TESCO HOME SHOPPING LIMITED ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 23 FEBRUARY 2008

Registered Number: 3639975

COMPANIES HOUSE

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Directors' Report for the period ended 23 February 2008

The directors present their report and audited financial statements of Tesco Home Shopping Limited (the "company") for the period ended 23 February 2008.

Business review and principal activities

The company had no trade during the year and the stated loss below is the result of creditor provisions written off.

The results for the period show a pre-tax loss of £0.3m (2007: pre-tax loss £1.6m). The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2007: £nil).

The company has net liabilities of £3.7m (2007: £3.5m).

Principal risks and uncertainties

From the perspective of the company, the principal risks and uncertainties are integrated with the principal risks of Tesco PLC and are not managed separately. These risks are discussed on page 15 of the Tesco PLC group annual report for the period ending 23 February 2008 which does not form part of this report.

Key performance indicators

Given the straightforward nature of the business, the directors are of the opinion that analysis using key performance indicators is not necessary for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business.

Research and development

The company does not undertake any research and development activities.

Employees

The company had no employees during the period (2007: none).

Directors

The following directors served during the period and up to the date of signing the accounts:

A T Higginson

J P O'Reilly

(resigned 24/11/2008)

J Lloyd

(appointed 24/11/2008)

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Directors' Report for the period ended 23 February 2008 (continued)

Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the Annual Report and the financial statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the
 company will continue in business, in which case there will be supporting assumptions or qualifications as
 necessary.

The directors confirm that they have complied with the above requirements in preparing the financial statements.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Statement on disclosure of information to auditors

Each director who is a director at the date of approval of this Annual Report confirms that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware; and
- each director has taken all the steps that he/she ought to have taken as a director to make himself/herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

Independent auditors

The auditors, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, have indicated their willingness to continue in office and a resolution concerning their re-appointment will be proposed at the Annual General Meeting.

By order of the Board

17th December

2008

J Lloyd Director

Tesco Home Shopping Limited Registered number: 3639975



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF TESCO HOME SHOPPING LIMITED

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP 10 Bricket Road St Albans AL1 3JX Telephone +44 (0) 1727 844155 Facsimile +44 (0) 1727 845039

We have audited the financial statements of Tesco Home Shopping Limited for the period ended 23 February 2008 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet, and the related notes. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). This report, including the opinion, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving this opinion, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements.

In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed.

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion:

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 23 February 2008 and of its results for the period then ended;
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985; and
- the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

St Albans

17th December

2008

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 23 FEBRUARY 2008

		2008	2007
	Notes	£'000	£,000
Turnover		-	12,567
Cost of sales		<u> </u>	(10,912)
Gross profit		•	1,655
Distribution costs		-	(918)
Administrative expenses		(248)	(2,239)
Operating loss	2	(248)	(1,502)
Interest payable and similar charges	3	-	(126)
Loss on ordinary activities before			
taxation		(248)	(1,628)
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	4	<u> </u>	
Retained loss for the financial period	8	(248)	(1,628)

There are no recognised gains or losses other than those shown in the Profit and Loss Account above.

There are no differences between the loss on ordinary activities before taxation and the profit for the financial period stated above and their historical cost equivalents.

All operations are discontinued for the financial period.

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 23 FEBRUARY 2008

	Notes	2008 £'000	2007 £'000
		2 000	2 000
Current assets			
Debtors - due within one year	5	-	33
Cash at bank		24	
Creditors – amounts falling due			
within one year	6	(3,765)	(3,526)
Net liabilities		(3,741)	(3,493)
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	7	26,000	26,000
Profit and loss reserve	8	(29,741)	(29,493)
Shareholders' deficit	9	(3,741)	(3,493)

The financial statements on pages 5 to 11 were approved by the board of directors on 17th December 2008 and were signed on its behalf by:

J Lloyd Director

Tesco Home Shopping Limited Registered number: 3639975

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 23 FEBRUARY 2008

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements are prepared on the going concern basis, in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards, under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. The company's principal accounting policies have been applied consistently during the period and are set out below.

Tesco PLC, the ultimate parent undertaking has indicated its willingness to continue financial and business support for the foreseeable future.

Cash flow statement

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Tesco PLC and is included in the consolidated financial statements of Tesco PLC, which are publicly available. Consequently, the company has taken advantage of the exemption from preparing a cash flow statement under the terms of FRS 1.

Taxation

The amount included in the Profit and Loss account is based on the profit on ordinary activities before taxation and is calculated at current local tax rates, taking into account timing differences and the likelihood of realisation of deferred tax assets and liabilities.

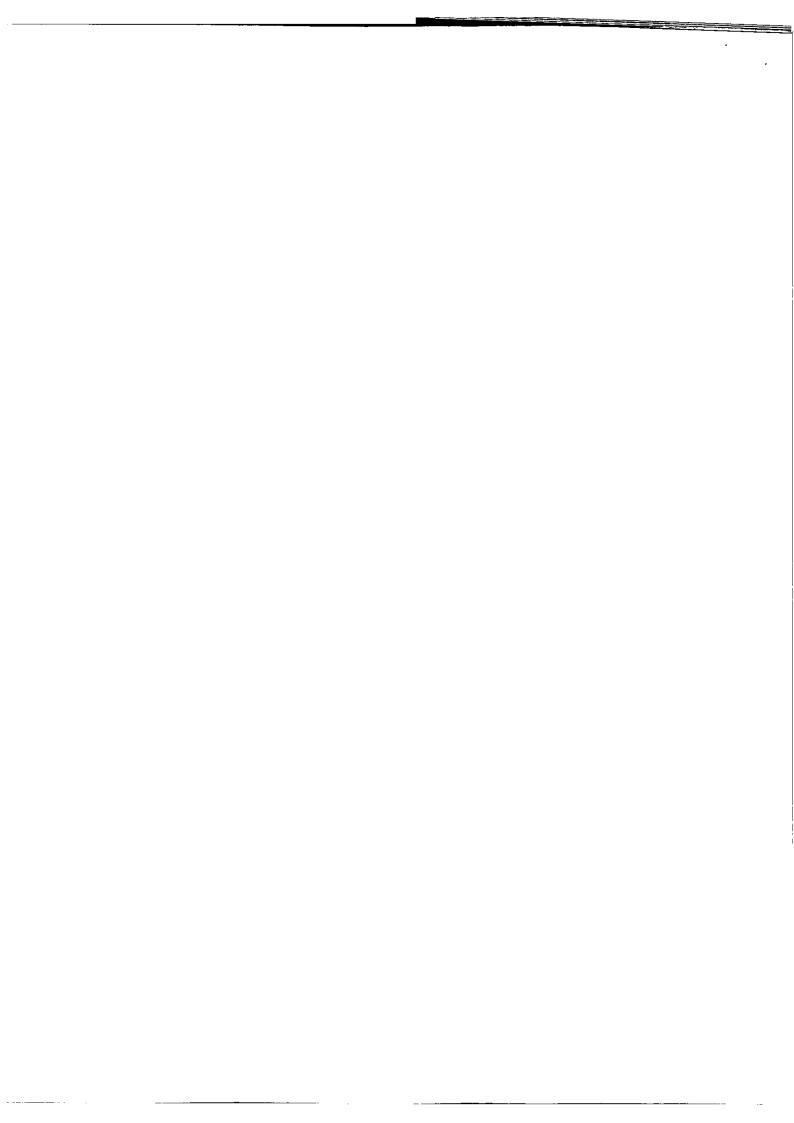
Group relief on taxation

The company will receive group relief from group companies without payment and consequently there may be no tax charge in the Profit and Loss account.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Balance Sheet date and which could give rise to an obligation to pay more or less taxation in the future. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that they are regarded as recoverable. They are regarded as recoverable to the extent that, on the basis of all available evidence, it is regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws substantively enacted at the Balance Sheet date.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 23 FEBRUARY 2008 (continued)

2. OPERATING LOSS

Operating loss is stated after charging:

	2008	2007
	£'000	£'000
Audit services	-	7

The directors received no emoluments for their services to the company (2007: £nil).

The company had no employees during the period (2007: none).

The auditor's remuneration for the current period was borne by another group company.

3. INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES

	2008	2007
	£'000	£,000
Interest payable on overdrafts and bank loans	-	126



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 23 FEBRUARY 2008 (continued)

4. TAXATION ON LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

	2008 £'000	2007 £'000
Current tax:		
UK Corporation tax on profit for the financial period	-	-
Adjustments in respect of previous financial periods	-	-
Total current tax	-	-

The tax assessed for the period is lower (2007: higher) than the standard rate of corporation tax in the United Kingdom (30%). The differences are explained below:

	£'000	2007
		£'000
Loss on ordinary activities before tax	(248)	(1,628)
Loss on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate in the UK 30%	(74)	
(2007: 30%)		(488)
Effects of:		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	74	44
Group relief surrendered / (received) without payment	-	330
Current period losses carried forward	-	114
Current period profits offset against brought forward losses	<u> </u>	-
Current tax charge for the financial period	-	

Factors that may affect future tax charges:

The standard rate of Corporation Tax in the UK changes to 28% with effect from the 1 April 2008.

A deferred tax asset of £1,057k has not been recognised in the financial year to 23 February 2008 (2007: £4,132k).

5. DEBTORS - DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2008	2007
	£'000	£'000
Trade debtors	-	23
Other debtors	<u> </u>	10
		33

6. CREDITORS - AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2008	2007
	£'000	£'000
Bank loans and overdrafts	•	26
Trade creditors	-	347
Amounts due to group undertakings	3,765	3,027
Accruals and deferred income		126
	3,765	3,526

Amounts due to group undertakings are unsecured, interest free, have no fixed date of repayment and are repayable on demand.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 23 FEBRUARY 2008 (continued)

7. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

	2008	2007
	£,000	£'000
Authorised:		
10,400,000 (2007: 10,400,000) A ordinary shares of £1 each	10,400	10,400
15,600,000 (2007: 15,600,000) B ordinary shares of £1 each	15,600	15,600
	26,000	26,000
Allotted, called up and fully paid:		
10,400,000 (2007: 10,400,000) A ordinary shares of £1 each	10,400	10,400
15,600,000 (2007: 15,600,000) B ordinary shares of £1 each	15,600	15,600
	26,000	26,000

A and B ordinary shares carry equal rights.

8. RESERVES

	Profit and
	loss reserve
	£'000
As at 24 February 2007	(29,493)
Profit for the financial period	(248)
As at 23 February 2008	(29,741)

9. RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENT IN SHAREHOLDER'S FUNDS

	2008	2007
	£'000	£'000
Retained Profit/(Loss) for the financial period	(248)	(1,628)
Net additions/(deductions) to shareholders' funds	(248)	(1,628)
Opening shareholders' funds	(3,493)	(1,865)
Closing shareholders' funds	(3,741)	(3,493)

10. ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING AND CONTROLLING PARTY

The company's immediate and ultimate parent company, and controlling party, is Tesco PLC, which is incorporated in Great Britain and registered in England and Wales, and which is the parent undertaking of the smallest and largest group to consolidate these financial statements. Copies of the Tesco PLC financial statements can be obtained from the Company Secretary, Tesco PLC, Tesco House, PO Box 18, Delamare Road, Cheshunt, Hertfordshire, EN8 9SL.

11. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Transactions with other companies within the group are not disclosed as the company has taken advantage of the exemption under paragraph 3(c) of Financial Reporting Standard 8 "Related Party Disclosures", as the consolidated financial statements of Tesco PLC, in which the company is included, are available at the address noted above.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 23 FEBRUARY 2008 (continued)

12. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENT

A number of changes to the UK Corporation Tax system were announced as part of the March 2007 budget statement. Certain of these changes were substantively enacted in the 2007 Finance Act on 26 June 2007. The impact of these changes has been recognised in these financial statements.

Certain other changes are expected to be enacted in the 2008 Finance Act. The impact of these changes will be recognised in the period in which the 2008 Finance Act becomes substantively enacted, which is expected to be in the next financial year.