_
		2013 £'000	2012 £'000
Sundry	_		3
6. Investment properties			=
		>50 years	
	Freehold £'000	to run £'000	Total £'000
At 1 April 2012	1,299	141,986	143,285
Over accrued expenditure Unrealised deficit on revaluation of investment properties	(300)	(840) (17,486)	(840) (17,786)
Net book value at 31 March 2013	999	123,660	124,659

The historical cost of the investment properties is £135,345,245 (2012 £136,185,397). The valuations are prepared by Knight Frank LLP, independent valuers in accordance with the valuation principles of the Appraisal and Valuation manual of the Royal Institute of Chartered Surveyors.

143,285

7. Debtors		·	
7. Debtois	 		
		2013 £'000	2012 £'000
Trade debtors		533	501
Amounts due from a related party		4,442	2,163
Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income		39 1,951	123 2,022
Prepayments and accided income	-	6,965	4,809
Amounts receivable from a related party are interest free and repayable on de	mand with no fixed repayment dat	е	
8. Creditors. amounts falling due within one year			
		2013	2012
		£.000	£'000
Capital creditors		_	49
Taxation and social security		425	-
Other creditors Accruals and deferred income		22 3,192	22 3,487
		3,639	3,558
9. Partners' capital accounts			
		Oversete	
	Overgate GP	Overgate (Jersey) Unit	
Partners' Capital Accounts at Cost	Limited £	Trust £	Total
			£
At 1 April 2012 and 31 March 2013	1	1,371	1,372
	Overnote CB	Overgate	
Partners' Loan Accounts	Overgate GP Limited	(Jersey) Unit Trust	Total
	£	£	£
At 1 April 2012 and 31 March 2013		135,615,201	135,615,201
		Overgate	
D		(Jersey) Unit	
Partners' Capital Reserves	Limited £	Trust £	Total £
At 1 April 2012 and 31 March 2013	(1,119)	(1,535,719)	(1,536,838)
	(),[113)	(1,555,115)	(1,000,000)
10. Partners' current accounts			
		Overgate	
	Overgate GP Limited	(Jersey) Unit Trust	Total
	£'000	£'000	£'000
At 1 April 2012	6	3,499	3,505
Profit for the financial year	6	8,462	8,468
Distributions to Partners At 31 March 2013	12	(6,924) 5,037	(6,924) 5,049
11. Revaluation reserve			
11. Revaluation reserve			
			Total
			£'000
At 1 April 2012			7,100
Unrealised deficit on revaluation of investment properties As at 31 March 2013			(17,786)
As at 31 March 2013			(10,686)

12. Cash flow statement exemption

No cash flow statements have been prepared as the Limited Partnership has elected to make use of the small companies exemption provided in Financial Reporting Standard 1 (revised 1996) "Cash Flow Statements"

13 Related party transactions

Other than disclosed in the notes, there were no material related party transactions during the year

14 Parent Company

The General Partner is responsible for the management and control of the Partnership. The ultimate parent company and controlling party of the General Partner at 31 March 2013 was Land Securities Group PLC, which is registered in England and Wales. This is the largest parent company of the group to consolidate these financial statements.

Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2013 for Land Securities Group PLC can be obtained from the Company Secretary, 5 Strand, London WC2N 5AF. This is the largest and smallest Group to include these financial statements in its consolidated financial statements.