

# **Caravan Security Storage Limited**

Report and Financial Statements

Year Ended

31 December 2022

Company Number 03699697



**Caravan Security Storage Limited**  
**Annual Report and Financial Statements**  
**For the Year ended 31 December 2022**

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<b>Contents</b>	<b>Page</b>
Directors and Officers	1
Strategic report	2
Directors' report	4
Statement of Directors' responsibilities	6
Independent auditor's report – to the Member of Caravan Security Storage Limited	7
Income Statement	10
Statement of Financial Position	11
Statement of Changes in Equity	12
Notes to the financial statements	13

**Caravan Security Storage Limited  
Annual Report and Financial Statements  
For the Year ended 31 December 2022**

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**Directors and Officers**

**Directors**

M D Williams (resigned 1 February 2022)  
F B O'Malley (appointed 12 March 2020)  
P J Harvey (appointed 14 July 2020)

**Secretary and registered office**

P A Cockburn, Market Square House, St James's Street, Nottingham, NG1 6FG

**Company number**

03699697

**Auditor**

KPMG LLP, 1 St Peter's Square, Manchester, M2 3AE

**Caravan Security Storage Limited**  
**Annual Report and Financial Statements**  
**For the Year ended 31 December 2022**

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## **Strategic Report**

The Directors present the strategic report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022.

### **Principal activities, review of the business and future developments**

The principal activity is the provision of facilities and administration services to owners of caravan storage facilities. The Company owns the Caravan Storage Site Owners Association (CaSSOA), a club established to promote and further the interests of the owners of caravan storage sites. The Directors do not foresee a change in these activities. Both the level of business and the period end financial position are satisfactory, and the Directors expect that the present level of activity will be sustained for the 12 months from the date of approval of the financial statements.

In April 2021, CaSSOA launched a caravan insurance product, underwritten by AmTrust Europe Limited and distributed by CETA Insurance Limited. This provides additional revenue into CaSSOA as well as revenue for supporting site owners which will in turn enhance their benefits of membership.

In the year the Company made a profit after tax of £83,753 (2021: £64,219) on turnover of £210,656 (2021: £164,916).

In 2022, the Directors have no plans to change the operational activity of the business.

### **Key performance indicators**

Below is a table which the Directors consider key performance indicators as at 31 December 2022.

	2022	2021
	£	£
Turnover	210,656	164,916
Operating Expenses	107,257	85,633
Net assets	343,245	259,492

#### **Turnover**

Turnover has increased in the year to £210,656 (2021 - £164,916) due to increased income from Site Surveys in 2022. Memberships have remained relatively stable as at the end of 2022, there were 495 members (2021 – 475).

#### **Operating expenses**

Overall operating expenses were slightly higher than prior year at £107,257 (2021 - £85,633).

#### **Net assets**

Net assets have increased in the year to £343,245 (2021 - £259,492) as a result of a decrease in cash in 2021 due to the payment of a Dividend in June 2021 to its parent, AMT Intermediaries, Limited.

### **Principal risks and uncertainties**

The Company is exposed to financial risk through its use of financial instruments. These include the key risk factors included below. Management monitor these risks on an on-going basis and maintain appropriate safeguards to mitigate risk in line with the risk appetite framework it has in place.

- **Credit risk** – This is the risk that a counterparty will be unable to pay amounts in full when due. Key areas where the Company is exposed to credit risk are amounts due from debtors and amounts due from group undertakings.
- **Operational risk** - This is the risk that the Company will not be able to operate in a fashion whereby the objectives of the Company can be met due to inadequate or failed internal processes, people and systems, or from external events. It arises out of actions undertaken within the group, or outsourced agencies and individuals.

**Caravan Security Storage Limited**  
**Annual Report and Financial Statements**  
**For the Year ended 31 December 2022**

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## **Strategic Report (continued)**

### **Principal risks and uncertainties (continued)**

- **Liquidity risk** – This is the risk that the Company may be unable to meet its short-term obligations as they fall due. Management considers that liquidity risk relates to the risk associated with the processes of managing timing relationships between asset and liability and is managed through the review of regularly revised cash flow forecasts.
- **Group risk** – This is the risk arising in other parts of the group as well as those arising from the Company's own activities. The Company's exposure to other Group risk is minimal. Group risks are monitored and controlled by the Company and its parent.

Management has conducted a review of the Company's business risks. This analysis did not identify any areas that would be likely to represent a substantial challenge to the Company's business model sustainability.

### **Section 172 statement**

The Company qualifies as a small company under the Companies Act 2006 and whilst the Company has voluntarily presented a strategic report, it is not required to present a Section 172 statement. Consequently, the directors have chosen not to present a Section 172 statement.

### **Approval**

This strategic report was approved on behalf of the Board on 26 June 2023.



Peter J Harvey  
**Director**

**Caravan Security Storage Limited  
Annual Report and Financial Statements  
For the Year ended 31 December 2022**

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## **Directors' Report**

The Directors present their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022.

### **Directors**

The current Directors of the company are shown on page 1. Since 1 January 2022 until the date of this report, the following changes to the Board have occurred:

<b>Name</b>	<b>Date of resignation</b>
M D Williams	1 February 2022

### **Results and dividends**

The income statement is set out on page 10 and shows the profit for the year.

The directors do not recommend a dividend in 2022 (2021: £400,000).

### **Political donations**

The Company did not make any political donations during the year under review (2020 - £Nil).

### **Financial risk management and objectives**

The Directors have considered the exposure to credit, liquidity and foreign currency risk for the financial instruments held by the Company, which, where relevant for the Company is discussed further in the Strategic report.

### **Independent auditor**

In accordance with Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditor will be deemed to be reappointed and KPMG LLP will therefore continue in office.

### **Qualifying third party indemnity provisions**

Directors' and officers' liability insurance in respect of the Company has been maintained throughout the year.

### **Going concern**

The profit-making performance of the business is indicative of management's ability to run the business in a way to generate positive results, which has been demonstrated consistently in recent years. After review of the key performance indicators and the key risks, the Directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources available to continue in operational existence for the 12 months from the date of approval of the financial statements. The Directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

**Caravan Security Storage Limited  
Annual Report and Financial Statements  
For the Year ended 31 December 2022**

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## **Directors' Report (continued)**

### **Disclosure of information to auditor**

The Directors who held office at the date of approval of this Directors' report confirm that, so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware and each Director has taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as Director to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

### **Qualifying third party indemnity provisions**

Directors' and officers' liability insurance in respect of the Company has been maintained throughout the year.

### **On behalf of the Board**



Peter J Harvey  
**Director**

26 June 2023

**Caravan Security Storage Limited  
Annual Report and Financial Statements  
For the Year ended 31 December 2022**

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**Statement of Directors' responsibilities in respect of the Strategic report, the Directors' report and the Financial Statements**

The directors are responsible for preparing the strategic report, the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland.

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- assess the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and
- use the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the Company's website. Legislation in the UK governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.



**Caravan Security Storage Limited**  
**Annual Report and Financial Statements**  
**For the Year ended 31 December 2022**

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## **Independent Auditor's report to the Members of Caravan Security Storage Limited**

### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Caravan Storage Security Limited ("the Company") for the year ended 31 December 2022, which comprise the Income Statement, Statement of Financial Position, Statement of changes in equity and related notes, including the accounting policies in note 3.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2022 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK accounting standards applicable to smaller entities, including FRS 102 *The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland*; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities are described below. We have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities under, and are independent of the Company in accordance with, UK ethical requirements including the FRC Ethical Standard. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is a sufficient and appropriate basis for our opinion.

### **Going concern**

The directors have prepared the financial statements on the going concern basis as they do not intend to liquidate the Company or to cease its operations, and as they have concluded that the Company's financial position means that this is realistic. They have also concluded that there are no material uncertainties that could have cast significant doubt over its ability to continue as a going concern for at least a year from the date of approval of the financial statements ("the going concern period").

In our evaluation of the directors' conclusions, we considered the inherent risks to the Company's business model and analysed how those risks might affect the Company's financial resources or ability to continue operations over the going concern period.

Our conclusions based on this work:

- we consider that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate;
- we have not identified, and concur with the directors' assessment that there is not, a material uncertainty related to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for the going concern period.

However, as we cannot predict all future events or conditions and as subsequent events may result in outcomes that are inconsistent with judgements that were reasonable at the time they were made, the above conclusions are not a guarantee that the Company will continue in operation.

### **Fraud and breaches of laws and regulations – ability to detect**

#### *Identifying and responding to risks of material misstatement due to fraud*

To identify risks of material misstatement due to fraud ("fraud risks") we assessed events or conditions that could indicate an incentive or pressure to commit fraud or provide an opportunity to commit fraud. Our risk assessment procedures included:

- Enquiring of directors, and other management and inspection of policy documentation as to the Company's high-level policies and procedures to prevent and detect fraud, and the Company's channel for "whistleblowing", as well as whether they have knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud.

**Caravan Security Storage Limited**  
**Annual Report and Financial Statements**  
**For the Year ended 31 December 2022**

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- Reading Board minutes.

We communicated identified fraud risks throughout the audit team and remained alert to any indications of fraud throughout the audit.

As required by auditing standards, we perform procedures to address the risk of management override of controls, in particular the risk that management may be in a position to make inappropriate accounting entries. On this audit we do not believe there is a fraud risk related to revenue recognition because of the nature of revenue and the minimal judgement involved in revenue recognition. We did not identify any additional fraud risks.

We performed procedures including identifying journal entries to test based on risk criteria and comparing the identified entries to supporting documentation. These included journals approved by unauthorised users or created and approved by the same user, unusual journal entry combinations posted to cash, revenue or operating expense accounts, post-closing journals and journals with descriptions containing certain keywords.

*Identifying and responding to risks of material misstatement related to compliance with laws and regulations*

We identified areas of laws and regulations that could reasonably be expected to have a material effect on the financial statements from our general commercial and sector experience and through discussion with the directors and other management (as required by auditing standards) and discussed with the directors and other management the policies and procedures regarding compliance with laws and regulations.

We communicated identified laws and regulations throughout our team and remained alert to any indications of non-compliance throughout the audit.

The potential effect of these laws and regulations on the financial statements varies considerably.

Firstly, the Company is subject to laws and regulations that directly affect the financial statements including financial reporting legislation (including related companies' legislation), distributable profits legislation and taxation legislation and we assessed the extent of compliance with these laws and regulations as part of our procedures on the related financial statement items.

Secondly, the Company is subject to many other laws and regulations where the consequences of non-compliance could have a material effect on amounts or disclosures in the financial statements, for instance through the imposition of fines or litigation or the loss of the company's license to operate. We identified the following areas as those most likely to have such an effect: anti-bribery, anti-fraud, anti-money laundering, data protection and certain aspects of company legislation recognising the nature of the company's activities. Auditing standards limit the required audit procedures to identify non-compliance with these laws and regulations to enquiry of directors and other management and inspection of regulatory and legal correspondence, if any. Therefore, if a breach of operational regulations is not disclosed to us or evident from relevant correspondence, an audit will not detect that breach.

*Context of the ability of the audit to detect fraud or breaches of law or regulation*

Owing to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is an unavoidable risk that we may not have detected some material misstatements in the financial statements, even though we have properly planned and performed our audit in accordance with auditing standards. For example, the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely the inherently limited procedures required by auditing standards would identify it.

In addition, as with any audit, there remained a higher risk of non-detection of fraud, as these may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal controls. Our audit procedures are designed to detect material misstatement. We are not responsible for preventing non-compliance or fraud and cannot be expected to detect non-compliance with all laws and regulations.

**Strategic report and directors' report**

The directors are responsible for the strategic report and the directors' report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover those reports and we do not express an audit opinion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the strategic report and the directors' report and, in doing so, consider whether, based on our financial statements audit work, the information therein is materially misstated or inconsistent with the financial statements or our audit knowledge. Based solely on that work:

**Caravan Security Storage Limited**  
**Annual Report and Financial Statements**  
**For the Year ended 31 December 2022**

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- we have not identified material misstatements in the strategic report and the directors' report;
- in our opinion the information given in those reports for the financial year is consistent with the financial statements; and
- in our opinion those reports have been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

**Matters on which we are required to report by exception**

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

We have nothing to report in these respects.

**Directors' responsibilities**

As explained more fully in their statement set out on page 6, the directors are responsible for: the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view; such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and using the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

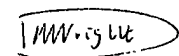
**Auditor's responsibilities**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue our opinion in an auditor's report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but does not guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

A fuller description of our responsibilities is provided on the FRC's website at [www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities](http://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities).

**The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities**

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.



**Dan Wright**  
**for and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor**  
*Chartered Accountants*  
1 St Peter's Square  
Manchester  
M2 3AE

11 July 2023

**Caravan Security Storage Limited**  
**Annual Report and Financial Statements**  
**For the Year ended 31 December 2022**

**Income Statement**  
**For the year ended 31 December 2022**

	Note	2022 £	2021 £
Turnover	4	210,656	164,916
Administrative expenses		(107,257)	(85,633)
<b>Operating profit</b>		<b>103,399</b>	<b>79,283</b>
Interest receivable and similar income		-	-
<b>Profit before taxation</b>		<b>103,399</b>	<b>79,283</b>
Tax on profit	9	(19,646)	(15,064)
<b>Profit for the financial year</b>		<b>83,753</b>	<b>64,219</b>

All the amounts recognised in the Income Statement above relate to continuing activities.

There were no other amounts recognised in comprehensive income, either in the current or preceding year, other than those included in the Income Statement, therefore no Statement of Comprehensive Income has been presented.

The notes on pages 13 to 17 form part of these financial statements.

**Caravan Security Storage Limited**  
**Annual Report and Financial Statements**  
**For the Year ended 31 December 2022**

**Statement of Financial Position**  
**As at 31 December 2022**

*Company number 03699697*

	Note	2022 £	2021 £
<b>Current assets</b>			
Debtors	8	3,879	51,848
Cash at bank and in hand		445,491	383,986
		<b>449,370</b>	<b>435,834</b>
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>			
Creditors	10	(106,125)	(176,342)
		<b>(106,125)</b>	<b>(176,342)</b>
<b>Net current assets and net assets</b>		<b>343,245</b>	<b>259,492</b>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>			
Called up share capital	11	2	2
Profit and loss account		343,243	259,490
<b>Total shareholder's funds</b>		<b>343,245</b>	<b>259,492</b>

The notes on pages 13 to 17 form part of these financial statements.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 26 June 2023.



Peter J Harvey  
**Director**

**Caravan Security Storage Limited**  
**Annual Report and Financial Statements**  
**For the Year ended 31 December 2022**

**Statement of Changes in Equity**  
**For the year ended 31 December 2022**

	Note	Called up share capital £	Profit and loss account £	Shareholder's funds £
At 1 January 2022		2	259,490	259,492
Profit for the financial year		-	83,753	83,753
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year</b>			<b>83,753</b>	<b>83,753</b>
Dividends paid		-	-	-
<b>Total transactions with owners, recognised directly in equity</b>			<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Balance as at 31 December 2022</b>		<b>2</b>	<b>343,243</b>	<b>343,245</b>

	Note	Called up share capital £	Profit and loss account £	Shareholder's funds £
At 1 January 2021		2	595,271	595,273
Profit for the financial year		-	64,219	64,219
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year</b>			<b>64,219</b>	<b>64,219</b>
Dividends paid		-	(400,000)	(400,000)
<b>Total transactions with owners, recognised directly in equity</b>			<b>(400,000)</b>	<b>(400,000)</b>
<b>Balance as at 31 December 2021</b>		<b>2</b>	<b>259,490</b>	<b>259,492</b>

The notes on pages 13 to 17 form part of these financial statements.

**Caravan Security Storage Limited**  
**Annual Report and Financial Statements**  
**For the Year ended 31 December 2022**

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## **Notes to the Financial Statements**

### **1 General information**

Caravan Security Storage Limited ('the Company') owns and provides facilities and administration services to owners of caravan storage facilities. The Company is a private company limited by shares and is incorporated in England. The address of its registered office is Market Square House, St James's Street, Nottingham, NG1 6FG.

### **2 Basis of preparation**

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' ('FRS 102') and in compliance with the Large and Medium sized companies and groups (Accounts and Reports) Regulation 2008 ("SI 2008/410") and other requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis under the historical cost accounting rules.

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented.

#### ***a) Exemption from preparing a cash flow statement***

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption under FRS 102, paragraph 1.12(b), from preparing a cash flow statement because it is a wholly owned subsidiary, whose intermediate parent company AmTrust International Insurance Limited ('AIIIL') (incorporated in Bermuda) prepares a group consolidated cash flow statement in its group consolidated financial statements that are publicly available.

#### ***b) Exemption from disclosing related party transactions***

As the Company is a wholly owned subsidiary, it has taken advantage of the exemption contained in FRS 102 paragraph 33.1A from disclosing related party transactions with entities that are wholly owned within the Evergreen Parent GP LLC group.

#### ***c) Exemption from certain financial instruments disclosures***

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption under FRS 102, paragraph 1.12(c) from making certain financial instruments disclosures on the grounds that equivalent disclosures are included in the consolidated financial statements of AIIIL.

#### ***d) Use of estimates and judgements***

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements have been disclosed as appropriate within the principal accounting policies and relevant notes below.

#### ***e) Going concern***

After making enquiries and having reviewed the capital resources and cash available to the Company, along with budget and capital forecasts for future periods, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the 12 months from the date of approval of the financial statements. The Company therefore continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing its financial statements.

**Caravan Security Storage Limited**  
**Annual Report and Financial Statements**  
**For the Year ended 31 December 2022**

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## **Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)**

### **3 Significant accounting policies**

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below.

#### **3.1 Turnover**

Turnover represents subscriptions earned in the United Kingdom. Subscriptions are earned on a pro-rata basis over the year of membership of the club by the member.

#### **3.2 Taxation**

Tax on ordinary activities comprises current and deferred tax.

##### ***i) Current tax***

Current tax is the amount of income tax payable in respect of the taxable profit for the year or prior years. Tax is calculated based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the period end.

##### ***ii) Deferred taxation***

Deferred taxation is provided in full on timing differences which result in an obligation at the statement of financial position date to pay more tax, or a right to pay less tax, at a future date, at rates expected to apply when they crystallise based on current tax rates and substantially enacted tax law. Timing differences arise from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those included in the financial statements. Deferred taxation assets are recognised to the extent that it is regarded as more likely than not that they will be recovered. Deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

#### **3.3 Financial assets**

The Company classifies all of its financial assets as basic financial instruments under Section 11 FRS 102. Management determines the classification of its investments at initial recognition. All current financial assets are carried at amortised cost.

##### ***i) Debtors***

Debtors are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market.

When these assets are recognised initially, they are valued at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. This basis of valuation is viewed by the Directors as being appropriately prudent having regard to the likely realisable value.

##### ***ii) Cash at bank and in hand***

Cash at bank and in hand comprises cash balances and are carried at amortised cost in the statement of financial position.

##### ***iii) Impairment of financial assets***

A financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired and impairment losses are incurred only if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that have occurred after the initial recognition of the assets and that event has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.



**Caravan Security Storage Limited**  
**Annual Report and Financial Statements**  
**For the Year ended 31 December 2022**

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## **Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)**

### **3 Significant accounting policies (continued)**

#### **3.3 Financial assets (continued)**

The Company first assesses whether objective evidence of impairment exists individually for financial assets that are individually significant. If the Company determines that no objective evidence of impairment exists for an individually assessed financial asset, whether significant or not, it includes the asset in a group of financial assets with similar credit risk characteristics and collectively assesses them for impairment. Assets that are individually assessed for impairment and for which an impairment loss is or continues to be recognised are not included in a collective assessment of impairment.

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss has been incurred on loans and receivables carried at amortised cost, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the asset is reduced and the amount of the loss is recognised in the income statement for the period. As a practical expedient, the Company may measure impairment based on an instrument's fair value using an observable market price.

For the purpose of a collective evaluation of impairment, financial assets are grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics (i.e. on the basis of the Company's grading process that considers asset type, industry, geographical location, past-due status and other relevant factors). Those characteristics are relevant to the estimation of future cash flows for groups of such assets by being indicative of the issuer's ability to pay all amounts due under the contractual terms of the debt instrument being evaluated.

If in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised (such as improved credit rating), the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through the profit and loss account for the period.

#### **3.4 Financial liabilities**

Financial liabilities are recognised when contractual commitments arise.

Creditors are financial liabilities and are recognised initially at fair value, net of directly attributable transaction costs. Creditors are subsequently stated at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

### **4 Turnover**

Turnover is wholly attributable to the principal activity of the Company and arises solely within the United Kingdom.

### **5 Staff costs**

The Company does not employ any staff, therefore salary cost and headcount disclosures are not applicable.

### **6 Directors remuneration**

The Directors of the Company are employed by a fellow group entity and did not receive any remuneration for their services as directors to this Company.

### **7 Audit fees**

Fees for the audit of the Company's financial statements amount to £7,000 (2021: £11,896).

**Caravan Security Storage Limited**  
**Annual Report and Financial Statements**  
**For the Year ended 31 December 2022**

## Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

### 8 Debtors

	2022 £	2021 £
Trade Debtors	3,879	11,177
Amounts due from group undertakings	-	69
Taxes	-	40,602
	<b>3,879</b>	<b>51,848</b>

### 9 Tax on profit

	2022 £	2021 £
<b>Current tax</b>		
UK corporation tax charge for the year	19,646	15,064
Adjustment in respect of prior years	-	-
<b>Total current tax</b>	<b>19,646</b>	<b>15,064</b>

The tax assessed for the year is the same as the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19%.

	2022 £	2021 £
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	103,399	79,283
Profit on ordinary activities at the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2021 – 19%)	19,646	15,064
Effects of:		
Adjustment in respect of prior years	-	-
<b>Total tax charge for period</b>	<b>19,646</b>	<b>15,064</b>

### 10 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2022 £	2021 £
Amounts due to group undertakings	24,003	97,922
Advances from customers	59,346	55,227
Deferred income	1,494	8,129
Corporation tax	19,646	15,064
Other Taxes	1,636	-
	<b>106,125</b>	<b>176,342</b>

### 11 Share capital

	2022 Number	Allotted, called up and fully paid 2021 Number	2022 £	2021 £
Ordinary shares of £1 each	2	2	2	2

**Caravan Security Storage Limited  
Annual Report and Financial Statements  
For the Year ended 31 December 2022**

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## **Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)**

### **12 Dividends**

No dividends were paid in 2022 (£400,000 – 2021).

### **12 Parent undertakings**

The Company's immediate parent undertaking is AMT Intermediaries Limited, a company registered in England, since 1st of October 2020. Prior to this date, the immediate parent undertaking was AmTrust International Limited, a company registered in England.

The Company's intermediate parent company AmTrust International Insurance Ltd, a company registered in Bermuda is the smallest group in which the results of the Company are included. The Company's ultimate parent company and controlling party is Evergreen Parent GP LLC, a company registered in the USA and is the largest group in which the results of the company are consolidated. Copies of the group financial statements of AmTrust International Insurance Ltd are available from Washington Mall 7 Reid Street Suite 400 Hamilton, HM 11, Bermuda. The address of the registered office of Evergreen Parent GP LLC is 59 Maiden Lane, 43rd Floor, New York, NY 10038.

### **13 Events after the Statement of Financial Position date**

On 26 June 2023, the Company approved to pay a dividend of £225,000 to its immediate parent, AMT Intermediaries Limited.