

Company registration number: 3637785

Nameco (No. 240) Limited

Report and financial statements 31 December 2005

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Nameco (No. 240) Limited

Company information

Directors

J R H Evans
Nomina plc

Company Secretary

Hampden Legal PLC

Registered Office

85, Gracechurch Street
London
EC3V 0AA

Auditors

CLB Littlejohn Frazer
Chartered Accountants
and Registered Auditors
1 Park Place
Canary Wharf
London
E14 4HJ

Accountants

Axiom Consulting Limited
Lloyds Chambers
1 Portsoken Street
London E1 8DF

Solicitors

Jones Day
21, Tudor Street
London
EC4Y 0DJ

Nameco (No. 240) Limited

Report of the Directors

The Directors submit their report together with the Financial Statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2005.

Change in Reporting Basis

The underwriting results of the syndicates on which the Company participates have been determined on the annual basis of accounting, as required by statutory Instrument 3219 of the 2004 Insurance Accounts Directive (Lloyd's Syndicate and Aggregate Accounts) Regulations 2004 ("the 2004 Regulations").

This represents a fundamental change in reporting basis. Previously, results were not determined until the normal date of closure of each of the year of account at the end of the third year.

In addition, following the introduction of Financial Reporting Standard Number 21, "Events after the Balance Sheet date", dividends to ordinary shareholders are included in the Financial Statements when they have been declared and approved for payment.

These changes in accounting policies have been treated as a prior year adjustment in these Financial Statements; further details have been provided in Note 1 to the Financial Statements.

Principal Activities and Business Review

The principal activity of the Company is that of trading as a Lloyd's corporate capital member. The company ceased underwriting with effect from 1st January 2001 and will continue to wind up the liabilities arising from underwriting business prior to that date.

The Financial Statements incorporate the annual accounting results of the syndicates on which the Company participates for the 2003, 2004 and 2005 years of account, as well as any 2002 and prior run-off years.

The 2003 year closed at 31 December 2005 with a result of £- (2002 - £-). The 2004 and 2005 open underwriting account will normally close at 31 December 2006 and 2007.

Certain syndicates on which the Company participates have for a variety of reasons been unable to close. There is a greater than usual degree of uncertainty as to the eventual outcome of these accounts.

Results and Dividends

The results for the year are set out on pages 6 to 7 of the Financial Statements. Dividends totalling £- were paid in the year (2004 £-).

Nameco (No. 240) Limited

Report of the Directors (continued)

Directors and Directors' Interests

The Directors who served at any time during the year and their interests in the share capital of the company were as follows:

	At 31 December 2005 Ordinary £1 shares	At 1 January 2005 Ordinary £1 shares
J R H Evans	-	-
Nomina plc	1	1

Nomina plc holds the above share as trustee for P T Chapman.

Directors' Responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial period which give a true and fair view of the affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been applied
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities. The directors are responsible for ensuring that the Report of the Directors is prepared in accordance with company law in the United Kingdom.

Auditors

Since the previous Financial Statements, the auditors, Littlejohn Frazer, have changed their name to CLB Littlejohn Frazer. A resolution to reappoint CLB Littlejohn Frazer will be proposed at the next Annual General Meeting.

By Order of the Board



Hampden Legal PLC
Secretary

15th August 2006

Nameco (No. 240) Limited

Independent Auditors' report

Independent Auditor's report to the shareholders of Nameco (No. 240) Limited

We have audited the Financial Statements of Nameco (No. 240) Limited for the year ended 31 December 2005 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet, the Cash Flow Statement, the Accounting Policies and the related notes 1 to 22. These Financial Statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the Company's shareholders, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's shareholders those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's shareholders as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective Responsibilities of Directors and Auditors

As described by the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities, the Company's Directors are responsible for the preparation of the Financial Statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Our responsibility is to audit the Financial Statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland).

We report to you our opinion as to whether the Financial Statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Report of the Directors is not consistent with the Financial Statements, if the Company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding Directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed.

We read the Report of the Directors and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the Financial Statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the Directors in the preparation of the Financial Statements, and of whether the Accounting Policies are appropriate to the Company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the Financial Statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the Financial Statements.

Nameco (No. 240) Limited

Independent Auditors' report (continued)

Opinion

In our opinion the Financial Statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2005 and of its result for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Emphasis of Matter – Run-off years of account

Without qualifying our opinion we draw your attention to the disclosures in note 21 to the Financial Statements concerning the material uncertainties that have lead to syndicate years of account being unable to close at their normal date and as a result being placed in run-off.

CLB Littlejohn Frazer

CLB Littlejohn Frazer

Chartered Accountants
and Registered Auditors

17th August 2006

1 Park Place
Canary Wharf
London E14 4HJ

Nameco (No. 240) Limited

Profit and loss account

Technical account – general business

For the year ended 31 December 2005

	Note	2005 £	2004 Restated £
Premiums Written			
Gross premiums written	2	1,144	2,523
Outward reinsurance premiums		155	(984)
Net Premiums Written		<u>1,299</u>	<u>1,539</u>
Change in the provision for Unearned premiums			
Gross Provision		(2)	(64)
Reinsurers' share		-	23
Earned Premiums, Net of Reinsurance		<u>1,297</u>	<u>1,498</u>
Allocated Investment Return			
Transferred from the Non-Technical Account		2,082	1,626
Claims Paid			
Gross Amount		(25,841)	(38,568)
Reinsurers' share		9,089	16,989
Net claims paid		<u>(16,752)</u>	<u>(21,579)</u>
Change in Provision for Claims			
Gross amount		24,261	36,208
Reinsurers' share		(8,911)	(19,459)
Change in net provision for claims		<u>15,350</u>	<u>16,749</u>
Claims Incurred, Net of Reinsurance		(1,402)	(4,830)
Changes in other technical provisions, net of reinsurance		-	-
Net operating expenses	4	(1,649)	(691)
Other technical charges, net of reinsurance		-	-
Balance on the Technical Account for General Business		<u>328</u>	<u>(2,397)</u>

The accounting policies and notes on pages 11 to 25 form part of these Financial Statements.

Nameco (No. 240) Limited

Profit and loss account

Non - technical account

For the year ended 31 December 2005

	Note	2005 £	2004 Restated £
Balance on Technical Account for General Business		328	(2,397)
Investment income	5	2,247	1,739
Unrealised gains on investments		228	155
Investment expenses and charges	6	(39)	(54)
Unrealised losses on investments		(393)	(268)
Allocated investment return transferred to the general business technical account		(2,082)	(1,626)
Other income		-	-
Other charges		(4,295)	(4,130)
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation	7	(4,006)	(6,581)
Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities	8	(382)	(1,104)
Profit/(loss) for the financial year		(4,388)	(7,685)
Dividends	9	-	-
Retained profit/(loss) for the financial year	15	(4,388)	(7,685)

All amounts relate to discontinued operations.

The accounting policies and notes on pages 11 to 25 form part of these Financial Statements.

Nameco (No. 240) Limited

Balance sheet

As at 31 December 2005

		31 December 2005			31 December 2004 As Restated		
	Note	Syndicate Participation £	Corporate £	Total £	Syndicate Participation £	Corporate £	Total £
Assets							
Intangible assets	10	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investments							
Financial investments	11	57,891	449	58,340	54,105	299	54,404
Deposits with ceding undertakings		4	-	4	3	-	3
		57,895	449	58,344	54,108	299	54,407
Reinsurers' share of technical provisions							
Provision for unearned premiums		-	-	-	-	-	-
Claims outstanding		37,054	-	37,054	43,239	-	43,239
Other technical provisions		-	-	-	-	-	-
		37,054	-	37,054	43,239	-	43,239
Debtors							
Arising out of direct insurance operations	12	2,594	-	2,594	546	-	546
Arising out of reinsurance operations	12	8,495	-	8,495	12,110	-	12,110
Other debtors	13	15,740	734	16,474	17,705	7,764	25,469
		26,829	734	27,563	30,361	7,764	38,125
Other assets							
Cash at bank and in hand		6,190	(1)	6,189	6,566	-	6,566
Other		5,398	-	5,398	5,466	-	5,466
		11,588	(1)	11,587	12,032	-	12,032
Prepayments and accrued income							
Accrued interest		199	-	199	190	-	190
Deferred acquisitions costs		-	-	-	-	-	-
Other prepayments and accrued income		4	-	4	82	-	82
		203	-	203	272	-	272
Total assets		133,569	1,182	134,751	140,012	8,063	148,075

The accounting policies and notes on pages 11 to 25 form part of these Financial Statements.

Nameco (No. 240) Limited

Balance sheet As at 31 December 2005

		31 December 2005			31 December 2004 As Restated		
	Note	Syndicate Participation £	Corporate £	Total £	Syndicate Participation £	Corporate £	Total £
Liabilities and shareholders' funds							
Capital and reserves							
Called up share capital	14	-	1	1	-	1	1
Share premium account		-	-	-	-	-	-
Profit and loss account	15	344	(198,115)	(197,771)	(2,654)	(190,729)	(193,383)
Shareholders' funds – attributable to equity interests	16	344	(198,114)	(197,770)	(2,654)	(190,728)	(193,382)
Technical provisions							
Provision for unearned premiums		2	-	2	-	-	-
Claims outstanding – gross amount		115,388	-	115,388	130,820	-	130,820
Other technical provisions		-	-	-	-	-	-
Provisions for other risks and charges							
Deferred taxation	17	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other		-	-	-	-	-	-
Deposit received from reinsurers		532	-	532	143	-	143
Creditors							
Arising out of direct insurance operations		463	-	463	410	-	410
Arising out of reinsurance operations		3,311	-	3,311	3,703	-	3,703
Amounts owed to credit Institutions		-	-	-	1	-	1
Other creditors including taxation and social security	18	13,397	199,296	212,693	7,483	198,791	206,274
		133,093	199,296	332,389	142,560	198,791	341,351
Accruals and deferred income		132	-	132	106	-	106
Total liabilities		133,569	1,182	134,751	140,012	8,063	148,075

Approved by the Board of Directors on 15th August 2006
and signed on its behalf by:



Nomina plc
Director

The accounting policies and notes on pages 11 to 25 form part of these Financial Statements.

Nameco (No. 240) Limited

Cash flow statement

For the year ended 31 December 2005

	Note	2005 £	2004 £
Operating activities			
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	19	381	1,401
Returns on investments		-	-
Capital expenditure			
Purchase of syndicate capacity		-	-
Proceeds from sale of syndicate capacity		-	-
Taxation			
Corporation tax (paid) refunded		(382)	(1,104)
Financing			
Issue of shares		-	-
Share issue expenses		-	-
Net cash inflow/(outflow) for the year		<u>(1)</u>	<u>297</u>

Cash flows were invested as follows:

Increase/(decrease) in cash holdings	(1)	(2)
Purchase of financial investments	-	299
Sale of financial investments	-	-
Net investment of cash flows	<u>(1)</u>	<u>297</u>

The Company has no control over the disposition of assets and liabilities at Lloyd's. Consequently, the cash flow statement is prepared reflecting only the movement in corporate funds, which includes transfers to and from the syndicates at Lloyd's.

The accounting policies and notes on pages 11 to 25 form part of these Financial Statements.

Nameco (No. 240) Limited

Accounting Policies

For the year ended 31 December 2005

Basis of Preparation

The Financial Statements are prepared under the historical cost basis of accounting modified to include the revaluation of investments and comply with applicable Accounting Standards.

The Company participates in insurance business as an underwriting member of various Syndicates at Lloyd's.

The Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with Section 255 of, and Schedule 9A of the Companies Act 1985 and the recommendations of the Statement of Recommended Practice on Accounting for Insurance Business issued by the Association of British Insurers in December 2005.

Accounting information in respect of the Syndicate participations has been provided by the Syndicate's managing agent and has been reported upon by the Syndicate auditors.

Change in Reporting Basis and Basis of Accounting

The Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2004 were prepared using the fund basis of accounting. Under the fund basis of accounting, premiums, claims and expenses are carried forward as a fund within the technical provision for outstanding claims and profit recognition is deferred until the end of the third year when the year of account is closed by reinsurance or goes into run-off. No accrual was made on open years for income or expenses that were incurred but had not settled except for underwriting losses, which were recognised immediately.

For the year ended 31 December 2005, the annual basis of accounting has been adopted. Under the annual basis of accounting a result is determined at the end of each accounting period reflecting the profit or loss from providing insurance coverage during that period and any adjustments to the profit or loss of providing insurance cover during earlier accounting periods.

This change in the basis of accounting results in changes to the accounting policies for claims and syndicate participations, and new accounting policies for unearned premiums provision, deferred acquisition costs, unexpired risks and other technical provisions. The effect of these changes on the reported results of the company is detailed in Note 1.

Amounts reported in the general business technical account relate to movements in the period in respect of all relevant years of account of the Syndicates on which the Company participates.

In addition, the adoption of FRS21 "Events after the Balance Sheet date" has resulted in a different treatment for equity dividends. The effect of the change in accounting policy to adopt FRS21 is to recognise equity dividends when they have been declared and approved for payment.

Assets and liabilities arising as a result of the underwriting activities are mainly controlled by the Syndicates' managing agents. Accordingly, these assets and liabilities have been shown separately in the balance sheet as "Syndicate Participation". Other assets and liabilities are shown as "Corporate". The syndicate assets are held subject to trust deeds for the benefit of the Syndicates' insurance creditors.

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Accounting Policies

For the year ended 31 December 2005

General Business

i. Premiums

Premiums written comprise the total premiums receivable in respect of business incepted during the year, together with any differences between booked premiums for prior years and those previously accrued, and include estimates of premiums due but not yet receivable or notified to the syndicates on which the Company participates, less an allowance for cancellations. All premiums are shown gross of commission payable to intermediaries and exclude taxes and duties levied on them.

ii. Unearned Premiums

Written premium is earned according to the risk profile of the policy. Unearned premiums represent the proportion of premiums written in the year that relate to unexpired terms of policies in force at the balance sheet date, calculated on a time apportionment basis having regard where appropriate, to the incidence of risk. The specific basis adopted by each syndicate is determined by the relevant managing agent.

iii. Deferred Acquisition Costs

Acquisition costs, which represent commission and other related expenses, are deferred over the period in which the related premiums are earned.

iv. Reinsurance Premiums

Reinsurance premium costs are allocated by the Managing Agent of each syndicate to reflect the protection arranged in respect of the business written and earned.

v. Claims Incurred and Reinsurers' Share

Claims incurred comprise claims and settlement expenses (both internal and external) occurring in the year and changes in the provisions for outstanding claims, including provisions for claims incurred but not reported and settlement expenses, together with any other adjustments to claims from previous years. Where applicable, deductions are made for salvage and other recoveries.

The provision for claims outstanding comprises amounts set aside for claims notified and claims incurred but not yet reported (IBNR). The amount included in respect of IBNR is based on statistical techniques of estimation applied by each syndicate's in house reserving team and reviewed by external consulting actuaries. These techniques generally involve projecting from past experience the development of claims over time to form a view of the likely ultimate claims to be experienced for more recent underwriting, having regard to variations in the business accepted and the underlying terms and conditions. The provision for claims also includes amounts in respect of internal and external claims handling costs. For the most recent years, where a high degree of volatility arises from projections, estimates may be based in part on output from rating and other models of the business accepted and assessments of underwriting conditions.

Nameco (No. 240) Limited

Accounting Policies

For the year ended 31 December 2005

The reinsurers' share of provisions for claims is based on calculated amounts of outstanding claims and projections for IBNR, net of estimated irrecoverable amounts, having regard to each syndicate's reinsurance programme in place for the class of business, the claims experience for the year and the current security rating of the reinsurance companies involved. Each syndicate uses a number of statistical techniques to assist in making these estimates.

Accordingly the two most critical assumptions made by each syndicates managing agent as regards claims provisions are that the past is a reasonable predictor of the likely level of claims development and that the rating and other models used including pricing models for recent business are reasonable indicators of the likely level of ultimate claims to be incurred.

The level of uncertainty with regard to the estimations within these provisions generally decreases with time since the underlying contracts were exposed to new risks. In addition the nature of short tail claims such as property where claims are typically notified and settled within a short period of time will normally have less uncertainty after a few years than long tail risks such as some liability business where it may be several years before claims are fully advised and settled. In addition to these factors if there are disputes regarding coverage under policies or changes in the relevant law regarding a claim this may increase the uncertainty in the estimation of the outcomes.

The assessment of these provisions is usually the most subjective aspect of an insurer's accounts and may result in greater uncertainty within an insurer's accounts than within those of many other businesses. The provisions for gross claims and related reinsurance recoveries have been assessed on the basis of the information currently available to the directors of each syndicate's managing agent. However, ultimate liability will vary as a result of subsequent information and events and this may result in significant adjustments to the amounts provided. Adjustments to the amounts of claims provisions established in prior years are reflected in the financial statements for the period in which the adjustments are made. The provisions are not discounted for the investment earnings that may be expected to arise in the future on the funds retained to meet the future liabilities. The methods used, and the estimates made, are reviewed regularly.

vi. Unexpired Risks Provision

Provisions for unexpired risks are made where the costs of outstanding claims, related expenses and deferred acquisition costs are expected to exceed the unearned premium provision carried forward at the balance sheet date. The provision for unexpired risks is calculated separately by reference to classes of business which are managed together, after taking into account relevant investment return. The provision is made on a syndicate by syndicate basis by the relevant managing agent.

vii. Closed Years of Account

At the end of the third year, the underwriting account is normally closed by reinsurance into the following year of account. The amount of the reinsurance to close premium payable is determined by the managing agent, generally by estimating the cost of claims notified but not settled at 31 December, together with the estimated cost of claims incurred but not reported at that date, and an estimate of future claims handling costs.

Nameco (No. 240) Limited

Accounting Policies

For the year ended 31 December 2005

Any subsequent variation in the ultimate liabilities of the closed year of account is borne by the underwriting year into which it is reinsured.

The payment of a reinsurance to close premium does not eliminate the liability of the closed year for outstanding claims. If the reinsuring syndicate was unable to meet its obligations, and the other elements of Lloyd's chain of security were to fail, then the closed underwriting account would have to settle outstanding claims.

The Directors consider that the likelihood of such a failure of the reinsurance to close is extremely remote, and consequently the reinsurance to close has been deemed to settle the liabilities outstanding at the closure of an underwriting account. The company has included its share of the reinsurance to close premiums payable as technical provisions at the end of the current period, and no further provision is made for any potential variation in the ultimate liability of that year of account.

viii. Run-off Years of Account

Where an underwriting year of account is not closed at the end of the third year (a "run-off" year of account) a provision is made for the estimated cost of all known and unknown outstanding liabilities of that year. The provision is determined initially by the managing agent on a similar basis to the reinsurance to close. However, any subsequent variation in the ultimate liabilities for that year remains with the corporate member participating therein. As a result any run-off year will continue to report movements in its results after the third year until such time as it secures a reinsurance to close.

ix. Net Operating Expenses (including Acquisition Costs)

Net operating costs include acquisition costs, profit and loss on exchange and other amounts incurred by the syndicates on which the Company participates.

Acquisition costs, comprising commission and other costs related to the acquisition of new insurance contracts, are deferred to the extent that they are attributable to premiums unearned at the Balance Sheet date.

x. Distribution of Profits and Collection of Losses

Lloyd's operates a detailed set of regulations regarding solvency and the distribution of profits and payment of losses between syndicates and their members. Lloyd's continues to require membership of syndicates to be on an underwriting year of account basis and profits and losses belong to members according to their membership of a year of account. Normally profits and losses are transferred between the syndicate and members after results for a year of account are finalised after 36 months. This period may be extended if a year of account goes into run-off. The syndicate may make earlier on account distributions or cash calls according to the cash flow of a particular year of account and subject to Lloyd's requirements.

Nameco (No. 240) Limited

Accounting Policies

For the year ended 31 December 2005

xi. Investments

Investments are stated at current value, including accrued interest at the Balance Sheet date.

xii. Investment Return

Investment return comprises all investment income, realised investment gains and losses and movements in unrealised gains and losses, net of investment expenses and charges.

Realised and unrealised gains and losses are measured by reference to the original cost of the investment if purchased in the year, or if held at the beginning of the year by reference to the current value at that date.

Investment return is initially recorded in the non-technical account. A transfer is made from the non-technical account to the general business technical account to reflect the investment return on funds supporting the underwriting business.

xiii. Basis of Currency Translation

Syndicates maintain separate funds in Sterling, United States dollars, Canadian dollars and Euros.

Income and expenditure in US dollars, Canadian dollars and Euros is translated at the average rate of exchange for the year. Underwriting transactions denominated in other foreign currencies are included at the rate of exchange ruling at the date the transaction is processed.

Assets and liabilities are translated into Sterling at the rates of exchange at the Balance Sheet date.

Differences arising on translation of foreign currency amounts in syndicates are included in the technical account.

xiv. Debtors/Creditors arising from insurance/reinsurance operations

The amounts shown in the Balance Sheet include the totals of all the Syndicates outstanding debit and credit transactions as processed by the Lloyd's central facility; no account has been taken of any offsets which may be applicable in calculating the net amounts due between the Syndicates and each of their counterparty insureds, reinsurers or intermediaries as appropriate.

Nameco (No. 240) Limited

Accounting Policies

For the year ended 31 December 2005

Taxation

The company is taxed on its results including its share of underwriting results declared by the syndicates and these are deemed to accrue evenly over the calendar year in which they are declared. The syndicate results included in these Financial Statements are only declared for tax purposes in the calendar year following the normal closure of the year of account. No provision is made for corporation tax in relation to open years of account. However, full provision is made for deferred tax on underwriting results not subject to current corporation tax.

The Inland Revenue agrees the taxable results of the syndicates at a syndicate level on the basis of computations submitted by the managing agent. At the date of the approval of these Financial Statements the syndicate taxable results of years of account closed at this and at previous year ends may not have been fully agreed with the Inland Revenue. Any adjustments that may be necessary to the tax provisions established by the Company, as a result of Inland Revenue agreement of syndicate results, will be reflected in the Financial Statements of subsequent periods.

Deferred Taxation

Deferred tax is provided in full on timing differences which result in an obligation at the balance sheet date to pay more tax, or a right to pay less tax, at a future date, at rates expected to apply when they crystallise based on current tax rates and law.

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is regarded as more likely than not that they will be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities have not been discounted.

Intangible Assets

Costs incurred by the Company in the Corporation of Lloyd's auctions in order to acquire rights to participate on Syndicates' underwriting years are included within intangible fixed assets and amortised over a 5 year period beginning in the year following the purchase of the Syndicate participation.

Cash Flow Statement

The company has no control over the disposition of assets and liabilities at Lloyd's. Consequently, the Cash Flow Statement is prepared reflecting only the movement in corporate funds, which includes transfers to and from Syndicates at Lloyd's.

Nameco (No. 240) Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2005

1. Change in Reporting Basis

As described in the Accounting Policies, "Change in Reporting Basis and Basis of Accounting", the basis of accounting has been changed from the fund basis to the annual basis resulting in changes to a number of accounting policies and equity dividends are only included in the financial statements when they have been declared and approved for payment by the shareholders.

The principal difference between the annual accounting basis and the fund basis concerns the timing of the recognition of underwriting results of a particular year of account. Prior period amounts have been restated to reflect these changes in accounting policies. The effect of the change from the fund basis to the annual basis of accounting is shown in the following table:

	31 December 2004		
	Previously recognised	Adjustment to new reporting basis	Restated on an Annual accounting basis
	£	£	£
Recognition of 2004 year of account underwriting	-	-	-
Recognition of 2003 year of account underwriting	-	-	-
Recognition of 2002 and prior years of account underwriting	(2,483)	(171)	(2,654)
	(2,483)	(171)	(2,654)
Deferred taxation	-	-	-
	(2,483)	(171)	(2,654)

Under the annual basis of accounting premiums, including future premiums, are recognised on an earned basis. Previously premiums were accounted for in the period in which the risk commences, together with adjustments to premiums written in previous accounting periods.

Under the annual basis of accounting claims are provided for on the basis of premiums earned up to the balance sheet date with an additional provision where appropriate for unexpired risks. Previously, no profit was recognised until the end of the third year of a particular year of account and losses were recognised as soon as they were foreseeable. The excess of premiums written and syndicate investment income over the claims and syndicate expenses paid in respect of business incepting in an underwriting year was carried forward for two years in a fund as part of outstanding claims.

Under the annual basis of accounting expenses are accounted for on an accruals basis. In addition, acquisition costs are deferred to the extent that they relate to unearned premiums. Previously expenses were included on a provisional basis and were not finalised until the year of account closed. Any internal acquisition costs were written off as incurred.

The effect of the change in the recognition of equity dividends and the overall effect on the Company's reserves is shown in Note 15.

Nameco (No. 240) Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2005

2. Class of Business	Gross written premiums	Gross Premiums Earned	Gross claims incurred	Net Operating expenses	Reinsurance balance	Total
2005	£	£	£	£	£	£
Direct Insurance						
Accident and health	(91)	(91)	(539)	11	(537)	(1,156)
Motor – third party liability	2	2	27	(12)	26	43
Motor – other classes	-	-	(22)	28	121	127
Marine, aviation and transport	61	61	1,369	(45)	(887)	498
Fire and other damage to property	225	225	138	(341)	14	36
Third party liability	165	165	3,003	(96)	(447)	2,625
Credit and suretyship	45	45	(365)	(19)	246	(93)
Legal expenses	13	13	40	(11)	(37)	5
Assistance	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	1	1	(3)	-	-	(2)
	421	421	3,648	(485)	(1,501)	2,083
Reinsurance	723	721	(5,228)	(1,164)	1,834	(3,837)
Total	1,144	1,142	(1,580)	(1,649)	333	(1,754)
2004 (Restated)						
Direct Insurance						
Accident and health	86	86	(178)	(131)	(93)	(316)
Motor – third party liability	(10)	(10)	(88)	(12)	154	44
Motor – other classes	(21)	(21)	(407)	(105)	427	(106)
Marine, aviation and transport	423	423	1,074	(183)	(1,384)	(70)
Fire and other damage to property	217	217	233	(410)	234	274
Third party liability	(228)	(228)	(4,131)	(338)	(251)	(4,948)
Credit and suretyship	(30)	(30)	(19)	105	(326)	(270)
Legal expenses	(6)	(6)	(12)	10	(2)	(10)
Assistance	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	(14)	(14)	54	1	(33)	8
	417	417	(3,474)	(1,063)	(1,274)	(5,394)
Reinsurance	2,106	2,042	1,114	372	(2,157)	1,371
Total	2,523	2,459	(2,360)	(691)	(3,431)	(4,023)

Nameco (No. 240) Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2005

3. Geographical Analysis

	2005	2004 Restated
	£	£
Direct Gross Premium Written in:		
United Kingdom	436	472
Other EU Member States	-	-
Rest of the World	(15)	(55)
	421	417

4. Net Operating Expenses

	2005	2004 Restated
	£	£
Acquisition costs	704	434
Change in deferred acquisition costs	-	-
Administrative expenses	971	383
Loss/(Profit) on exchange	(26)	(126)
	1,649	691

5. Investment Income

	2005	2004 Restated
	£	£
Income from investments	2,247	1,739
	2,247	1,739

6. Investment Expenses and Charges

	2005	2004 Restated
	£	£
Investment management expenses, including interest	39	54
	39	54

7. Profit on Ordinary Activities before Taxation

	2005	2004 Restated
	£	£
This is stated after charging:		
Directors remuneration	-	-
Auditors' remuneration - audit	120	120
Auditors' remuneration - other services	-	-
Amortisation of syndicate capacity	-	-
Interest on bank loan and overdrafts	-	-
Interest on other loans	-	-
The Company has no employees	-	-

Nameco (No. 240) Limited**Notes to the Financial Statements****For the year ended 31 December 2005****8. Taxation**

	2005	2004
	£	Restated £
Analysis of Charge in Period		
Current tax:		
UK corporation tax on profit of the period	-	-
Adjustment in respect of previous period	-	-
	-	-
Foreign tax	382	1,104
Total current tax	382	1,104
Deferred tax		
Origination and reversal of timing differences	-	-
	382	1,104

Factors affecting tax charge for period

The tax assessed for the period is different to the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK (19%). The differences are explained below:

Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before tax	(4,006)	(6,581)
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2004 – 19%)	(761)	(1,250)
Effects of:		
Underwriting results subject to timing differences for taxation	36,779	34,670
Utilisation of tax losses	(35,917)	(33,393)
Foreign tax	382	1,104
Amortisation and other corporation computation adjustments	(101)	(27)
Marginal or starting rates of taxation and prior period adjustment	-	-
Current tax charge for the period	382	1,104

The results of the Company's participation on the 2003, 2004 and 2005 years of account and the calendar year movement on 2002 and prior run-offs, will not be assessed to tax until the year ended 31 December 2006, 2007 and 2008 respectively being the year after the calendar year result of each run-off year or the normal date of closure of each year of account.

Nameco (No. 240) Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2005

9. Dividends

2005

2004
Restated
£

£

Equity dividends declared and paid

-

-

10. Intangible Assets

2005

2004
Restated
£

£

Purchased syndicate capacity

Cost

At 1 January 2005

-

-

Additions

-

-

Disposals

-

-

At 31 December 2005

-

-

Amortisation

At 1 January 2005

-

-

Provided during the year

-

-

Disposals

-

-

At 31 December 2005

-

-

Net Book Value

At 31 December 2005

-

-

At 31 December 2004

-

-

Nameco (No. 240) Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2005

11. Investments

Other Financial Investments - Syndicate

	2005		2004 Restated	
	Market Value £	Cost £	Market Value £	Cost £
Shares and other variable yield securities and units in unit trusts	439	439	608	606
Debt securities and other fixed income securities	52,090	52,274	49,148	48,913
Participation in investment pools	-	-	-	-
Loans secured by mortgages	876	895	-	-
Other loans	-	-	-	5
Deposits with credit institutions	4,266	4,266	3,982	3,977
Other	220	220	367	367
	<u>57,891</u>	<u>58,094</u>	<u>54,105</u>	<u>53,868</u>
Listed investments included within the above	52,529	52,713	49,756	49,519

Other Financial Investments - Corporate

Shares and other variable yield securities	449	299	299	299
Debt securities and other fixed income securities	-	-	-	-
Participation in investment pools	-	-	-	-
Loans guaranteed by mortgage	-	-	-	-
Other loans	-	-	-	-
Deposits with credit institutions	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-
	<u>449</u>	<u>299</u>	<u>299</u>	<u>299</u>
Listed investments included within the above	449	299	299	299

12. Debtors arising out of Direct Insurance and Reinsurance Operations

	Syndicate Participation £	Corporate £	2005 Total £	Syndicate Participation £	Corporate £	2004 Restated Total £
The following amounts due after one year:						
Direct insurance operations	-	-	-	-	-	-
Reinsurance operations	386	-	386	445	-	445
	<u>386</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>386</u>	<u>445</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>445</u>

Nameco (No. 240) Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2005

13. Other Debtors

	Syndicate Participation £	Corporate £	2005 Total £	Syndicate Participation £	Corporate £	2004 Restated Total £
Amounts due from group undertakings	-	-	-	-	-	-
Funds at Lloyd's	-	1	1	-	1	1
Other	15,740	733	16,473	17,705	7,763	25,468
	15,740	734	16,474	17,705	7,764	25,469

14. Called-up Share Capital

	2005 Authorised	2005 Allotted, called-up and fully paid	2004 Authorised	2004 Allotted, called-up and fully paid
Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	1	100	1

15. Profit and Loss Account

	Syndicate Participation £	Corporate £	2005 Total £	Syndicate Participation £	Corporate £	2004 Restated Total £
Retained profit/(loss) brought forward as previously reported	(2,483)	(190,729)	(193,212)	(4,478)	(181,216)	(185,694)
Prior Year adjustment – Annual accounting adjustment	(171)	-	(171)	-	(4)	(4)
Reallocate 2004 distribution	-	-	-	4,478	(4,478)	-
As restated	(2,654)	(190,729)	(193,383)	-	(185,698)	(185,698)
Reallocate 2005 distribution	2,483	(2,483)	-	-	-	-
Profit/(loss) for the financial year	515	(4,903)	(4,388)	(2,654)	(5,031)	(7,685)
Retained profit/(loss) carried forward	344	(198,115)	(197,771)	(2,654)	(190,729)	(193,383)

16. Reconciliation of Movements in Shareholders' Funds

	2005 £	2004 Restated £
Opening shareholders funds as previously stated	(193,211)	(185,693)
Prior year adjustment (Note 1)	(171)	(4)
Opening shareholders funds as restated	(193,382)	(185,697)
Profit/(loss) for the financial year	(4,388)	(7,685)
Equity Dividends	-	-
Closing shareholders' funds	(197,770)	(193,382)

Nameco (No. 240) Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2005

17. Deferred Taxation

	2005	2004 Restated
	£	£
Opening Balance Previously Reported	-	-
Prior year adjustment	-	-
As restated	-	-
Profit and loss account charge	-	-
Closing balance	-	-

18. Creditors

	Syndicate Participation £	Corporate £	2005 Total £	Syndicate Participation £	Corporate £	2004 Restated Total £
Corporation tax	-	-	-	-	-	-
Proprietors' loan accounts	-	177,148	177,148	-	171,703	171,703
Third Party Funds	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other creditors	13,397	22,148	35,545	7,483	27,088	34,571
Amount due to group undertakings	-	-	-	-	-	-
	13,397	199,296	212,693	7,483	198,791	206,274

19. Reconciliation of Operating Profit to Net Cash Outflow from Operating Activities

	2005	2004 Restated
	£	£
Profit or loss on ordinary activities before tax	(4,006)	(6,581)
(Profit)/loss attributable to syndicate transactions	(2,998)	(1,821)
Profit or loss – excluding syndicate transactions	(7,004)	(8,402)
(Increase)/decrease in debtors	7,030	13,979
Increase/(decrease) in creditors	505	(4,176)
(Profit)/loss on disposal of intangible assets	-	-
Amortisation of syndicate capacity	-	-
Impairment of syndicate capacity	-	-
Unrealised (gain)/loss on revaluation of investments	(150)	-
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	381	1,401

**Notes to the Financial Statements
For the year ended 31 December 2005**

20. Related party disclosure

The company's 1999 and 2000 underwriting is supported by the assets of or guarantees made interavailable to it by P T Chapman. These assets or guarantees are also available to Lloyd's to meet the personal underwriting liabilities of P T Chapman for underwriting years in run-off commencing prior to 1 January 1999, where applicable.

P T Chapman is the beneficial owner of the company's share.

Mr J.R.H. Evans, a director of the company, is also a director of Nomina plc which administers the conversion scheme in which the company participates. Nomina plc charges a fixed management fee of £2,500 (2004: £2,250) to cover all the costs of basic administration of the company.

21. Syndicate run-off years of account

The syndicate participates on a number of years which have not been closed at their normal date. Whilst the Directors consider the technical provision for outstanding claims is the best estimate that can be made on the basis of information currently available, the estimate is subject to change. Accordingly the determination of the underwriting result for the year and any related provision for run-off years of account losses is fundamentally uncertain and the eventual result might be higher or lower.

Nameco (No. 240) Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2005

22. Syndicates

The principal syndicates or members' agent pooling arrangements ("MAPA") in which the company participates as an underwriting member are as follows:

Syndicate or MAPA Number:	Managing Agent	2005 Allocated Capacity £	2004 Allocated Capacity £	2003 Allocated capacity £	2002 Allocated Capacity £
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