

Cool Logic (Service) Ltd

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements
for the Year Ended 31 October 2020

Cool Logic (Service) Ltd
(Registration number: 03699382)
Balance Sheet as at 31 October 2020

	Note	2020 £	2019 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>5</u>	29,416	49,788
Current assets			
Debtors	<u>6</u>	232,327	166,527
Cash at bank and in hand		80,685	-
		313,012	166,527
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>7</u>	(270,533)	(259,328)
Net current assets/(liabilities)		42,479	(92,801)
Total assets less current liabilities		71,895	(43,013)
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	<u>7</u>	(136,697)	(126,621)
Provisions for liabilities		-	(4,951)
Net liabilities		(64,802)	(174,585)
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	<u>8</u>	250	250
Profit and loss account		(65,052)	(174,835)
Total equity		(64,802)	(174,585)

For the financial year ending 31 October 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Cool Logic (Service) Ltd
(Registration number: 03699382)
Balance Sheet as at 31 October 2020

Approved and authorised by the Board on 5 March 2021 and signed on its behalf by:

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Mr Peter Wilkinson
Director

Cool Logic (Service) Ltd

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2020

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is:

Unit 6 Middleton Trade Park
Oldham Road
Middleton
Manchester
M24 1QZ
United Kingdom

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 5 March 2021.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;
it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;
and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Cool Logic (Service) Ltd

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2020

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class	Depreciation method and rate
Plant and Machinery	25% straight line
Office equipment	15% reducing balance
Computer equipment	33% straight line
Leasehold Improvements	20% straight line

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of an entity represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the company's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the entity recognised at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is held in the currency of the acquired entity and revalued to the closing rate at each reporting period date. Goodwill is amortised over its useful life, which shall not exceed ten years if a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made.

Amortisation

Amortisation is provided on intangible assets so as to write off the cost, less any estimated residual value, over their useful life as follows:

Asset class	Amortisation method and rate
Goodwill	10% straight line

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Cool Logic (Service) Ltd

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2020

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Leases

Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease. Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised at the lower of their fair value at inception of the lease and the present value of the minimum lease payments. These assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the useful life of the asset and the lease term. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the Balance Sheet as a finance lease obligation.

Lease payments are apportioned between finance costs in the Profit and Loss Account and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Cool Logic (Service) Ltd

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2020

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 9 (2019 - 8).

Cool Logic (Service) Ltd

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2020

4 Intangible assets

	Goodwill £	Total £
Cost or valuation		
At 1 November 2019	25,000	25,000
At 31 October 2020	25,000	25,000
Amortisation		
At 1 November 2019	25,000	25,000
At 31 October 2020	25,000	25,000
Carrying amount		
At 31 October 2020	-	-

5 Tangible assets

	Improvements to premises £	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Motor vehicles £	Other property, plant and equipment £
Cost or valuation				
At 1 November 2019	29,058	32,783	26,470	24,987
Additions	-	6,854	-	-
Disposals	-	-	(26,470)	-
At 31 October 2020	29,058	39,637	-	24,987
Depreciation				
At 1 November 2019	11,623	25,401	13,236	13,250
Charge for the year	5,811	2,312	-	5,869
Eliminated on disposal	-	-	(13,236)	-
At 31 October 2020	17,434	27,713	-	19,119
Carrying amount				
At 31 October 2020	11,624	11,924	-	5,868
At 31 October 2019	17,435	7,382	13,234	11,737

Cool Logic (Service) Ltd

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2020

	Total £
Cost or valuation	
At 1 November 2019	113,298
Additions	6,854
Disposals	<u>(26,470)</u>
At 31 October 2020	<u>93,682</u>
Depreciation	
At 1 November 2019	63,510
Charge for the year	13,992
Eliminated on disposal	<u>(13,236)</u>
At 31 October 2020	<u>64,266</u>
Carrying amount	
At 31 October 2020	<u><u>29,416</u></u>
At 31 October 2019	<u><u>49,788</u></u>

Cool Logic (Service) Ltd

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2020

6 Debtors

	Note	2020 £	2019 £
Trade debtors		207,800	143,358
Amounts owed by group undertakings and undertakings in which the company has a participating interest		997	520
Prepayments		907	931
Other debtors		22,623	21,718
		<u>232,327</u>	<u>166,527</u>

7 Creditors

Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	Note	2020 £	2019 £
Due within one year			
Bank loans and overdrafts	9	29,924	70,399
Trade creditors		112,529	112,283
Taxation and social security		58,001	9,627
Accruals and deferred income		5,150	5,100
Other creditors		64,929	61,919
		<u>270,533</u>	<u>259,328</u>

Creditors include bank loans and overdrafts and net obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts which are secured of £nil (2019 - £42,943). The director P Wilkinson has provided a personal guarantee in respect of the bank loan of £29,924 (2019 £27,455)

Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	Note	2020 £	2019 £
Due after one year			
Loans and borrowings	9	<u>136,697</u>	<u>126,621</u>

Creditors include net obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts which are secured of £nil (2019 - £10,000). The director, P Wilkinson has given a personal guarantee in respect of the bank loan of £86,697 (2019 £116,620).

8 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

Cool Logic (Service) Ltd

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2020

	2020		2019	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	150	150	150	150
Ordinary B shares of £1 each	100	100	100	100
	<u>250</u>	<u>250</u>	<u>250</u>	<u>250</u>

9 Loans and borrowings

	2020	2019
	£	£
Non-current loans and borrowings		
Finance lease liabilities	-	10,000
Other borrowings	<u>136,697</u>	<u>116,621</u>
	<u>136,697</u>	<u>126,621</u>

	2020	2019
	£	£
Current loans and borrowings		
Bank overdrafts	-	37,943
Finance lease liabilities	-	5,000
Other borrowings	<u>29,924</u>	<u>27,456</u>
	<u>29,924</u>	<u>70,399</u>

10 Parent and ultimate parent undertaking

The company's immediate parent is Charterhouse Properties (UK) Limited, incorporated in England & Wales.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.