Annual Report and Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 March 2018



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# Strategic Report for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

The directors present their Strategic Report for the year ended 31 March 2018.

#### Business review and principal activities

Broadgate (PHC 5) Limited ("the company") is a wholly owned subsidiary of Broadgate Property Holdings Limited and operates as a constituent of Broadgate REIT Limited group of companies ("the group"). Broadgate REIT Limited operates as a joint venture between Euro Bluebell LLP, an affiliate of GIC, Singapore's sovereign wealth fund, and BL Bluebutton 2014 Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of The British Land Company PLC.

The company's principal activity is property investment in the United Kingdom (UK).

As shown in the company's Profit and Loss Account on page 8, the company's turnover has remained consistent with the prior year. Profit on ordinary activities before taxation is £1,501,515 compared to a profit on ordinary activities before taxation of £934,006 in the prior year.

Dividends of £nil (2017: £nil) were paid in the year.

The Balance Sheet on page 10 shows that the company's financial position at the year end has, in net assets terms, increased compared with the prior year.

The value of investment properties held as at 31 March 2018 has increased by 4.0%, as shown in note 10 to the company's Balance Sheet.

The expected future developments of the company are determined by the strategy of the group. There are no future developments outside of the company's current operations planned.

#### Key performance indicators

The directors measure how the group, of which this company is a member, is delivering its strategy through the key performance indicators.

The directors consider the primary measure of performance of the group to be turnover and net asset value.

#### Principal risks and uncertainties

This company is part of a large property investment group. As such, the fundamental underlying risks for this company are those of the property group as discussed below.

The company generates returns to shareholders through long-term investment decisions requiring the evaluation of opportunities arising in the following areas:

- · demand for space from occupiers against available supply;
- · identification and execution of investment and development strategies which are value enhancing;
- availability of financing or refinancing at an acceptable cost;
- economic cycles, including their impact on tenant covenant quality, interest rates, inflation and property values;
- legislative changes, including planning consents and taxation;
- · engagement of development contractors with strong covenants;
- · key staff changes; and
- · environmental and health and safety policies.

Th company is financed by subordinated loans from Broadgate (Funding) 2005 Limited and Broadgate Property Holdings Limited. The average interest rate charged on the Broadgate (Funding) 2005 subordinated loans was 5.01% per annum (2017: 5.03%). There is no interest charged on the loan from Broadgate Property Holdings Limited. The company has no third party debt.

# Strategic Report for the Year Ended 31 March 2018 (continued)

These opportunities also represent risks, the most significant being change to the value of the property portfolio. This risk has high visibility to directors and is considered and managed on a continuous basis. Directors use their knowledge and experience to knowingly accept a measured degree of market risk.

The company's preference for prime assets and their secure long term contracted rental income, primarily with upward only rent review clauses, presents lower risks than many other property portfolios.

Approved by the Board on 26 Solventon 218. and signed on its behalf by:

BRUCE JAMES

British Land Company Secretarial Limited Company secretary

# Directors' Report for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2018.

#### Directors of the company

The directors, who held office during the year, and up to the date of signing the financial statements, were as follows:

M Cosgrave (resigned 17 January 2018)

D Devani (resigned 17 January 2018)

T A Roberts

H Shah

D I Lockyer

#### Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework' ('FRS 101'). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether FRS 101 has been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

One or more of the current directors have been indemnified. The indemnity arrangements are qualifying indemnity provisions under the Companies Act 2006 and are currently in force at the date of this Annual Report.

# **Environmental matters**

The company recognises the importance of its environmental responsibilities, monitors its impact on the environment, and designs and implements policies to reduce any damage that might be caused by the company's activities. The company operates in accordance with best practice policies and initiatives designed to minimise the company's impact on the environment including the safe disposal of manufacturing waste, recycling and reducing energy consumption.

#### Going concern

The directors consider the company to be a going concern and the accounts are prepared on this basis. Details of this are shown in note 2 of the financial statements.

# Subsequent Events

Details of significant events since the Balance Sheet date, if any, are contained in note 18.

## Disclosure of information to the auditors

# Directors' Report for the Year Ended 31 March 2018 (continued)

Each director has taken steps that they ought to have taken as a director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information. The directors confirm that there is no relevant information that they know of and of which they know the auditors are unaware

### Reappointment of independent auditors

The auditors, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, have indicated their willingness to continue in office and a resolution concerning their re-appointment will be proposed at the next Board Meeting.

Approved by the Board on 26 Sulfundar 2018, and signed on its behalf by:

Beva James

British Land Company Secretarial Limited Company secretary

# Independent Auditors' Report to the Members of Broadgate (PHC 5) Limited

## Report on the audit of the financial statements

#### Opinion

In our opinion, Broadgate (PHC 5) Limited's financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 March 2018 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework", and applicable law); and
- · have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements, included within the Annual Report and Financial Statements (the "Annual Report"), which comprise: the Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2018; the Profit and Loss Account, the Statement of Comprehensive Income, and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended; and the Notes to the Financial Statements, which include a description of the significant accounting policies.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities under ISAs (UK) are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Independence

We remained independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, which includes the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

### Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which ISAs (UK) require us to report to you when:

- the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the Directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

However, because not all future events or conditions can be predicted, this statement is not a guarantee as to the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

#### Reporting on other information

The other information comprises all of the information in the Annual Report other than the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. The Directors are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify an apparent material inconsistency or material misstatement, we are required to perform procedures to conclude whether there is a material misstatement of the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report based on these responsibilities.

With respect to the Strategic Report and Directors' Report, we also considered whether the disclosures required by the UK Companies Act 2006 have been included.

Based on the responsibilities described above and our work undertaken in the course of the audit, ISAs (UK) require us also to report certain opinions and matters as described below.

# Independent Auditors' Report to the Members of Broadgate (PHC 5) Limited (continued)

## Strategic Report and Directors' Report

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, the information given in the Strategic Report and Directors' Report for the year ended 31 March 2018 is consistent with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we did not identify any material misstatements in the Strategic Report and Directors' Report.

### Responsibilities for the financial statements and the audit

Responsibilities of directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Directors' responsibilities statement set out on page 3, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the applicable framework and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. The Directors are also responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditors' report.

### Use of this report

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the Company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

## Other required reporting

# Companies Act 2006 exception reporting

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the Company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · certain disclosures of Directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns.

# Independent Auditors' Report to the Members of Broadgate (PHC 5) Limited (continued)

We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Sara Chadley

Saira Choudhry (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP,
Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors
London

Date: 26 September 2018

# Profit and Loss Account for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

	Note	2018 £	2017 £
Turnover	4	986,875	986,875
Cost of sales	·		(8,955)
Gross profit	•	986,875	977,920
Administrative expenses	_	(2,000)	(2,000)
Operating profit		984,875	975,920
Revaluation of investment properties	10 _	762,115	212,115
Profit on ordinary activities before interest and taxation		1,746,990	1,188,035
Interest receivable and similar income	5	145	191
Interest payable and similar expenses	6	(245,620)	(254,220)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		1,501,515	934,006
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	9	(28)	(38)
Profit for the year	· .	1,501,487	933,968

Turnover and results were derived from continuing operations within the United Kingdom. The company has only one class of business, that of property investment in the United Kingdom (UK).

# Statement of Comprehensive Income for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

-	2018	2017
	· ·	. <b>L</b>
Profit for the year	1,501,487	933,968
Total comprehensive income for the year	1,501,487	933,968

(Registration number: 03707217)

# Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2018

	Note	31 March 2018 £	31 March 2017 £
Fixed assets	•	•	
Investment properties	10	18,000,000	17,300,000
		18,000,000	17,300,000
Current assets			
Debtors	11	5,709,680	4,760,135
	, i	5,709,680	4,760,135
Creditors due within one year	12	(799,762)	(490,051)
Net current assets	•	4,909,918	4,270,084
Total assets less current liabilities	š.	22,909,918	21,570,084
Creditors due after more than one year	13	(6,735,658)	(6,897,311)
. Net assets		16,174,260	14,672,773
Capital and reserves			•
Share capital	14	412,500	412,500
Profit and loss account		15,761,760	14,260,273
Shareholders' funds		16,174,260	14,672,773

Approved by the Board on ... 216 09 18 .... and signed on its behalf by:

Director

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# Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

	Share capital £	Profit and loss account £	Total £
Balance at 1 April 2016	412,500	13,326,305	13,738,805
Profit for the year	-	933,968	933,968
Total comprehensive income for the year		933,968	933,968
Balance at 31 March 2017	412,500	14,260,273	14,672,773
Balance at 1 April 2017	412,500	14,260,273	14,672,773
Profit for the year		1,501,487	1,501,487
Total comprehensive income for the year	·	1,501,487	1,501,487
Balance at 31 March 2018	412,500	15,761,760	16,174,260

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2018

### 1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated and domiciled in England, United Kingdom.

The address of its registered office is: York House 45 Seymour Street London W1H 7LX

#### 2 Accounting policies

## Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### Basis of preparation

These financial statements were prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 Redúced Disclosure Framework ("FRS 101").

In preparing these financial statements, the company applies the recognition, measurement and disclosure requirements of International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU ("Adopted IFRSs"), but makes amendments where necessary in order to comply with Companies Act 2006 and has set out below where advantage of the FRS 101 disclosure exemptions has been taken.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of investments properties. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for the assets.

#### Summary of disclosure exemptions

The company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions under FRS 101:

- (a) The requirements of IAS 1 to provide a Balance Sheet at the beginning of the year in the event of a prior year adjustment;
- (b) The requirements of IAS 1 to provide a Statement of Cash flows for the year;
- (c) The requirements of IAS 1 to provide a statement of compliance with IFRS;
- (d) The requirements of IAS 1 to disclose information on the management of capital;
- (e) The requirements of paragraphs 30 and 31 of IAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors to disclose new IFRS's that have been issued but are not yet effective;
- (f) The requirements in IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures to disclose related party transactions entered into between two or more members of a group, provided that any subsidiary which is a party to the transaction is wholly owned by such a member;
- (g) The requirements of paragraph 17 of IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures to disclose key management personnel compensation;
- (h) The requirements of IFRS 7 to disclose financial instruments; and
- (i) The requirements of paragraphs 91-99 of IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement to disclose information of fair value valuation techniques and inputs.

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2018 (continued)

#### 2 Accounting policies (continued)

Disclosure exemptions for subsidiaries are permitted where the relevant disclosure requirements are met in the consolidated financial statements. Where required, equivalent disclosures are given in the group accounts of Broadgate REIT Limited. The group accounts of Broadgate REIT Limited are available to the public and can be obtained as set out in note 19.

#### Going concern

Having reviewed the company's forecast working capital and cash flow requirements, in addition to making enquiries and examining areas which could give risk to financial exposure, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue its operations for the foreseeable future. As a result they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the accounts.

#### Changes in accounting policy

None of the standards, interpretations and amendments effective for the first time from 1 April 2017 have had a material effect on the financial statements.

#### Turnover

Rental income from investment property

Rental income is recognised on an accruals basis. A rent adjustment based on open market estimated rental value is recognised from the rent review date in relation to unsettled rent reviews. Where a rent-free period is included in a lease, the rental income foregone is allocated evenly over the period from the date of lease commencement to the earliest termination date.

Rental income from fixed and minimum guaranteed rent reviews is recognised on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the entire lease term or the period to the first break option. Where such rental income is recognised ahead of the related cash flow, an adjustment is made to ensure that the carrying value of the related property including the accrued rent does not exceed the external valuation. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging a new lease are amortised on a straight-line basis over the period from the date of lease commencement to the earliest termination date.

Where a lease incentive payment, including surrender premia paid, does not enhance the value of a property, it is amortised on a straight-line basis over the period from the date of lease commencement to the earliest termination date. Upon receipt of a surrender premium for the early determination of a lease, the profit, net of dilapidations and non-recoverable outgoings relating to the lease concerned, is immediately reflected in income.

# Taxation

Current tax is based on taxable profit for the year and is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the Profit and Loss Account because it excludes items of income or expense that are not taxable (or tax deductible).

Deferred tax is provided on items that may become taxable at a later date, on the difference between the balance sheet value and tax base value, on an undiscounted basis.

#### Investment properties

Investment properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequently to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at fair value, which reflects market conditions at the reporting date. Any surplus or deficit arising on revaluing investment properties is recognised in the Profit and Loss Account as a fair value movement.

Where properties held for investment are appropriated to trading stock, they are transferred at market value. If properties held for trading are appropriated to investment, they are transferred at book value.

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2018 (continued)

#### 2 Accounting policies (continued)

#### Borrowings

Other financial liabilities, including borrowings, are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs. Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, with interest expense recognised on an effective yield basis. The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

### 3 Significant accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The key source of estimation uncertainty relates to the valuation of the property portfolio where an external valuation is obtained. In accounting for net rental income, the group is required to judge the recoverability of any income accrued and provides against the credit risk on these amounts. The potential for management to make judgements or estimates relating to those items which would have a significant impact on the financial statements is considered, by the nature of the group's business, to be limited.

#### 4 Turnover

The analysis of the company's turnover for the year from continuing operations is as follows:

	2018 £	2017 £
Rental income from investment property	1,048,990	1,048,990
Spreading of tenant incentives and guaranteed rent increases	(62,115)	(62,115)
	986,875	986,875
5 Interest receivable and similar income	·. ·	
	2018 £	2017 £
Interest received on cash held by another company within the group	145	191
	145	191
6 Interest payable and similar expenses		
	· 2018 £	2017 £
Interest payable on amounts due to group companies	245,328	253,294
Amortisation of issue costs	292	926
•	245,620	254,220

### 7 Auditors' remuneration

A notional charge of £3,910 (2017: £3,800) is deemed payable to PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP in respect of the audit of the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2018. Actual amounts payable to PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP are paid by Bluebutton Properties UK Limited.

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2018 (continued)

## 7 Auditors' remuneration (continued)

No non-audit fees (2017: £nil) were paid to PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP.

#### 8 Staff costs

No director received any remuneration for services to the company in either year. The remuneration of the directors was borne by another company, for which no apportionment or recharges were made. The value of this service was negligible.

Average number of employees, excluding directors, of the company during the year was nil (2017: nil).

#### 9 Tax on profit on ordinary activities

	2018 £	2017 £
Current taxation		
UK corporation tax	28	38
Tax charge in the profit and loss account	28	38
	2018 £	2017 £
Tax reconciliation	•	
Profit on ordinary activities	1,501,515	934,006
Tax on profit on ordinary activities at UK corporation tax rate of 19% (2017 : 20%)	285,288	186,801
Effects of:	• 1	
REIT exempt income and gains	(140,458)	(144,340)
Increase in fair value of property and investments	(144,802)	(42,423)
Group Relief	(28)	(38)
Consideration paid for group relief	28	38
Total tax charge	28	38

The above tax charge is group relief payable to Broadgate Property Holdings Limited and is disclosed within amounts due to group companies (note 12).

A reduction in the UK corporation tax rate from 19% to 17% (effective from 1 April 2020) was substantially enacted on 6 September 2016. This rate reduction has been reflected in the calculation of deferred tax on the Balance Sheet date, where relevant.

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2018 (continued)

#### 10 Investment properties

	£
Fair value	,
1 April 2017	17,300,000
Lease incentive movements	(62,115)
Revaluation	, <del>762,115</del>
31 March 2018	18,000,000
Fair value	
1 April 2016	17,150,000
Lease incentive movements	(62,115)
Revaluation	212,115
31 March 2017	17,300,000
Analysis of cost and valuation	
31 March 2018	•
Cost	8,221,556
Valuation	9,778,444
Net book value	18,000,000
31 March 2017	
Cost	8,283,671
Valuation	9,016,329
Net book value	17,300,000

At 31 March 2018 the book value of long leasehold investment properties owned by the company was £18,000,000 (2017: £17,300,000).

Investment properties are valued by adopting the "investment method" of valuation. This approach involves applying capitalisation yields to current and estimated future rental streams net of income voids arising from vacancies or rent-free periods and associated running costs. These capitalisation yields and rental values are based on comparable property and leasing transactions in the market, using the valuers' professional judgement and market observation. Other factors taken into account in the valuations include the tenure of the property, tenancy details and ground and structural conditions.

Properties were valued to fair value at 31 March 2018 by Knight Frank LLP, independent valuers not connected with the company, in accordance with the RICS Valuation - Professional Standards 2014, Ninth Edition, published by The Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors.

Security has been granted over the above properties along with other properties held by fellow subsidiaries of the Broadgate Property Holding Group to secure the £1,565,309,187 (2017: £1,616,625,000) secured notes due from 2022 to 2036, issued by Broadgate Financing PLC.

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2018 (continued)

### 10 Investment properties (continued)

The company leases out all of its investment properties under operating leases. The future aggregate minimum rentals receivable under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	31 March 2018 £	31 March 2017 £
Leases less than one year	1,048,990	1,048,990
Leases between one and five years	5,035,149	4,986,543
Leases greater than five years	237,312	1,493,886
	6,321,451	7,529,419
11 Debtors		٠,
	31 March 2018 £	31 March 2017 £
Trade debtors	<u>-</u>	262,248
Amounts due from related parties	5,709,680	4,497,887
	5,709,680	4,760,135
•	<del></del>	

Debtors from related parties relate to amounts due from group companies which are repayable on demand. There is no interest charged on these balances.

# 12 Creditors due within one year

	31 March 2018 £	31 March 2017 £
Accrued expenses	297,992	300,010
Amounts due to related parties	462,766	158,037
Other creditors	39,004	32,004
	799,762	490,051

Amounts owed to group companies excluding Broadgate (Funding) 2005 Limited, are repayable on demand. Interest is charged only on the portion of debt due to Broadgate (Funding) 2005 Limited at an average interest rate of 5.01% per annum (2017: 5.03%) (see note 13).

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2018 (continued)

## 13 Creditors due after more than one year

· · ·	2018 £	2017 £
Long term loans - amounts owed to group companies	6,735,658	6,897,311
Borrowings analysis		į
Creditors due within one year		• . /
- subordinated loans from Broadgate (Funding) 2005 Limited	158,933	157,598
Creditors due after one year	•	
- subordinated loans from Broadgate Property Holdings Limited	2,112,122	2,086,607
- subordinated loans from Broadgate (Funding) 2005 Limited	4,623,536	4,810,704
Total loans due after one year	6,735,658	6,897,311
Total borrowings	6,894,591	7,054,909

The subordinated loan from Broadgate Property Holdings Limited, which is repayable upon demand, is deeply subordinated and ranks behind subordinated loans from Broadgate (Funding) 2005 Limited. The subordinated loans from Broadgate (Funding) 2005 Limited are being repaid from April 2005 to July 2036, with the average interest rate of these subordinated loans being 5.01% per annum (2017: 5.03%).

	2018 £	2017 £
Borrowings repayment analysis		
Repayments due:		
Within one year	158,933	157,598
1-2 years	161,334	159,872
2-5 years	319,504	373,538
	639,771	691,008
After 5 years	6,254,820	6,363,901
Total borrowings	6,894,591	7,054,909 ,
Amounts included in creditors due within one year	(158,933)	(157,598)
Amounts included in creditors due after one year	6,735,658	6,897,311

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2018 (continued)

#### 14 Share capital

#### Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	31 March 31 March 2018 2017				
	•	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each		412,500	412,500	412,500	412,500

#### 15 Capital commitments

The total amount contracted for but not provided in the financial statements was £nil (2017: £nil).

#### 16 Contingent liabilities

The company is registered to the same VAT group as Estate Management (Brick) Limited and fellow VAT registered subsidiaries of Broadgate Property Holdings Limited and is jointly and severally liable for monies due under that VAT group registration.

## 17 Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption granted to wholly owned subsidiaries not to disclose transactions with group companies under the provisions of FRS 101.

Broadgate Estates Limited acts as an agent to the company and collects cash on the company's behalf. Broadgate Estates Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of The British Land Company PLC. The British Land Company PLC is a joint venture partner in Broadgate REIT Limited, the ultimate parent of the company.

### 18 Subsequent events

There have been no significant events since the year end.

### 19 Parent and ultimate parent undertaking

The immediate parent company is Broadgate Property Holdings Limited.

The ultimate parent company is Broadgate REIT Limited. Broadgate REIT Limited operates as a joint venture between Euro Bluebell LLP, an affiliate of GIC, Singapore's sovereign wealth fund, and BL Bluebutton 2014 Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of The British Land Company PLC.

Broadgate REIT Limited is the smallest and largest group for which group accounts are available and which include the company. The ultimate holding company and controlling party is Broadgate REIT Limited. Group accounts for this company are available on request from British Land, York House, 45 Seymour Street, London, W1H 7LX.