REGISTERED NUMBER: 03677212 (England and Wales)

# STRATEGIC REPORT, REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS AND AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 MAY 2016 TO 28 MAY 2017

**FOR** 

THE FAT DUCK LIMITED

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#### THE FAT DUCK LIMITED

### COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE PERIOD 30 MAY 2016 TO 28 MAY 2017

**DIRECTORS:** A Baker

P Moody

**REGISTERED OFFICE:** Unit B

Tectonic Place Holyport Road Maidenhead Berkshire SL6 2YE

**REGISTERED NUMBER:** 03677212 (England and Wales)

**SENIOR STATUTORY AUDITOR:** William Cope

AUDITORS: Lawfords Consulting Limited

Statutory Auditors Union House Walton Lodge Bridge Street Walton-on-Thames

Surrey KT12 1BT

### STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE PERIOD 30 MAY 2016 TO 28 MAY 2017

The directors present their strategic report for the period 30 May 2016 to 28 May 2017.

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND REVIEW OF BUSINESS

The principal activity of the company is the operation of The Fat Duck restaurant. The review below relates to the company.

The Fat Duck is an iconic three Michelin starred restaurant that offers a personalised fine dining experience.

The company reports a post tax profit for 2017 of £0.4m (2016 loss £0.4m).

2017 was the first full operational year after The Fat Duck team returned from its temporary residence in Melbourne, Australia. The directors are pleased with the performance of the restaurant and value the hard work and support of the team.

#### PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The business faces a range of risks that could affect operations and profitability.

The directors are aware of the threat to the company's future profitability that is posed by current global economic uncertainty, National Living Wage increases and supplier price inflation. Any of these factors could adversely affect discretionary consumer spending and this could also affect profitability.

The business depends on its ability to attract talented employees to continue its operations. If we are unable to attract and retain quality employees the business could be affected. This might lead to higher wages and labour costs as we compete for employees and profitability could be affected.

The board of directors has significant experience in this sector. The board meets at least twelve times a year to review business performance. The directors are confident that the strategic, financial and operational risks faced by the company are identified and managed appropriately.

This report is approved by the board and signed on its behalf.

#### PERFORMANCE SUMMARY

The company is monitored against a number of key performance indicators. These are agreed and reviewed at monthly board and management meetings.

- Turnover £6.35m (2016: £6.25m)
- Gross Profit £4.5m, 71% margin (2016: £4.1m, 66% margin)
- Profit after tax for the financial period £0.4m (2016: £0.4m loss)

The executive team meets monthly to monitor actual performance compared with budget.

## STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE PERIOD 30 MAY 2016 TO 28 MAY 2017

#### **FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS**

Management continues to follow the strategy that has delivered a good performance.

The company supports and drives revenue with the continuing development of a personalised fine dining experience as well as focusing on cost efficiencies.

### ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

P Moody - Director

20 February 2018

### REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE PERIOD 30 MAY 2016 TO 28 MAY 2017

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the period 30 May 2016 to 28 May 2017.

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the company in the period under review was that of restaurant management.

#### DIVIDENDS

No dividends will be declared for the period ended 28 May 2017.

#### DIRECTORS

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 30 May 2016 to the date of this report.

A Baker

P Moody

Other changes in directors holding office are as follows:

M Whitehead - appointed 26 October 2016

M Whitehead ceased to be a director after 28 May 2017 but prior to the date of this report.

#### STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

### REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE PERIOD 30 MAY 2016 TO 28 MAY 2017

#### STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

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P Moody - Director

20 February 2018

## REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF THE FAT DUCK LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of The Fat Duck Limited for the period ended 28 May 2017 on pages eight to twenty one. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page four, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

#### Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

#### Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 28 May 2017 and of its profit for the period then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of our audit, the information given in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements, and has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements. In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment, we have not identified any material misstatements in the Strategic Report or the Report of the Directors.

## REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF THE FAT DUCK LIMITED

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

William Cope (Senior Statutory Auditor)
for and on behalf of Lawfords Consulting Limited
Statutory Auditors
Union House
Walton Lodge
Bridge Street
Walton-on-Thames
Surrey
KT12 1BT

23 February 2018

## INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE PERIOD 30 MAY 2016 TO 28 MAY 2017

		Period	Period
		30.5.16	1.6.15
		to	to
		28.5.17	29.5.16
	Notes	£	£
TURNOVER		6,347,301	6,258,610
Cost of sales		1,871,959	2,142,867
GROSS PROFIT		4,475,342	4,115,743
Administrative expenses		3,927,152	5,428,016
OPERATING PROFIT/(LOSS)	4	548,190	(1,312,273)
Income from shares in group undertakings		<del>-</del>	750,000
		548,190	(562,273)
Interest payable and similar expenses	5	15,045	14,465
PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAXATION		533,145	(576,738)
Tax on profit/(loss)	6	138,692	(215,156)
PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE FINANCIAL		<del></del>	
PERIOD		<u>394,453</u>	(361,582)

The notes form part of these financial statements

## OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD 30 MAY 2016 TO 28 MAY 2017

	Period	Period
	30.5.16	1.6.15
	to	to
	28.5.17	29.5.16
Notes	£	£
PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE PERIOD	394,453	(361,582)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		<del></del>
FOR THE PERIOD	_ 394,453_	(361,582)

The notes form part of these financial statements

## **BALANCE SHEET** 28 MAY 2017

		201	.7	201	2016	
	Notes	£	£	£	£	
FIXED ASSETS						
Tangible assets	7		3,484,668		3,418,747	
Investments	8		700,001		700,001	
			4,184,669		4,118,748	
CURRENT ASSETS						
Stocks	9	1,077,770		1,140,033		
Debtors	10	231,945		420,726		
Cash at bank and in hand		482,230		520,879		
		1,791,945	•	2,081,638		
CREDITORS						
Amounts falling due within one year	11	5,062,218		5,997,113		
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			(3,270,273)		(3,915,475)	
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT						
LIABILITIES			914,396		203,273	
CREDITORS						
Amounts falling due after more than one year	12		316,670		_	
NET ASSETS			597,726		203,273	
THE TROOP IS			577,120			
CAPITAL AND RESERVES						
Called up share capital	18		2		2	
Retained earnings	19		597,724		203,271	
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	• •		597,726		203,273	
SHINGHOLDERS FUNDS			577,120			

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 20 February 2018 and were signed on its behalf by:

P Moody - Director

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE PERIOD 30 MAY 2016 TO 28 MAY 2017

	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings	Total equity £
Balance at 1 June 2015	2	564,853	564,855
Changes in equity Total comprehensive income Balance at 29 May 2016	2	(361,582) 203,271	(361,582) 203,273
Changes in equity Total comprehensive income Balance at 28 May 2017		394,453 597,724	394,453 597,726

The notes form part of these financial statements

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 MAY 2016 TO 28 MAY 2017

#### 1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

The Fat Duck Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The presentation currency of the financial statements is the Pound Sterling (£).

These financial statements show net current liabilities of £3,270,273 (2016: £3,915,475) and have been prepared on the basis that the company is a going concern which is dependent on the company continuing to be supported by its holding company and its bankers. The directors are of the opinion that the holding company will continue to support the company and it also refinanced its lending requirements after the year end. The financial statements do not therefore reflect any adjustments that might be required if the support of the holding company and/or its bankers were withdrawn.

#### Financial Reporting Standard 102 - reduced disclosure exemptions

The company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions in preparing these financial statements, as permitted by FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland":

- the requirements of Section 4 Statement of Financial Position paragraph 4.12(a)(iv);
- · the requirements of Section 7 Statement of Cash Flows;
- the requirement of Section 3 Financial Statement Presentation paragraph 3.17(d);
- the requirements of Section 11 Financial Instruments paragraphs 11.41(b), 11.41(c), 11.41(e), 11.41(f), 11.42, 11.44, 11.45, 11.47, 11.48(a)(iii), 11.48(a)(iv), 11.48(b) and 11.48(c);
- the requirement of Section 33 Related Party Disclosures paragraph 33.7.

### Preparation of consolidated financial statements

The financial statements contain information about The Fat Duck Limited as an individual company and do not contain consolidated financial information as the parent of a group. The company is exempt under Section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirements to prepare consolidated financial statements as it and its subsidiary undertaking are included by full consolidation in the consolidated financial statements of its parent, SL 6 Limited, Unit B Tectonic Place, Holyport Road, Maidenhead, Berkshire, SL6 2YE.

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## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE PERIOD 30 MAY 2016 TO 28 MAY 2017

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### Significant judgements and estimates

Determine whether leases entered into by the company as a lessee are operating or finance leases. These decisions depend on an assessment on whether the risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred from the lessor to the lessee on a lease by lease basis.

Determine whether there are indicators of impairment of the company's intangible and tangible assets. Factors taken into consideration in reaching such a decision include the economic viability and expected further financial performance of the asset.

Tangible fixed assets are depreciated over their useful lives taking into account residual values, where appropriate. The actual lives of the assets and residual values are assessed annually and may vary depending on a number of factors such as technological innovation, product life cycles and maintenance programmes. Residual value assessments consider issues such as future market conditions, the remaining life of the asset and projected disposal values.

Deferred taxation (see note 17)

An assessment is made on an annual basis regarding the extent to which it is probable that potential deferred tax assets will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future tax profits. An asset is recognised accordingly.

#### Turnover

Turnover represents the amounts derived from the provision of goods and services in the UK which fall within the group's ordinary activities, stated after trade discounts, other sales taxes and net of value added tax.

#### Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset over its estimated useful life.

Freehold property - 2% on cost of buildings Short leasehold - Over the term of the lease

Plant and machinery - 25% on cost Fixtures and fittings - 20% on cost Computer equipment - 33% on cost

#### Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiary undertakings are recognised at cost.

#### Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

#### Taxation

Taxation for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

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## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE PERIOD 30 MAY 2016 TO 28 MAY 2017

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the period end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

#### Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the relevant monthly rate of exchange published by HM Revenue & Customs. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating result.

#### Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

#### Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

#### Debtors and creditors receivable/payable

Debtors and creditors with no stated interest rate and receivable and payable within one year are recorded at transaction price. Any losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit and loss account in administrative expenses.

#### Fixed asset investments

Equity investments in the subsidiary is recognised at cost less impairment.

#### 3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

	Period	Period
	30.5.16	1.6.15
	to	to
	28.5.17	29.5.16
	£	£
Wages and salaries	1,856,018	2,446,641
Social security costs	175,424	181,111
Other pension costs	11,479	10,955
	2,042,921	2,638,707
	<del></del>	

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## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE PERIOD 30 MAY 2016 TO 28 MAY 2017

3.	EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS - continued		
	The average monthly number of employees during the period was as follows:	D 1 1	B 1 1
		Period	Period
		30.5.16	1.6.15
		to	to
		28.5.17	29.5.16
	Directors	2	2
	Restaurant and bar	67	54
	Administration	9	11
			67
		Period	Period
		30.5.16	1.6.15
		to	to
		28.5.17	29.5.16
		£	£
	Directors' remuneration	-	_
	Directors remaineration		
4.	OPERATING PROFIT/(LOSS)		
	The operating profit (2016 - operating loss) is stated after charging/(crediting):		
		Period	Period
		30.5.16	1.6.15
		to	to
		28.5.17	29.5.16
		£	£
	Hire of plant and machinery	20,854	20,625
	Other operating leases	302,348	224,891
	Depreciation - owned assets	560,856	383,629
	Profit on disposal of fixed assets	· -	(700)
	Auditors' remuneration	12,500	12,500
	Auditors' remuneration for non audit work	(1,010)	27,457
	Foreign exchange differences	32,091	61,729
5.	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR EXPENSES		
		Period	Period
		30.5.16	1.6.15
		to	to
		28.5.17	29.5.16
		£	£
	Bank loan interest	<u> 15,045</u>	<u>14,465</u>

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## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE PERIOD 30 MAY 2016 TO 28 MAY 2017

### 6. TAXATION

The tax charge on the profit on ordinary activities for the period was as follows:

	Period 30.5.16 to 28.5.2017 £	Period 1.6.15 to 29.5.16 £
Current tax:  UK corporation tax  Adjustment to prior period  Double taxation relief  -	(41,982 32,780	
Foreign tax provision Foreign tax adjustment to prior period	- - -	(9,202) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
Deferred tax Tax on profit on ordinary activities	138,692 138,692	(212,185) (215,156)
Factors affecting the tax charge The tax assessed for the period is lower than the standard rate of corporation t is explained below:	ax in the UK. The differen	ice
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before tax  Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19.83% (2016 - 20.00%)	£ 533,144 105,723	£ (576,738) (115,348)
Effects of: Costs not deductible for tax purposes	25,222	52,993
Investment income not taxable Foreign tax paid but not recovered Adjustments to tax charge in respect of prior periods	- - - -	(150,000) 39,011 (41,982)
Utilisation of tax losses brought forward Other Current tax charge	7,747	(41,982) 170 (215,156)

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## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE PERIOD 30 MAY 2016 TO 28 MAY 2017

Freehold property leaschold machinery leaschold property leaschold machinery f £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £	7.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS			
£ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £			Freehold	Short	Plant and
COST           At 30 May 2016         1,837,075         29,694         711,056           Additions         602,592         -         18,760           At 28 May 2017         2,439,667         29,694         729,816           DEPRECIATION         30 May 2016         107,560         5,759         140,199           Charge for period         99,279         1,188         178,201           At 28 May 2017         206,839         6,947         318,400           NET BOOK VALUE         Fixtures and Computer equipment fittings equipment fittings         23,935         570,857           COST         Fixtures and Computer equipment fittings         Totals         £ </th <th></th> <th></th> <th>property</th> <th>leasehold</th> <th>machinery</th>			property	leasehold	machinery
At 30 May 2016       1,837,075       29,694       711,056         Additions       602,592       -       18,760         At 28 May 2017       2,439,667       29,694       729,816         DEPRECIATION         At 30 May 2016       107,560       5,759       140,199         Charge for period       99,279       1,188       178,201         At 28 May 2017       206,839       6,947       318,400         NET BOOK VALUE       At 29 May 2016       1,729,515       23,935       570,857         COST       Fixtures and computer equipment for equipment for equipment for			£	£	£
Additions         602,592         -         18,760           At 28 May 2017         2,439,667         29,694         729,816           DEPRECIATION         3         3         4         729,816           At 30 May 2016         107,560         5,759         140,199         1,188         178,201           At 28 May 2017         206,839         6,947         318,400           NET BOOK VALUE         2,232,828         22,747         411,416           At 29 May 2016         1,729,515         23,935         570,857           Fixtures and £         £         £         £         £           COST         Fixtures and £         £		COST			
At 28 May 2017         2,439,667         29,694         729,816           DEPRECIATION           At 30 May 2016         107,560         5,759         140,199           Charge for period         99,279         1,188         178,201           At 28 May 2017         206,839         6,947         318,400           NET BOOK VALUE         At 29 May 2016         2,232,828         22,747         411,416           At 29 May 2016         1,729,515         23,935         570,857           COST         At 30 May 2016         1,152,980         216,596         3,947,401           Additions         5,425         -         626,777           At 28 May 2017         1,158,405         216,596         4,574,178           DEPRECIATION         1,158,405         216,596         4,574,178           DEPRECIATION         185,614         89,522         528,654           Charge for period         226,840         55,348         560,856           At 28 May 2017         412,454         144,870         1,089,510           NET BOOK VALUE         745,951         71,726         3,484,668		At 30 May 2016	1,837,075	29,694	711,056
DEPRECIATION           At 30 May 2016         107,560         5,759         140,199           Charge for period         99,279         1,188         178,201           At 28 May 2017         206,839         6,947         318,400           NET BOOK VALUE         Fixtures           At 28 May 2017         2,232,828         22,747         411,416           At 29 May 2016         1,729,515         23,935         570,857           Fixtures and fittings equipment fittings equipment fittings         £         <		Additions	602,592		18,760
At 30 May 2016       107,560       5,759       140,199         Charge for period       99,279       1,188       178,201         At 28 May 2017       206,839       6,947       318,400         NET BOOK VALUE         At 28 May 2017       2,232,828       22,747       411,416         At 29 May 2016       1,729,515       23,935       570,857         Fixtures and Computer fittings equipment fittings equipment       £       £         £       £       £       £         COST         At 30 May 2016       1,152,980       216,596       3,947,401         Additions       5,425       -       626,777         At 28 May 2017       1,158,405       216,596       4,574,178         DEPRECIATION         At 30 May 2016       185,614       89,522       528,654         Charge for period       226,840       55,348       560,856         At 28 May 2017       412,454       144,870       1,089,510         NET BOOK VALUE         At 28 May 2017       745,951       71,726       3,484,668		At 28 May 2017	2,439,667	29,694	729,816
Charge for period         99,279         1,188         178,201           At 28 May 2017         206,839         6,947         318,400           NET BOOK VALUE           At 28 May 2017         2,232,828         22,747         411,416           At 29 May 2016         1,729,515         23,935         570,857           Fixtures and Computer fittings equipment £         £         £         £           £         £         £         £         £           £         216,596         3,947		DEPRECIATION			
At 28 May 2017       206,839       6,947       318,400         NET BOOK VALUE       2,232,828       22,747       411,416         At 29 May 2016       1,729,515       23,935       570,857         Fixtures and fittings equipment fittings equipment fittings       £        £       £       £       £       £       £       £       £       £       £       £       £       £       £       £        £       £       £       £       £       £       £       £       £       £       £       £       £       £       £        £       £       £       £       £       £       £       £       £       £       £       £       £       £       £        £       £       £       £       £       £       £       £       £       £       £       £       £       £       £        £       £       £       £       £       £       £       £       26,777       27,4178       28 <td></td> <td>At 30 May 2016</td> <td>107,560</td> <td>5,759</td> <td>140,199</td>		At 30 May 2016	107,560	5,759	140,199
At 28 May 2017       206,839       6,947       318,400         NET BOOK VALUE       2,232,828       22,747       411,416         At 29 May 2016       1,729,515       23,935       570,857         Fixtures and fittings equipment fittings equipment fittings       £        £       £       £       £       £       £       £       £       £       £       £       £       £       £       £        £       £       £       £       £       £       £       £       £       £       £       £       £       £       £        £       £       £       £       £       £       £       £       £       £       £       £       £       £       £        £       £       £       £       £       £       £       £       £       £       £       £       £       £       £        £       £       £       £       £       £       £       £       26,777       27,4178       28 <td></td> <td>Charge for period</td> <td>99,279</td> <td>1,188</td> <td>178,201</td>		Charge for period	99,279	1,188	178,201
NET BOOK VALUE           At 28 May 2017         2,232,828         22,747         411,416           At 29 May 2016         1,729,515         23,935         570,857           Fixtures and Computer fittings equipment £ £         Totals £         £         £           COST           At 30 May 2016         1,152,980         216,596         3,947,401           Additions         5,425         -         626,777           At 28 May 2017         1,158,405         216,596         4,574,178           DEPRECIATION           At 30 May 2016         185,614         89,522         528,654           Charge for period         226,840         55,348         560,856           At 28 May 2017         412,454         144,870         1,089,510           NET BOOK VALUE         745,951         71,726         3,484,668			206,839	6,947	318,400
At 29 May 2016         1,729,515         23,935         570,857           Fixtures and fittings equipment fittings equipment fittings         Computer equipment equipment fittings         Totals fittings           COST         1,152,980         216,596         3,947,401           Additions         5,425         -         626,777           At 28 May 2017         1,158,405         216,596         4,574,178           DEPRECIATION         185,614         89,522         528,654           Charge for period         226,840         55,348         560,856           At 28 May 2017         412,454         144,870         1,089,510           NET BOOK VALUE         745,951         71,726         3,484,668		NET BOOK VALUE	<del></del> -		
At 29 May 2016         1,729,515         23,935         570,857           Fixtures and fittings equipment fittings equipment fittings         Computer equipment equipment fittings         Totals fittings           COST         1,152,980         216,596         3,947,401           Additions         5,425         -         626,777           At 28 May 2017         1,158,405         216,596         4,574,178           DEPRECIATION         185,614         89,522         528,654           Charge for period         226,840         55,348         560,856           At 28 May 2017         412,454         144,870         1,089,510           NET BOOK VALUE         745,951         71,726         3,484,668		At 28 May 2017	2,232,828	22,747	411,416
Fixtures and Computer equipment £ £ £ £  COST  At 30 May 2016					
COST     £     £     £     £       At 30 May 2016     1,152,980     216,596     3,947,401       Additions     5,425     -     626,777       At 28 May 2017     1,158,405     216,596     4,574,178       DEPRECIATION     185,614     89,522     528,654       Charge for period     226,840     55,348     560,856       At 28 May 2017     412,454     144,870     1,089,510       NET BOOK VALUE       At 28 May 2017     745,951     71,726     3,484,668		•			<del></del>
COST         £			Fixtures		
£     £     £       COST       At 30 May 2016     1,152,980     216,596     3,947,401       Additions     5,425     -     626,777       At 28 May 2017     1,158,405     216,596     4,574,178       DEPRECIATION       At 30 May 2016     185,614     89,522     528,654       Charge for period     226,840     55,348     560,856       At 28 May 2017     412,454     144,870     1,089,510       NET BOOK VALUE       At 28 May 2017     745,951     71,726     3,484,668			and	Computer	
COST         At 30 May 2016       1,152,980       216,596       3,947,401         Additions       5,425       -       626,777         At 28 May 2017       1,158,405       216,596       4,574,178         DEPRECIATION         At 30 May 2016       185,614       89,522       528,654         Charge for period       226,840       55,348       560,856         At 28 May 2017       412,454       144,870       1,089,510         NET BOOK VALUE         At 28 May 2017       745,951       71,726       3,484,668			fittings	equipment	Totals
At 30 May 2016       1,152,980       216,596       3,947,401         Additions       5,425       -       626,777         At 28 May 2017       1,158,405       216,596       4,574,178         DEPRECIATION         At 30 May 2016       185,614       89,522       528,654         Charge for period       226,840       55,348       560,856         At 28 May 2017       412,454       144,870       1,089,510         NET BOOK VALUE       745,951       71,726       3,484,668			£	£	£
Additions       5,425       -       626,777         At 28 May 2017       1,158,405       216,596       4,574,178         DEPRECIATION         At 30 May 2016       185,614       89,522       528,654         Charge for period       226,840       55,348       560,856         At 28 May 2017       412,454       144,870       1,089,510         NET BOOK VALUE       745,951       71,726       3,484,668					
At 28 May 2017       1,158,405       216,596       4,574,178         DEPRECIATION         At 30 May 2016       185,614       89,522       528,654         Charge for period       226,840       55,348       560,856         At 28 May 2017       412,454       144,870       1,089,510         NET BOOK VALUE         At 28 May 2017       745,951       71,726       3,484,668		At 30 May 2016		216,596	3,947,401
DEPRECIATION       At 30 May 2016     185,614     89,522     528,654       Charge for period     226,840     55,348     560,856       At 28 May 2017     412,454     144,870     1,089,510       NET BOOK VALUE       At 28 May 2017     745,951     71,726     3,484,668		Additions	5,425		626,777
At 30 May 2016       185,614       89,522       528,654         Charge for period       226,840       55,348       560,856         At 28 May 2017       412,454       144,870       1,089,510         NET BOOK VALUE         At 28 May 2017       745,951       71,726       3,484,668		At 28 May 2017	1,158,405	216,596	4,574,178
Charge for period       226,840       55,348       560,856         At 28 May 2017       412,454       144,870       1,089,510         NET BOOK VALUE         At 28 May 2017       745,951       71,726       3,484,668		DEPRECIATION			
At 28 May 2017       412,454       144,870       1,089,510         NET BOOK VALUE       745,951       71,726       3,484,668		At 30 May 2016	185,614	89,522	528,654
NET BOOK VALUE         At 28 May 2017       745,951       71,726       3,484,668		Charge for period	226,840	55,348	560,856
At 28 May 2017 <u>745,951</u> 71,726 3,484,668		At 28 May 2017	412,454	144,870	1,089,510
		NET BOOK VALUE			
At 29 May 2016 967,366 127,074 3,418,747		At 28 May 2017	745,951	71,726	3,484,668
		At 29 May 2016	967,366	127,074	3,418,747

Included in cost of land and buildings is freehold land of £ 816,176 (2016 - £ 456,176) which is not depreciated.

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## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE PERIOD 30 MAY 2016 TO 28 MAY 2017

8.	FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS			au ·
				Shares in group undertakings
	COST			
	At 30 May 2016			
	and 28 May 2017			700,001
	NET BOOK VALUE At 28 May 2017			700,001
	At 29 May 2016			700,001
	The company's investments at the Balance Sheet date in the share	capital of companies inc	clude the following:	
	FD Experimental Kitchen Limited			
	Registered office: United Kingdom			
	Nature of business: Recipe development	0.4		
	Class of shares:	%		
	Ordinary £1	holding 100.00		
	Ordinary 21	100.00	2017	2016
			£	£
	Aggregate capital and reserves		706,995	730,637
	Loss for the period		(23,642)	(20,764)
9.	STOCKS			
			2017	2016
			£	£
	Stocks		1,077,770	1,140,033
10.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEA	AR .		
			2017	2016
	Trade debtors		£	£
	Other debtors		75,205 50,294	186,971
	Deferred tax asset		44,517	183,210
	Prepayments and accrued income		61,929	50,545
			231,945	420,726
	Deferred tax asset			
			2017	2016
			£	£
	Accelerated capital allowances		(73,190)	(123,314)
	Tax losses carried forward		<u>117,707</u>	306,524
			<u>44,517</u>	<u> 183,210</u>

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## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE PERIOD 30 MAY 2016 TO 28 MAY 2017

11.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		2017	2016
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts (see note 13)	100,000	498,750
	Trade creditors	392,907	377,962
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	2,695,015	2,924,414
	Social security and other taxes	51,877	49,819
	VAT	243,775	139,184
	Other creditors	85,409	95,890
	Net wages control	59,997	141,964
	Accruals and deferred income	1,433,238	1,769,130
		5,062,218	5,997,113
12.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR		
	1 EAR	2017	2016
		£	£
	Bank loans (see note 13)	<u>316,670</u>	
13.	LOANS		
	An analysis of the maturity of loans is given below:		
		2017	2016
		£	£
	Amounts falling due within one year or on demand:	100.000	400.750
	Bank loans - less than 1 year	100,000	498,750
	Amounts falling due between one and two years:		
	Bank loans - 1-2 years	100,000	<del>-</del>
	Amounts falling due between two and five years:		
	Bank loans - 2-5 years	216,670	_
	Balik loalis - 2-5 years	210,070	<del></del>
14.	LEASING AGREEMENTS		
	Minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases fall due as follows:		
		2017	2016
		£	£
	Within one year	48,422	155,012
	Between one and five years	141,041	206,962
		189,463	361,974

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## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE PERIOD 30 MAY 2016 TO 28 MAY 2017

#### 15. SECURED DEBTS

The following secured debts are included within creditors:

 Bank loans
 2017 2016

 £
 £

 £
 £

 416,670
 498,750

The company has a single bank loan originally for £500,000, repayable monthly over 5 years, with interest being charged at 2% over bank base rate.

The loan is secured by a first legal charge over the freehold property of the company, a standard bank debenture over all the company's assets and a cross guarantee incorporating first legal charges over fellow subsidiaries' leasehold and freehold premises and unlimited guarantees from various group companies.

#### 16. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The company had the following financial instruments:

2017 2016 £ £ Financial investments that are equity instruments measured at cost less impairment Fixed asset investments 700,001 700,001 Financial assets that are debt instruments measured at amortised cost Financial assets 231,945 420,726 Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost Financial liabilities 5,378,888 5,997,113

Financial assets measured at amortised cost are comprised of trade and other debtors and amounts owed by group undertakings.

Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost are comprised of bank loans, trade and other creditors, amounts owed to group undertakings and accrued expenses.

#### 17. **DEFERRED TAX**

 Balance at 30 May 2016
 (183,210)

 Charge to Income Statement during period
 138,693

 Balance at 28 May 2017
 (44,517)

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## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE PERIOD 30 MAY 2016 TO 28 MAY 2017

18.	CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL				
		ed and fully paid:			
	Number:	Class:	Nominal value:	2017 £	2016 £
	2	Ordinary	£1	2	2
19.	RESERVES				
					Retained earnings £
	At 30 May 20	016			203,271

#### 20. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

Profit for the period

At 28 May 2017

The immediate parent company is SL 6 Limited, which is incorporated in England and Wales and the ultimate parent company is Lowenthal Corporation Limited, which is incorporated in the Isle of Man

394,453

597,724

#### 21. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The company has provided an unlimited guarantee in respect of the bank loans of fellow subsidiaries. At the balance sheet date, these loans totalled £2,040,000 (2016: £416,670)

#### 22. DIRECTORS' ADVANCES, CREDITS AND GUARANTEES

Fees amounting to £Nil (2016: £7,319) were paid to Red Pie Limited, a company owned by P Moody.

#### 23. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The company has taken advantage of exemption, under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland', not to disclose related party transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries within the group.

#### 24. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The director is of the opinion that the ultimate controlling party at the balance sheet date was Lowenthal Corporation Limited.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.