COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 03670877

MOKARABIA LIMITED

Filleted Unaudited Financial Statements

26 December 2022

MOKARABIA LIMITED

Statement of Financial Position

26 December 2022

	26 Dec 22		31 Dec 21
	Note	£	£
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets		-	3,819,858
Tangible assets	5	2,013	7,492
Investments	6	3,512,886	84,350
		3,514,899	
Current assets			
Stocks		63,660	92,792
Debtors	7	101,795	448,246
Cash at bank and in hand		8,045	10,882
		173,500	551,920
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	277,414	
Net current (liabilities)/assets		(103,914)	177,208
Total assets less current liabilities		3,410,985	
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	9	880,211	
Net assets		2,530,774	184,842
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		9,287,542	6,442,542
Profit and loss account		(6,756,768)	(6,257,700)
Shareholders funds		2,530,774	184,842

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the income statement has not been delivered.

For the period ending 26 December 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the period in question in accordance with section 476;
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements .

MOKARABIA LIMITED

Statement of Financial Position (continued)

26 December 2022

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 20 March 2024, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr Zanetti

Director

Company registration number: 03670877

MOKARABIA LIMITED

Notes to the Financial Statements

Period from 1 January 2022 to 26 December 2022

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Unit 1 St Margarets Business Centre, Moor Mead Road, Twickenham, TW1 1JS, England.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions are initially recorded in the functional currency, by applying the spot exchange rate as at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate ruling at the reporting date, with any gains or losses being taken to the profit and loss account.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. Any intangible assets carried at revalued amounts, are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation, as determined by reference to an active market, less any subsequent accumulated amortisation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. Intangible assets acquired as part of a business combination are only recognised separately from goodwill when they arise from contractual or other legal rights, are separable, the expected future economic benefits are probable and the cost or value can be measured reliably.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant and machinery - Over 5 to 10 years Equipment - Over 3 years

Investments

Fixed asset investments are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Listed investments are measured at fair value with changes in fair value being recognised in profit or loss.

Investments in associates

Investments in associates accounted for in accordance with the cost model are recorded at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Investments in associates accounted for in accordance with the fair value model are initially recorded at the transaction price. At each reporting date, the investments are measured at fair value, with changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income/profit or loss. Where it is impracticable to measure fair value reliably without undue cost or effort, the cost model will be adopted. Dividends and other distributions received from the investment are recognised as income without regard to whether the distributions are from accumulated profits of the associate arising before or after the date of acquisition.

Investments in joint ventures

Investments in jointly controlled entities accounted for in accordance with the cost model are recorded at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Investments in jointly controlled entities accounted for in accordance with the fair value model are initially recorded at the transaction price. At each reporting date, the investments are measured at fair value, with changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income/profit or loss. Where it is impracticable to measure fair value reliably without undue cost or effort, the cost model will be adopted. Dividends and other distributions received from the investment are recognised as income without regard to whether the distributions are from accumulated profits of the joint venture arising before or after the date of acquisition.

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stock to its present location and condition.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment. Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately. For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics. Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund. When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the period amounted to 6 (2021: 6).

5. Tangible assets

Cost			Shares in group undertakings £		
6. Investments					
At 31 December 2021	880	701 	432	2,013	
Carrying amount At 26 December 2022	880	7 01	432	2,013	
Depreciation At 1 January 2022 and 26 December 2022	6,594 	7,236	5,324	19,154	
Cost At 1 January 2022 and 26 December 2022	£ 7,474 	£ 7,937	£ 5,756 	£ 21,167	
v	Plant and machinery	Fixtures and fittings	Equipment	Total	
5. Tangible assets					

Cost		

At 1 January 2022 and 26 December 2022	3,512,886
Impairment	
At 1 January 2022 and 26 December 2022	_

Carrying amount

At 26 December 2022	3,512,886
At 31 December 2021	3,512,886

7. Debtors

	26 Dec 22	31 Dec 21
	£	£
Trade debtors	80,821	91,974
Amounts owed by group undertakings and undertakings in which the company		
has a participating interest	_	288,307
Other debtors	20,974	67,965
	101,795	448,246
8. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	26 Dec 22	31 Dec 21
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	1,924	10,755
Trade creditors	191,170	268,956
Amounts owed to group undertakings and undertakings in which the company		
has a participating interest	_	26,819
Social security and other taxes	3,665	2,367
Loan to M Zanetti	520	(3,647)
Other creditors	80,135	69,462
	277,414	
9. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	 -	
	26 Dec 22	31 Dec 21
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	35,616	35,617
Amounts owed to group undertakings and undertakings in which the company		
has a participating interest	844,595	3,891,584
Other creditors		(23,135)
	880,211	3,904,066

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