## StudioCanal Limited

Directors' report and financial statements
Registered Number: 03647235

Year ended 31 December 2016



# StudioCanal Limited Directors' report and financial statements

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#### Strategic report

#### Principal activities

The principal activity of the company is that of motion picture distribution and production.

#### **Business review**

The results for the year are shown on page 8. Financial performance in each trading period can fluctuate depending on the number of theatrical releases and the stage in the life cycle of each individual film title. Revenues rose by £23.0m to £92.1m for the year ended 31 December 2016, driven by the continued exploitation of StudioCanal's portfolio of film rights. Theatrical net revenues decreased to £6.1m (£19.5m in 2015) with fewer tentpole titles released in 2016; Room and Swallows and Amazons achieving £4.0m and £3.1m in gross box office receipts respectively. Revenues from Home Entertainment decreased to £18.5m from £26.7m in 2015, however, TV, Video on Demand and Electronic Sell Through revenues increased to £55.2m (2015: £47.4m), continuing to benefit from a significant Streaming Video on Demand deal and strong Free TV sales.

The gross profit for the year ended 31 December 2016 amounted to £10.4m (2015: loss of £6.0m). At the year end, net assets totalled £20.2m, an increase of £3.8m on the prior year.

The key financial and other performance indicators during the year were as follows:

•	2016	2015	%
	•	(Restated)*	
Turnover	£92.1m	£69.1m	33.3%
Gross profit/(loss)	£10.4m	£(6.0)m	273.3%
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	£3.8m	£(12.3)m	130.9%
Shareholders' funds	£20.2m	£16.4m	23.2%
Average number of employees	57	53	7.5%

<sup>\*</sup>Please see note 20 for further details.

#### **Future developments**

The directors expect to continue the development of the company's business in the forthcoming year and take advantage of opportunities arising in Digital and New Media technology.

#### Principal risks and uncertainties

The company's operations expose it to the following risks:

- (i) Piracy: The media industry continues to be affected adversely by the issue of piracy. The directors take reasonable steps to protect the Company's intellectual property.
- (ii) Competition: The market in which the Company operates remains highly competitive. Although the margins on physical media such as DVD are under pressure, new media formats and distribution channels provide significant growth opportunities.
- (iii) Credit risk: The exposure to credit risk is continually monitored by management. The directors consider that an appropriate level of credit insurance is in place and that appropriate credit controls are in place.
- (iv) Foreign exchange risk: The Company is exposed to foreign currency risk on sales and purchases that are denominated in currencies other than sterling. The Company co-ordinates with the Group treasury function to mitigate this risk, including the use of currency hedging instruments as appropriate.

Given the size of the company, the directors have not delegated the responsibility of monitoring the financial risk management to a sub-committee of the board. The policies set by the board of directors are implemented by the company's finance department.

## Strategic report (continued)

#### Going concern

The directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

The Company is supported in terms of cash flow by the parent company, StudioCanal S.A. in the form of an intercompany loan. The Company has received a letter of support from StudioCanal S.A. indicating that it is its present intention not to request repayment of the outstanding loan balance at 31 December 2016 of £13.3m for the foreseeable future, and in any event for a period of no less than twelve months from the date of approval of these financial statements.

By order of the board

Daniel Perkins

22 June 2017

## Directors' report

The directors present their directors' report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016.

#### Proposed dividend

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2015: Nil).

#### **Directors**

The directors are as follows:

- R Bessi (resigned 30 September 2016)
- E De Vigouroux D'Arvieu (appointed 30 September 2016)
- D Lupfer
- D Perkins
- J Forde
- S Murphy
- S Arnould

#### Charitable contributions

Donations to UK charities amounted to £23,010 (2015: £9,555).

#### Disclosure of information to auditor

The directors who held office at the date of approval of the directors' report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware; and each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

#### Other Information

An indication of likely future developments in the business and particulars of significant events which have occurred since the end of the financial year have been included in the Strategic Report on page 3.

#### Auditor

The appointed auditors are KPMG LLP. Pursuant to Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditors will be deemed to be reappointed and KPMG LLP will therefore continue in office.

By order of the board

**Daniel Perkins** 

Director

StudioCanal Limited

50 Marshall Street London W1F 9BQ

Registered Number: 03647235

22 June 2017

# Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the Strategic Report, Directors' Report and the financial statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial period. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards, including FRS 101, have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.



### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF STUDIOCANAL LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of StudioCanal Limited for the year ended 31 December 2016 set out on pages 8 to 22. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and UK Accounting Standards (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 6, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit, and express an opinion on, the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

#### Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate.

#### Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2016 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

### Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report for the financial year is consistent with the financial statements.

Based solely on the work required to be undertaken in the course of the audit of the financial statements and from reading the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report:

- we have not identified material misstatements in those reports; and
- in our opinion, those reports have been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

**Tudor Aw (Senior Statutory Auditor)** 

for and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor

Chartered Accountants

Registered auditors...

Date:

22 Jen 2017

15 Canada Square London E14 5GL

# Income statement and statement of other comprehensive income For the year ended 31 December 2016

·			
		2016	2015
	N-4	conó	Restated*
	Notes	£000	£000
Turnover	. 2	92,096	69,088
Cost of sales		(81,720)	(75,114)
Gross profit		10,376	(6,026)
			1.
Administrative expenses		(6,118)	(6,012)
Operating profit		4,258	(12,038)
Loss on disposal of fixed assets		(55)	,=
Interest payable and similar charges	. 6	(422)	(372)
Interest receivable and similar income	7	3	64
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	· · · · ·	3,784	(12,346)
Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	8	(28)	33
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation	3	3,756	(12,313)
Other comprehensive income	_		_
Other comprehensive income			.=
Total comprehensive income for the year	- -	3,756	(12,313)

<sup>\*</sup> Please see Note 20.

The notes on pages 11 to 22 form part of these financial statements.

## Balance sheet

At 31 December 2016

				Restated*		
		2016		2015		
	Notes .	£000	£000	£000	£000	
Non-current assets				• "	•	
Intangible assets	9		1,749		8,727	
Tangible assets	<i>10</i> .		113		88	
Investments	11		1,830		1,830	
Debtors	13		5,671		722	
•		<del></del>	9,363		11,367	
Current assets		•	•			
Stocks	12	14,067		10,203	•	
Debtors	13	43,957		37,564		
Cash at bank and in hand		382	· <u></u>	270		
•	<del>-</del>	58,406		48,037	•	
Creditors falling due within one year	14	(34,264)		(33,264)		
Net current assets			24,142		14,773	
Total assets less current liabilities			33,505		26,139	
Creditors falling due after one year	14		(13,343)		(9,734)	
Net assets		· · · <u></u>	20,162	<u></u>	16,406	
Capital and reserves						
Called up share capital	15		1	• .	1	
Capital redemption reserve	16		50		50	
Profit and loss account	16		20,111		16,355	
Shareholders' funds	17		20,162	·	16,406	

<sup>\*</sup> Please see Note 20.

The financial statements on pages 8 to 22 were approved by the board of directors on 22 June 2017 and were signed on its behalf by:

Doniel Perkins Director

StudioCanal Limited

Registered Number: 03647235

The notes on pages 11 to 22 form part of these financial statements.

# Statement of changes in equity For the year ended 31 December 2016

	Note	Called up Share capital £000	Capital Redemption Reserve £000	Profit and loss account £000	Total equity
Balance at 1 January 2015 as previously reported		1	50	28,668	28,719
Restated profit/(loss) for the period	20	· 🚙	<del>.</del> .	(12,313)	(12,313)
Other comprehensive income		<del>-</del> .	uti.	ā,	
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the period		-		(12,313)	(12,313)
Balance at 31 December 2015		. 1	50	16,355	16,406
Profit for the period		. 92	· - <u>-</u>	3,756	3,756
Other comprehensive income	-	, e <u></u>	हें≩'''	.2.	-
Total comprehensive income for the period				3,756	3,756
Balance at 31 December 2016		1	50	20,111	20,162

#### **Notes**

#### Accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

#### Basis of preparation

These financial statements were prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework ("FRS 101"). The amendments to FRS 101 (2014/15 Cycle) issued in July 2015 have been applied.

In preparing these financial statements, the Company applies the recognition, measurement and disclosure requirements of International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU ("Adopted IFRSs"), but makes amendments where necessary in order to comply with Companies Act 2006 and has set out below where advantage of the FRS 101 disclosure exemptions has been taken.

The company is exempt by virtue of s400 of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirement to prepare group accounts as the company is included in the published accounts of a larger group headed by Vivendi S.A., a parent undertaking established under the law of a member state of the European Union. These financial statements present information about the company as an individual undertaking and not about its group.

The consolidated financial statements of Vivendi S.A are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and are available to the public and may be obtained from 42 Avenue Friedland, 75380 Paris, Cedex 08, France.

In these financial statements, the Company has applied the exemptions available under FRS 101 in respect of the following disclosures:

- A Cash Flow Statement and related notes;
- Disclosures in respect of transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries;
- Disclosures in respect of capital management;
- The effects of new but not yet effective IFRSs;
- An additional balance sheet for the beginning of the earliest comparative period following the retrospective change in accounting policy
- Disclosures in respect of the compensation of Key Management Personnel; and
- Disclosures of transactions with a management entity that provides key management personnel services to the company.

As the consolidated financial statements of Vivendi S.A. include the equivalent disclosures, the Company has also taken the exemptions under FRS 101 available in respect of the following disclosures:

- Certain disclosures required by IAS 36 Impairment of assets in respect of the impairment of goodwill and indefinite life intangible assets;
- Disclosures required by IFRS 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations in respect
  of the cash flows of discontinued operations; and
- Certain disclosures required by IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement and the disclosures required by IFRS 7
  Financial Instrument Disclosures.

The Company proposes to continue to adopt the reduced disclosure framework of FRS 101 in its next financial statements.

The accounting policies set out below have, unless otherwise stated, been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements.

#### Change in accounting policy

In these financial statements, the Company has changed its accounting policies in the following areas:

- IFRS15 Revenue From Contracts with Customers. Please refer to Note 20 for details on the effect of the adoption.

#### Going concern

The directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

#### Intangible fixed assets

The cost of acquiring film licensing rights and technical costs associated with producing DVDs are capitalised and amortised in accordance with the revenue generated in the period in proportion to the total expected revenue.

In certain circumstances the Company enters into arrangements whereby contributions to the production costs of a film are received from investors in return for a share of future revenues. Where the terms of these agreements are such that the arrangement is not a clear financing transaction, or the disposal of an economic interest in the title, judgment is required to account for such transactions. The Company recognises the amounts received as a reduction in the capitalised cost of the intangible asset.

#### Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of each part of an item of tangible fixed assets. Land is not depreciated. The estimated useful lives are as follows

Office equipment, fixtures and fittings 3 ye

#### Investments

Fixed asset investments are shown at cost less provision for permanent diminution in value.

#### Work in progress

Stocks and work in progress are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Costs incurred to acquire film rights are recognised and retained as work in progress until the films' theatre release date or significant revenues are generated. At the earlier of these two events, the costs are capitalised. The capitalised amount is then amortised as described above. Foreseeable losses are recognised in the accounting period in which they are identified. Other acquisition costs relating to television release dates and other media transmissions release dates are released when the film has been delivered and can be released via that media. All other printing and advertising costs are written off to the profit and loss account as incurred.

#### **Operating leases**

Operating lease rentals are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease period.

#### Foreign currency

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are recorded using the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the contracted rate or the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date and the gains and losses on translation are included in the profit and loss account.

#### **Taxation**

Tax on the profit or loss for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the profit and loss account except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income, in which case it is recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income.

Current tax is the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

A deferred tax asset is recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilised.

#### Advance income in relation to sale of distribution rights

The company enters into arrangements with broadcasters for the airing of films at a future date. The revenue is recognised at the point that:

- The significant risks and rewards of ownership are transferred to the customer;
- There is relative certainty that the economic benefits will flow to the company;
- The revenues are measurable, being the fair value of consideration received or receivable.

This will usually be at the point when the right sold is available for exploitation by the acquirer. Advance income received is credited to accruals and deferred income until it is recognised as income.

#### **Pensions**

Pension costs under the defined contribution scheme are charged against profits for the year in accordance with the amount of contributions payable to the pension scheme in respect of the accounting period.

Pension costs include commitments of £nil (2015: £nil) which have been accrued in the Company's balance sheet.

#### Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price less all estimated costs of completion and costs to be incurred in marketing, selling and distribution.

## 2 Turnover

Turnover represents income, net of Value Added Tax and other sales taxes, from distribution fees, box office receipts and other amounts receivable under distribution agreements entered into by the company. Income is not recognised until the release date of a theatrical film, home video or digital title and until it has been delivered and is available for exploitation.

All revenues earned are within a single class of business, film rights exploitation. All revenues are earned within the UK & Ireland. A segmental analysis by territory is shown below:

		•	2016	2015
UK	•		99%	98%
Ireland	2	•	1%	2%

#### 3 Profit on ordinary activities before taxation

	2016	(Restated)*
	£000	£000
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charging Amortisation, depreciation and amounts written off:	·	
- Tangible fixed assets	22	169
- Intangible fixed assets	18,231	11,897
Operating lease rentals - Land and buildings Auditor's remuneration:	423	428
- audit fees (audit of these financial statements)	36	36

<sup>\*</sup>Please see Note 20 for details.

#### Staff Costs

	2016	2015
	0003	£000
Wages and salaries	3,277	3,154
Social security costs	358	331
Pension costs	224	183
	3,859	3,668
	,	

The average weekly number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, analysed by category was as follows:

					2016	2015
				.'	Number	Number
Sales	•				38	33
Administration					19	. 20
		•			57	53

#### Director's emoluments

	2016	2015
	£000	£000
Aggregate emoluments including benefits in kind	659	679
Company contributions to money purchase pension scheme	94	76
	753	755

Retirement benefits are accruing to three directors (2015: three) under a money purchase pension scheme.

The aggregate of remuneration and amounts receivable under long term incentive schemes of the highest paid director was £395,804 (2015: £365,412), and company pension contributions of £52,605 (2015: £49,865) were made to a money purchase scheme on their behalf.

The company did not pay third parties for the services of any director (2015: Nil).

The remuneration of the other directors is borne by other group companies.

#### 6 Interest payable and similar charges

	2016	2015
	£000	£000
Interest on intercompany loan	66	372
Net exchange losses	356	<u></u>
	422	372
Interest receivable and similar income		
	2016	2015
	£000	£000
Bank interest	3	2
Net exchange gains	•	62
	3	64

#### 8 Tax charge

#### a) Analysis of tax charge in the year:

	2016 £000	2015 £000
UK Corporation tax Current tax on income for the year Adjustment in respect of prior years Total current tax	(3)	(70) (70)
Deferred tax (see note 8c)		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences Changes in tax rates Total deferred tax credit	 28 3 31	7 30 37
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	28	(33)

The tax assessed for the period is lower than (2015: lower than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20.00% (2015: 20.25%). The differences are explained in b) below:

## b) Factors affecting the tax charge for the year:

	2016	2015
	£000	£000
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before tax	3,784	(12,346)
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate in the UK of 20.0% (2015: 20.25%) Effects of:	757	(2,500)
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	14	1.
Excess of depreciation over capital allowances	<b>.</b>	-:
Transfer pricing adjustment and other	1,873	(142)
Impact of accounting restatement	(2,615)	2,648
Adjustments in respect of prior years	(1)	(40)
Total current tax surrendered for group relief in exchange for consideration/current tax charge for the year	28	(33)

Reductions in the UK corporation tax rate from 20% to 19% (effective 1 April 2017) and to 18% (effective from 1 April 2020) were substantively enacted on 26 October 2015, and an additional reduction to 17% (effective from 1 April 2020) was substantively enacted on 6 September 2016. This will reduce the company's future current tax charge accordingly.

#### 8 Tax charge (continued)

#### c) Deferred taxation

					,	
•				:	2016	2015
					€000	£000
		٠.				
At the beginning of the period					. 93	130
Credited to the profit and loss account					(28)	(7)
Adjustment in respect of prior years	•				(3)	(30)
At the end of the period (note 13)	٠	٠.		•	62	93
						·
Analysis of deferred tax asset						
Excess of depreciation over capital allowances	•	•			62	84
Tax losses					· .	2
Other short term timing differences					<u> </u>	<u></u> 7.
			• .		62	93

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rate that is expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on the rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. Therefore, at 31 December 2016, deferred tax assets and liabilities have been calculated based on a rate of 20%, where the temporary difference is expected to reverse after 1 April 2017.

### 9 Intangible assets

	Film rights (Restated for 2015)*	Software	Total (Restated for 2015)*
	£000	£000	£000
Cost	22.2.2		
Balance at 1 January 2015	99,349	358	99,707
Additions	5,146	21	5,167
Balance at 31 December 2015	104,495	379	104,874
Balance at 1 January 2016	104,495	379	104,874
Additions	11,261	21	11,282
Disposals	-	(241)	(241)
Balance at 31 December 2016	115,756	159	115,915
Amortisation			
Balance at 1 January 2015	84,013	235	84,248
Charge for the year	11,893	6	11,899
Balance at 31 December 2015	95,906	241	96,147
Balance at 1 January 2016	95,906	241	96,147
Charge for the year	18,125	106	18,231
Disposals	÷.	(212)	(212)
Balance at 31 December 2016	114,031	135	114,166
Net book value	·		
At 1 January 2015	15,336	123	15,459
At 1 January 2016	8,589	138	8,727
At 31 December 2016	1,725	24	1,749

<sup>\*</sup> Please see note 20.

#### 10 Tangible fixed assets

	Office equipment, fixtures & fittings £000
Cost	
Balance at 1 January 2016	1,541
Additions	74
Disposals	(418)
Balance at 31 December 2016	1,197
Depreciation	
Balance at 1 January 2016	1,453
Charge for the year	22
Disposals	(391)
Balance at 31 December 2016	1,084
Net book value	
At 1 January 2016	88
At 31 December 2016	113
	**************************************

#### 11 Investments

	Share in group
	undertakings
	£000£
Cost at the beginning of the year	1,830
Net book value at the end of the year	1,830

The Company has the following investments in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities:

Subsidiary undertakings	Country of incorporation or registration	Principal activity	Class and percentage of shares held
Dinosaur Productions Limited	England and Wales	Film production	Ordinary 100%
Fury Pictures Limited	England and Wales	Film production	Ordinary 100%
Joint venture undertakings	•	•	
Elevation Sales Limited	England and Wales	DVD distributor and sales agent	Ordinary 50%

Elevation Sales Limited is operated under a Shareholders Agreement with Lions Gate UK Limited. Under the terms of this agreement, Elevation Sales Limited acts as a sales agent on behalf of StudioCanal Limited.

During the year, transactions with Elevation Sales Limited included sales of £20,444,987 (2015: £28,597,145) and expenses of £5,149,687 (2015: £6,352,361). At the year end, there was a balance of £nil (2015: £4,568,747) included within trade debtors due from Elevation Sales Limited and an amount of £593,196 (2015: £678,447) included within trade creditors due to Elevation Sales Limited.

#### 12 Stocks

13

	•		2016	2015
·			£000	£000
Finished goods	•		2,151	2,079
Work in progress			11,916	8,124
* -			14,067	10,203
•	· .		,	
Debtors				
			2016	2015
	, <u>.</u>	•		(Restated)*
			£000	£000£
•		I	•.	
Trade debtors	•		12,062	6,852
Amounts owed from parent undertaking			. :-	411

Amounts due from joint venture Other debtors, prepayments and accrued in Deferred Tax asset see (note 8c)	11 37,493 62	4,580 26,335 93
Zoronou van abbor sao (note oo)	49,628	38,286
Non-current	5,671	722
Current	 43,957	_37,564
·	49,628	38,286

15

Amounts owed by other group undertakings

Total debtors include trade debtors of £nil (2015 restated: £nil) and accrued income of £5.7m (2015 restated: £0.7m) due after more than one year.

#### 14 Creditors

	2016	2015 (Restated)*
	£000	£000
Trade creditors	7.17	204
Amounts due to parent undertaking	14,744	10,832
Amounts payable under distribution agreements	20,764	19,120
Corporation tax	673	680
Other taxation and social security	1,304	499
Accruals and deferred income	9,405	11,663
	47,607	42,998
Non-current .	13,343	9,734
Current	34,264	33,264
	47,607	42,998

<sup>\*</sup> Please see note 20.

Total creditors include £13.3m (2015: £9.7m) due to the parent undertaking after more than one year.

<sup>\*</sup> Please see note 20

## 15 Called up share capital

	•		. *	2016	2015
			•	£000	£000
Authorised		• *			
50,000 ordinary shares of £1 each				50	50
50,000 preference shares of £1 each				50	50
				100	100
Allotted, called up and fully paid 1,000 ordinary shares of £1 each		• ·	,	1	

## 16 Profit and loss account and reserves

	Profit and loss account	Capital redemption
	(Restated)*	reserve
	€000	£000
At 1 January 2015	28,668	50
Restated loss for the year	(12,313)	<u></u>
At 31 December 2015	16,355	50
Profit for the year	3,756	<u> </u>
At 31 December 2016	20,111	50

The capital redemption reserve relates to the buyback of preference shares.

## 17 Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds

	2016	2015 (Restated)*
	€000	£000
Opening shareholders' funds Profit/(loss) for the period Closing shareholders' funds	16,406 3,756 20,162	28,719 (12,313) 16,406

<sup>\*</sup> Please see note 20.

#### 18 Financial commitments

Annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

Lease commitments		Land and buildings	
		2016	2015
·		£000	£000
Operating leases which expire:			
Less than one year		· <b>1</b>	4
Between one and five years		425	420
More than five years	•	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
		426	424

The Company leases its main office under an operating lease.

During the year £423,284 was recognised as an expense in the profit and loss account in respect of operating leases (2015: £427,930).

#### Contractual commitments

At 31 December 2016, the company had outstanding contractual commitments totalling £13,135,244 (2015: £14,031,000) in relation to future rights to distribute motion pictures.

#### 19 Parent undertaking and controlling party

The company's immediate parent undertaking is StudioCanal Holdings UK.

The ultimate parent company and controlling party is Vivendi S.A. a company incorporated in France.

The largest group of which the company is a member and for which consolidated financial statements are drawn up is that headed by Vivendi SA. These consolidated financial statements are available at 42 Avenue Friedland, 75380 Paris, Cedex 08, France.

## 20 Explanation of transition to IFRS 15

From 1 January 2015, Studiocanal has early adopted the accounting standard IFRS 15: Revenue from contracts with customers. This has impacted revenue recognition for Free TV and Streaming Video on Demand, in that revenue is now recognised in line with the licence period. The below analysis shows the impact on the 2015 financial statements:

Reconciliation of income statement			
•		2015	
	As previously reported	Adjustments	As restated
Turnovan	£ 106,077	£ (36,989)	£ 69,088
Turnover Cost of sales	(99,027)	23,913	(75,114)
Gross profit	7,050	(13,076)	(6,026)
•		(15,070)	
Administrative expenses	(6,012)		(6,012)
Operating profit	1,038	(13,076)	(12,038)
Interest payable and similar charges	(372)	·*	(372)
Interest receivable and similar income	64	· <del>·</del>	64
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	730	(13,076)	(12,346)
Taxation on profit on ordinary activities	33		33
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation	763	(13,076)	(12,313)
Reconciliation of Equity			
•	A	2015	
·	As previously reported	Adjustments	As restated
	£	£	£
Non-current assets			
Intangible assets	7,196	1,531	8,727 88
Tangible fixed assets Investments	88 1,830		1,830
Debtors	.722		722
	· · · · <del>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · </del>	·	
	9,836	1,531	11,367
Current assets	10.202		10 202
Stocks Debtors	10,203 73,105	(35,541)	10,203 37,564
Cash at bank	270	(33,341)	270
Cash at bank			
,	83,578	(35,541)	48,037
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	(54,198)	20,934	(33,264)
Net current assets	29,380	(14,607)	14,773
Creditors: Amounts falling due after one	(0.724)		(0.724)
year	(9,734)	·	(9,734)
Net assets	29,482	(13,076)	16,406
Capital and reserves	<del></del>	: <del></del>	<del></del> !
Called-up share capital	1	<del>y</del>	1
Capital redemption reserve	50	•	50
Profit and loss account	29,431	(13,076)	16,355
Shareholders' funds	29,482	(13,076)	16,406