ALMAC ENGINEERING (AIR CONDITIONING) LIMITED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 AUGUST 2018



ALMAC ENGINEERING (AIR CONDITIONING) LIMITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 31 August 2018

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BALANCE SHEET

31 August 2018

	Note	2018 £	2017 £
FIXED ASSETS	5	20 107	20.001
Tangible assets	Э	28,197	38,081
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stocks	_	5,000	5,000
Debtors	6	248,934	172,887
Investments	7	63,064	56,937
Cash at bank and in hand		76,101	141,244
		393,099	376,068
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	8	(134,390)	(161,904)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		258,709	214,164
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		286,906	252,245
CREDITORS: amounts falling due after more than one year	9	(4,657)	(11,274)
PROVISIONS		(9,360)	(6,469)
NET ASSETS		272,889	234,502
CARTAL AND DECERVES			
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called up share capital		100	100
Fair value reserve		25,043	22,393
Profit and loss account		247,746	212,009
SHAREHOLDERS FUNDS		272,889	234,502

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the profit and loss account has not been delivered.

For the year ending 31 August 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The balance sheet continues on the following page.

The notes on pages 3 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

14/5/19

BALANCE SHEET (continued)

31 August 2018

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr R Owens Director

Company registration number: 03623221

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 31 August 2018

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Unit 8, Paper Mill Road, Canton, Cardiff, CF11 8DH.

2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Year ended 31 August 2018

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Tangible assets (continued)

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant and machinery

25% straight line

Motor vehicles

25% reducing balance

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stock to its present location and condition.

Finance leases and hire purchase contracts

Assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are recognised in the balance sheet as assets and liabilities at the lower of the fair value of the assets and the present value of the minimum lease payments, which is determined at the inception of the lease term. Any initial direct costs of the lease are added to the amount recognised as an asset.

Lease payments are apportioned between the finance charges and reduction of the outstanding lease liability using the effective interest method. Finance charges are allocated to each period so as to produce a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the balance sheet and the amount of the provision as an expense.

Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period it arises.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Year ended 31 August 2018

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability.

Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

4. EMPLOYEE NUMBERS

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 12 (2017: 13).

5. TANGIBLE ASSETS

	Plant and machinery £	Motor vehicles £	Total £
Cost At 1 September 2017 and 31 August 2018	22,164	100,069	122,233
Depreciation At 1 September 2017 Charge for the year	9,667 3,488	74,485 6,396	84,152 9,884
At 31 August 2018	13,155	80,881	94,036
Carrying amount At 31 August 2018	9,009	19,188	28,197
At 31 August 2017	12,497	25,584	38,081

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Year ended 31 August 2018

5. TANGIBLE ASSETS (continued)

Finance leases and hire purchase contracts

Included within the carrying value of tangible assets are the following amounts relating to assets held under finance leases or hire purchase agreements:

	vehicles
	£
At 31 August 2018	17,814
At 31 August 2017	23,752

6. DEBTORS

	2018 £	2017 £
Trade debtors	36,950	69,665
Other debtors	211,984	103,222
	248,934	172,887

7. INVESTMENTS

	2018	2017
	£	£
Other investments	63,064	56,937

The above financial asset represents an investment in listed securities. The investment is measured at fair value through profit and loss using quoted market prices. The gain on investment recognised in the year is £2,527 (2017 - £5,406).

8. CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year

	2018	2017
	£	£
Trade creditors	88,954	57,403
Corporation tax	25,364	18,879
Social security and other taxes	10,955	18,769
Other creditors	9,117	66,853
	134,390	161,904

Included within other creditors are hire purchase obligations totalling £6,617 (2017 - £8,910) that are secured on the assets to which they relate.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Year ended 31 August 2018

9. CREDITORS: amounts falling due after more than one year

	2018	2017
	£	£
Other creditors	4,657	11,274

Included within other creditors are hire purchase obligations totalling £4,657 (2017 - £11,274) that are secured on the assets to which they relate.

10. OPERATING LEASES

The total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

, ,	2018 £	2017 £
Not later than 1 year	-	1,333
•		

11. DIRECTORS' ADVANCES, CREDITS AND GUARANTEES

During the year the directors entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

	2018			
	Balance	Advances/		
	brought	(credits) to the	Amounts	Balance
	forward	directors	repaid	outstanding
	£	£	£	£
Mr G A Hannam	(27,642)	59,470	(30,000)	1,828
Mr R Owens	(27,801)	59,192	(30,000)	1,391
	(<u>55,443</u>)	118,662	(60,000)	3,219