Company registration number 03704941 (England and Wales)
ALPHA PLUS LIMITED
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2023
PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR

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BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 JANUARY 2023

		2023		2022	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		53,850		62,316
Current assets					
Stocks		26,000		26,000	
Debtors	4	1,470,712		1,489,948	
Cash at bank and in hand		264,409		217,909	
		1,761,121		1,733,857	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	5	(853,638)		(863,579)	
Net current assets			907,483		870,278
Total assets less current liabilities			961,333		932,594
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	6		-		(5,374)
Provisions for liabilities			(9,700)		(11,400)
Net assets			951,633		915,820
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			10,000		10,000
Profit and loss reserves			941,633		905,820
Total equity			951,633		915,820

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 January 2023 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

AS AT 31 JANUARY 2023

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 20 April 2023 and are signed on its behalf by:

R Lindley

Director

Company Registration No. 03704941

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2023

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Alpha Plus Limited is a private company, limited by shares and incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 336 Coleford Road, Darnall, Sheffield, S9 5PH.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover is represents amounts receivable for goods and services net of VAT and trade discounts.

1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Plant and machinery 10% Straight line
Fixtures, fittings & equipment 20% Straight line
Computer equipment 20% Straight line

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

1.4 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

1.5 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.6 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2023

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.7 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

1.8 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

1.9 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2023

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

				2023 Number	2022 Number
	Total			36	38
3	Tangible fixed assets				
		Plant andFi machinery	ixtures, fittings & equipment	Computer equipment	Total
		£	£	£	£
	Cost				
	At 1 February 2022	128,937	85,560	154,394	368,891
	Additions	7,015	560	2,798	10,373
	At 31 January 2023	135,952	86,120	157,192	379,264
	Depreciation and impairment				
	At 1 February 2022	103,077	74,335	129,163	306,575
	Depreciation charged in the year	6,426	4,446	7,967	18,839
	At 31 January 2023	109,503	78,781	137,130	325,414
	Carrying amount				
	At 31 January 2023	26,449	7,339	20,062	53,850
	At 31 January 2022	25,860	11,225	25,231	62,316
4	Debtors				
	Amounts falling due within one year:			2023 £	2022 £
	Trade debtors			1,336,882	1,300,987
	Amounts owed by group undertakings			82,369	82,394
	Other debtors			35,864	81,897
	Prepayments and accrued income			15,597	24,670
				1,470,712	1,489,948

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2023

5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	•	2023	2022
		£	£
	Obligations under finance leases	5,378	7,552
	Trade creditors	632,355	392,899
	Corporation tax	96,809	75,752
	Other taxation and social security	28,248	39,120
	Accruals and deferred income	90,848	348,256
		853,638	863,579
	Amounts payable on finance leases are secured against the assets to which they relate.		
6	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		
		2023	2022
		£	£
	Other creditors	-	5,374

The balance on other creditors relates to amounts owing on assets held under finance lease. The amount is secured against the asset to which it relates.

7 Operating lease commitments

Lessee

At the reporting end date the company had outstanding commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases, as follows:

2023	2022
£	£
115,102	189,096

8 Controlling party

The ultimate parent company is Alpha Plus TopCo Limited, a company registered in England and Wales.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.