The Insolvency Act 1986

Liquidator's Progress Report

S. 192

Pursuant to section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

To the Registrar of Companies

For official use

Company Number

03657730

Name of Company

(a) Insert full name of company

(a) JYMERGISTICS SOLUTIONS (UK)

Limited

(b) Insert full name(s) and address(es) I/We (b)

MICHAEL SUTCLIFFE

JBB HIGH STREET

the liquidator(s) of the company attach a copy of my/our Progress Report under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Signed

Date

29. uplank 20.

Presenter's name, address and reference (if any)

Liqui

URDAY

A27 02/10/2010 COMPANIES HOUSE 170

Statement of Receipts and Payments under Section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Name of Company: Synergistics Solutions (UK) Limited

Company's registered number: 03657730

State whether members' or creditors' voluntary winding up: Creditors

Date of commencement of winding up 16th March 2009

Date to which this Statement is brought down: 15th September 2010

Name and address of liquidator: Michael Sutcliffe FIPA FABRP of Sutcliffe & Co, 288 High Street,

Dorking, Surrey RH4 1QT

NOTES

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms. The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies.

Form and Contents of Statement

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding-up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold, etc. and the account of disbursements should contain all payments for costs. charges and expenses, or to creditors or contributories Receipts derived from deposit accounts and money market deposits are to be included in the 'balance at bank'. Only actual investments are to be included in the 'amounts invested' section in the analysis of balance on page 5 of the form. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the Insolvency Services Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such; nor are payments into a bank, building society or any other financial institution However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficient to explain its nature The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and the totals carried forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represent the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively.

Trading Account

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the totals of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement.

Dividends

- (3) When dividends, instalments of compositions, etc. are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, etc. actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum, and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor and the amount of dividend, etc. payable to each creditor, or contributory.
- (4) When unclaimed dividends, etc. are paid into the Insolvency Services Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account.
- (5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amounts in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of the court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules.
- (6) This statement of receipts and payments is required in duplicate.

Liquidator's Statement of Account
Under Section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

ealisations ate	Of whom received	Nature of assets realised	Amount
·			£
16 March 2010	Brought forward		5000 0
	•		
			1
		ĺ	

Note: No balance should be shown on this account but only the total realisations

Disbursements					
Date	To Whom Paid	Nature of disbursement	Amount		
			3		
16 March 2010	Brought forward		4210.03		
TO MILLION ZOTO	Brought forward		72 10.00		
		İ			
	}				
		Carried forward	4210.0		

Analy	sis of balance		
,y		£	
	realisations disbursements	5000.00 4210.03	
	Balance £	789.97	
The b	alance is made up as follows:-		
1. 2. 3.	Cash in hands of liquidator	789.97	
4. *	Amounts invested by liquidator Less: the cost of investments realised		
	Balance		
	Total balance as shown above	789.97	
* The Insolv upwa inves will b	investment or deposit of money by the liquidator does not withdraw rency Regulations 1986, and any such investments representing mords must be realised and paid into the Insolvency Services Accomments in Government securities, the transfer of which to the contrelacepted as a sufficient compliance with the terms of the Regulation	ney neid for si unt, except in ol of the Secre	x months or the case of
(1)	The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of	the commence	ement of the
(1)	winding up Assets (after deducting amounts charged to secured Creditors)		£ 182267
(2)	Liabilities - Fixed charge creditors		193704
	winding-up:- Paid up in cash	 	3
(3)	The general description and estimated value of any outstanding as insufficient space here, attach a separate sheet).	sets (if there is	i

Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded – recovery of director's loan

The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed – cannot say

(4)

(5)