Rule 4 223 - CVL

The Insolvency Act 1986

Liquidator's Statement of Receipts and Payments Pursuant to Section 192 of The Insolvency Act 1986 **S.192**

To the Registrar of Companies

For Official Use

Company Number

03614110

Name of Company

Plasmec Systems Limited

I / W/e
P A Roberts
Customs House
9-10 Hampshire Terrace
Portsmouth
PO1 2QF

the liquidator(3) of the company attach a copy of my/our statement of receipts and payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Signed

Date

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Phillip Arroberts
Customs House
9-10 Hampshire Terrace
Portsmouth
PO1 2QF

Ref PLA1/CJR/ST

Insolvency A



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20/05/2008 COMPANIES HOUSE

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Statement of Receipts and Payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Name of Company

Plasmec Systems Limited

Company Registered Number

03614110

State whether members' or creditors' voluntary winding up

Creditors

Date of commencement of winding up

16 November 2001

Date to which this statement is

brought down

15 May 2008

Name and Address of Liquidator

P A Roberts Customs House 9-10 Hampshire Terrace Portsmouth PO1 2QF

NOTES

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms. The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies

Form and Contents of Statement

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected property sold etc., and the account of disbursements should contain all payments of costs, charges and expenses, or to creditors or contributories. Receipts derived from deposit accounts and money market deposits are to be included in the 'balance at bank'. Only actual investments are to be included in the 'amounts invested' section in the analysis of balance on page 5 of the form. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the Insolvency Services Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such, nor are payments into a bank, building society or any other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and the totals carried forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represent the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively.

Trading Account

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the total of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement

Dividends

- (3) When dividends, instalments of compositions, etc. are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, etc. actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum, and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor, and the amount of dividend, etc payable to each creditor or contributory
- (4) When unclaimed dividends, etc. are paid into the Insolvency Services Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account.
- (5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of the court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules

Liquidator's statement of account

under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Realisations				
Date	Of whom received	Nature of assets realised	Amount	
		Brought Forward	375,446 28	
05/12/2007 05/03/2008	Bank of Ireland Bank of Ireland	Bank Interest Gross Bank Interest Gross	18 37 15 35	
		Carried Forward	375,480 00	

Date	To whom paid	Nature of disbursements	Amount
•		Brought Forward	346,481 52
20/11/2007	HM Revenue & Customs	Corporation Tax	184 79
01/01/2008	ISA Banking Fee	Bank Charges	20 00
		Storage Costs	52 00
08/02/2008	Phillip A Roberts	VAT Receivable	9 10
08/02/2008	Phillip A Roberts		20 00
01/04/2008	ISA Banking Fee	Bank Charges	
22/04/2008	Phillip A Roberts	Storage Costs	52 00
22/04/2008	Phillip A Roberts	VAT Receivable	9 10
		Carried Forward	346,828 5

Analysis of balance

Total realisations Total disbursements		£ 375,480 00 346,828 51	
	Balance £	28,651 49	
This balance is made up as follows 1 Cash in hands of liquidator 2 Balance at bank 3 Amount in Insolvency Services Account		0 00 3,965 95 24,685 54	
4 Amounts invested by liquidator Less The cost of investments realised Balance 5 Accrued Items	£ 0 00 00	0 00 0 00	
Total Balance as shown above		28,651 49	

NOTE - Full details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of them should be given in a separate statement

The Liquidator should also state -

(1) The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of the winding up

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Assets (after deducting amounts charged to secured creditors	
including the holders of floating charges)	131,070 00
Liabilities - Fixed charge creditors	15,338 00
Floating charge holders	0 00
Preferential creditors	32,339 00
Unsecured creditors	139,730 00

(2) The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of the commencement of the winding up -

Paid up in cash	10,000 00
Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash	0 00

(3) The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets (if there is insufficient space here, attach a separate sheet)

None

(4) Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded

Agreement of creditors claims

(5) The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed

8 months