Abbreviated accounts

for the year ended 30 June 2015

22/03/2016 COMPANIES HOUSE

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Abbreviated balance sheet as at 30 June 2015

	30/06/15		6/15	30/00	/06/14	
	Notes	£	£	£	£	
Fixed assets						
Tangible assets	2		595,872		570,204	
Current assets						
Stocks		596,000		575,000		
Debtors		36,655		5,734		
Cash at bank and in hand		24,483		7,829		
		657,138		588,563		
Creditors: amounts falling						
due within one year		(415,384)		(311,430)		
Net current assets		<u> </u>	241,754		277,133	
Total assets less current			007 (0 (0.5	
liabilities			837,626		847,337	
Net assets			837,626		947 227	
Net assets			837,020		847,337	
Capital and reserves			=			
Called up share capital	3		100		100	
Share premium account	J		958,492		958,492	
Revaluation reserve			284,471		284,471	
Profit and loss account			(405,437)		(395,726)	
Tront and 1033 account			(403,437)		(373,720)	
Shareholders' funds			837,626		847,337	

The director's statements required by Sections 475(2) and (3) are shown on the following page which forms part of this Balance Sheet.

Abbreviated balance sheet (continued)

Director's statements required by Sections 475(2) and (3) for the year ended 30 June 2015

For the year ended 30 June 2015 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

These accounts were approved by the director on March 2016, and are signed on his behalf by:

R Gibson Director

Notes to the abbreviated financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

1. Accounting policies

1.1. Accounting convention

The accounts are prepared under the historical cost convention modified to include the revaluation of certain fixed assets and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

1.2. Turnover

Turnover represents the total invoice value, excluding value added tax, of sales made during the year and derives from the provision of goods falling within the company's ordinary activities.

1.3. Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost or valuation less residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows:

Land and buildings

Nil %

Plant and machinery

10% reducing balance

Fixtures, fittings

and equipment Motor vehicles

10% reducing balance

- 20% straight line

1.4. Investment properties

Properties held for their investment potential are not subject to periodic changes for depreciation. They are included in the balance sheet at their open market value. Changes in their value are included as a movement on the revaluation reserve. Any net deficit which arises is charged to the profit and loss account if it exceeds previous years' surpluses. In accordance with FRSSE 2008, the investment properties are revalued annually and the aggregate surplus or deficit is transferred to a revaluation reserve. Depreciation is not provided in respect of investment properties. This is a departure from the requirements of the Companies Act which requires assets which have an infinite useful life to be depreciated where their cost (or revaluation) is greater than their residual value (as assessed at the date of acquisition or valuation). The director considers that following the reasoning in FRSSE 2008, depreciating the asset would not give a true and fair view because it is held for investment and not consumption. Consequently the current value of the investment, and changes in the current value, are of prime importance in assessing the financial position rather than a calculation an a systematic annual depreciation and therefore the accounting policy adopted results in the accounts giving a true and fair view. Depreciation is only one of many factors reflected in the annual valuation and the amount that might otherwise have been shown cannot be separately identified or quantified. The director confirms that the value of the investment property was assessed as at 30 June 2015 and remains unchanged from last year.

1.5. Stock and work in progress

Stock and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Notes to the abbreviated financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2015

2.	Fixed assets		Tangible fixed assets
	Cost/revaluation		
	At 1 July 2014		571,719
•	Additions		27,544
	At 30 June 2015		599,263
	Depreciation		
	At 1 July 2014		1,515
	Charge for year		1,876
	At 30 June 2015		3,391
	Net book values		
	At 30 June 2015		595,872
	At 30 June 2014		570,204
3.	Share capital	30/06/15 €	30/06/14 £
	Authorised	at-	a ~
	100 Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100
	AH (() H) 16 H ()	A	
	Allotted, called up and fully paid 100 Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100
	Too Cramary onares or an east.		
	Equity Shares		
	100 Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100
			