Report of the Directors and

Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 December 2004

for

Quiller Electronics Limited

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Company Information for the Year Ended 31 December 2004

DIRECTORS:

D O'Neill G A Ralph

SECRETARY:

D O'Neill

REGISTERED OFFICE:

Cheveley House Fordham Road Newmarket Suffolk CB8 7XN

REGISTERED NUMBER:

3632967

AUDITORS:

Rothman Pantall & Co Registered auditors 10 Landport Terrace

Portsmouth Hampshire PO1 2RG

Report of the Directors for the Year Ended 31 December 2004

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2004.

CESSATION OF TRADING

The company ceased trading on 30 November 2004.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the company in the year under review was that of purchase and distribution of components for the electronics industry. The company ceased trading on 30 November 2004.

REVIEW OF BUSINESS

The results for the year and financial position of the company are as shown in the annexed financial statements.

DIVIDENDS

No dividends will be distributed for the year ended 31 December 2004.

DIRECTORS

The directors during the year under review were:

 T J Barker
 - resigned 29.10.04

 D H R Brace
 - resigned 29.10.04

 J R Clarke
 - resigned 29.10.04

 D O'Neill
 - appointed 29.10.04

 G A Ralph
 - appointed 29.10.04

The directors holding office at 31 December 2004 did not hold any beneficial interest in the issued share capital of the company at date of appointment or 31 December 2004.

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

AUDITORS

The auditors, Rothman Pantall & Co, will be proposed for re-appointment in accordance with Section 385 of the Companies Act 1985.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

Director: GARALPH

Date: 1/9/05

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Report of the Independent Auditors to the Shareholders of Quiller Electronics Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Quiller Electronics Limited for the year ended 31 December 2004 on pages four to eleven. These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on page two the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Report of the Directors is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the Report of the Directors and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2004 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Rothman Pantall & Co Registered auditors 10 Landport Terrace Portsmouth

Hampshire

PO1 2RG

Date: 6 Satulass

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Profit and Loss Account for the Year Ended 31 December 2004

		2004		2003	
ì	Votes	£	£	£	£
TURNOVER			4,361,310		4,195,895
Cost of sales			2,827,490		2,854,559
GROSS PROFIT			1,533,820		1,341,336
Distribution costs Administrative expenses		271,901 628,431		271,520 8 09,309	
			900,332		1,080,829
OPERATING PROFIT	3		633,488		260,507
Reorganisation costs			141,217		-
			492,271		260,507
Interest receivable and similar income			1,708		13
			493,979		260,520
Interest payable and similar charges	4		12,880		11,071
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES					
BEFORE TAXATION			481,099		249,449
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	5		99,768		57,884
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR AFTER TAXATION			381,331		191,565
Dividends	6				500,000
RETAINED PROFIT/(DEFICIT) FOR THE YEAR			381,331		(308,435)

DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

All of the company's activities were discontinued during the current year.

TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES

The company has no recognised gains or losses other than the profits for the current and previous years.

Balance Sheet 31 December 2004

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		2004		2003	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	7		-		304,451
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	8	-		467,211	
Debtors	9	1,488,263		1,657,176	
Cash at bank and in hand		-		332,369	
		1,488,263		2,456,756	
CREDITORS				2.11.106	
Amounts falling due within one year	10	613,654		2,144,496	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			874,609		312,260
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			874,609		616,711
CREDITORS Amounts falling due after more than year	n one				123,433
year	11				125,435
			874,609		493,278
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	15		125,002		125,002
Profit and loss account	16		749,607		368,276
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	19		874,609		493,278
					

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

Director: GA RALPH
Approved by the Board on 1/9/05

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Notes to the Financial Statements

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of section 255 of, and schedule 9A to, the companies act 1985. As the company ceased trading on the 30th November 2004, the financial statements have been drawn up on a break up basis. Under this basis the carrying value of all assets and liabilities are reflected at their ultimate realisable values and settlement values. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards and under historical cost accounting rules.

Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Financial Reporting Standard Number 1

Exemption has been taken from preparing a cash flow statement on the grounds that the company qualifies as a small company.

Turnover

Turnover represents net invoiced sales of goods, excluding value added tax.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Freehold property - 4% on cost Plant and machinery - 25% on cost

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating result.

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts or finance leases are capitalised in the balance sheet. Those held under hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Those held under finance leases are depreciated over their estimated useful lives or the lease term, whichever is the shorter.

The interest element of these obligations is charged to the profit and loss account over the relevant period. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability.

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account as incurred.

2. STAFF COSTS

	2004 £	2003 £
Wages and salaries Social security costs	760,099 82,568	692,257 76,882
	842,667	769,139

Notes to the Financial Statements

2. STAFF COSTS - continued

	The average monthly number of employees during the year was as follows:		
		2004	2003
	Administration and management	9	8
	Stores and assembly	7	4
	Sales and distribution	11	12
			
		27	24
3.	OPERATING PROFIT		
	The operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting):		
		2004	2003
		£	£
	Other operating leases	9,347	-
	Depreciation - owned assets	40,699	27,306
	Depreciation - assets on hire purchase contracts	-	21,229
	Profit on disposal of fixed assets	(241,214)	(4,183)
	Auditors remuneration	10,032	4,200
	Directors' emoluments	334,958	294,956
	Information manufacture the bishoot wall disease in Coll		
	Information regarding the highest paid director is as follows:	2004	2002
		2004 £	2003 £
	Emoluments etc	146,658	117,955
	Zinotanio VV	=====	
	INTERPRET DAMARY SAME CINCIA DE CINC		
4.	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES	2004	2002
		2004 £	2003 £
	Bank interest	8,402	7,468
	Hire purchase	4,478	3,603
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		12,880	11,071
5.	TAXATION		
	Analysis of the tax charge		
	The tax charge on the profit on ordinary activities for the year was as follows:		
	,	2004	2003
		£	£
	Current tax:		
	UK corporation tax	99,768	57,884
	Tax on profit on ordinary activities	99,768	57,884
	p-vin on ordinary determine		=======================================
	UK corporation tax was charged at 24% in 2003.		
	ors vorporation tax has entitied at 2470 in 2003.		

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Notes to the Financial Statements

5. TAXATION - continued

Factors affecting the tax charge

The tax assessed for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The difference is explained below:

			2004 £	2003 £
	Profit on ordinary activities before tax		481,099	249,449
	Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax			
	in the UK of 30% (2003 - 24.130%)		144,330	60,192
	Effects of:		(66.000)	
	Capital losses and indexation Accelerated capital allowances		(66,800)	(4.621)
	Disallowable expenditure		475 47,031	(4,631) 2,209
	Adjustment in respect of earlier years		47,031	114
	Differential rates of tax		(25,268)	-
	Current tax charge		99,768	57,884
			====	
6.	DIVIDENDS		2004	2002
			2004 £	2003 £
	Equity shares:		T.	£
	Ordinary shares of £1 each			
	Final		-	500,000
			-	500,000
				
7.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS			
		Freehold	Plant and	
		property	machinery	Totals
	COST	£	£	£
	At 1 January 2004	270,842	87,850	358,692
	Additions	270,012	22,016	22,016
	Disposals	(270,842)	(109,866)	(380,708)
	At 31 December 2004			211 MET 100 100 1 MET 2 MET 20 MET 1100 1
				
	DEPRECIATION			
	At 1 January 2004	53,027	1,213	54,240
	Charge for year Eliminated on disposal	9,028 (62,055)	31,671 (32,884)	40,699 (94,939)
	Eliminated on disposal	(02,033)	(32,884)	(94,939)
	At 31 December 2004		-	**
	NET BOOK VALUE			
	At 31 December 2004	· -	-	-
	At 31 December 2003	217,815	86,637	304,452
	I Doddinow mood	=====	=======================================	JV 1 ,432

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Notes to the Financial Statements

8.	STOCKS		
		2004	2003
		£	£
	Stocks		467,211
			
9.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
	DESTRUCTION OF THE STATE OF THE	2004	2003
		£	£
	Trade debtors	<i>~</i>	758,159
	Other debtors	_	3,025
	Amounts due by fellow subsidiary		3,043
	undertakings	123,750	864,496
	Due by ultimate parent undertaking	1,364,513	304,470
	Prepayments and accrued income	1,504,515	31,496
	repayments and accraca meonic		31,490
		1,488,263	1,657,176
10.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR Bank loans and overdrafts (see note 12) Hire purchase contracts (see note 13) Trade creditors Tax Social security and other taxes Other creditors Factoring Amounts owed to parent undertakings Accrued expenses	2004 £	2003 £ 158,301 24,464 529,301 58,000 155,810 2,623 543,020 613,654 59,323
		613,654	2,144,496
11.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR		
		2004	2003
		£	£
	Bank loans (see note 12)	-	68,816
	Hire purchase contracts (see note 13)	-	54,617
		-	123,433

Notes to the Financial Statements

12. LOANS

An analysis of the maturity of loans is given below:

	2004	2003
Amounts falling due within one year or on demand:	£	£
Bank overdrafts	=	122,066
Bank loans	-	36,235
		158,301

Amounts falling due between one and two years:		
Bank loans - 1-2 years	-	23,292
		
Amounts falling due between two and five years:		
Bank loans - 2-5 years	-	45,524
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The bank loans and overdraft are secured by a fixed charge over the company's freehold properties and a floating charge over the other assets of the company.

13. OBLIGATIONS UNDER HIRE PURCHASE CONTRACTS

	2004	2002
	2004	2003
	£	£
Net obligations repayable:		
Within one year	-	24,464
Between one and five years	-	54,617
	_	79,081

14. SECURED DEBTS

The following secured debts are included within creditors:

	2004 £	2003 £
Bank overdraft	•	122,066
Bank loans	-	105,051
	1849-1940-1940-1940-1940-1940-1940-1940-19	
	_	227,117

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Notes to the Financial Statements

15. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

	Authorised:				
	Number:	Class:	Nominal	2004	2003
			value:	£	£
	75,000	Ordinary	£1	75,000	75,000
	125,000	Deferred	£1	125,000	125,000
				200,000	200,000
		ued and fully paid:			
	Number:	Class:	Nominal	2004	2003
			value:	£	£
	2	Ordinary	£1	2	2
	125,000	Deferred	£1	125,000	125,000
				125,002	125,002
16.	RESERVES	S			
					Profit
					and loss
					account
					£
	At 1 January				368,276
	Retained pro	ofit for the year			381,331
	At 31 Decer	nber 2004			749,607

17. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

The ultimate parent undertaking is Deltron Electronics plc, a company incorporated in the United Kingdom.

18. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The company has entered into a guarantee to secure the bank borrowings of Deltron Electronics plc and of fellow subsidiary undertakings.

19. RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

	2004 £	2003 £
Profit for the financial year Dividends	381,331	191,565 (500,000)
Net addition/(reduction) to shareholders' funds Opening shareholders' funds	381,331 493,278	(308,435) 801,713
Closing shareholders' funds	874,609 ———	493,278
Equity interests	874,609	493,278