Registration number: 03644097

Anglia Car Auctions Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2018

Hodson Lewis Limited
Certified Accountants & Business Advisers
The Flint House
Heath Farm Business Centre
Tut Hill
Bury St Edmunds
Suffolk
IP28 6LG

Contents

Company Information	<u></u>
Balance Sheet	$\underline{2}$ to $\underline{3}$
Notes to the Financial Statements	<u>4</u> to <u>10</u>

Company Information

Director L T George

Registered office The Cattlemarket

Beveridge Way Kings Lynn Norfolk PE30 4NB

Accountants Hodson Lewis Limited

Certified Accountants & Business Advisers

The Flint House

Heath Farm Business Centre

Tut Hill

Bury St Edmunds

Suffolk IP28 6LG

Page 1

(Registration number: 03644097) Balance Sheet as at 30 September 2018

	Note	2018 £	2017 £
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	<u>4</u>	1	1
Tangible assets	<u>4</u> <u>5</u>	528,015	484,784
		528,016	484,785
Current assets			
Debtors	<u>6</u>	1,058,196	900,071
Cash at bank and in hand		192,233	78,243
		1,250,429	978,314
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u> 7</u>	(477,053)	(396,451)
Net current assets		773,376	581,863
Total assets less current liabilities		1,301,392	1,066,648
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	<u>7</u>	(121,774)	(113,659)
Provisions for liabilities		(4,387)	
Net assets		1,175,231	952,989
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		100	100
Profit and loss account		1,175,131	952,889
Total equity		1,175,231	952,989

For the financial year ending 30 September 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges her responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

(Registration number: 03644097) Balance Sheet as at 30 September 2018

Approved and authorised	by the director on 27 June 2019
L T George	
Director	
	The notes on pages $\frac{4}{2}$ to $\frac{10}{2}$ form an integral part of these financial statements

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2018

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England.

The address of its registered office is: The Cattlemarket Beveridge Way Kings Lynn Norfolk PE30 4NB

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the director on 27 June 2019.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2018

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset classDepreciation method and rateMotor vehicles20% Straight lineFixtures & fittings20% Straight lineEquipment20% Straight linePropertyNo charge

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of an entity represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the company's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the entity recognised at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is held in the currency of the acquired entity and revalued to the closing rate at each reporting period date. Goodwill is amortised over its useful life, which shall not exceed ten years if a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made.

Amortisation

Amortisation is provided on intangible assets so as to write off the cost, less any estimated residual value, over their useful life as follows:

Asset class
Goodwill
Amortisation method and rate
10% Straight line

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2018

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Leases

Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease. Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised at the lower of their fair value at inception of the lease and the present value of the minimum lease payments. These assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the useful life of the asset and the lease term. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the Balance Sheet as a finance lease obligation.

Lease payments are apportioned between finance costs in the Profit and Loss Account and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2018

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including the director) during the year, was 17 (2017 - 11).

4 Intangible assets

	Goodwill £	Total £
Cost or valuation		
At 1 October 2017	7,000	7,000
At 30 September 2018	7,000	7,000
Amortisation		
At 1 October 2017	6,999	6,999
At 30 September 2018	6,999	6,999
Carrying amount		
At 30 September 2018	1	1
At 30 September 2017	1	1

The aggregate amount of research and development expenditure recognised as an expense during the period is £Nil (2017 - £Nil).

Revalued assets for the year ended 30 September 2018

Revalued assets for the year ended 30 September 2017

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2018

5 Tangible assets

	Land and buildings £	Furniture, fittings and equipment	Motor vehicles £	Other property, plant and equipment
Cost or valuation				
At 1 October 2017	463,265	45,373	207,773	77,909
Additions		54,019		12,269
At 30 September 2018	463,265	99,392	207,773	90,178
Depreciation				
At 1 October 2017	-	45,361	193,973	70,202
Charge for the year	<u>-</u> _	10,815	7,500	4,742
At 30 September 2018	<u> </u>	56,176	201,473	74,944
Carrying amount				
At 30 September 2018	463,265	43,216	6,300	15,234
At 30 September 2017	463,265	12	13,800	7,707
				Total £
Cost or valuation				
At 1 October 2017				794,320
Additions			_	66,288
At 30 September 2018			_	860,608
Depreciation				
At 1 October 2017				309,536
Charge for the year			_	23,057
At 30 September 2018			_	332,593
Carrying amount				
At 30 September 2018			=	528,015
At 30 September 2017			=	484,784

Included within the net book value of land and buildings above is £463,265 (2017 - £463,265) in respect of freehold land and buildings.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2018

6 Debtors				
			2018	2017
			£	£
Trade debtors			581,493	554,578
Prepayments			8,163	15,689
Other debtors			468,540	329,804
			1,058,196	900,071
7 Creditors				
Creditors: amounts falling due within one ye	ar			
			2018	2017
		Note	£	£
Due within one year				
Bank loans and overdrafts		9	179,864	89,472
Trade creditors		_	106,111	191,475
Taxation and social security			15,080	28,378
Accruals and deferred income			4,057	3,837
Other creditors			171,941	83,289
			477,053	396,451
Creditors: amounts falling due after more th	an one year			
			2018	2017
		Note	£	£
Due after one year				
Loans and borrowings		9	121,774	113,659
8 Share capital				
·				
Allotted, called up and fully paid shares	2018		2017	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary of £1 each	100	100	100	100
-	Poga 0			

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2018

9 Loans and borrowings

	2018 £	2017 £
Non-current loans and borrowings		
Bank borrowings	98,957	113,659
Finance lease liabilities	22,817	
	121,774	113,659
	2018	2017
	£	£
Current loans and borrowings		
Bank overdrafts	168,365	89,472
Finance lease liabilities	11,499	
	179,864	89,472
10 Dividends		
	2018	2017
	£	£

11 Related party transactions

Directors' remuneration

The director's remuneration for the year was as follows:

	2018	2017
	£	£
Remuneration	11,451	9,600
Contributions paid to money purchase schemes	942	
	12,393	9,600

Page 10

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.