Company registration number: 3640182

Courage Underwriting Limited

Report and financial statements 31 December 2006

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Company information

Directors

W J Courage Nomina plc

Company Secretary

Hampden Legal PLC

Registered Office

85, Gracechurch Street

London EC3V OAA

Auditors

CLB Littlejohn Frazer Chartered Accountants

and Registered Auditors

1 Park Place Canary Wharf

London E14 4HJ

Accountants

Axiom Consulting Limited

Lloyds Chambers 1 Portsoken Street London E1 8DF

Solicitors

Jones Day

21, Tudor Street

London EC4Y ODJ

Report of the Directors

The Directors submit their Report together with the Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2006

Principal Activities and Business Review

The principal activity of the Company is that of trading as a Lloyd's corporate capital member. The Company continues to trade in 2007 and the Directors expect this year's result to be better than years currently being reported.

The Financial Statements incorporate the annual accounting results of the syndicates on which the Company participates for the 2004, 2005 and 2006 years of account, as well as any 2003 and prior run-off years

The 2004 year closed at 31 December 2006 with a result of £66,925 (2003 - £117,503) The 2005 and 2006 open underwriting account will normally close at 31 December 2007 and 2008

Certain syndicates on which the Company participates have for a variety of reasons been unable to close. There is a greater than usual degree of uncertainty as to the eventual outcome of these accounts.

Results and Dividends

The results for the year are set out on pages 9 to 10 of the Financial Statements Dividends totalling \pounds - were paid in the year (2005 \pounds -)

Future Developments

The Company continues to write insurance business in the Lloyd's insurance market as a corporate underwriting member of Lloyd's.

Report of the Directors (continued)

Key Performance Indicators

The directors consider the following to be the key performance indicators of the Company

	2006	2005
Capacity (youngest underwriting year)	604,786	606,941
Gross premium written as a % of capacity	114 5%	105 6%
Underwriting profit of latest closed year		
as a % of capacity	9 5%	20 9%
Run-off years of account movement	4,390	(26,608)

Other Performance Indicators

As a result of the nature of this Company as a Lloyd's Corporate Member the majority of its activities are carried out by the syndicates in which it participates. The Company is not involved directly in the management of the syndicate's activities, including employment of syndicate staff, as these are the responsibility of the relevant Managing Agent. Each Managing Agent will also have responsibility for the environmental activities of each syndicate, although by their nature insurers do not produce significant environmental emissions. As a result, the Directors of the Company do not consider it appropriate to monitor and report any performance indicators in relation to staff or environmental matters.

Risk Management

As a corporate member of Lloyd's the majority of the risks to this Company's future cash flows arise from its participation in the results of Lloyd's syndicates. As detailed below, these risks are mostly managed by the Managing Agent of the syndicate. This Company's role in managing this risk is limited to selection of syndicate participations and monitoring performance of the syndicates.

Syndicate risks

The syndicate's activities expose it to a variety of financial and non-financial risks. The Managing Agent is responsible for managing the syndicate's exposure to these risks and, where possible, introducing controls and procedures that mitigate the effects of the exposure to risk. Each year, the Managing Agent prepares an Individual Capital Assessment (ICA) for the syndicate, the purpose of this being to agree capital requirements with Lloyd's based on an agreed assessment of the risks impacting the syndicate's business, and the measures in place to manage and mitigate those risks from a quantitative and qualitative perspective. The risks described below are typically reflected in the ICA; and typically the majority of the total assessed value of the risks concerned is attributable to Insurance Risk

Report of the Directors (continued)

The insurance risks faced by a syndicate include the occurrence of catastrophic events, downward pressure on pricing of risks, reductions in business volumes and the risk of inadequate reserving Reinsurance risks arise from the risk that a reinsurer fails to meet their share of a claim. The management of the syndicate's funds is exposed to risks of investment, liquidity, currency and interest rates leading to financial loss. The syndicate is also exposed to regulatory and operational risks including its ability to continue to trade. However, supervision by Lloyd's and the Financial Services Authority provide additional controls over the syndicate's management of risks.

The Company manages the risks faced by the syndicates on which it participates by monitoring the performance of the syndicates it supports. This commences in advance of committing to support a syndicate for the following year, of a review of the business plan prepared for each syndicate by its Managing Agent. In addition quarterly reports and annual accounts together with any other information made available by the Managing Agent are monitored and if necessary enquired into. If the Company considers that the risks being run by the syndicate are excessive it will seek confirmation from the Managing Agent that adequate management of the risk is in place and if considered appropriate will withdraw support from the next underwriting year.

Investment and currency risks

The other significant risks faced by the Company are with regard to the investment of the available funds within its own custody. The elements of these risks are investment risk, liquidity risk, currency risk and interest rate risk. To mitigate this, the surplus company funds are invested in the Money Market with triple A rated banks. The main liquidity risk would arise if a syndicate had inadequate liquid resources for a large claim and sought funds from the company to meet the claim. In order to minimise investment, credit and liquidity risk the Company's funds are invested in readily realisable money market deposits. The Company's money market deposits are held approximately equally in Sterling and US dollars, which is similar to the balance of the underlying currencies in which the supported syndicates trade. This aims to mitigate the currency exposure risk that may arise if syndicates require funding for losses and also to ensure that any changes to capital requirements arising from currency movements are mitigated by similar changes in the value of Company funds

Regulatory risks

The Company is subject to continuing approval by Lloyd's and the Financial Services Authority to be a member of a Lloyd's syndicate. The risk of this approval being removed is mitigated by monitoring and fully complying with all requirements in relation to membership of Lloyd's. The capital requirements to support the proposed amount of syndicate capacity for future years are subject to the requirements of Lloyd's. A variety of factors are taken into account by Lloyd's in setting these requirements including market conditions and syndicate performance and although the process is intended to be fair and reasonable the requirements can fluctuate from one year to the next, which may constrain the volume of underwriting the Company is able to support

Operational risks

As there a relatively few transactions actually undertaken by the Company there are only limited systems and staffing requirements of the Company and therefore operational risks are not considered to be significant. Close involvement of all directors in the Company's key decision making and the fact that the majority of the Company's operations are conducted by syndicates provides control over any remaining operational risks

Courage Underwriting Limited Report of the Directors (continued)

Directors

The Directors who served at any time during the year were as follows

W J Courage Nomina plc

Directors' Responsibilities

Company law requires the Directors to prepare Financial Statements for each financial period which give a true and fair view of the affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period In preparing those Financial Statements, the Directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the Financial Statements
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and to enable them to ensure that the Financial Statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities. The Directors are responsible for ensuring that the Report of the Directors is prepared in accordance with company law in the United Kingdom.

Report of the Directors (continued)

Auditors

A resolution to reappoint CLB Littlejohn Frazer will be proposed at the next Annual General Meeting

In the case of each of the persons who are Director's at the time this report is approved, the following applies:

- (a) So far as the Directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and
- (b) They have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a Director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information

By Order of the Board

Hampden Legal PLC Secretary

18th July 2007

Independent Auditors' report

Independent Auditor's report to the shareholders of Courage Underwriting Limited

We have audited the Financial Statements of Courage Underwriting Limited for the year ended 31 December 2006 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet, the Cash Flow Statement, the Accounting Policies and the related notes 1 to 21 These Financial Statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein

This report is made solely to the Company's shareholders, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's shareholders those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's shareholders as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective Responsibilities of Directors and Auditors

As described by the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities, the Company's Directors are responsible for the preparation of the Financial Statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

Our responsibility is to audit the Financial Statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland)

We report to you our opinion as to whether the Financial Statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Report of the Directors is not consistent with the Financial Statements, if the Company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding Directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed

We read the Report of the Directors and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it

Basis of Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the Financial Statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the Directors in the preparation of the Financial Statements, and of whether the Accounting Policies are appropriate to the Company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the Financial Statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the Financial Statements.

Independent Auditors' report (continued)

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Opinion

In our opinion

- the Financial Statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2006 and of its result for the year then ended,
- and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985, and
- the information given in the Report of the Directors is consistent with the Financial Statements

CLB Littlejohn Frazer

CLB

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

Canary Wharf London E14 4HJ

1 Park Place

20th July 2007

Profit and loss account Technical account – general business For the year ended 31 December 2006

	Note		2006 £		2005 £
Premiums Written Gross premiums written Outward reinsurance premiums	1		692,387 (116,779)		640,729 (119,661)
Net Premiums Written			575,608		521,068
Change in the provision for Unearned premiums Gross Provision Reinsurers' share			(18,576) 2,306		46,133 (10,785)
Earned Premiums, Net of Reinsurance Allocated Investment Return Transferred from the Non-Technical Account			559,338		556,416
Claims Paid Gross Amount Reinsurers' share		(510,500) 209,541	•	(415,372) 140,910	·
Net claims paid		(300,959)		(274,462)	
Change in Provision for Claims Gross amount Reinsurers' share		192,039 (163,193)		(313,669) 149,930	
Change in net provision for claims		28,846		(163,739)	
Claims Incurred, Net of Reinsurance			(272,113)		(438,201)
Changes in other technical provisions, net of reinsurance Net operating expenses Other technical charges, net of reinsurance	3		(210,127)		(197,535) -
Balance on the Technical Account for General Business			119,147		(50,151)

Profit and loss account Non - technical account For the year ended 31 December 2006

	Note	2006 £	2005 £
Balance on Technical Account for General Business		119,147	(50,151)
Investment income	4	46,614	37,111
Unrealised gains on investments		4,322	3,224
Investment expenses and charges	5	(6,325)	(5,107)
Unrealised losses on investments		(2,562)	(6,059)
Allocated investment return transferred to the general			
business technical account		(42,049)	(29,169)
Other income		22,824	336
Other charges		(12,863)	(7,276)
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation	6	129,108	(57,091)
Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities	7	(307)	(389)
Profit/(loss) for the financial year	14	128,801	(57,480)

All amounts relate to continuing operations

Balance sheet As at 31 December 2006

		31 1	December 2	006	31	December 20	005
	Note	Syndicate Participation £	Corporate £	Total £	Syndicate Participation	Corporate £	Total £
Assets							
Intangible assets	9	-	2,000	2,000	-	4,672	4,672
Investments Financial investments Deposits with ceding undertakings	10	834,356 595	-	834,356 595	783,775 493	-	783,775 493
		834,951	-	834,951	784,268	-	784,268
Reinsurers' share of technical provisions							
Provision for unearned premiums Claims outstanding Other technical provisions		352,191 -	- -	352,191	34,597 517,136	-	34,597 517,136
		352,191	-	352,191	551,733	-	551,733
Debtors Arising out of direct insurance operations	11	153,842	-	153,842	180,263	-	180,263
Arising out of reinsurance	11	110,273	-	110,273	126,347	-	126,347
operations Other debtors	12	66,633	55,929	122,562	76,417	3,611	80,028
		330,748	55,929	386,677	383,027	3,611	386,638
Other assets Cash at bank and in hand Other		80,444 67,275	23,026	103,470 67,275	128,430 78,336	3,701	132,131 78,336
		147,719	23,026	170,745	206,766	3,701	210,467
Prepayments and accrued income							
Accrued interest Deferred acquisitions costs Other prepayments and accrued income		3,920 62,211 2,770		3,920 62,211 2,770	3,273 68,289 3,295	- - -	3,273 68,289 3,295
		68,901	•	68,901	74,857	-	74,857
Total assets		1,734,510	80,955	1,815,465	2,000,651	11,984	2,012,635

Balance sheet As at 31 December 2006

		31	December 2	006	31	December 2	005
	Note	Syndicate Participation £	Corporate £	Total £	Syndicate Participation £	Corporate £	Total £
Liabilities and shareholders' funds							
Capital and reserves Called up share capital	13	-	290	290	-	290	290
Share premium account Profit and loss account	14	83,730	(154,644)	(70,914)	47,496	(247,211)	(199,715)
Shareholders' funds – attributable to equity interests	15	83,730	(154,354)	(70,624)	47,496	(246,921)	(199,425)
Technical provisions Provision for unearned premiums Claims outstanding – gross amount Other technical provisions		279,105 1,195,311	- -	279,105 1,195,311	300,086 1,501,532	- -	300,086 1,501,532
Provisions for other risks and charges Deferred taxation Other	16	<u>.</u>	- -	- - -	- -	-	-
Deposit received from reinsurers		6,321	-	6,321	12,357	-	12,357
Creditors Arising out of direct insurance operations Arising out of reinsurance		44,185	-	44,185	24,816	-	24,816 79,380
operations Amounts owed to credit Institutions		57,069 70	-	57,069 70	79,380 138	-	138
Other creditors including taxation and social security	17	92,600	205,075	297,675	71,779	205,779	277,558
		1,674,661	205,075	1,879,736	1,990,088	205,779	2,195,867
Accruals and deferred income		(23,881)	30,234	6,353	(36,933)	53,126	16,193
Total liabilities		1,734,510	80,955	1,815,465	2,000,651	11,984	2,012,635

Approved by the Board of Directors on 18th July 2007 and signed on its behalf by

Nomina plc
Director

Cash flow statement For the year ended 31 December 2006

	Note	2006 £	2005 £
Operating activities Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	18	(1,548)	4,135
Returns on investments and servicing of finance		-	-
Capital expenditure Purchase of syndicate capacity Proceeds from sale of syndicate capacity		(1,657) 22,837	(416) 336
Taxation Corporation tax (paid)/refunded		(307)	(389)
Equity dividends paid		-	-
Financing Issue of shares Share 1ssue expenses		- -	-
Net cash inflow/(outflow) for the year	18	19,325	3,666
Cash flows were invested as follows:			
Increase/(decrease) in cash holdings Purchase of financial investments Sale of financial investments	18	19,325 - -	3,666 - -
Net investment of cash flows		19,325	3,666

The Company has no control over the disposition of assets and liabilities at Lloyd's Consequently, the cash flow statement is prepared reflecting only the movement in corporate funds, which includes transfers to and from the syndicates at Lloyd's

Accounting Policies For the year ended 31 December 2006

Basis of Preparation

The Financial Statements are prepared under the historical cost basis of accounting modified to include the revaluation of investments and comply with applicable Accounting Standards

The Company participates in insurance business as an underwriting member of various syndicates at Lloyd's

The Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with Section 255 of, and Schedule 9A of the Companies Act 1985 and the recommendations of the Statement of Recommended Practice on Accounting for Insurance Business issued by the Association of British Insurers in December 2005, as amended in December 2006, except that exchange differences arising on syndicate assets and liabilities are dealt with in the technical account as all of these differences arise from technical account transactions

Accounting information in respect of the syndicate participations has been provided by the Syndicate's managing agent and has been reported upon by the syndicate auditors

Basis of Accounting

The Financial Statements are prepared using the annual basis of accounting. Under the annual basis of accounting a result is determined at the end of each accounting period reflecting the profit or loss from providing insurance coverage during that period and any adjustments to the profit or loss of providing insurance cover during earlier accounting periods

Amounts reported in the general business technical account relate to movements in the period in respect of all relevant years of account of the syndicates on which the Company participates

Assets and liabilities arising as a result of the underwriting activities are mainly controlled by the syndicates' managing agents. Accordingly, these assets and liabilities have been shown separately in the balance sheet as "Syndicate Participation". Other assets and liabilities are shown as "Corporate". The syndicate assets are held subject to trust deeds for the benefit of the syndicates' insurance creditors.

Accounting Policies For the year ended 31 December 2006

General Business

1 Premiums

Premiums written comprise the total premiums receivable in respect of business incepted during the year, together with any differences between booked premiums for prior years and those previously accrued, and include estimates of premiums due but not yet receivable or notified to the syndicates on which the Company participates, less an allowance for cancellations. All premiums are shown gross of commission payable to intermediaries and exclude taxes and duties levied on them

11 Unearned Premiums

Written premium is earned according to the risk profile of the policy. Unearned premiums represent the proportion of premiums written in the year that relate to unexpired terms of policies in force at the Balance Sheet date, calculated on a time apportionment basis having regard where appropriate, to the incidence of risk. The specific basis adopted by each syndicate is determined by the relevant Managing Agent.

111 Deferred Acquisition Costs

Acquisition costs, which represent commission and other related expenses, are deferred over the period in which the related premiums are earned

1V Reinsurance Premiums

Reinsurance premium costs are allocated by the Managing Agent of each syndicate to reflect the protection arranged in respect of the business written and earned

v Claims Incurred and Reinsurers' Share

Claims incurred comprise claims and settlement expenses (both internal and external) occurring in the year and changes in the provisions for outstanding claims, including provisions for claims incurred but not reported and settlement expenses, together with any other adjustments to claims from previous years. Where applicable, deductions are made for salvage and other recoveries

The provision for claims outstanding comprises amounts set aside for claims notified and claims incurred but not yet reported (IBNR). The amount included in respect of IBNR is based on statistical techniques of estimation applied by each syndicate's in house reserving team and reviewed by external consulting actuaries. These techniques generally involve projecting from past experience the development of claims over time to form a view of the likely ultimate claims to be experienced for more recent underwriting, having regard to variations in the business accepted and the underlying terms and conditions. The provision for claims also includes amounts in respect of internal and external claims handling costs. For the most recent years, where a high degree of volatility arises from projections, estimates may be based in part on output from rating and other models of the business accepted and assessments of underwriting conditions.

Accounting Policies For the year ended 31 December 2006

The reinsurers' share of provisions for claims is based on calculated amounts of outstanding claims and projections for IBNR, net of estimated irrecoverable amounts, having regard to each syndicate's reinsurance programme in place for the class of business, the claims experience for the year and the current security rating of the reinsurance companies involved. Each syndicate uses a number of statistical techniques to assist in making these estimates

Accordingly the two most critical assumptions made by each syndicates Managing Agent as regards claims provisions are that the past is a reasonable predictor of the likely level of claims development and that the rating and other models used including pricing models for recent business are reasonable indicators of the likely level of ultimate claims to be incurred

The level of uncertainty with regard to the estimations within these provisions generally decreases with time since the underlying contracts were exposed to new risks. In addition the nature of short tail claims such as property where claims are typically notified and settled within a short period of time will normally have less uncertainty after a few years than long tail risks such as some liability business where it may be several years before claims are fully advised and settled. In addition to these factors if there are disputes regarding coverage under policies or changes in the relevant law regarding a claim this may increase the uncertainty in the estimation of the outcomes.

The assessment of these provisions is usually the most subjective aspect of an insurer's accounts and may result in greater uncertainty within an insurer's accounts than within those of many other businesses. The provisions for gross claims and related reinsurance recoveries have been assessed on the basis of the information currently available to the directors of each syndicate's managing agent. However, ultimate liability will vary as a result of subsequent information and events and this may result in significant adjustments to the amounts provided. Adjustments to the amounts of claims provisions established in prior years are reflected in the financial statements for the period in which the adjustments are made. The provisions are not discounted for the investment earnings that may be expected to arise in the future on the funds retained to meet the future liabilities. The methods used, and the estimates made, are reviewed regularly

v1 Unexpired Risks Provision

Provisions for unexpired risks are made where the costs of outstanding claims, related expenses and deferred acquisition costs are expected to exceed the unearned premium provision carried forward at the balance sheet date. The provision for unexpired risks is calculated separately by reference to classes of business which are managed together, after taking into account relevant investment return. The provision is made on a syndicate by syndicate basis by the relevant Managing Agent.

v11 Closed Years of Account

At the end of the third year, the underwriting account is normally closed by reinsurance into the following year of account. The amount of the reinsurance to close premium payable is determined by the managing agent, generally by estimating the cost of claims notified but not settled at 31 December, together with the estimated cost of claims incurred but not reported at that date, and an estimate of future claims handling costs.

Accounting Policies For the year ended 31 December 2006

Any subsequent variation in the ultimate liabilities of the closed year of account is borne by the underwriting year into which it is reinsured

The payment of a reinsurance to close premium does not eliminate the liability of the closed year for outstanding claims. If the reinsuring syndicate was unable to meet its obligations, and the other elements of Lloyd's chain of security were to fail, then the closed underwriting account would have to settle outstanding claims

The Directors consider that the likelihood of such a failure of the reinsurance to close is extremely remote, and consequently the reinsurance to close has been deemed to settle the liabilities outstanding at the closure of an underwriting account. The Company has included its share of the reinsurance to close premiums payable as technical provisions at the end of the current period, and no further provision is made for any potential variation in the ultimate liability of that year of account

viii Run-off Years of Account

Where an underwriting year of account is not closed at the end of the third year (a "run-off" year of account) a provision is made for the estimated cost of all known and unknown outstanding liabilities of that year. The provision is determined initially by the managing agent on a similar basis to the reinsurance to close. However, any subsequent variation in the ultimate liabilities for that year remains with the corporate member participating therein. As a result any run-off year will continue to report movements in its results after the third year until such time as it secures a reinsurance to close.

1x Net Operating Expenses (including Acquisition Costs)

Net operating costs include acquisition costs, profit and loss on exchange and other amounts incurred by the syndicates on which the Company participates

Acquisition costs, comprising commission and other costs related to the acquisition of new insurance contracts, are deferred to the extent that they are attributable to premiums unearned at the Balance Sheet date

x Distribution of Profits and Collection of Losses

Lloyd's operates a detailed set of regulations regarding solvency and the distribution of profits and payment of losses between syndicates and their members. Lloyd's continues to require membership of syndicates to be on an underwriting year of account basis and profits and losses belong to members according to their membership of a year of account. Normally profits and losses are transferred between the syndicate and members after results for a year of account are finalised after 36 months. This period may be extended if a year of account goes into run-off. The syndicate may make earlier on account distributions or cash calls according to the cash flow of a particular year of account and subject to Lloyd's requirements.

Accounting Policies For the year ended 31 December 2006

x1. Investments

Investments are stated at current value, including accrued interest at the Balance Sheet date

X11 Investment Return

Investment return comprises all investment income, realised investment gains and losses and movements in unrealised gains and losses, net of investment expenses and charges

Realised and unrealised gains and losses are measured by reference to the original cost of the investment if purchased in the year, or if held at the beginning of the year by reference to the current value at that date

Investment return is initially recorded in the non-technical account. A transfer is made from the non-technical account to the general business technical account to reflect the investment return on funds supporting the underwriting business.

X111 Basis of Currency Translation

Syndicates maintain separate funds in Sterling, United States dollars, Canadian dollars and Euros

Income and expenditure in US dollars, Canadian dollars and Euros is translated at the average rate of exchange for the year Underwriting transactions denominated in other foreign currencies are included at the rate of exchange ruling at the date the transaction is processed

Assets and liabilities are translated into Sterling at the rates of exchange at the Balance Sheet date

Differences arising on translation of foreign currency amounts in syndicates are included in the technical account

XIV Debtors/Creditors arising from Insurance/Reinsurance Operations

The amounts shown in the Balance Sheet include the totals of all the Syndicates outstanding debit and credit transactions as processed by the Lloyd's central facility, no account has been taken of any offsets which may be applicable in calculating the net amounts due between the Syndicates and each of their counterparty insureds, reinsurers or intermediaries as appropriate

Accounting Policies For the year ended 31 December 2006

Taxation

The Company is taxed on its results including its share of underwriting results declared by the syndicates and these are deemed to accrue evenly over the calendar year in which they are declared. The syndicate results included in these Financial Statements are only declared for tax purposes in the calendar year following the normal closure of the year of account. No provision is made for corporation tax in relation to open years of account. However, full provision is made for deferred tax on underwriting results not subject to current corporation tax.

HM Revenue & Customs agrees the taxable results of the syndicates at a syndicate level on the basis of computations submitted by the managing agent. At the date of the approval of these Financial Statements the syndicate taxable results of years of account closed at this and at previous year ends may not have been fully agreed with HM Revenue & Customs. Any adjustments that may be necessary to the tax provisions established by the Company, as a result of HM Revenue & Customs agreement of syndicate results, will be reflected in the Financial Statements of subsequent periods.

Deferred Taxation

Deferred tax is provided in full on timing differences which result in an obligation at the Balance Sheet date to pay more tax, or a right to pay less tax, at a future date, at rates expected to apply when they crystallise based on current tax rates and law

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is regarded as more likely than not that they will be recovered

Deferred tax assets and liabilities have not been discounted

Intangible Assets

Costs incurred by the Company in the Corporation of Lloyd's auctions in order to acquire rights to participate on syndicates' underwriting years are included within intangible fixed assets and amortised over a 5 year period beginning in the year following the purchase of the syndicate participation

Cash Flow Statement

The Company has no control over the disposition of assets and liabilities at Lloyd's Consequently, the Cash Flow Statement is prepared reflecting only the movement in corporate funds, which includes transfers to and from syndicates at Lloyd's

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2006

Class of Business	Gross	Gross	Gross	Net		
2006	Written Premiums £	Premiums Earned £	Claims Incurred £	Operating Expenses £	Reinsurance Balance £	Total £
Direct Insurance	~	•	~	~	-	_
Accident and health	19,014	18,964	(4,298)	(9,093)	(3,270)	2,303
Motor - third party liability	3,614	3,050	(349)	(1,005)	(1,353)	343
Motor - other classes	33,199	31,107	(16,441)	(10,448)	(2,606)	1,612
Marine, aviation and transport	76,793	72,912	(33,142)	(22,207)	(10,088)	7,475
Fire and other damage to property	170,980	159,362	(43,984)	(55,267)	(36,239)	23,872
Third party liability	180,224	178,677	(122,257)	(53,792)	10,553	13,181
Credit and suretyship	5,303	6,024	(8,646)	(2,732)	(2,323)	(7,677)
Legal expenses	532	537	1,516	(760)	(1,367)	(74)
Assistance	-	-	•	•	•	` -
Miscellaneous	683	698	(320)	(306)	(21)	51
	490,342	471,331	(227,921)	(155,610)	(46,714)	41,086
Reinsurance	202,045	202,480	(90,540)	(54,517)	(21,411)	36,012
Total	692,387	673,811	(318,461)	(210,127)	(68,125)	77,098
2005						
Direct Insurance						
Accident and health	18,423	19,523	(569)	(8,071)	(1,592)	9,291
Motor - third party liability	1,533	2,057	(1,343)	(1,348)	(637)	(1,271)
Motor - other classes	25,812	29,780	(13,911)	(8,928)	701	7,642
Marine, aviation and transport	68,592	62,603	(88,590)	(18,344)	39,629	(4,702)
Fire and other damage to property	143,211	165,055	(129,418)	(49,874)	34,733	20,496
Third party liability	173,697	193,460	(154,486)	(54,491)	(8,549)	(24,066)
Credit and suretyship	4,669	9,465	(48,011)	(3,609)	3,088	(39,067)
Legal expenses	866	739	(7,474)	(1,031)	428	(7,338)
Assistance	2	2	(1)	-	(131)	(130)
Miscellaneous	1,904	1,551	(735)	(223)	(72)	521
	438,709	484,235	(444,538)	(145,919)	67,598	(38,624)
Reinsurance	202,020	202,627	(284,503)	(51,616)	92,796	(40,696)
Total	640,729	686,862	(729,041)	(197,535)	160,394	(79,320)

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2006

2.	Geographical Analysis	2006	2005
	Direct Gross Premium Written in:	£	£
	United Kingdom	490,342	438,707
	Other EU Member States	-	•
	Rest of the World		2
		400.242	429 700
		490,342	438,709
3.	Net Operating Expenses	2006	2005
		£	£
	Acquisition costs	137,071	127,422
	Change in deferred acquisition costs	873	8,372
	Administrative expenses	65,805	68,466
	Loss/(Profit) on exchange	6,378	(6,725)
		210,127	197,535
4	Investment Income	2006	2005
4.	investment income	2000 £	2003 £
	Income from investments	42,764	33,849
	Gains on the realisation of investments	3,280	3,050
	Bank deposit interest	570	212
	Baik deposit interest		
		46,614	37,111
5.	Investment Expenses and Charges	2006	2005
•	An (to simon 2 An pone to an and a simon grow	£	£
	Investment management expenses, including interest	847	793
	Losses on the realisation of investments	5,478	4,314
		6,325	5,107
6	Profit/(Loss) on Ordinary Activities before Taxation	2006	2005
0.	1 Tolle (Loss) on Ordinary Activities before Taxation	£	£
	This is stated after charging	~	_
	_		
	Directors remuneration	-	100
	Auditors' remuneration - audit	120	120
	Auditors' remuneration – taxation	-	- 0.040
	Amortisation of syndicate capacity	4,316	2,948
	Interest on bank loan and overdrafts	-	-
	Interest on other loans		-
	The Company has no employees		

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2006

Taxation	2006 £	2005 £
Analysis of Charge in Period		
Current tax		
UK corporation tax on profit/(loss) of the period	-	-
Adjustment in respect of previous period	-	
	-	-
Foreign tax	307	389
Total current tax	307	389
Deferred tax		
Origination and reversal of timing differences		
	307	389
Factors affecting tax charge for period		
The tax assessed for the period is different to the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK (19% (19% 2005)) The differences are explained below		
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before tax	129,108	(57,091)
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2005 – 19%)	24,531	(10,847)
Effects of		
Underwriting results subject to timing differences for		
taxation	(24,473)	58,119
Utilisation of tax losses	•	(47,198)
Foreign tax	307	389
Amortisation and other corporation computation		
adjustments	(58)	(74)
Marginal or starting rates of taxation and prior period	` '	· /
adjustment	-	-
Current tax charge for the period	307	389

The results of the Company's participation on the 2004, 2005 and 2006 years of account and the calendar year movement on 2003 and prior run-offs, will not be assessed to tax until the year ended 31 December 2007, 2008 and 2009 respectively being the year after the calendar year result of each run-off year or the normal date of closure of each year of account

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2006

8.	Dividends	2006 £	2005 £
	Equity dividends declared and paid		<u>-</u>
9.	Intangible Assets	2006	2005
	Purchased syndicate capacity	£	£
	Cost		
	At 1 January 2006	22,047	21,631
	Additions	1,657	416
	Disposals	(77)	-
	At 31 December 2006	23,627	22,047
	Amortisation		
	At 1 January 2006	17,375	14,426
	Provided during the year	4,316	2,949
	Disposals	(64)	-
	At 31 December 2006	21,627	17,375
	Net Book Value		
	At 31 December 2006	2,000	4,672
	At 31 December 2005	4,672	7,205

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2006

10. Investments

Other	Financial	Investments	- Syndicate
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Other Financial Investments - Syndicate				
-	2006		2005	5
	Market		Market	
	Value	Cost	Value	Cost
	£	£	£	£
Shares and other variable yield securities and units in unit trusts	73,633	70,609	45,411	43,075
Debt securities and other fixed income securities	702,905	703,268	682,908	685,854
Participation in investment pools	13,896	12,652	12,439	12,229
Loans secured by mortgages	625	636	765	781
Other loans	13,112	13,110	4,747	3,309
Deposits with credit institutions	22,080	22,006	37,181	36,997
Other	8,105	8,105	324	443
	834,356	830,386	783,775	782,688
Listed investments included within the above	790,434	786,529	740,758	741,158
Other Financial Investments - Corporate				
Shares and other variable yield securities	-	-		-
Debt securities and other fixed income securities	-	-	-	-
Participation in investment pools	-	•	-	-
Loans guaranteed by mortgage	-	-	-	-
Other loans	-	-	•	-
Deposits with credit institutions	-	-	-	-
Other			-	-
		-	-	-
Listed investments included within the above	-	-	-	-

11. Debtors arising out of Direct Insurance and Reinsurance Operations

	Syndicate	2006 Syndicate Corporate Total Participation			Syndicate Corporate Participation		
	£	£	£	£	£	£	
The following amounts due after one year							
Direct insurance operations	284	•	284	284	•	284	
Reinsurance operations	175	-	175	750	-	750	
	459	•	459	1,034	<u> </u>	1,034	

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2006

12. Other Debtors

	Syndicate Participation £	Corporate £	2006 Total	Syndicate Participation £	Corporate £	2005 Total
Amounts due from group						
undertakıngs	-	-	-	•	-	•
Funds at Lloyd's	-	23,868	23,868	-	2	2
Other	66,633	32,061	98,694	76,417	3,609	80,026
	66,633	55,929	122,562	76,417	3,611	80,028

Funds at Lloyd's represents assets deposited with the Corporation of Lloyd's (Lloyd's) to support the Company's underwriting activities as described in the Accounting Policies. The Company has entered into a Lloyd's Deposit Trust Deed which gives the Corporation the right to apply these monies in settlement of any claims arising from the participation on the syndicates. These monies can only be released from the provision of this Deed with Lloyd's express permission and only in circumstances where the amounts are either replaced by an equivalent asset, or after the expiration of the Company's liabilities in respect of its underwriting

13. Called-up Share Capital	2006 Authorised	2006 Allotted,	2005 Authorised	2005 Allotted,
		called-up and fully paid		called-up and fully paid
Ordinary £1 shares	100,000	290	100,000	290

14. Profit and Loss Account

15.

	Syndicate Participation	2006 Syndicate Corporate Total Participation			Corporate	2005 Total
	£	£	£	£	£	£
Retained profit/(loss) brought forward	47,496	(247,211)	(199,715)	108,180	(250,415)	(142,235)
Reallocate distribution	(92,952)	92,952	-	(24,113)	24,113	-
Profit/(loss) for the financial year	129,186	(385)	128,801	(36,571)	(20,909)	(57,480)
Equity dividends			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	-	-
Retained profit/(loss) carried forward	83,730	(154,644)	(70,914)	47,496	(247,211)	(199,715)

. Reconciliation of Movements in Shareholders' Funds	2006	2005	
	£	£	
Opening shareholders funds	(199,425)	(141,945)	
Profit/(loss) for the financial year	128,801	(57,480)	
Equity dividends	-	-	
Proceeds from issue of shares	-	-	
			
Closing shareholders' funds	(70,624)	(199,425)	

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2006

16.	Deferred Taxation				2006 £		2005 £
	Opening balance						<u>.</u>
	Profit and loss account charge	ge			-		-
	·						
	Closing balance				-		
17.0	Other Creditors including T	axation and S	Social Securi	-			
		Syndicate Participation	Corporate	2006 Total	Syndicate Participation	Corporate	2005 Total
		£	£	£	£	£	£
	Corporation tax	-	-	_	-	-	-
	Proprietors' loan accounts	-	176,094	176,094	-	172,754	172,754
	Third Party Funds	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Other creditors	92,600	28,981	121,581	71,779	33,025	104,804
	Amount due to group undertakings	-	-	-	•	•	•
		92,600	205,075	297,675	71,779	205,779	277,558
18.	Reconciliation of Operatin Inflow/(Outflow) from Ope	=			2006		2005
					£		£
	Profit or loss on ordinary ac	tivities hefore	tay		129,108		(57,091)
	(Profit)/loss attributable to s				(36,234)		60,684
	Profit or loss – excluding sy	-			92,874		3,593
	(Increase)/decrease in debto				(52,318)		8,390
	Increase/(decrease) in credit				(23,596)		(10,460)
	(Profit)/loss on disposal of i	ntangible asset	s		(22,824)		(336)
	Amortisation of syndicate ca	apacity			4,316		4,326
	Impairment of syndicate cap	•			-	•	(1,378)
	Unrealised (gain)/loss on re-				-	·	
	Net cash inflow/(outflow) fr	rom operating	activities		(1,548)		4,135
	Movement in cash						
	Opening cash				3,701		35
	Movement in cash				19,325		3,666
	MOVEHICH III Cash				17,727		5,000

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2006

19. Related party disclosure

The company's underwriting is supported by the assets of or guarantees made interavailable to it by W J Courage. These assets or guarantees are also available to Lloyd's to meet the personal underwriting liabilities of W J Courage for underwriting years commencing prior to 1 January 1999, where applicable

Nomina plc, a director of the company, administers the conversion scheme in which the company participates. Nomina plc charges a fixed management fee of £2,500 (2005 £2,500) to cover all the costs of basic administration of the company

20. Ultimate Controlling Party

The Company is controlled by W J Courage

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2006

21 Syndicate Participation

The principal syndicates or members' agent pooling arrangements ("MAPA") in which the Company participates as an underwriting member are as follows

Syndicate or	Managing Agent	2006	2005	2004	2003
MAPA		Allocated	Allocated	Allocated	Allocated
Number:		Capacity	Capacity	capacity	Capacity
		£	£	£	£
1200	Heritage Managing Agency Ltd	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000
1245	Heritage Managing Agency Ltd	-	-	52,330	50,000
3245	Heritage Managing Agency Ltd	22,845	25,000	45,000	-
4040	Illium Managing Agency Ltd	25,000	25,000	35,930	-
7200	Members' Agents Pooling Arrangement	63,870	63,870	63,870	60,312
7201	Members' Agents Pooling Arrangement	338,875	338,875	338,875	296,738
7202	Members' Agents Pooling Arrangement	124,196	124,196	137,995	125,450