SBP Chapman Stevens Limited Accounts for the Year Ended 30 April 2001

Company No. 3718512

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Registered No 3718512

DIRECTORS

S A Brooke (Chairman)
G W Bryant
I L Hall
R J Wagland
Z Zwierzewicz

SECRETARY

D A Smart

AUDITORS

Horwath Clark Whitehill
Chartered Accountants & Registered Auditors
Carrick House
Lypiatt Road
Cheltenham
Gloucestershire
GL50 2QJ

BANKERS

Lloyds TSB Bank plc 55 Corn Street Bristol BS99 7LE

SOLICITORS

Osborne Clarke 50 Queen Charlotte Street Bristol BS1 4HE

REGISTERED OFFICE

Oakfield House Oakfield Grove Clifton Bristol BS8 2BN

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their report and accounts for the year ended 30 April 2001.

REVIEW OF THE BUSINESS

The principal activity is that of insurance brokerage. The company expects to continue to develop its insurance brokerage activities in the future.

Turnover for the year was £690,752 (2000 £493,925). The directors are pleased to report profit for the year of £110,995 (2000 £82,841).

On 16 June 2000 SBP Group Limited acquired the entire share capital of SBP Chapman Stevens Limited from Simon Brooke & Partners Limited.

SBP Group Limited is the ultimate parent of SBP Chapman Stevens Limited.

During the year the company changed its bankers from Barclays Bank plc to Lloyds TSB Bank plc.

DIVIDENDS AND TRANSFERS TO RESERVES

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend on the ordinary share capital of the company.

It is proposed that the retained profit of £110,995 (2000 £82,841) be transferred to reserves.

DIRECTORS

The directors of the company during the year and their interests in the share capital of the company were as follows:

	Ordinary shares of £1 each		
	At 30 April 2001	At 1 May 2000	
S A Brooke	_	_	
G W Bryant	- -	- -	
I L Hall	-	-	
R J Wagland	-	-	
Z Zwierzewicz	-	-	

The interests of S A Brooke, R J Wagland and Z Zwierzewicz in the share capital of the parent company are disclosed in the accounts of that company. G W Bryant and I L Hall have no such interests.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are required by company law to prepare accounts for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company at the end of the financial year and of the profit or loss for that period. In preparing the accounts, suitable accounting policies have been used, applied consistently, and reasonable and prudent judgements have been made. The directors are also responsible for maintaining adequate accounting records, safeguarding the assets of the company, and preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities. The directors are satisfied that the business is a going concern.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (Continued)

AUDITORS

A resolution to re-appoint Horwath Clark Whitehill as auditors will be put to the members at the annual general meeting.

Approved by the Board of Directors and signed on behalf of the Board by

D A SMART

Secretary 16 January 2002

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF SBP CHAPMAN STEVENS LIMITED

We have audited the accounts of SBP Chapman Stevens Limited for the year ended 30 April 2001 set out on pages 5 to 14. These accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and the accounting policies set out on pages 7 and 8.

RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND AUDITORS

As described in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the accounts in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards.

Our responsibility is to audit the accounts in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the accounts give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors' Report is not consistent with the accounts, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the Director's Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

BASIS OF AUDIT OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the accounts. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the accounts, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the accounts are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the accounts.

OPINION

In our opinion the accounts give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 April 2001 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Horwath Clark Whitehill

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors Cheltenham

18 Tenury 2002

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2001

	Note	2001 £	2000 £
TURNOVER	2	690,752	493,925
Administrative expenses		574,182	384,716
OPERATING PROFIT	3	116,570	109,209
Interest receivable and similar income (net)	6	15,059	10,945
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		131,629	120,154
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	7	20,634	37,313
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR TRANSFERRED TO RESERVES	16	110,995	82,841

All recognised gains and losses are included in the profit and loss account.

BALANCE SHEET AT 30 APRIL 2001			
	Note	2001	2000
FIXED ASSETS		£	£
Intangible assets	8	438,180	446,678
Tangible assets	9	83,503	100,702
		521,683	547,380
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors	10	433,736	625,837
Cash at bank and in hand	11	545,414	479,784
	_	979,150	1,105,621
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Creditors (amounts falling due within one year)	12	1,164,312	1,308,434
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES		(185,162)	(202,813)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		336,521	344,567
Creditors (amounts falling due after more than one year)	13	137,963	257,004
Provisions for liabilities and charges	14	3,722	3,722
NET ASSETS	,	194,836	83,841
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	15	1,000	1,000
Profit and loss account	16	193,836	82,841
EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		194,836	83,841

Approved by the Board

Ris

S A BROOKE, Director 16 January 2002

The notes on pages 7 to 14 form part of these accounts

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a Basis of preparation

These accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

b Cash flow statement

The company has taken advantage of the exemption, conferred by Financial Reporting Standard 1, from presenting a cash flow statement as it qualifies as a small company.

c Intangible fixed assets

Goodwill represents the difference between the consideration paid for businesses acquired and the fair value of the underlying net assets. It is amortised over the directors' estimate of its economic life, being 20 years.

d Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

The cost of tangible fixed assets is written-off over their estimated useful lives using the following bases:

Furniture and fittings

20% straight line

Motor vehicles

25% to 33.3% straight line

Vehicle registrations

25% straight line

Office equipment

12.5% to 20% straight line

Computer equipment

20% straight line

e Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is provided using the liability method on all timing differences which are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future without being replaced, calculated at the rate at which it is anticipated the timing differences will reverse.

f Commission income

Commissions are included in the accounts on an accruals basis.

General insurance business brokerage is treated as earned when an invoice is raised for the premium. It is transferred to the office bank account:

- i) when net premiums are paid to the insurers, or
- ii) when commission is received from the insurer in those cases where clients pay premiums directly to the insurer.

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

g Pensions

The company and related businesses operate a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions are charged to the profit and loss account as they become payable.

h Fixed assets held under lease agreements

Where assets are financed by agreements that give rights approximating to ownership ('finance leases') the assets are treated as if they had been purchased outright and the corresponding liability to the leasing company is included as an obligation under finance leases.

Depreciation on leased assets is charged to profit and loss account on the same basis as shown above.

Leasing payments are treated as consisting of capital and interest elements and the interest is charged to profit and loss account using the straight-line method.

All other leases are 'operating leases' and the relevant annual rentals are charged to profit and loss account on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

2 TURNOVER

Turnover is the value of fees and net commissions earned.

The turnover and profit before taxation are attributable to the principal activities carried on wholly within the United Kingdom.

3 OPERATING PROFIT

	2001	2000
	£	£
Operating profit is arrived at after charging:		
Directors' remuneration	141,198	111,821
Depreciation – owned assets	2,503	293
Depreciation – assets held under finance leases	27,811	16,729
Amortisation of goodwill	24,794	19,426
Auditors' remuneration	3,355	1,603
Operating leases – property rental	22,559	10,907
Loss on disposal of fixed asset	615	-
and after crediting:		
Profit on disposal of fixed asset	-	902

4 DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

	2001	2000
	£	£
Emoluments	129,746	103,681
Contribution to defined contribution pension scheme	11,452	8,140
	141,198	111,821

Two directors are members of the defined contribution pension scheme. (2000 - 2)

5 STAFF NUMBERS AND COSTS

6

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year was:

	2001	2000
Management and office	10	9
The aggregate payroll costs of these persons w	vere as follows:	
	2001	2000
Wagaa ay dagladay	£	£
Wages and salaries	253,882	180,026
Social security costs	25,195	18,550
Staff benefits	2,789	2,395
Other pension costs	13,778	11,100
	295,644	212,071
NET INTEREST RECEIVABLE		
	2001	2000
	£	£
Finance lease interest payable	(6,805)	(2,902)
Bank interest receivable	21,864	13,847
	15,059	10,945

Coodwill

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

7 TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

	2001 £	2000 £
Current taxation		
UK Corporation tax at 20% (2000-27.2%)	20,000	33,591
Adjustment in respect of previous year	634	-
Transfer to deferred taxation	-	3,722
	20,634	37,313

The taxation charge for the year has been reduced by approximately £21,000 as a result of losses of SBP Group Limited

8 INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSET

	Goodwill
	£
Cost	
At 1 May 2000	466,104
Revaluation	16,296
At 30 April 2001	482,400
Amortisation	
At 1 May 2000	19,426
Charge for the year	24,794
At 30 April 2001	44,220
Net book value	
At 30 April 2001	438,180
At 30 April 2000	446,678

On 14 June 1999 the company acquired the insurance broking business of the bus and coach division of BMS Chapman Stevens. The consideration payable consisted of £150,000 immediately, £100,000 in three equal annual instalments commencing on 14 June 2000 and further amounts of deferred consideration based on turnover achieved from the acquired business in the periods to 14 June 2002. Payments of £72,658 and £73,878 have been made in 2000 and 2001 respectively. The directors estimate the final deferred consideration to be £69,760 payable in 2002. Should amounts actually payable prove to be different appropriate adjustments will be made at future balance sheet dates. As no tangible assets were acquired the whole of the consideration represents goodwill.

9 TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Motor vehicles	Fixtures, fittings, furniture & equipment	Computer equipment	Total
Cost	£	£	£	£
At 1 May 2000	42,000	10,919	62,238	115,157
Reclassification	-	15,002	(15,002)	_
Additions	17,802	2,990	5,156	25,948
Disposals	(22,000)	-	<u>.</u>	(22,000)
At 30 April 2001	37,802	28,911	52,392	119,105
Depreciation	•			
At 1 May 2000	8,555	812	5,088	14,455
Charge for the year	16,238	5,804	8,272	30,314
Disposals	(9,167)	-	-	(9,167)
At 30 April 2001	15,626	6,616	13,360	35,602
Net book values				
At 30 April 2001	22,176	22,295	39,032	83,503
At 30 April 2000	33,445	10,107	57,150	100,702

The net book amounts of tangible fixed assets held under lease agreements total £70,248. (2000 £96,946)

10 DEBTORS

	2001	2000
	£	£
Trade debtors	425,831	617,109
Prepayments	6,952	6,186
Other debtors	953	2,542
	433,736	625,837

11 CASH AT BANK AND IN HAND

	2001	2000
	£	£
Insurance broking account	462,429	398,017
Other bank accounts and cash	82,985	81,767
	545,414	479,784

10	CREDITORS (AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR)	١.
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12		,

CREDITORS (AMOUNTSTALLING DUE WITHIN ONE TE	2001 £	2000 £
Obligations under finance leases	26,855	29,218
Trade creditors	760,772	885,419
Sundry creditors	58	6,558
Amounts owed to fellow subsidiary undertakings	4,254	-
Amounts owed to parent company	226,000	219,074
Amounts owed to related undertaking	2,016	1,003
Corporation tax	20,000	33,591
Other taxes and social security	. 9,274	16,659
Accruals and deferred income	7,871	10,979
Obligations under acquisition agreement	107,212	105,933
	1,164,312	1,308,434

Simon Brooke & Partners Limited sold its interest in the company to SBP Group Limited on 16 June 2000, thereby becoming a fellow subsidiary undertaking.

13 CREDITORS (AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR)

	2001 f	2000 f
Obligations under finance leases	34,869	62,937
Acquisition of company-deferred consideration	103,094	194,067
	137,963	257,004

As explained in note 8, part of the deferred consideration is contingent on future turnover. Adjustments may be required in the light of actual turnover achieved.

Obligations under finance leases are due as follows:

	2001 £	2000 £
Within 1-2 years	21,855	29,218
Within 2-5 years	13,014	33,719
	34,869	62,937
Deferred consideration	2001 £	2000 £
Within 1-2 years	103,094	97,033
Within 2-5 years	-	97,034
	103,094	194,067

Deferred taxation:	14	PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND C	THARGES		
At 1 May 2000 3,722 -	1-7		JII IKOLD	2001	2000
Transfer from profit and loss account - 3,722 At 30 April 2001 3,722 3,722 Analysed as: 2001 2000 Capital allowances 4,016 4,016 Other timing differences (294) (294) There is no unprovided deferred taxation. 2001 2000 £ £ £ Authorised, allotted and fully paid: 1,000 1,000 1,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each 1,000 1,000 16 RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS Profit and loss account for account for the financial year £ £ £ Profit for the financial year - 110,995 110,995 110,995 110,995 110,995 Net increase in shareholders' funds - 110,995 110,995 110,995 110,995 110,995 10,995 10,995 10,995 110,99		Deterred taxation:		£	£
At 30 April 2001 3,722 3,722 Analysed as: 2001 £ £ £ £ £ Capital allowances 4,016 4,016 Other timing differences (294) (294) 3,722 3,722 There is no unprovided deferred taxation. 15 CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL Authorised, allotted and fully paid: 1,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 16 RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS Share capital and loss account £ £ £ £ £ £ Profit for the financial year - 110,995 110,995 Dividends 10,995 Dividends - 110,995 110,995 Opening shareholders' funds 1,000 82,841 83,841		At 1 May 2000		3,722	-
Analysed as: Capital allowances Capital allowances Other timing differences (294) There is no unprovided deferred taxation. 15 CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL Authorised, allotted and fully paid: 1,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each 1,000		Transfer from profit and loss account			3,722
Analysed as: Capital allowances		At 30 April 2001		3,722	3,722
Capital allowances		Analysed as:			
Other timing differences (294) (294) 3,722 3,722 There is no unprovided deferred taxation. 15 CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL 2001 £ 2000 £ £ 2001 £ Authorised, allotted and fully paid: 1,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each 1,000 1,000 16 RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS Share capital and loss account £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £		•			
There is no unprovided deferred taxation. 15 CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL 2001 2000 £ £ Authorised, allotted and fully paid: 1,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each 1,000 1		•		•	
There is no unprovided deferred taxation. 15 CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL 2001 2000 £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ Profit for the financial year Dividends Net increase in shareholders' funds 1,000 82,841 83,841		Other timing differences			
15 CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL 2001 2000 £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £			,	3,722	3,722
Authorised, allotted and fully paid: 1,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS Share capital and loss account £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £		There is no unprovided deferred taxation.			
Authorised, allotted and fully paid: 1,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each 1,000	15	CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL			
Authorised, allotted and fully paid: 1,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each 1,000				2001	2000
$1,000 \text{ Ordinary shares of $\pounds 1$ each} \qquad \qquad 1,000 \qquad $				£	£
1,000 1,00		Authorised, allotted and fully paid:			
RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS Share capital and loss account £ £ £ Profit for the financial year		1,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each		1,000	1,000
Share capital Share capital and loss account £ £ £ Profit for the financial year - 110,995 110,995 Dividends Net increase in shareholders' funds - 110,995 110,995 Opening shareholders' funds 1,000 82,841 83,841				1,000	1,000
Share capital and loss account £	16	RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS I	N SHAREHOLDERS'	FUNDS	
from the financial year from the financial year <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>and loss</td> <td>Total</td>				and loss	Total
Dividends			£		£
Net increase in shareholders' funds - 110,995 Opening shareholders' funds 1,000 82,841 83,841		Profit for the financial year	-	110,995	110,995
Opening shareholders' funds 1,000 82,841 83,841		Dividends	-	-	-
		Net increase in shareholders' funds	-	110,995	110,995
Closing shareholders' funds 1,000 193,836 194,836		Opening shareholders' funds	1,000	82,841	83,841
		Closing shareholders' funds	1,000	193,836	194,836

17 PENSION COMMITMENTS

The company participates in a defined contribution pension scheme, the Solomon Hare Pension and Life Assurance Scheme, for the directors and certain employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The company had £nil (2000 £nil) contributions outstanding at the year-end.

18 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

At the balance sheet date SBP Chapman Stevens Limited was wholly owned by SBP Group Limited. There is no single ultimate controlling party.

Simon Brooke & Partners Limited, a fellow subsidiary, incurs miscellaneous expenditure on behalf of the company. During the year revenue costs of £35,186 (2000 £61,374) were charged from Simon Brooke & Partners Limited to the company. At 30 April 2001 the company owed Simon Brooke & Partners Limited £4,254 (2000 £219,074).

SBP Group Limited has charged the company £58,000 (2000 £nil) in management charges during the year. During the year SBP Group Limited lent the company £168,000 in the form of a non-interest bearing company loan payable on demand. At 30 April 2001 the company owed SBP Group Limited £226,000 (2000 £nil).

The partnership of Solomon Hare has a 30% holding in SBP Group Limited share capital. The partnership of Solomon Hare prepares the monthly management accounts for SBP Chapman Stevens Limited, provides financial management support and incurs miscellaneous revenue expenditure on behalf of the company. During the year revenue costs of £12,747 (2000 £10,499) were charged from Solomon Hare to the company. At 30 April 2001 the company owed Solomon Hare £2,016 (2000 £1,003).

20 COMMITMENTS UNDER OPERATING LEASES

At 30 April 2001 the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

Land and		Land and	
buildings	Others	buildings	Others
2001	2001	2000	2000
£	£	£	£
-	-	-	-
21,360	588	21,360	-
<u> </u>	-		588
21,360	588	21,360	588
	buildings 2001 £ - 21,360	buildings Others 2001 £ £ £ £	buildings 2001 2000 £ £ £ £ £ 21,360 588 21,360