

Shed Productions (Jailbirds) Limited

Report and Financial Statements

31 December 2012

MONDAY

L25 30/09/2013 COMPANIES HOUSE #450

Directors

B Park

E Gallagher

J Kemp (resigned 2 March 2012)

C Hungate (appointed 2 March 2012)

A McManus

N Southgate

Secretary

J Kemp (resigned 2 March 2012) C Hungate (appointed 2 March 2012)

Auditor

Ernst & Young LLP 1 More London Place London SE1 2AF

Bankers

Barclays Bank Plc 27 Soho Square London W1D 3QR

Registered Office

85 Grays Inn Road London WC1X 8TX Registered No 03613050

Directors' report

The directors present their report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2012

Results and dividends

The profit for the year after taxation amounted to £22,466 (2011 – loss of £57,813) The directors do not recommend a final dividend (2011 – £nil)

Principal activity and review of the business

The principal activity of the company during the year was the exploitation of television programmes

In the current year the company received income for international and DVD sales of Bad Girls (Series 1) and had costs associated with the depreciation of programme assets and the distribution in respect of these receipts

Key performance indicators

The principal performance measures used to monitor the business are

Sales Sales increased by 936%

Future developments

In future periods the company will continue to receive receipts from international and DVD sales and may also produce additional television programming

Principal risks and uncertainties

The company uses various financial instruments which include cash, deposits and a sale and leaseback arrangement that arise directly from its operations. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to raise finance for the company's operations. The existence of these financial instruments exposes the company to a number of financial risks, which are described in more detail below.

The main risk arising from the company's financial instruments is liquidity risk

Liquidity risk

The company seeks to manage financial risk by ensuring sufficient liquidity is available to meet foreseeable needs and to invest cash assets safely and profitably

The company's policy throughout the year has been to achieve this objective through regular cash flow forecasting and review

Going concern

The directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing these financial statements.

Directors' report (continued)

Directors

The directors who served the company during the year were as follows

B Park

E Gallagher

J Kemp (resigned 2 March 2012)

C Hungate (appointed 2 March 2012)

A McManus

N Southgate

Disclosure of information to the auditor

So far as each person who was a director at the date of approving this report is aware, there is no relevant audit information, being information needed by the auditor in connection with preparing its report, of which the auditor is unaware. Having made enquiries of fellow directors and the company's auditor, each director has taken all the steps that they are obliged to take as a director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information

Auditor

A resolution to reappoint Ernst & Young LLP as auditor will be put to the members at the Annual General Meeting

On behalf of the Board

Claire Hungate

Director

September 2013

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom. Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- · make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Independent auditor's report

to the members of Shed Productions (Jailbirds) Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Shed Productions (Jailbirds) Limited for the year ended 31 December 2012 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet and the related notes 1 to 16 The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 4, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Report and Financial Statements to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2012 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Independent auditor's report

to the members of Shed Productions (Jailbirds) Limited (continued)

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Neil Cullum (Senior statutory auditor)

Ernst Hong UP

For and on behalf of Ernst & Young LLP Statutory Auditor

London

27 September 2013

Profit and loss account

for the year ended 31 December 2012

		2012	2011
	Notes	£	£
Turnover	2	40,013	3,861
Cost of sales		(25,230)	(93,609)
Gross profit/(loss)		14,783	(89,748)
Administrative expenses		(1,623)	(2,466)
Operating profit/(loss)	3	13,160	(92,214)
Interest receivable and similar income	5	54,272	80,890
Interest payable and similar charges	6 _	(44,966)	(67,333)
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation		22,466	(78,657)
Tax	7		20,844
Profit/(loss) for the financial year	13	22,466	(57,813)

All amounts relate to continuing activities

Statement of total recognised gains and losses

for the year ended 31 December 2012

There are no recognised gains or losses other than the profit attributable to the shareholders of the company of £22,466 in the year ended 31 December 2012 (2011 – loss of £57,813)

Balance sheet

at 31 December 2012

		2012	2011 Restated
	Notes	£	£
Fixed assets			
Television programme rights	8 _		19,227
Current assets Debtors	9	94,457	62,884
Creditors amounts falling due within one year	10	(41,819)	(47,771)
Net current assets	_	52,638	15,113
Total assets less current liabilities		52,638	34,340
Creditors amounts falling due after more than one year	11	<u> </u>	(4,168)
Net assets	_	52,638	30,172
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	12	300	300
Profit and loss account	13	52,338	29,872
Shareholders' funds	14 -	52,638	30,172

The financial statements on pages 7 to 14 were approved by the Board of Directors and signed on behalf of the Board by

Claire Hungate

Director

September 2013

Registered No 03613050

at 31 December 2012

1. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards

Statement of cash flows

The company has taken advantage of the exemption within FRS 1 – Statements of Cash Flows, for subsidiaries with 90% or more of the voting rights controlled within the group, and has not presented a statement of cash flows

Turnover

Turnover represents distribution income and amounts receivable for work carried out in producing television programmes

Production income is recognised over the period of the production or as per the contract where payment is dependent on materials delivery. Gross profit on production activity is recognised over the period of the production or in accordance with the underlying contract and where there is certainty of this being realised, overages on productions are recognised as they arise and underage's are recognised on completion of the productions.

For distribution income the amount recognised in the profit and loss account represents the value of the licence fees including withholding tax but excluding Value Added Tax

Distribution income is recognised when

- · An agreement is contracted
- The fee is fixed or determinable
- For finished programme sales, when the programme is delivered

Change in presentation of fixed assets

Television programme rights, which were previously presented within tangible fixed assets as 'Film assets' are now presented separately within fixed assets, as the directors believe this better reflects the nature of these assets. Comparative information has been adjusted accordingly. There has been no change to the method of depreciation of these assets, and there was no effect on the profit and loss account or brought forward reserves for either financial year presented in these financial statements

Television programme rights

Television programme rights are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses

Depreciation is provided in accordance with the income forecast method whereby depreciation is taken to the profit and loss account on a pro rata basis calculated as the income received in the accounting period in relation to the expected revenue over the life of the programme

Going concern

The directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing these financial statements.

at 31 December 2012

1. Accounting policies (continued)

Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or right to pay less or to receive more, tax, with the following exception

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely
than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying
timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date

Leasing and hire purchase commitments

Where assets are financed by leasing agreements that give rights approximating to ownership ('finance leases'), the assets are treated as if they had been purchased outright. The amount capitalised is the present value of the minimum lease payments payable during the lease term. The corresponding leasing commitments are shown as obligations to the lesser.

Lease payments are treated as consisting of capital and interest elements, and the interest is charged to the profit and loss account in proportion to the remaining balance outstanding

Programme assets held under finance leases

Programme assets held under finance leases are treated as if they had been purchased outright at the present value of the rentals payable, less finance charges, over the primary period of the agreements. Any surplus generated from the excess of interest due from the sale proceeds held on deposit as compared with the interest payable under the lease agreement is recognised as profit in the period of initial contract, after accounting for related costs

2. Turnover

The company's turnover and loss on ordinary activities before taxation were derived from its principal activity wholly undertaken in the United Kingdom

3. Operating Profit / (Loss)

This is stated after charging/(crediting)

2011	2012
£	£
93.609	19.227

Depreciation on television programme rights

Auditors' remuneration is borne by the Company's intermediate parent, Shed Media Group Limited

4. Directors' remuneration

The directors are also directors of other companies in the group. They are remunerated by other group companies and are not considered to have qualifying services in respect of the company

at 31 December 2012

5.	Interest receivable and similar income		
		2012 £	2011 £
		L	2
	Other interest receivable	54,272	80,890
6.	Interest payable and similar charges	2012	2011
		2012 £	2011 £
		44.066	67 222
	Interest payable on finance lease and hire purchase contracts	44,966	67,333
7.	Тах		
	(a) Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities		
	The tax charge/(credit) is made up as follows		
		2012	2011
		£	£
	Current tax		
	Group relief receipts		(20,844)
	Total current tax (note 7(b))		(20,844)
	(b) Factors affecting current tax charge/(credit) for the year		
	The standard rate of current tax for the year, based on the UK standard rate of (2011 - 26 5%) The current tax charge for the year differs from the standard reconciliation below	corporation tax is ate for the reasons	24 5% in the
		2012	2011
		£	£
	Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before tax	22,466	(78,657)
	Tax on profit / (loss) on ordinary activities at standard rate	5,504	(20,844)
	Factors affecting charge		
	Group relief received for nil consideration	(5,504)	(20.044)
	Current tax for the year (note 7(a))		(20,844)

at 31 December 2012

7. Tax (continued)

(c) Factors that may affect future tax charges

The Finance Act 2012, enacted in July 2012, included legislation to reduce the main rate of corporation tax from 24% to 23% from 1 April 2013

A further change to the rate was proposed in The Finance Act 2013, enacted in July 2013, to reduce the rate by a further 2% to 21% from 1 April 2014 and to 20% from 1 April 2015. As these changes were substantively enacted after the balance sheet date, they are not included in the figures within these accounts. It is not yet possible to quantify the impact of this rate change upon current tax

8. Television programme rights

Cost		
At 1 January 2012 (restated) and 31 December 2012	_	747,880
Depreciation		
At 1 January 2012 (restated)		728,653
Charge for the year		19,227
At 31 December 2012		747,880
Net book value		
At 31 December 2012	-	
At 1 January 2012	-	19,277
9. Debtors		
	2012	2011
	£	£
Amounts due from group undertakings	44,607	8,275
Other debtors	28,303	33,062
Prepayments and accrued income	703	703
Group relief receivable	20,844	20,844
Grap	94,457	62,884

£

at 31 December 2012

40	Creditors: amounts falling due within or	10 V02F			
10.	Creditors, amounts failing due within or	ie year		2012	2011
				£	£
	Net obligations under finance lease and hire purchas	se contracts		35,818	44,090
	Amounts owed to group undertakings			6,001	3,681
	Accruals and deferred income			41,819	47,771
			_	41,017	
	O 11 to follow due offer many	4han ana s			
11.	Creditors: amounts falling due after mo	re than one y	ear	2012	2011
				£	£
	Net obligations under finance lease and hire purchase		_	4,168	14,022
	Net obligations under finance lease and hire purchase	se contracts		4 4 4 4 9	0.064
	Repayable within one year			4,168	9,854
	Repayable between two and five years			4,168	4,16 <u>8</u> 14,022
	Included in creditors falling due within one year			(4,168)	(9,854)
	included in creditors failing due within one year			(4,100)	4,168
			_		
12.	Issued share capital		2012		2011
	Allotted called up and fully paid	No	2012 £	No	2011 £
	Allotted, called up and fully paid	NO	~	110	~
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	300	300	300	300
42	Movements on reserves				
13.	MOVements on reserves				Profit and
					loss account
					£
					29,872
	At 1 January 2012				29,872
	Profit for the financial year At 31 December 2012				52,338
	At 31 December 2012			1	,
14.	Reconciliation of shareholders' funds				
				2012	2011
				£	£
	Des Stillers) for the financial year			22,466	(57,813)
	Profit/(loss) for the financial year Net increase/(decrease) in shareholders' funds		_	22,466	(57,813)
	Opening shareholders' funds			30,172	87,985
	Closing shareholders' funds			52,638	30,172
			مبيت		

at 31 December 2012

15. Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption conferred by FRS 8 from the requirements to disclose details of transactions with group companies

Other than transactions with group companies, there were no related party transactions during the year

16. Ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party

The immediate parent undertaking is Shed Media Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales

Time Warner Holdings Limited is the parent undertaking of the smallest group of undertakings of which the company is a member and for which group financial statements are drawn up. Time Warner Holdings Limited is registered in England and Wales and copies of its financial statements can be obtained from the Registrar of Companies in Cardiff

At 31 December 2012, Time Warner Inc, a company incorporated in the United States of America, was the ultimate parent undertaking, the controlling party and the parent undertaking of the largest group of undertakings of which the company is a member and for which group financial statements are drawn up Copies of Time Warner Inc 's financial statements can be obtained from One Time Warner Centre, New York, NY 10019, USA