Registration number: 03710294

Broadgate Property Holdings Limited

Annual Report and Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

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Strategic Report for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

The directors present their Strategic Report for the year ended 31 March 2020.

Business review and principal activities

Broadgate Property Holdings Limited ("the company") is a wholly owned subsidiary of British Land Broadgate 2005 Limited and operates as a constituent of Broadgate REIT Limited group of companies ("the group"). Broadgate REIT Limited operates as a joint venture between Euro Bluebell LLP, an affiliate of GIC, Singapore's sovereign wealth fund, and BL Bluebutton 2014 Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of The British Land Company PLC.

The company's principal activity is investment holding in the United Kingdom (UK). Through this activity, the company supports the strategy of its fellow subsidiaries.

As shown in the company's Profit and Loss Account on page 8, consistent with the prior year the company has derived no turnover. Loss on ordinary activities before taxation is £113,179 compared to a profit on ordinary activities before taxation of £69,198,931 in the prior year. The decrease is due to the disposal of several investments in during the 2019 financial year, which led to a large gain on disposal.

Dividends of £nil (2019: £nil) were paid in the year.

The Balance Sheet on page 10 shows that the company's financial position at the year end has, in net assets terms, decreased compared with the prior year.

The value of investments held as at 31 March 2020 has remained consistent with 2019, as shown in note 9 to the company's Balance Sheet.

The expected future developments of the company are determined by the strategy of the group.

Key performance indicators

The directors measure how the group, of which this company is a member, is delivering its strategy through the key performance indicators.

The Board of the group uses total return to monitor the performance of the group. This is a measure of growth in total equity per share, adding back any current year dividend.

Principal risks and uncertainties

This company is part of a large property investment group. As such, the fundamental underlying risks for this company are those of the property group as discussed below.

The group generates returns to shareholders through long-term investment decisions requiring the evaluation of opportunities arising in the following areas:

Strategic Report for the Year Ended 31 March 2020 (continued)

- demand for space from occupiers against available supply;
- · identification and execution of investment and development strategies which are value enhancing;
- · availability of financing or refinancing at an acceptable cost;
- economic cycles, including their impact on tenant covenant quality, interest rates, inflation and property values:
- legislative changes, including planning consents and taxation;
- · engagement of development contractors with strong covenants;
- · key staff changes; and
- environmental and health and safety policies.

These opportunities also represent risks, the most significant being change to the value of the property portfolio. This risk has high visibility to directors and is considered and managed on a continuous basis. Directors use their knowledge and experience to knowingly accept a measured degree of market risk.

The group's preference for prime assets and their secure long term contracted rental income, primarily with upward only rent review clauses, presents lower risks than many other property portfolios.

The financial risks for the company are managed in accordance with the group financial risk management policy, as disclosed in the consolidated group financial statements. The general risk environment in which the group operates has heightened over the course of the year, which is largely due to the continued level of uncertainty associated with the future impact of the UK's exit from the EU, the significant deterioration in the UK retail market and weaker investment markets.

The outbreak of Covid-19, declared by the World Health Organization as a "Global Pandemic" on 11 March 2020, creates an unprecedented degree of uncertainty over both the severity of the above risks and the effectiveness of the above mitigating actions. The decline in economic activity resulting from the pandemic is expected to heighten the risk of tenants becoming financially distressed, this will directly impact the degree of certainty around the valuation of investment properties at year end which in turn will directly impact the degree of certainty around the carrying value of investments in subsidiaries.

The company is financed by a loan from British Land Broadgate 2005 Limited. Interest is charged at a variable rate agreed between the parties.

Approved by the Board on 24 September 2020 and signed on its behalf by:

—pocusigned by: Hursh Shah

Hursh Shah

Director

Directors' Report for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020.

Directors of the company

The directors, who held office during the year, and up to the date of signing the financial statements, were as follows:

H Shah

D I Lockyer

D Richards

Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework' ('FRS 101'). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether FRS 101 has been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Going concern

Having reviewed the company's forecast working capital and cash flow requirements including the impact of COVID-19 and in addition to making enquiries and examining areas which could give risk to financial exposure, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue its operations for the foreseeable future. As a result they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the accounts.

Subsequent Events

Details of significant events since the Balance Sheet date, if any, are contained in note 16.

Disclosure of information to the auditors

Each director has taken steps that they ought to have taken as a director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information. The directors confirm that there is no relevant information that they know of and of which they know the auditors are unaware.

Directors' Report for the Year Ended 31 March 2020 (continued)

Reappointment of independent auditors

The auditors, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, have indicated their willingness to continue in office and a resolution concerning their re-appointment will be proposed at the next Board Meeting.

Approved by the Board on 24 September 2020 and signed on its behalf by:

— DocuSigned by:

Hursh Shah 8D58AA7F5E41484...

Director

Independent auditors' report to the members of Broadgate Property Holdings Limited

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

In our opinion, Broadgate Property Holdings Limited's financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2020 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework", and applicable law); and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements, included within the Annual Report and Financial Statements (the "Annual Report"), which comprise: the Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2020; the Profit and Loss Account, the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended; and the notes to the financial statements, which include a description of the significant accounting policies.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities under ISAs (UK) are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We remained independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, which includes the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

Emphasis of matter - Significant estimation uncertainty in relation to the valuation of underlying investment properties

In forming our opinion on the financial statements, which is not modified, we have considered the adequacy of the disclosures made in Notes 3 (Significant accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty) and 9 (Investments) to the financial statements. These notes explain that there is significant estimation uncertainty in relation to the valuation of underlying investment properties held by its equity investments included in Investments on the Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2020. The third-party valuers engaged by the management of Broadgate Property Holdings Limited have included a material valuation uncertainty clause in their report. This clause highlights that less certainty, and consequently a higher degree of caution, should be attached to the valuation as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

However, because not all future events or conditions can be predicted, this statement is not a guarantee as to the company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Reporting on other information

The other information comprises all of the information in the Annual Report other than the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify an apparent material inconsistency or material misstatement, we are required to perform procedures to conclude whether there is a material misstatement of the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that

Independent auditors' report to the members of Broadgate Property Holdings Limited (continued)

there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report based on these responsibilities.

With respect to the Strategic Report and Directors' Report, we also considered whether the disclosures required by the UK Companies Act 2006 have been included.

Based on the responsibilities described above and our work undertaken in the course of the audit, ISAs (UK) require us also to report certain opinions and matters as described below.

Strategic Report and Directors' Report

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, the information given in the Strategic Report and Directors' Report for the year ended 31 March 2020 is consistent with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we did not identify any material misstatements in the Strategic Report and Directors' Report.

Responsibilities for the financial statements and the audit

Responsibilities of the directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Directors' responsibilities statement set out on page 3, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the applicable framework and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. The directors are also responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditors' report.

Use of this report

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

Independent auditors' report to the members of Broadgate Property Holdings Limited (continued)

Other required reporting

Companies Act 2006 exception reporting

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been
 received from branches not visited by us; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns.

We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Sandra Dowling (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

London

24 September 2020

Profit and Loss Account for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

	Note	2020 £	2019 £
Turnover		<u> </u>	-
Operating profit/(loss)			_
Gain from disposals of investments	9	<u> </u>	69,281,437
Profit on ordinary activities before interest and taxation		-	69,281,437
Interest receivable and similar income	4	57,636	52,018
Interest payable and similar expenses	5	(170,815)	(134,524)
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation		(113,179)	69,198,931
Taxation	8	21,504	15,676
(Loss)/profit for the year		(91,675)	69,214,607

Turnover and results were derived from continuing operations within the United Kingdom. The company has only one class of business, that of investment holding in the United Kingdom (UK).

Statement of Comprehensive Income for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

	2020 £	2019 £
(Loss)/profit for the year	(91,675)	69,214,607
Total comprehensive (expense)/income for the year	(91,675)	69,214,607

(Registration number: 03710294)

Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2020

	Note	31 March 2020 £	31 March 2019 £
Fixed assets			
Investments	9	114,872,599	114,872,599
		114,872,599	114,872,599
Current assets			
Debtors	10	392,611,741	392,312,792
Debtors due after more than one year	10	542,911,669	471,074,973
		935,523,410	863,387,765
Creditors due within one year	11	(872,828,454)	(800,601,134)
Net current assets		62,694,956	62,786,631
Net assets		177,567,555	177,659,230
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	12	101,000	101,000
Profit and loss account		177,466,555	177,558,230
Total shareholders' funds		177,567,555	177,659,230

Approved by the Board onand signed on its behalf by:

DocuSigned by:

Hursh Shah

H Shah

Director

Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

	Share capital £	Profit and loss account £	Total £
Balance at 1 April 2018	101,000	108,343,623	108,444,623
Profit for the year		69,214,607	69,214,607
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	69,214,607	69,214,607
Balance at 31 March 2019	101,000	177,558,230	177,659,230
Balance at 1 April 2019	101,000	177,558,230	177,659,230
Loss for the year		(91,675)	(91,675)
Total comprehensive expense for the year	-	(91,675)	(91,675)
Balance at 31 March 2020	101,000	177,466,555	177,567,555

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated and domiciled in England, United Kingdom.

The address of its registered office is: York House 45 Seymour Street London W1H 7LX

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements were prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework ("FRS 101").

In preparing these financial statements, the company applies the recognition, measurement and disclosure requirements of International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU ("Adopted IFRSs"), but makes amendments where necessary in order to comply with Companies Act 2006 and has set out below where advantage of the FRS 101 disclosure exemptions has been taken.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for the assets.

These financial statements are separate financial statements. The company is exempt from the preparation of consolidated financial statements in accordance with Companies Act 2006 Section 400, because it is included in the group accounts of Broadgate REIT Limited.

Summary of disclosure exemptions

The company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions under FRS 101:

- (a) The requirements of IAS 1 to provide a Balance Sheet at the beginning of the year in the event of a prior year adjustment;
- (b) The requirements of IAS 1 to provide a Statement of Cash flows for the year;
- (c) The requirements of IAS 1 to provide a statement of compliance with IFRS;
- (d) The requirements of IAS 1 to disclose information on the management of capital;
- (e) The requirements of paragraphs 30 and 31 of IAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors to disclose new IFRS's that have been issued but are not yet effective;
- (f) The requirements in IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures to disclose related party transactions entered into between two or more members of a group, provided that any subsidiary which is a party to the transaction is wholly owned by such a member;
- (g) The requirements of paragraph 17 of IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures to disclose key management personnel compensation;
- (h) The requirements of IFRS 7 to disclose financial instruments; and

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020 (continued)

2 Accounting policies (continued)

(i) The requirements of paragraphs 91-99 of IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement to disclose information of fair value valuation techniques and inputs.

Disclosure exemptions for subsidiaries are permitted where the relevant disclosure requirements are met in the consolidated financial statements. Where required, equivalent disclosures are given in the group financial statements of Broadgate REIT Limited. The group financial statements of Broadgate REIT Limited are available to the public and can be obtained as set out in note 17.

Going concern

Having reviewed the company's forecast working capital and cash flow requirements including the impact of COVID-19 and in addition to making enquiries and examining areas which could give risk to financial exposure, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue its operations for the foreseeable future. As a result they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the accounts.

Adoption status of relevant new financial reporting standards and interpretations

During the year the company adopted the following standard:

IFRS 16 - Leases

The new standard results in almost all leases held as lessee being recognised on the balance sheet, as the new distinction between operating and finance leases is removed. The accounting for lessors has not significantly changed. The company is a holding company and therefore has not engaged in any leasing activity. As such, the adoption of this new accounting policy has not had a material impact on the financial statements.

Apart from the changes in the standard highlighted above, no other standards, interpretations and amendments effective for the first time from 1 April 2019 have had a material effect on the financial statements.

Taxation

Current tax is based on taxable profit for the year and is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the Profit and Loss Account because it excludes items of income or expense that are not taxable (or tax deductible).

Investments

Fixed asset investments are stated at the lower of cost and the underlying net asset value of the investments.

Debtors

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost and discounted as appropriate. The Company calculates the expected credit loss for debtors based on lifetime expected credit losses under the IFRS 9 simplified approach.

Creditors

Trade and other creditors are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost and discounted as appropriate.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020 (continued)

3 Significant accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The key source of estimation uncertainty relates to the valuation of investments. The potential for management to make judgements or estimates relating to those items which would have had a significant impact on the financial statements is considered, by the nature of the group's business, to be limited.

Fixed asset investments are stated at the lower of cost and the underlying net asset value of the investments. In the year ended 31 March 2020, less certainty - and a higher degree of caution - can be attached to the underlying net asset value of the company's investments which hold investment property, than would normally be the case. The third party valuers for properties recognised at 31 March 2020 include a material valuation uncertainty clause in their reports. The clause highlights significant estimation uncertainty regarding the valuation of investment property due to the Covid-19 pandemic. The valuations as at the current balance sheet date should therefore be treated with additional caution. The significant estimation uncertainty regarding the valuation of investment property results in estimation uncertainty in the underlying net asset value of the investments which carry investment property.

4 Interest receivable and similar income

	2020 £	2019 £
Interest receivable on amounts owed by group companies	57,636	52,018
	57,636	52,018
5 Interest payable and similar expenses		
	2020 £	2019 £
Interest payable on amounts owed to group companies	170,815	134,524
	170,815	134,524

6 Auditors' remuneration

A notional charge of £3,543 (2019: £4,040) is deemed payable to PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP in respect of the audit of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020. Actual amounts payable to PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP are paid by Bluebutton Properties UK Limited.

No non-audit fees (2019: £nil) were paid to PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP.

7 Staff costs

No director (2019: nil) received any remuneration for services to the company in either year. The remuneration of the directors was borne by another company, for which no apportionment or recharges were made. The value of this service was negligible.

Average number of employees, excluding directors, of the company during the year was nil (2019: nil).

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020 (continued)

8 Taxation

Tax credited in the profit and loss account

rax credited in the profit and loss account		
	2020 £	2019 £
Current taxation		
UK corporation tax	(21,504)	(15,676)
Tax credit in the profit and loss account	(21,504)	(15,676)
	2020 £	2019 £
Tax reconciliation		
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation	(113,179)	69,198,931
Tax on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities at UK corporation tax rate of 19% (2019: 19%)	(21,504)	13,147,797
Effects of:		
Increase in fair value of property & investments	•	(13,163,473)
Group relief	21,504	15,676
Consideration paid for group relief	(21,504)	(15,676)
Total tax credit	(21,504)	(15,676)

On 17 March 2020 legislation was substantially enacted confirming that the tax rate would not be reduced from 1 April 2020 but would remain at 19%.

9 Investments

	Shares in subsidiaries £	Total £
Underlying net asset value of investment		
1 April 2019	114,872,598	114,872,598
31 March 2020	114,872,598	114,872,598
Underlying net asset value of investment		
1 April 2018	143,606,782	143,606,782
Disposals	(28,734,183)	(28,734,183)
31 March 2019	114,872,599	114,872,599

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020 (continued)

9 Investments (continued)

	Shares in subsidiaries £	Total £
Provision for underlying net asset change		
1 April 2019	(56,613,785)	(56,613,785)
31 March 2020	(56,613,785)	(56,613,785)
Provision for underlying net asset change		
1 April 2018	(56,613,785)	(56,613,785)
31 March 2019	(56,613,785)	(56,613,785)
At cost		
31 March 2020	171,486,383	171,486,383
31 March 2019	171,486,384	171,486,384

Details of the subsidiaries as at 31 March 2020 are as follows:

Subsidiary	Principal activity	Interest	Country
Broadgate Financing PLC	Funding	100%	United Kingdom
Broadgate (Funding) 2005 Limited	Funding	100%	United Kingdom
Broadgate (Lending) Limited	Short term funding	100%	United Kingdom
Broadgate (Cash Management) Limited	Cash management	100%	United Kingdom
Broadgate (PHC 3) Limited	Property investment	100%	United Kingdom
Broadgate (PHC 5) 2005 Limited	Property investment	100%	United Kingdom
Broadgate (PHC 5) Limited	Property investment	100%	United Kingdom
Broadgate (PHC 6) 2005 Limited	Property investment	100%	United Kingdom
Broadgate (PHC 7) Limited	Property investment	100%	United Kingdom
Broadgate (PHC 8) 2008 Limited	Property investment	100%	United Kingdom
Broadgate (PHC 9) Limited	Property investment	100%	United Kingdom
Broadgate (PHC 11) 2005 Limited	Property investment	100%	United Kingdom
Broadgate (PHC 14) Limited	Property investment	100%	United Kingdom
Broadgate (PHC 15a) Limited	Property investment	100%	United Kingdom
Broadgate (PHC 16) 2005 Limited	Property investment	100%	United Kingdom
Broadgate PHC 2010 Limited	Property investment	100%	United Kingdom
201 Bishopsgate Limited	Property investment	100%	United Kingdom
Broadgate (PHC 11)	Dormant	100%	United Kingdom
Barstep Limited	Dormant	100%	United Kingdom

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020 (continued)

9 Investments (continued) Subsidiary	Principal activity	Interest	Country
Broadgate South Management Limited	Estate management	64%	United Kingdom
Broadgate Management (Bishopsgate) Limited	Estate management	75%	United Kingdom
Exchange Square Management Limited	Estate management	65%	United Kingdom
All investments based in the United Kingdom ha London, W1H 7LX.	ave a registered address	of York House, 45	Seymour Street,
10 Debtors			
		31 March 2020	31 March 2019
Current debtors (receivable within one year)		£	£
Amounts owed by group companies - current acco	ounts	392,611,741	392,312,792
•		392,611,741	392,312,792
Long-term debtors (receivable after more than		31 March 2020 £ 542,911,669	31 March 2019 £ 471,074,973
Amounts owed by group companies - Long term lo	oans	542,911,669	471,074,973
Debtors from related parties relate to amounts due	e from group companies.		
11 Creditors due within one year			
		31 March - 2020 £	31 March 2019 £
Amounts due to related parties		872,828,454	800,601,134
Table 1 to 1 t		872,828,454	800,601,134

Amounts owed to group companies are repayable on demand. There is only interest charged on the portion of debt due to British Land Broadgate 2005 Limited at a variable rate agreed between the parties.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020 (continued)

12 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

		31 March 2020		
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	101,000	101,000	101,000	101,000

13 Capital commitments

The total amount contracted for but not provided in the financial statements was £nil (2019: £nil).

14 Contingent liabilities

The company has no contingent liabilities as at 31 March 2020 of £nil (2019: £nil).

15 Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption granted to wholly owned subsidiaries not to disclose transactions with group companies under the provisions of FRS 101.

16 Subsequent events

There have been no significant events since the year end.

17 Parent and ultimate parent undertaking

The immediate parent company is British Land Broadgate 2005 Limited.

The ultimate parent company is Broadgate REIT Limited. Broadgate REIT Limited operates as a joint venture between Euro Bluebell LLP, an affiliate of GIC, Singapore's sovereign wealth fund, and BL Bluebutton 2014 Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of The British Land Company PLC.

Broadgate REIT Limited is the smallest and largest group for which group accounts are available and which include the company. The ultimate holding company and controlling party is Broadgate REIT Limited. Group accounts for this company are available on request from British Land, York House, 45 Seymour Street, London, W1H 7LX.