

Company No 3589905

The Companies Act 2006
COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES
SPECIAL RESOLUTIONS
of
FIRESTONE DIAMONDS PLC
(the "Company")

TUESDAY



Passed on 2 April 2012

At a General Meeting of the above-named Company duly convened and held on 2 April 2012 at the offices of Lawrence Graham LLP, 4 More London, Riverside, London SE1 2AU, the following Resolutions were duly passed in the case of Resolutions 1 and 5 as special resolutions and in the case of Resolution 2, 3 and 4 as ordinary resolutions -

SPECIAL RESOLUTION

- 1 THAT, with effect from 6 00 p m on 2 April 2012 (or such other date as the board of directors of the Company may determine)
- 1 1 each of the issued ordinary shares of 20p in the capital of the Company on the register of members of the Company as at 6 00 p m on 2 April 2012 (or such other date as the board of directors of the Company may determine) be sub-divided into one ordinary share of 1p (each a "New Ordinary Share") and 19 deferred shares of 1p each (a "Deferred Share"), 213
- 1 2 each New Ordinary Share shall have the rights, and be subject to the restrictions, currently vested in the existing ordinary shares of 20p each in the share capital of the Company and the Deferred Shares are to have the rights and be subject to the restrictions set out in the Articles of Association to be adopted pursuant to paragraph 1 3 below, and
- 1 3 the draft regulations produced to the General Meeting and initialled by the Chairman for the purpose of identification be adopted in substitution for, and to the exclusion of, the current Articles of Association of the Company

ORDINARY RESOLUTION

- 2 THAT, the rules of the Company's Unapproved Share Option Scheme in the form produced to the meeting be and are hereby approved and that the Directors be and are hereby authorised to do all acts and things necessary or expedient to carry the Unapproved Share Option Scheme into effect
- 3 THAT, the rules of the Company's Unapproved Executive Share Option Scheme in the form produced to the meeting be and are hereby approved and that the Directors be and are hereby authorised to do all acts and things necessary or expedient to carry the Unapproved Executive Share Option Scheme into effect
- 4 THAT, conditional on Resolution 1 being duly passed, the Directors be and are hereby generally and unconditionally authorised in accordance with section 551 of the Companies Act 2006 (and in substitution for any existing authority granted to them) to 210

exercise all of the powers of the Company to allot shares in the Company or grant rights to subscribe for or convert any security into shares in the Company ("**Rights**")

- 4 1 up to an aggregate nominal amount equal to £1,729,000 pursuant to the terms of the Placing (as described in the circular to shareholders of the Company dated 15 March 2012 (the "**Circular**")), and
- 4 2 up to an aggregate nominal amount of £150,000 in relation to the grant of options pursuant to the Unapproved Share Option Scheme, and
- 4 3 up to an aggregate nominal amount equal to £1,800,193, (other than pursuant to sub-paragraphs 4 1 and 4 2 above),

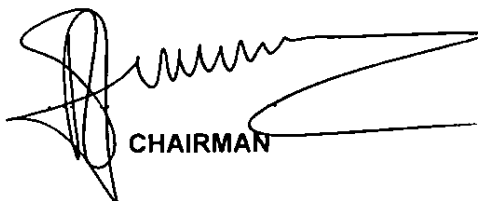
provided that this authority shall expire on the earlier of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company or 2 April 2013 save that the Company may, before such expiry, make an offer or agreement which would or might require shares to be allotted or Rights to be granted after the expiry of such period and the Directors may allot shares or grant Rights pursuant to such an offer or agreement as if the authority conferred hereby had not expired

SPECIAL RESOLUTION

- 5 THAT, conditional on Resolutions 1 and 4 being duly passed, the Directors be and are hereby empowered pursuant to section 570 of the Companies Act 2006 to allot equity securities (within the meaning of section 560 of that Act) of the Company for cash pursuant to the authority conferred on the Directors pursuant to Resolution 4 above as if section 561(1) of that Act did not apply to such allotment, provided that this power shall be limited to the allotment of equity securities -

- 5 1 up to an aggregate nominal amount equal to £1,729,000 pursuant to the terms of the Placing (as described in the Circular),
- 5 2 up to an aggregate nominal amount of £150,000 in relation to the grant of options pursuant to the Unapproved Share Option Scheme,
- 5 3 (other than pursuant to sub-paragraphs 5 1 and 5 2 above) up to any aggregate nominal amount of £272,757,

and this power shall expire on the earlier of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company or 2 April 2013 but so that the Company may, before such expiry, make an offer or agreement which would or might require equity securities to be allotted or Rights to be granted after such expiry and the Directors may allot equity securities or grant Rights in pursuance of such offer or agreement as if the power conferred hereby had not expired



CHAIRMAN

No. 3589905

THE COMPANIES ACTS 1985, 1989 and 2006

PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

NEW ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

of

FIRESTONE DIAMONDS PLC

adopted on 02 APRIL 2012

LG

A handwritten signature in black ink, consisting of a stylized 'S' or 'B' shape followed by a horizontal line.

CONTENTS

Clause		Page
	PRELIMINARY	1
1	EXCLUSION OF TABLE A	1
2	DEFINITIONS	1
3	LIABILITY OF MEMBERS	3
4	SHARE CAPITAL	3
5	VARIATION OF RIGHTS	6
6	SHARES	6
7	UNCERTIFICATED SHARES	7
8	SHARE CERTIFICATES	8
9	SHARE OFFERS	9
10	LIEN ON SHARES	13
11	CALLS ON SHARES	14
12	FORFEITURE AND SURRENDER OF SHARES	14
13	TRANSFER OF SHARES	15
14	TRANSMISSION OF SHARES	17
15	UNTRACEABLE SHAREHOLDERS	17
16	DISCLOSURE OF INTERESTS	18
17	FRACTIONS	20
18	PURCHASE OF OWN SHARES	20
19	GENERAL MEETINGS	20
20	NOTICE OF GENERAL MEETINGS	20
21	PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS	21
22	VOTES OF MEMBERS	24
23	PROXIES	25
24	REPRESENTATIVES OF CORPORATIONS	26
25	CLASS MEETINGS	26
26	NUMBER OF DIRECTORS	27
27	APPOINTMENT AND RETIREMENT OF DIRECTORS	27
28	DISQUALIFICATION AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS	28
29	ALTERNATE DIRECTORS	29
30	POWERS OF DIRECTORS	30
31	DELEGATION OF DIRECTORS' POWERS	30
32	BORROWING POWERS	31
33	EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS	33
34	ASSOCIATE DIRECTORS	34
35	REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS	34

36	DIRECTORS' EXPENSES	34
37	DIRECTORS' GRATUITIES AND PENSIONS	34
38	DIRECTORS' INTERESTS	35
39	DIRECTORS' POWERS TO AUTHORISE CONFLICTS OF INTEREST	37
40	DIRECTORS' INTERESTS – GENERAL	38
41	PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD	39
42	SECRETARY	40
43	MINUTES	40
44	THE SEAL	40
45	DIVIDENDS	41
46	ACCOUNTS	44
47	CAPITALISATION OF PROFITS	45
48	NOTICES	46
49	AUTHENTICATION OF DOCUMENTS	48
50	DESTRUCTION OF DOCUMENTS	48
51	WINDING UP	49
52	DIRECTORS'S INSURANCE	49
53	INDEMNITY	49

PRELIMINARY

1. EXCLUSION OF TABLE A

No regulations for management of a company set out in any schedule to, or subordinate legislation made under, any statute concerning companies shall apply to the Company, but these Articles alone shall be the Articles of Association of the Company

2. DEFINITIONS

In these Articles, if not inconsistent with the subject or context -

"2006 Act"	means the Companies Act 2006
"Acts"	means the 2006 Act, the Regulations and all other statutes, orders, regulations or other subordinate legislation for the time being in force concerning companies so far as they apply to the Company
"Alternate Director"	means an alternate director appointed in accordance with Article 29
"Annual General Meeting"	means a meeting of the Company's members held in accordance with section 336 of the 2006 Act
"these Articles"	means these Articles of Association as from time to time altered
"Auditors"	means the auditors for the time being of the Company
"Board"	means the Directors or any of them acting as the Board of Directors of the Company
"calendar year"	means a year from 1 January to 31 December inclusive
"City Code"	means the City Code on Takeovers and Mergers published by the Takeover Panel in the United Kingdom from time to time,
"clear days"	means in relation to the period of a notice that period excluding the day when the notice is given or deemed to be given and the day for which it is given or on which it is to take effect
"connected with"	in relation to a Director has the meaning given by section 252 of the 2006 Act
"Deferred Shares"	means the deferred shares of £0.01 each in the capital of the Company

"Directors"	means the directors for the time being of the Company
"dividend"	means dividend or bonus
"Executive Director"	means a Director holding any office or employment or providing any services as referred to in Article 33
"General Meeting"	means a meeting of the Company's members other than an Annual General Meeting
"Group"	means the Company and all Subsidiary Undertakings for the time being
"holder"	means in relation to shares the member whose name is entered in the Register as the holder of the shares
"London Stock Exchange"	means London Stock Exchange Limited or any successor to its functions
"member"	means a member of the Company
"Office"	means the registered office of the Company
"Ordinary Shares"	means the ordinary shares of £0.01 each in the capital of the Company
"paid"	means paid or credited as paid
"Redeemable Preference Shares"	means the redeemable preference shares of £1.00 each in the capital of the Company
"Register"	means the register of members of the Company
"Regulations"	means the Uncertificated Securities Regulations 2001 (SI 2001 No 3755) including any modification thereof or any regulation in substitution therefore made under Chapter 2 of Part 21 of the 2006 Act and for the time being in force
"Relevant System"	means as defined in the Regulations being a computer-based system and procedures which enable title to units of a security to be evidenced and transferred without a written instrument
"Seal"	means the common seal of the Company

"Secretary"	means the secretary of the Company or any other person appointed by the Board to perform the duties of the secretary of the Company including a joint, assistant or deputy secretary
"Subsidiary Undertaking"	means a subsidiary undertaking of the Company
"Takeover Panel"	means the Panel on Takeovers and Mergers,
"Transfer Office"	means the place where the Register is for the time being situated
"United Kingdom"	means Great Britain and Northern Ireland
"in writing"	means written, or produced by any legible and non-transitory visible substitute for writing, or partly one and partly the other
"year"	means any period of 12 consecutive months

Words denoting the masculine gender shall include the feminine and neuter genders, words denoting the singular number shall include the plural number and vice versa, words denoting persons shall include corporations

Save as provided above, any words or expressions defined in the Acts shall, if not inconsistent with the subject or context, bear the same meaning in these Articles

All references in these Articles to the Acts, to any section or provision of the Acts or to any other statute or statutory provision shall be deemed to include a reference to any statutory re-enactment or modification thereof for the time being in force (whether coming into force before or after the adoption of these Articles)

References in these Articles to a share (or a holding of a share) being in uncertificated form or in certificated form are references, respectively, to that share being an uncertificated unit of a security or a certificated unit of a security

3. LIABILITY OF MEMBERS

The liability of the members is limited to the amount, if any, unpaid on the shares held by them

4. SHARE CAPITAL

4 1 The following rights shall be attached to the Redeemable Preference Shares -

4 1 1 As to voting

The Redeemable Preference Shares shall not confer any right to receive notice of or to attend or vote at any general meeting of the Company except as otherwise agreed by the holders of the majority of the Ordinary Shares

4 1 2 As to dividend

Subject to the provisions of the 2006 Act, each holder of Redeemable Preference Shares shall be entitled to receive a fixed dividend of 0.01p per annum in respect of each Redeemable Preference Share. Subject as aforesaid, the Redeemable Preference Share shall not confer any right to dividends.

4 1 3 On a winding up or return of capital

The Redeemable Preference Shares shall confer the right to be paid out of the assets of the Company available for distribution amongst the members the capital paid up on such shares pari passu with and in proportion to any amounts of capital paid to the holders of the Ordinary Shares, but shall not confer any right to participate in any surplus remaining following repayment of the amount of capital paid up thereon.

4 1 4 As to redemption

The Company may, by notice in writing and upon tendering to a registered holder of Redeemable Preference Shares the amount of capital paid up thereon, redeem any Redeemable Preference Share at any time (subject to such shares being fully paid up and to the provisions of the 2006 Act) and such holder shall be bound to deliver up any certificate which he may have representing the same and each Redeemable Preference Share which is redeemed shall thereafter be redesignated as and subdivided into five Ordinary Shares of 20p each without any further resolution or consent.

4 1 5 As to certificates

The Company shall not be obliged to issue a certificate in respect of a Redeemable Preference Share until the date falling 180 days after the allotment and issue of the same, and any transfers of Redeemable Preference Shares during such period shall be certified against the Register.

4 2 The following rights shall be attached to the Deferred Shares -

4 2 1 Notwithstanding anything contained within these Articles, the Deferred Shares in the capital of the Company shall have no rights, powers or benefits attached to them whatsoever and, without limitation, shall not confer on the holders of Deferred Shares any right

4 2 1 1 to receive notice of any general meeting of the Company, or

4 2 1 2 to be able to attend, speak or vote at any general meeting, or

4 2 1 3 to share in a dividend declared by the Company, or

4 2 1 4 to appoint a director,

save that on a return of capital on a winding-up or otherwise the surplus assets of the Company remaining after payment of its liabilities shall be applied first in repayment to the holders of the Ordinary Shares and the holders of Redeemable Preference Shares of the amount paid up on such Ordinary Shares or Redeemable Preference Shares (as the case may be) together with a premium of £10,000 per Ordinary Share, second in repayment to the holders of the

Deferred Shares of the amount paid up on such Deferred Shares and the balance of such assets shall be distributed among the holders of the Ordinary Shares

- 4 2 2 The Deferred Shares will not be listed on any stock exchange and no share certificates will be issued for the Deferred Shares
- 4 2 3 The Company may reduce the share capital paid up or treated as paid up on the Deferred Shares in any way (in accordance with the 2006 Act) Any such reduction will be in accordance with the rights attaching to the Deferred Shares and will not involve a variation of those rights The Company may reduce its capital (in accordance with the 2006 Act) at any time without the consent of the holders of the Deferred Shares
- 4 2 4 The passing by the Company of any special resolution for the cancellation of the Deferred Shares for no consideration by means of a reduction of share capital shall not constitute a modification or abrogation of the rights or privileges attaching to the Deferred Shares and accordingly the Deferred Shares may at any time be cancelled for no consideration by means of a reduction of capital effected in accordance with the 2006 Act without any such sanction on the part of the holders of the Deferred Shares as is required by Article 5
- 4 2 5 Article 4 2 shall remain in force until there are no longer any Deferred Shares in existence, notwithstanding any provision in these Articles to the contrary Thereafter Article 4 2 shall be and shall be deemed to be of no effect (save to the extent that the provisions of Article 4 2 are referred to in other Articles) and shall be deleted and replaced with the wording "Article 4 2 has been deleted", and the separate register for the holders of Deferred Shares shall no longer be required to be maintained by the Company but the validity if anything done under Article 4 2 before that date shall not otherwise be effected and any actions taken under Article 4 2 before that date shall be conclusive and shall not be open to challenge on any grounds whatsoever
- 4 2 6 The Company shall have irrevocable authority at any time after the adoption of this Article
 - 4 2 6 1 to appoint any person on behalf of any holder of Deferred Shares to enter into an agreement to transfer and to execute a transfer of the Deferred Shares to such person as the Directors may determine and to execute any other documents which such person may consider necessary or desirable to effect such transfer or to give instructions to transfer any Deferred Shares held in uncertificated form to such person as the Directors may determine, in each case without obtaining the sanction of the holder(s) of them and without any payment being made in respect of that transfer,
 - 4 2 6 2 to acquire all or any of the Deferred Shares (in accordance with the provisions of the 2006 Act) and in connection with any such acquisition to appoint any person on behalf of any holder of Deferred Shares to enter into any agreement to transfer and to execute a transfer of the Deferred Shares in favour of the Company and to execute any other documents which such person may consider necessary or desirable to effect such transfer or to give instructions to transfer any Deferred Shares held in uncertificated form to the

Company, in each case without obtaining the sanction of holder(s) of them and for the payment of not more than £1 00 for all of the Deferred Shares which are the subject of such acquisition, and to cancel the same, without any payment to the holders thereof, or

4 2 6 3 to cancel all or any of the Deferred Shares for no consideration by means of a reduction in capital effected in accordance with the provisions of the 2006 Act or to create or issue further shares in the capital of the Company which rank equally or in priority to the Deferred Shares, without sanction on the part of the holders of the Deferred Shares or otherwise in accordance with the 2006 Act, and

4 2 6 4 pending any such transfer or cancellation or acquisition to retain the certificate (if any) for any Deferred Shares held in certificated form

5. VARIATION OF RIGHTS

5 1 Subject to the Acts, whenever the capital of the Company is divided into different classes of shares, the rights attached to any class may (unless otherwise provided by the terms of issue of the shares of that class) be varied or abrogated, whether or not the Company is being wound up, either with the consent in writing of the holders of three-fourths of the issued shares of the class or with the sanction of an extraordinary resolution passed at a separate meeting of such holders (but not otherwise)

5 2 The special rights conferred upon the holders of any shares or class of shares shall, unless otherwise provided by these Articles or the terms of issue of the shares concerned, be deemed to be varied by a reduction of capital paid up on those shares but shall be deemed not to be varied by the creation or issue of further shares ranking *pari passu* with them or subsequent to them. The special rights conferred on the holders of ordinary shares shall be deemed not to be varied by the creation or issue of any further shares ranking in priority to them nor shall any consent or sanction of the holders of ordinary shares be required under Article 5 to any variation or abrogation effected by a resolution on which only the holders of ordinary shares are entitled to vote

6. SHARES

6 1 Subject to the provisions of the Acts and without prejudice to any rights attached to any existing shares, any share may be issued with such rights or restrictions as the Company may determine, or in the absence of such determination, or so far as any such resolution does not make specific provision, as the Board may determine

6 2 Subject to the provisions of the Acts and to any resolution of the Company in general meeting, the Board can decide how to deal with any shares in the Company including allotting, granting options over or otherwise disposing of them to such persons, on such terms and at such times as it may think fit

6 3 Subject to the provisions of the Acts, Shares may be issued which are to be redeemed or are liable to be redeemed at the option of the Company or the holder on such terms and conditions in such manner as may be determined by the Directors as if set out in full in these Articles

6 4 In addition to all other powers of paying commissions, the Company may exercise the powers of paying commissions conferred by the Acts. Subject to the provisions of the Acts, any such commission may be satisfied by the payment of cash or by the allotment of fully or partly paid shares or partly in one way and partly in the other.

6 5 Except as required by law, no person shall be recognised by the Company as holding any share upon any trust and (except as otherwise provided by these Articles or by law) the Company shall not be bound to recognise any interest in any share except an absolute right to the entirety of the share in the holder.

6 6 Shares may not be registered in the names of more than four persons jointly.

7. UNCERTIFICATED SHARES

7 1 The Company may -

7 1 1 issue shares and other securities which do not have certificates,

7 1 2 permit existing shares and other securities to be held without certificates, and

7 1 3 permit any shares or other securities held without certificates to be transferred without an instrument of transfer

in each case in dematerialised form pursuant to the Regulations

7 2 If the Company has any shares in issue which are in uncertificated form, these Articles will continue to apply to such shares, but only insofar as they are consistent with -

7 2 1 holding those shares in uncertificated form,

7 2 2 transferring ownership of those shares by using a Relevant System,

7 2 3 any of the provisions of the Regulations and the rules and procedures of the Relevant System, and

7 2 4 any regulation laid down by the Board under Article 7 4

7 3 Where any class of shares in the capital of the Company is a participating security and the Company is entitled under any provisions of the Acts or the rules made and practices instituted by the operator of any Relevant System or under these Articles to dispose of, forfeit, enforce a lien or sell or otherwise procure the sale of any shares which are held in uncertificated form, such entitlement (to the extent permitted by the Regulations and the rules made and practices instituted by the operator of the Relevant System) shall include the right to -

7 3 1 require any holder of any shares held in uncertificated form which are the subject of any exercise by the Company of any such entitlement, by notice in writing to the holder concerned, to change his holding of such shares into certificated form within such period as may be specified in the notice, prior to completion of any disposal, sale or transfer of such shares or direct the holder to take such steps, by instructions given by means of a relevant system or otherwise, as may be necessary to sell or transfer such shares,

- 7 3 2 appoint any person to take such other steps, by instruction given by means of a relevant system or otherwise, in the name of the holder of shares, as may be required to effect transfer of such shares and such steps shall be as effective as if they had been taken by the registered holder of the shares concerned,
- 7 3 3 transfer any shares which are the subject of any exercise by the Company of any such entitlement by entering the name of the transferee in the Register in respect of that share as a transferred share,
- 7 3 4 otherwise rectify or change the Register in respect of that share in such manner as may be appropriate, and
- 7 3 5 take such other action as may be necessary to enable those shares to be registered in the name of the person to whom the shares have been sold or disposed of or as directed by him
- 7 4 The Board may also lay down regulations -
 - 7 4 1 which govern the issue, holding and transfer and, where appropriate, the mechanics of conversion and redemption of shares held in uncertificated form,
 - 7 4 2 which govern the mechanics for payments involving the relevant system, and
 - 7 4 3 which make any other provisions which the Board considers are necessary to ensure that these Articles are consistent with the Regulations, and with any rules or guidance of an operator of a relevant system under the Regulations

If stated expressly, such regulations will apply instead of other relevant provisions in these Articles relating to certificates and the transfer, conversion and redemption of shares and other securities and any other provisions which are not consistent with the Regulations

8. SHARE CERTIFICATES

- 8 1 Every member (other than a person who is not entitled to a certificate under the Acts) upon becoming the holder of any shares in certificated form shall be entitled without payment to one certificate for all the shares of each class held by him in certificated form and, upon transferring a part of the shares comprised in a certificate, to a certificate for the balance of such shares held in certificated form. Shares of different classes may not be included in the same certificate. The Company shall not be bound to issue more than one certificate for shares held jointly by several persons and delivery of a certificate to one joint holder shall be a sufficient delivery to all of them
- 8 2 Share certificates of the Company (other than letters of allotment, scrip certificates and other like documents) shall, unless the Board by resolution otherwise determines, either generally or in any particular case or cases, be issued under the Seal or under any official seal kept by the Company by virtue of the Acts. Whether or not share certificates are issued under a seal, the Board may by resolution determine, either generally or in any particular case or cases, that any signatures on any certificates for shares, stock or debenture or loan stock (except where the trust deed constituting any stock or debenture or loan stock provides to the contrary) or representing any other form of security of the Company need not be autographic but may be applied to the certificates by some mechanical means or may be printed thereon or that such certificates need

not be signed by any person. Every share certificate shall specify the number and class of the shares to which it relates and the amount paid up on such shares.

- 8.3 If a share certificate is worn out, defaced, lost, stolen or destroyed, it may be renewed without payment of any fee but on such terms (if any) as to evidence and indemnity with or without security and otherwise as the Board requires and, in the case of a worn out or defaced certificate, on delivery up of that certificate. In the case of loss, theft or destruction, the person to whom the new certificate is issued may be required to pay to the Company any exceptional out of pocket expenses incidental to the investigation of evidence of loss, theft or destruction and the preparation of the requisite form of indemnity.

9. SHARE OFFERS

- 9.1 At any time when the Company is not subject to the City Code a person must not (other than solely as custodian or depositary (or nominee thereof) under any arrangements implemented and/or approved by the Directors)

- 9.1.1 whether by himself, or with persons determined by the Board to be acting in concert with him, acquire after the date that this article shall come into effect (for the purposes of articles 9.1 to 9.15, the "Effective Date"), an interest in shares which, taken together with interests in shares in which he together with persons determined by the Board to be acting in concert with him are, after the Effective Date, interested, carry 30 per cent or more of the voting rights attributable to the shares, or

- 9.1.2 whilst he, together with persons determined by the Board to be acting in concert with him, is interested in shares carrying not less than 30 per cent of the voting rights attributable to shares but does not hold shares of the Company carrying more than 50 per cent of such voting rights, acquires after the Effective Date, whether by himself or with persons determined by the Board to be acting in concert with him, an interest in additional shares of the Company which, taken together with interests in shares held by persons determined by the Board to be acting in concert with him, increases the percentage of shares carrying voting rights attributable to shares in which he, together with persons deemed by the Board to be acting in concert with him, is interested, (each of article 9.1.1 and 9.1.2 being for purposes of articles 9.1 to 9.15, a "Limit"), except as a result of a Permitted Acquisition, as hereinafter defined, or

- 9.1.3 effect or purport to effect a Prohibited Acquisition, as hereinafter defined

- 9.2 Where any person breaches any Limit, except as a result of a Permitted Acquisition, or becomes interested in any shares as a result of a Prohibited Acquisition, that person is in breach of these Articles and, except with the consent of the Board, such person (the "Offeror") shall extend an offer, on the basis set out in these Articles, to all the members of the Company to acquire the entire issued share capital of the Company. Any such offer shall be

- 9.2.1 in cash (or together with a cash alternative),

- 9.2.2 at a price not less than the highest price at which the Offeror (or any person acting in concert with it) has acquired or been issued shares in the 12 month period prior to such offer being made, provided that if, after the obligation to make an offer pursuant to Article 9 arises and before the offer closes for

acceptance, the Offeror or any person acting in concert with it acquires any interest in shares at above the offer price, it shall increase its offer to not less than the highest price paid for the interest in shares so acquired,

- 9 2 3 conditional on, but only on, the Offeror receiving sufficient acceptances which, together with any shares in the Company already owned or agreed to be acquired by the Offeror, together with persons deemed by the Board to be acting in concert with him, would result in the Offeror (or any persons deemed by the Board to be acting in concert with the Offeror) owning or being interested in shares carrying more than 50 per cent of the voting rights normally exercisable at a general meeting of the Company, including, for this purpose, any such voting rights attaching to shares that are unconditionally allotted or issued before the offer becomes or is declared unconditional as to acceptances, whether pursuant to the exercise of any outstanding subscription or conversion rights or otherwise and, for the purposes of any such condition, shares which have been unconditionally allotted but not issued shall be deemed to carry the voting rights they will carry on issue,
- 9 2 4 open for acceptances for a period expiring on 14 days after such offer becomes or is declared unconditional as to acceptances ("Offer Period"),
- 9 2 5 extended to all members on similar terms, where relevant, as if the City Code applied to the Company, and
- 9 2 6 if the Company has convertible securities outstanding, subject to the Offeror making an appropriate offer or proposal, on terms equivalent to the offer made for shares, to the holders of such convertible securities to ensure that their interests are safeguarded
- 9 3 At all times when the Company is in an Offer Period, each member shall comply with the disclosure obligations set out in Rule 8 of the City Code as if the City Code applied to the Company
- 9 4 In exercising its powers on behalf of the Company, the Board shall comply, and shall procure (so far as it is within its power to do so) compliance, with the spirit of Rule 16 (Special Deals with Favourable Conditions) and Rule 21 (Restrictions on Frustrating Action) of the City Code
- 9 5 Notwithstanding the provisions of article 9 4, the Board may do all or any of the following where it has reason to believe that any Limit is or may be breached or any Prohibited Acquisition has been or may be effected
- 9 5 1 require any member or person appearing or purporting to be interested in any shares of the Company to provide such information as the Board considers appropriate to determine any of the matters under articles 9 1 to 9 15,
- 9 5 2 have regard to such public filings as it considers appropriate to determine any of the matters under articles 9 1 to 9 15,
- 9 5 3 make such determinations under articles 9 1 to 9 15 as it thinks fit, either after calling for submissions from affected members or other persons or without calling for such submissions,
- 9 5 4 determine that the voting rights attached to such number of shares held by such persons as the Board may determine to be held, or in which such persons are or

may be interested, in breach of these Articles (for purposes of articles 9 1 to 9 15, "Excess Shares") are from a particular time incapable of being exercised for a definite or indefinite period,

- 9 5 5 determine that some or all of the Excess Shares must be sold,
- 9 5 6 determine that some or all of the Excess Shares will not carry any right to any dividends or other distributions from a particular time for a definite or indefinite period, and
- 9 5 7 take such other action as it thinks fit for the purposes of articles 9 1 to 9 15 including
 - 9 5 7 1 prescribing rules (not inconsistent with articles 9 1 to 9 15),
 - 9.5 7 2 setting deadlines for the provision of information,
 - 9 5 7 3 drawing adverse inferences where information requested is not provided,
 - 9 5 7 4 making determinations or interim determinations,
 - 9 5 7 5 executing documents on behalf of a member,
 - 9 5 7 6 converting any Excess Shares held in uncertificated form into certificated form, or vice-versa,
 - 9 5 7 7 paying costs and expenses out of proceeds of sale, and
 - 9 5 7 8 changing any decision or determination or rule previously made
- 9 5 8 suspend with immediate effect, with notification thereof being given to the non-compliant Offeror or (if different) the registered holders of the shares in which they have an interest, certain rights relating to the shares of the non-compliant Offeror ("Right of Suspension"), as follows
 - 9 5 8 1 such holder shall not be entitled to attend or vote or to exercise any right conferred by membership at meetings of the Company in respect of all their shares,
 - 9 5 8 2 the payment of dividends (or any other distribution, other than in a liquidation of the Company) in respect of such shares may be withheld, and
 - 9 5 8 3 such holder shall not be entitled to transfer such shares otherwise than pursuant to an arms length sale
- 9 5 9 Any such Right of Suspension may, at the discretion of the Board, extend for any period until an offer pursuant to article 9 2 is made (save that such suspension shall in any event not survive beyond such time as the obligation to make an offer would have ceased to exist under the City Code)
- 9 5 10 The Company may only exercise the Right of Suspension if a determination has been obtained from a Court that a breach of article 9 1 or article 9 2 has occurred and is continuing The Company must act in accordance with such

determination, including with respect to the remedies (if any) which the court (of competent jurisdiction in the country or place in which the Company is registered) requires or allows the Company to exercise

- 9 6 An acquisition is a "Permitted Acquisition" if
- 9 6 1 the Board consents to the acquisition (even if, in the absence of such consent, the acquisition would be a Prohibited Acquisition), or
- 9 6 2 the acquisition is made in accordance with the provisions of article 9 4, or
- 9 6 3 the acquisition arises from repayment of a stock borrowing arrangement (on arm's length commercial terms), or
- 9 6 4 a person breaches a Limit only as a result of the circumstances referred to in article 9 12
- 9 7 An acquisition is a "Prohibited Acquisition" if Rules 4, 5, 6 or 8 of the City Code, would in whole or part apply to the acquisition if the Company was subject to the City Code and the acquisition was made (or, if not yet made, would if and when made be) in breach of or otherwise not comply with Rules 4, 5, 6 or 8 of the City Code
- 9 8 Any determination regarding the percentage of voting rights attributable to the shares in articles 9 1 to 9 15 will be made by the Board after allowing for any shares in which a person (together with any person with persons determined by the Board to be acting in concert with him) holds an interest and in respect of which such person has given an undertaking to the Company not to exercise such voting rights or to exercise them in a certain manner
- 9 9 The Board has full authority to determine the application of articles 9 1 to 9 15, including as to the deemed application of the whole or any part of the City Code. Such authority shall include all discretion vested in the Takeover Panel as if the whole or any part of the City Code applied including, without limitation, the determination of conditions and consents, the consideration to be offered and any restrictions on the exercise of control. Any resolution or determination of, or decision or exercise of any discretion or power by, the Board or any Director or by the chairman of any meeting acting in good faith under or pursuant to the provisions of articles 9 1 to 9 15 shall be final and conclusive, and anything done by, or on behalf of, or on the authority of, the Board or any Director acting in good faith pursuant to the provisions of articles 9 1 to 9 15 shall be conclusive and binding on all persons concerned and shall not be open to challenge, whether as to its validity or otherwise on any ground whatsoever. The Board shall not be required to give any reasons for any decision, determination or declaration taken or made in accordance with articles 9 1 to 9 15
- 9 10 The Company shall be entitled, without the requirement to obtain the consent of any member, to make all such announcements as would be required or permitted under the City Code (if the City Code applied to the Company), notwithstanding that such announcements may make reference to, or contain information about, members or persons acting in concert with members
- 9 11 Any one or more of the Directors may act as the attorney(s) of any member in relation to the execution of documents and other actions to be taken for the sale of Excess Shares determined by the Board under articles 9 1 to 9 15

- 9 12 If, as a consequence of the Company redeeming or purchasing its own Shares there is a resulting increase in the percentage of the voting rights attributable to the Shares held by a person or persons determined by the Board to be acting in concert and such an increase would constitute a breach of any Limit, such an increase shall be deemed a Permitted Acquisition
- 9 13 If a director is affiliated with any offeror under this article, he or she shall forthwith vacate his or her office if his or her resignation is requested by notice tendered at a meeting of the Board by all other directors who are not so affiliated For purposes hereof, like notices signed by each such director shall be effective as a single notice signed by all such directors
- 9 14 If any provision of articles 9 1 to 9 15 or any part of any such provision is held under any circumstances to be invalid or unenforceable in any jurisdiction, then (a) such provision or part thereof shall, with respect to such circumstances and in such jurisdiction, be deemed amended to conform to applicable laws so as to be valid and enforceable to the fullest possible extent, (b) the invalidity or unenforceability of such provision or part thereof under such circumstances and in such jurisdiction shall not affect the validity or enforceability of such provision or part thereof under any other circumstances or in any other jurisdiction, and (c) the invalidity or unenforceability of such provision or part thereof shall not affect the validity or enforceability of the remainder of such provision or the validity or enforceability of any other provision of articles 9 1 to 9 15, each provision of articles 9 1 to 9 15 is separable from every other provision, and each part of each provision of articles 9 1 to 9 15 is separable from every other part of such provisions
- 9 15 Articles 9 1 to 9 15 shall only have effect during such times as the City Code does not apply to the Company

10. LIEN ON SHARES

- 10 1 Subject to the provisions of section 670 of the Act the Company shall have a first and paramount lien on every share (not being a fully paid share) for all moneys (whether presently payable or not) payable at a fixed time or called in respect of that share The Board may at any time declare any share to be wholly or in part exempt from the provisions of this Article The Company's lien on a share shall extend to any amount payable in respect of it and to any share or security issued in right of it
- 10 2 The Company may sell in such manner as the Board determines any shares on which the Company has a lien if the sum in respect of which the lien exists is presently payable and is not paid within fourteen clear days after notice has been given to the holder of the share or to the person entitled to it in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of the holder or otherwise by operation of law, demanding payment and stating that if the notice is not complied with the shares may be sold
- 10 3 To give effect to a sale, the Board may authorise some person to execute an instrument of transfer or otherwise effect the transfer of the shares sold to, or in accordance with the directions of, the purchaser The purchaser shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase moneys, and the title of the transferee to the shares shall not be affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the proceedings relating to the sale

- 10 4 The net proceeds of the sale, after payment of the costs of sale, shall be applied in or towards payment of so much of the sum for which the lien exists as is presently payable, and any residue shall (upon surrender to the Company for cancellation of the certificate, if any, for the shares sold and subject to a like lien for any moneys not presently payable as existed upon the shares before the sale) be paid to the person entitled to the shares at the date of the sale

11. CALLS ON SHARES

- 11 1 Subject to the terms of allotment, the Board may make calls upon the members in respect of any moneys unpaid on their shares (whether in respect of nominal value or premium) and each member shall (subject to at least fourteen clear days' notice having been given specifying when and where payment is to be made) pay to the Company as required by the notice the amount called on his shares. A call may be required to be paid by instalments. A call may, before receipt by the Company of any sum due thereunder, be revoked in whole or part and payment of a call may be postponed in whole or part. A person upon whom a call is made shall remain liable jointly and severally with the successors in title to his shares for calls made upon him notwithstanding the subsequent transfer of the shares in respect of which the call was made
- 11 2 A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Board authorising the call was passed
- 11 3 The joint holders of a share shall be jointly and severally liable to pay all calls in respect of that share
- 11 4 If a call remains unpaid after it has become due and payable the person from whom the sum is due and payable shall pay interest on the amount unpaid from the day it became due and payable until it is paid at the rate fixed by the terms of allotment of the share or in the notice of the call or, if no rate is fixed, at the appropriate rate, but the Board may waive payment of the interest wholly or in part
- 11 5 An amount payable in respect of a share on allotment or at any fixed date, whether in respect of nominal value or premium or as an instalment of a call, shall be deemed to be a call and if it is not paid the provisions of these Articles shall apply as if that amount had become due and payable by virtue of a call
- 11 6 Subject to the terms of allotment, the Board may make arrangements on the issue of shares for a difference between the holders in the amounts and times of payment of calls on their shares
- 11 7 The Board may, if it thinks fit, receive from any member willing to advance it, all or any part of the moneys uncalled and unpaid upon any shares held by him, and may pay upon all or any of the moneys so advanced (until the same would but for such advance become presently payable) interest at the appropriate rate or at such other rate as may be agreed between the Board and such member, subject to any directions of the Company in general meeting

12. FORFEITURE AND SURRENDER OF SHARES

- 12 1 If a call remains unpaid after it has become due and payable the Board may give to the person from whom it is due not less than fourteen clear days' notice requiring payment of the amount unpaid together with any interest which may

have accrued and any costs, charges and expenses incurred by the Company by reason of such non-payment. The notice shall name the place where payment is to be made and shall state that if the notice is not complied with, the shares in respect of which the call was made will be liable to be forfeited.

- 12 2 If the notice is not complied with, any share in respect of which it was given may, before the payment required by the notice has been made, be forfeited by a resolution of the Board and the forfeiture shall include all dividends or other moneys payable in respect of the forfeited shares and not paid before the forfeiture. The Board may accept, upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed, a surrender of any share liable to be forfeited and, subject to such terms and conditions, a surrendered share shall be treated as if it had been forfeited.
- 12 3 Subject to the provisions of the Acts, a forfeited share may be sold, re-allotted or otherwise disposed of on such terms and in such manner as the Board determines, either to the person who was before the forfeiture the holder or to any other person and at any time before sale, re-allotment or other disposition, the forfeiture may be cancelled on such terms as the Board thinks fit. Where for the purposes of its disposal a forfeited share is to be transferred to any person, the Board may authorise some person to execute an instrument of transfer or otherwise effect the transfer of the share to that person.
- 12 4 A person, any of whose shares have been forfeited, shall cease to be a member in respect of them and shall surrender to the Company for cancellation the certificate, if any, for the shares forfeited but shall remain liable to the Company for all moneys which at the date of forfeiture were presently payable by him to the Company in respect of those shares with interest at the rate at which interest was payable on those moneys before the forfeiture or, if no interest was so payable, at the appropriate rate from the date of forfeiture until payment but the Board may waive payment wholly or in part or enforce payment, without any allowance for the value of the shares at the time of forfeiture or for any consideration received on their disposal.
- 12 5 A statutory declaration by a Director or the Secretary that a share has been forfeited or sold to satisfy a lien of the Company on a specified date shall be conclusive evidence of the facts stated in it as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share and the declaration shall (subject to the execution of an instrument of transfer, if necessary) constitute a good title to the share and the person to whom the share is disposed of shall not be bound to see to the application of the consideration, if any, nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the proceedings relating to the forfeiture, sale or disposal of the share.

13. TRANSFER OF SHARES

- 13 1 A share held in certificated form may be transferred by an instrument of transfer in any usual form or in any other form which the Board may approve, which shall be executed by or on behalf of the transferor and, unless the share is fully paid, by or on behalf of the transferee. A share held in uncertificated form may be transferred by means of a relevant system. The transferor shall be deemed to remain the holder of the share until the name of the transferee is entered in the Register in respect of it.

- 13 2 The Board may, in the case of shares held in certificated form, in its absolute discretion refuse to register the transfer of a share which is not fully paid but shall not be bound to specify the grounds upon which such registration is refused provided that, where any such shares are admitted to the Official List of the London Stock Exchange or the AIM market of the London Stock Exchange, such discretion may not be exercised in such a way as to prevent dealings in the shares of that class from taking place on an open and proper basis
- 13 3 The Board may also refuse to register a transfer of shares held in certificated form unless the instrument of transfer is -
- 13 3 1 duly stamped or duly certified or otherwise shown to the satisfaction of the Board to be exempt from stamp duty, is lodged at the Transfer Office or at such other place as the Board may appoint and (save in the case of a transfer by a person to whom no certificate was issued in respect of the shares in question) accompanied by the certificate for the shares to which it relates, and such other evidence as the Board may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer and, if the instrument of transfer is executed by some other person on his behalf, the authority of that person so to do,
- 13 3 2 in respect of only one class of shares, and
- 13 3 3 in favour of not more than four transferees
- 13 4 The Board may refuse to register a transfer of shares held in uncertificated form in the circumstances permitted by the Regulations
- 13 5 If the Board refuses to register a transfer, it shall within two months after the date on which -
- 13 5 1 (in the case of shares held in certificated form), the transfer was lodged with the Company, or
- 13 5 2 (in the case of shares held in uncertificated form) the operator instruction was received by the Company
- send to the transferee notice of the refusal
- 13 6 No fee shall be charged for the registration of any instrument of transfer or other document relating to or affecting the title to any share or for making any entry in the Register affecting the title to any share
- 13 7 The Company shall be entitled to retain any instrument of transfer which is registered, but any instrument of transfer which the Board refuses to register shall be returned to the person lodging it when notice of the refusal is given
- 13 8 For all purposes of these Articles relating to the registration of transfers of shares, the renunciation of the allotment of any shares by the allottee in favour of some other person shall be deemed to be a transfer and the Board shall have the same powers of refusing to give effect to such a renunciation as if it were a transfer

14. TRANSMISSION OF SHARES

- 14 1 If a member dies, the survivor (or survivors where he was a joint holder), and his personal representatives where he was a sole holder or the only survivor of joint holders, shall be the only persons recognised by the Company as having any title to his interest, but nothing contained in these Articles shall release the estate of a deceased member from any liability in respect of any share which had been held (whether solely or jointly) by him
- 14 2 A person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member or otherwise by operation of law may, upon such evidence being produced as the Board may properly require and subject as subsequently provided in these Articles, elect either to become the holder of the share or to have some person nominated by him registered as the transferee. If he elects to become the holder he shall give notice to the Company to that effect. If he elects to have another person registered he shall, if the share is held in certificated form, execute an instrument of transfer of the share to that person or, if the share is held in uncertificated form, transfer the share to that person by way of a relevant system. All the provisions of these Articles relating to the transfer and the registration of transfers of shares (including any right to refuse to register any transfer) shall apply to the notice or transfer as if it were a transfer by the member and the death or bankruptcy of the member or other event giving rise to the entitlement had not occurred
- 14 3 Subject to any other provisions of these Articles, a person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member or otherwise by operation of law shall have the rights to which he would be entitled if he were the holder of the share, except that he shall not, before being registered as the holder of the share, be entitled in respect of it to receive notice of or to attend or vote at any meeting of the Company or at any separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares in the Company. The Board may at any time give notice requiring any such person to elect either to be registered himself or to transfer the share and if the notice is not complied with within sixty days the Board may thereafter withhold payment of all dividends or other moneys payable in respect of the share until the requirements of the notice have been complied with

15. UNTRACEABLE SHAREHOLDERS

- 15 1 The Company shall be entitled to sell at the best price reasonably obtainable any shares of a member or the shares to which a person is entitled by virtue of transmission on death or bankruptcy or otherwise by operation of law if and provided that -
- 15 1 1 for a period of twelve years no cheque or warrant sent by the Company through the post in a pre-paid envelope addressed to the member or to the person entitled to the shares at his address on the Register or (if different) the last known address given by the member or the person so entitled to which cheques and warrants are to be sent has been paid and no communication has been received by the Company from the member or the person so entitled (in his capacity as member or person entitled) and in such period of twelve years at least three dividends (whether interim or final) have become payable on the shares and no such dividend has been claimed,

- 15 1 2 the Company has at the expiration of the said period of twelve years by advertisement in both a national newspaper and in a newspaper circulating in the area in which the address referred to in Article 15 1 1 is located given notice of its intention to sell such shares,
- 15 1 3 during the period of three months following the publication of the said advertisements the Company has received no communication in respect of such share from such member or person entitled, and
- 15 1 4 notice has been given in writing to the London Stock Exchange of its intention to make such sale

If at any time during or after the said period of twelve years further shares have been issued in right of those held at the commencement of that period or of any issued in right during that period and, since the date of issue, the requirements of Articles 15 1 1 to 15 1 4 have been satisfied in respect of such further shares, the Company may also sell the further shares

- 15 2 To give effect to a sale the Board may authorise some person to execute an instrument of transfer or otherwise effect the transfer of the shares to be sold. The purchaser shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase moneys and the title of the transferee to the shares shall not be affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the proceedings relating to the sale. The net proceeds of sale shall belong to the Company which shall be obliged to account to the former member or other person previously entitled to the shares for an amount equal to the net proceeds, which shall be a debt of the Company, and shall enter the name of such former member or other person in the books of the Company as a creditor for such amount. No trust shall be created and no interest shall be payable in respect of the debt, and the Company shall not be required to account for any money earned on the net proceeds, which may be employed in the business of the Company or invested in such investments for the benefit of the Company as the Board may from time to time determine

16. DISCLOSURE OF INTERESTS

- 16 1 All members and persons interested in shares of the Company shall comply with those provisions of Part 22 of the 2006 Act whereby the Company is empowered by notice in writing to require any member or other person as aforesaid within such reasonable time as is specified in the notice to disclose to the Company particulars of any interests, rights, agreements or arrangements affecting any of the shares held by that member or in which such other person as aforesaid is interested (which provisions in this article are referred to as "the statutory disclosure requirements")
- 16 2 If any holder of or any other person appearing to be interested in any shares of the Company fails within fourteen days after the date of service of such notice to comply with the statutory disclosure requirements then
 - 16 2 1 if the shares are held in certificated form from the time of such failure until not more than seven days after the earlier of (a) receipt by the Company of notice that there has been a transfer of the shares pursuant to an arms length sale (as defined in article 16 4 below) and (b) due compliance, to the satisfaction of the Company, with the statutory disclosure requirements

- 16 2 1 1 (should the Directors so resolve) such holder shall not be entitled to attend or vote or to exercise any right conferred by membership at meetings of the Company in respect of all the shares for the time being registered in the account in the register of members of the Company in respect of which such notice was served,
- 16 2 1 2 (in circumstances where the holding represents at least 0.25 per cent of the issued shares of the relevant class (calculated exclusive of treasury shares) and should the Directors so resolve) the payment of dividends in respect of such shares may be withheld, and
- 16 2 1 3 (in circumstances where the holding represents at least 0.25 per cent of the issued shares of the relevant class (calculated exclusive of treasury shares) and should the Directors so resolve) such holder shall not be entitled to transfer such shares otherwise than pursuant to an arms length sale, or
- 16 2 1 4 if the shares are held in uncertificated form, the Directors may serve upon the registered holder of such shares a notice requiring the holder to convert his holding of such Uncertificated Shares into certificated form within such period as is specified in the notice and require the holder to continue to hold such shares in certificated form for so long as such failure continues. If the holder shall fail to do so within such time as is specified in the said notice from the Company the Directors are empowered to authorise some person to take all such steps and issue such instructions by means of the Relevant System or otherwise in the name of the holder of such shares as may be necessary to effect the conversion of such shares to certificated form and such steps shall be as effective as if they had been taken by the registered holder of the relevant Uncertificated Shares. When such conversion to certificated form shall have been effected the provisions of article 16 2 1 shall apply
- 16 3 For the purposes of this article a person shall be treated as appearing to be interested in any shares if the holder of shares has been served a notice pursuant to section 793 of the 2006 Act and such notice (together with such other notices (if any) as shall have been served upon any other persons in respect of the shares in question) fails to establish the identities of those interested or who have been interested in the shares and the Company knows or has reasonable cause to believe that someone other than the holder or the persons whose identities have been revealed is or has been interested in the shares
- 16 4 For the purposes of this article "an arm's length sale" shall mean a sale to an unconnected party under which the beneficial ownership of the shares in question passes and shall include (but without limitation) a sale through a recognised investment exchange (as defined in section 285 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000) or other recognised market or a sale in connection with acceptance of a takeover offer for the Company (as defined in section 974 of the 2006 Act)

17. FRACTIONS

Upon any consolidation of shares into shares of larger amount the Board may settle any difficulty which may arise with regard to such consolidation and, in particular, may, as between the holders of shares so consolidated, determine which shares are consolidated into each consolidated share and in the case of any shares registered in the name of one member being consolidated with shares registered in the name of another member, the Board may make such arrangements for the allotment, acceptance and/or sale of shares representing fractional entitlements to the consolidated share or for the sale of the consolidated share and may sell the fractions or the consolidated share either upon the market or otherwise to such person at such time and at such price as it may think fit. For the purposes of giving effect to any such sale the Board may authorise some person to execute an instrument of transfer of the shares or fractions sold to, or in accordance with the directions of, the purchaser. The purchaser shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase moneys nor shall his title to such shares be affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the proceedings relating to the sale. The Board shall distribute the net proceeds of sale among such members rateably in accordance with their rights and interests in the consolidated share or the fractions provided that the Board shall have power when making such arrangements to determine that no member shall be entitled to receive such net proceeds of sale unless his entitlement exceeds such amount as the Board shall determine (not exceeding £3 per holding) and if the Board exercises such power, the net proceeds of sale not distributed to members as a result shall belong absolutely to the Company.

18. PURCHASE OF OWN SHARES

Subject to the provisions of the Acts, the Company may purchase its own shares (including any redeemable shares) and any shares to be so purchased may (subject to any resolution of the Company in general meeting) be selected by the Board in any manner.

19. GENERAL MEETINGS

19 1 All general meetings other than Annual General Meetings shall be called General Meetings

19 2 The Board may call General Meetings and, on the requisition of members pursuant to the provisions of the Acts, shall forthwith convene a General Meeting. If there are not sufficient Directors capable of acting to call a General Meeting, any Director may call a General Meeting. If there is no Director able to act, any two members may call a General Meeting for the purpose of appointing Directors.

20. NOTICE OF GENERAL MEETINGS

20 1 Unless consent to short notice is obtained in accordance with the provisions of the Acts, an Annual General Meeting and any General Meeting of which special notice has been given to the Company shall be called by at least twenty-one clear days' notice. Any other General Meetings shall be called by at least fourteen clear days' notice. Subject to the provisions of these Articles and to any restrictions imposed on any shares, every notice of meeting shall be given to all the members, all other persons who are at the date of the notice entitled to receive notices from the Company and to the Directors and Auditors.

20 2 Every notice of meeting shall specify the place, the day and the time of the meeting and, in the case of special business (within the meaning of Article 58), the general nature of the business to be transacted and, in the case of an annual general meeting, shall specify the meeting as such. Every notice calling a meeting for the passing of a special resolution shall specify the intention to propose the resolution as a special resolution (as the case may be) and the terms of the resolution. Every notice of meeting shall state with reasonable prominence that a member entitled to attend and vote is entitled to appoint one or more proxies to attend, speak and vote instead of him and that a proxy need not be a member.

20 3 The accidental omission to give notice of a meeting, or to send a form of proxy with a notice as required by these Articles, to any person entitled to receive the same, or the non-receipt of a notice of meeting or form of proxy by such a person, shall not invalidate the proceedings at that meeting.

21. PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

21 1 All business shall be deemed special that is transacted at a General Meeting, and all business that is transacted at an Annual General Meeting shall also be deemed special with the exception of -

21 1 1 the laying and consideration of the reports of the Directors and Auditors, the annual accounts and any other documents required to accompany or to be annexed to them,

21 1 2 the sanction and declaration of dividends,

21 1 3 the election and re-election of Directors to fill vacancies caused by Directors retiring by rotation or otherwise,

21 1 4 the appointment of auditors, where special notice of such appointment is not required by the Act, and the fixing or determination of the manner of the fixing of their remuneration.

21 2 No business shall be transacted at any General Meeting or Annual General Meeting unless a quorum is present when the meeting proceeds to business. The absence of a quorum shall not preclude the appointment of a chairman in accordance with the provisions of these Articles, which shall not be treated as part of the business of the meeting. Two members present in person or by proxy and entitled to vote upon the business to be transacted at that meeting shall be a quorum.

21 3 If such a quorum is not present within fifteen minutes (or such longer time not exceeding one hour as the chairman of the meeting may decide to wait) from the time appointed for the meeting, the meeting, if convened on the requisition of or by members, shall be dissolved. In any other case it shall stand adjourned to the same place and time one week later, or to such day (not being more than twenty-eight days after the date appointed for the meeting) and to such time and place as the Board may determine. If the General Meeting or Annual General Meeting is adjourned for 14 days or more, not less than five days' notice thereof shall be given by advertisement in one national newspaper, but no other notice shall be required. If at any such adjourned meeting a quorum is not present within fifteen minutes from the time appointed for the meeting, the member

present in person or by proxy and entitled to vote upon the business to be transacted at the meeting shall be a quorum

- 21 4 The chairman (if any) of the Board or in his absence the deputy chairman (if any) shall preside as chairman at every General Meeting or Annual General Meeting of the Company. If there is no such chairman or deputy chairman present and willing to act as chairman at any meeting within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting the Directors present shall choose one of their number to be chairman and, if there is only one Director present and willing to act, he shall be chairman. If no Director is willing to act as chairman, or if no Director is present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present in person or by proxy and entitled to vote shall choose one of their number to be chairman of the meeting.
- 21 5 A Director shall, notwithstanding that he is not a member, be entitled to attend and speak at any General Meeting, Annual General Meeting and at any separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares in the Company.
- 21 6 The chairman of a General Meeting or Annual General Meeting at which a quorum is present may, with the consent of the meeting (and shall, if so directed by the meeting), adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place and if it appears to the chairman that it is likely to be impracticable to hold or continue the meeting because the number of persons attending or wishing to attend cannot be conveniently accommodated in the place appointed for the meeting, or the unruly conduct of persons attending the meeting prevents or is likely to prevent the continuation of the business of the meeting, he may adjourn the meeting to another time and place without the consent of the meeting. No business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than business which might properly have been transacted at the meeting had the adjournment not taken place. When a meeting is adjourned for thirty days or more (otherwise than due to the absence of a quorum) or without a time and place for the adjourned meeting being fixed, at least seven clear days' notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given in the same manner as in the case of the original meeting. Otherwise it shall not be necessary to give any such notice.
- 21 7 No amendment or proposed amendment to any ordinary resolution shall be put to or voted upon by the members at any General Meeting, Annual General Meeting or adjourned meeting unless the Company has received written notice of the amendment or proposed amendment and of the intention of the proposer to attend and propose it at least forty-eight hours before the time fixed for the General Meeting or Annual General Meeting. Notwithstanding that no such written notice shall have been given, the chairman, in his absolute discretion, may accept or propose at any General Meeting or Annual General Meeting or adjourned meeting amendments of a minor or formal nature or to correct a manifest error or which he may in his absolute discretion consider fit for consideration at the meeting.
- 21 8 Subject to Article 21 7, if an amendment which is proposed to any resolution under consideration is in good faith ruled out of order by the chairman of the meeting, the proceedings on the substantive resolution shall not be invalidated by any error in such ruling.

- 21 9 In the case of a resolution duly proposed as a special resolution no amendment thereto (other than a mere clerical amendment to correct a patent error) may be considered or voted upon
- 21 10 At any General Meeting or Annual General Meeting a resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided on a show of hands unless before, or on the declaration of the result of, the show of hands, or on the withdrawal of any other demand for a poll, a poll is demanded by -
- 21 10 1 the chairman of the meeting, or
- 21 10 2 at least five members present in person or by proxy having the right to vote at the meeting, or
- 21 10 3 a member or members present in person or by proxy and representing not less than one-tenth of the total voting rights of all the members having the right to vote at the meeting, or
- 21 10 4 a member or members present in person or by proxy holding shares in the Company conferring a right to vote at the meeting, being shares on which an aggregate sum has been paid up equal to not less than one-tenth of the total sum paid up on all the shares conferring that right
- 21 11 Unless a poll is duly demanded and the demand is not withdrawn, a declaration by the chairman of the meeting that a resolution has been carried or carried unanimously, or by a particular majority, or lost, or not carried by a particular majority and an entry to that effect in the minutes of the meeting shall be conclusive evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against the resolution
- 21 12 The demand for a poll may, before the poll is taken, be withdrawn but only with the consent of the chairman of the meeting and a demand so withdrawn shall not be taken to have invalidated the result of a show of hands declared before the demand was made
- 21 13 A poll shall be taken as the chairman of the meeting directs and he may appoint scrutineers (who need not be members) and fix a time and place for declaring the result of the poll The result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded
- 21 14 In the case of an equality of votes, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, the chairman of the meeting at which the show of hands takes place or at which the demand for the poll is made shall be entitled to a casting vote in addition to any other vote he may have
- 21 15 A poll demanded on the election of a chairman of the meeting or on a question of adjournment shall be taken forthwith A poll demanded on any other question shall be taken either forthwith or at such time and place as the chairman directs, not being more than thirty days after the poll is demanded The demand for a poll (other than on the election of a chairman of the meeting or on a question of adjournment) shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of any business other than the question on which the poll has been demanded If a poll is demanded before the declaration of the result of a show of hands and the demand is duly withdrawn, the meeting shall continue as if the demand had not been made

21 16 No notice need be given of a poll not taken forthwith if the time and place at which it is to be taken are announced at the meeting at which it is demanded. In any other case at least seven clear days' notice shall be given specifying the time and place at which the poll is to be taken.

21 17 A resolution in writing executed or approved in writing by or on behalf of each member who would have been entitled to vote upon it if it had been proposed at a general meeting at which he was present shall be as valid as if it had been passed at a general meeting duly convened and held and may consist of several instruments in the like form each executed or approved in writing by or on behalf of one or more members.

22. VOTES OF MEMBERS

22 1 Subject to any rights or restrictions attached to any shares, on a show of hands every member who (being an individual) is present in person or (being a corporation) is present by a duly authorised representative, not being himself a member entitled to vote, shall have one vote, and, on a poll, every member shall have one vote for every share of which he is the holder.

22 2 In the case of joint holders the vote of the senior who tenders a vote, whether in person or by proxy, shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders, and for this purpose seniority shall be determined by the order in which the names of the holders stand in the Register in respect of the joint holding.

22 3 A member in respect of whom an order has been made by any court having jurisdiction (whether in the United Kingdom or elsewhere) in matters concerning mental disorder may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, and otherwise exercise all his rights as a member by his receiver or other person authorised in that behalf appointed by that court, and any such receiver or other person may, on a poll, vote by proxy. Evidence to the satisfaction of the Board of the authority of the person claiming to exercise the right to vote or act shall be deposited at the Office, or at such other place as is specified in accordance with these Articles for the deposit of instruments of proxy, not less than forty-eight hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the right to vote is to be exercised or, in the case of a poll, at least forty-eight hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll and, in default, the right to vote shall not be exercisable (save that weekends, Christmas Day, Good Friday and any bank holiday within the UK shall not count in the 48-hour period).

22 4 Unless the Board otherwise determines, no member shall attend or vote at any General Meeting, Annual General Meeting or at any separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares in the Company or upon a poll, either in person or by proxy, in respect of any share held by him or exercise any other right or privilege conferred by membership in relation to any such meeting or poll unless all moneys presently payable by him in respect of that share have been paid.

22 5 No objection shall be raised to the qualification of any voter except at the meeting or adjourned meeting or poll at which the vote objected to is tendered, and every vote not disallowed at the meeting or poll shall be valid. Any objection made in due time shall be referred to the chairman of the meeting whose decision shall be final and conclusive.

23. PROXIES

- 23 1 On a poll, votes may be given either personally or by proxy. A member may appoint more than one proxy to attend on the same occasion and a person entitled to more than one vote need not use all his votes or cast all the votes he uses in the same way. A person appointed to act as a proxy need not be a member of the Company.
- 23 2 Proxy forms for use in respect of any General Meeting or Annual General Meeting shall be sent by the Company to all persons entitled to notice of and to attend and vote at that meeting. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing, executed by or on behalf of the appointor or, if the appointor is a corporation, under the hand of a duly authorised officer or attorney and shall be in any common form or in any other form which the Board may approve. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be deemed (subject to any contrary direction contained in the instrument) to confer authority to demand or join in demanding a poll and to vote on a poll on any resolution or amendment of a resolution put to, or any other business which may properly come before, the meeting for which it is given as the proxy thinks fit. The instrument appointing a proxy shall, unless the contrary is stated therein, be valid as well for any adjournment of the meeting as for the meeting to which it relates. If a member appoints more than one person to act as his proxy, the instrument appointing each such proxy shall specify the shares held by the member in respect of which each such proxy is authorised to vote and no member may appoint more than one proxy (save in the alternative) to vote in respect of any one share held by that member.
- 23 3 The signature on an instrument appointing a proxy need not be witnessed. Where an instrument appointing a proxy is signed on behalf of the appointor by an attorney, the letter or power of attorney or a duly certified copy thereof must (failing previous registration with the company) be lodged with the instrument of proxy pursuant to the next following article, failing which the instrument may be treated as invalid.
- 23 4 Without limiting the foregoing, in relation to any shares in uncertificated form, the Directors may from time to time permit appointments of a proxy to be made by means of an electronic communication in the form of an uncertificated proxy instruction, (that is, a properly authenticated dematerialised instruction within the meaning of the Regulations, and/or other instruction or notification, which is sent by means of the Relevant System concerned and received by such participant in that system acting on behalf of the Company as the Directors may prescribe, in such form and subject to such terms and conditions as may from time to time be prescribed by the Directors (subject always to the facilities and requirements of the Relevant System concerned)), and may in a similar manner permit supplements to, or amendments or revocations of, any such uncertificated proxy instruction to be made by like means. The Directors may in addition prescribe the method of determining the time at which any such properly authenticated dematerialised instruction (and/or other instruction or notification) is to be treated as received by the Company or such participant. The Directors may treat any such uncertificated proxy instruction which purports to be or is expressed to be sent on behalf of a holder of a share as sufficient evidence of the authority of the person sending that instruction to send it on behalf of that holder.
- 23 5 The instrument appointing a proxy and (unless the Board otherwise decides) any authority under which it is executed or a copy of such authority certified notari- ally

or in accordance with the Powers of Attorney Act 1971 or in some other way approved by the Board shall -

- 23 5 1 be deposited at the Office or at such other place within the United Kingdom as may be specified in the notice of meeting or any proxy form or other document accompanying the same not less than forty-eight hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting or the taking of the poll at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote (save that weekends, Christmas Day, Good Friday and any bank holiday within the UK shall not count in the 48-hour period), or
- 23 5 2 in the case of a poll to be taken more than forty-eight hours after it is demanded, be deposited as aforesaid not less than forty-eight hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll, or
- 23 5 3 where the poll is not taken forthwith but is to be taken not more than forty-eight hours after it was demanded, be delivered at the meeting at which the poll was demanded to the chairman of the meeting or to the Secretary or to any Director,

and an instrument of proxy which is not delivered or deposited in a manner so permitted shall be invalid. When two or more valid but differing instruments of proxy are delivered in respect of the same share for use at the same meeting or poll, the one which is last delivered (regardless of its date or the date of its execution) shall be treated as replacing and revoking the other as regards that share, if the Company is unable to determine which was last delivered, none of them shall be treated as valid in respect of that share. No instrument of proxy shall be valid after the expiration of twelve months from the date stated in it as the date of its execution.

- 23 6 A vote given or poll demanded by a proxy or by the duly authorised representative of a corporation shall be valid notwithstanding the previous determination of the authority of the person voting or demanding a poll unless notice of the determination was received by the Company at the Office or at such other place as is specified for the deposit of instruments of proxy not less than two hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote is given or the poll demanded or (in the case of a poll taken otherwise than at or on the same day as the meeting or adjourned meeting) the time appointed for taking the poll.

24. REPRESENTATIVES OF CORPORATIONS

- 24 1 Any corporation which is a member of the Company may, by resolution of its directors or other governing body, authorise any person it thinks fit to act as its representative at any meeting of the Company. The person so authorised shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of the corporation which he represents as that corporation could exercise if it were an individual member of the Company present in person and shall, for the purposes of these Articles, be regarded as a member present in person. Such representative may be required to produce a copy of such resolution certified by a proper officer of such corporation.

25. CLASS MEETINGS

- 25 1 Unless otherwise provided by the terms of issue of any class of shares of the Company, all the provisions of these Articles relating to General Meetings and

Annual General Meetings of the Company or to the proceedings at General Meetings and Annual General Meetings shall, mutatis mutandis, apply to every separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares of the Company, except that in the case of a meeting held in connection with the variation or abrogation of the rights attached to the shares of the class -

- 25 1 1 the necessary quorum shall be two persons at least holding or representing by proxy at least one-third in nominal amount of the issued shares of the class or, at any adjourned meeting of such holders, the holder or holders of shares of the class who are present in person or by proxy, whatever his or their holdings,
- 25 1 2 a poll may be demanded by any holder of shares of the class present in person or by proxy, and
- 25 1 3 the holders of shares of the class shall, on a poll, have one vote in respect of every share of the class held by them respectively

26. NUMBER OF DIRECTORS

Unless otherwise determined by ordinary resolution of the Company, the number of Directors shall not be subject to any maximum but shall not be less than two

27. APPOINTMENT AND RETIREMENT OF DIRECTORS

- 27 1 At every annual general meeting one-third of the Directors (other than any Directors who shall be bound to retire under these Articles (other than this Article) and any Directors exempt from retirement by rotation under these Articles) or, if their number exceeds but is not a multiple of three, the number nearest to (but not exceeding) one-third or, if their number is less than three, one of such Directors, shall retire from office and shall be eligible for reappointment, provided that no Director shall be required to retire by rotation earlier than the third annual general meeting after the meeting at which he was appointed or last reappointed. A Director retiring at a meeting who is not reappointed shall retain office until the meeting appoints someone in his place or, if it does not do so, until the end of the meeting or of any adjournment thereof
- 27 2 Subject to the provisions of the Acts, the Directors to retire by rotation shall be those who have been longest in office since their last appointment or reappointment, but as between persons who became or were last reappointed Directors on the same day, those to retire shall (unless they otherwise agree among themselves) be determined by lot. The Directors to retire on each occasion (both as to number and identity) shall be determined by the composition of the Board at the date of the notice convening the annual general meeting and no Director shall be required to retire by rotation or be relieved from retiring by rotation by reason of any change in the number or identity of the Directors after the date of the notice but before the close of the meeting
- 27 3 If the Company, at the meeting at which a Director retires by rotation, does not fill the vacancy the retiring Director shall, if willing to act, be deemed to have been reappointed unless at the meeting it is resolved not to fill the vacancy or unless a resolution for the reappointment of the Director is put to the meeting and lost
- 27 4 No Director shall vacate or be required to vacate his office as a Director on or by reason of his attaining or having attained the age of 70 or any other age, and any Director retiring or liable to retire under the provisions of these Articles and any

person proposed to be appointed a Director shall be capable of being appointed or reappointed notwithstanding that he has attained the age of 70 or any other age and no special notice need be given of any resolution for the appointment or reappointment as a Director of a person who shall have attained the age of 70 or any other age

27 5 No person other than a Director retiring at the meeting shall be appointed or reappointed a Director at any General Meeting or Annual General Meeting unless -

27 5 1 he is recommended by the Board, or

27 5 2 not less than seven nor more than 21 clear days before the date appointed for the meeting, notice executed by a member qualified to vote at the meeting has been given to the Company of his intention to propose that person for appointment or reappointment stating the particulars which would, if he were so appointed or reappointed, be required to be included in the Company's register of directors together with notice executed by that person confirming his willingness to be appointed or reappointed

27 6 Subject to the provisions of these Articles, the Company may by ordinary resolution appoint a person who is willing to act to be a Director either to fill a vacancy or as an additional Director

27 7 The Board may appoint a person who is willing to act to be a Director, either to fill a vacancy or as an additional Director, provided that the appointment does not cause the number of Directors to exceed any number fixed by or in accordance with these Articles as the maximum number of Directors. A Director so appointed shall hold office only until the next following annual general meeting and shall not be taken into account in determining the Directors who are to retire by rotation at such meeting under these Articles. If not reappointed at such annual general meeting, he shall vacate office at its conclusion

28. DISQUALIFICATION AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS

28 1 In addition to any power of removal conferred by the Acts, the Company may by special resolution remove any Director before the expiration of his period of office and may (subject to these Articles) by ordinary resolution appoint another person who is willing to act to be a Director in his place. Such removal shall be without prejudice to any claim such Director may have for damages for breach of any contract of service between him and the Company. Any person so appointed shall be treated, for the purpose of determining the time at which he or any other Director is to retire, as if he had become a Director on the day on which the person in whose place he is appointed was last appointed or reappointed a Director

28 2 The office of a Director shall be vacated if

28 2 1 he becomes bankrupt or makes any arrangement or composition with his creditors generally, or

28 2 2 he becomes incapable by reason of physical incapacity or mental disorder of discharging his duties as a Director and the Board resolves that his office be vacated, or

- 28 2 3 he is absent from meetings of the Board during a continuous period of six months without permission of the Board and his Alternate Director (if any) shall not during such period have attended in his stead, and the Board resolves that his office be vacated, or
- 28 2 4 he ceases to be a Director by virtue of any provision of the Acts, is removed from office or becomes prohibited by law from being a Director, or
- 28 2 5 he resigns his office by notice to the Company, or
- 28 2 6 he is removed from office by notice in writing signed by all the other Directors

29. ALTERNATE DIRECTORS

- 29 1 Any Director may appoint any other Director, or any other person approved by resolution of the Board and willing to act, to be an Alternate Director and may remove from office an Alternate Director so appointed by him
- 29 2 The appointment of an Alternate Director shall automatically terminate in any of the following events -
 - 29 2 1 if his appointor terminates the appointment,
 - 29 2 2 on the happening of any event which, if he were a Director, would cause him to vacate the office of Director,
 - 29 2 3 if he resigns his appointment by notice to the Company,
 - 29 2 4 if his appointor ceases for any reason to be a Director otherwise than by retiring and being reappointed or deemed to be reappointed at the meeting at which he retires,
 - 29 2 5 if he is not a Director and the Board revokes its approval of him by resolution
- 29 3 An Alternate Director shall (subject to his giving to the Company an address within the United Kingdom at which notices may be served upon him) be entitled at his appointor's request to receive notice of all meetings of the Board and of all meetings of committees of the Board of which his appointor is a member, to attend and vote and (save as provided in these Articles) be counted in the quorum at any such meeting at which the Director appointing him is not personally present, and generally to perform all the functions of his appointor as a Director in his absence
- 29 4 An Alternate Director may be repaid by the Company such expenses as might properly have been repaid to him if he had been a Director and, in respect of his office of Alternate Director, may receive such remuneration from the Company as the Board may determine. An Alternate Director shall be entitled to be indemnified by the Company to the same extent as if he were a Director
- 29 5 An Alternate Director shall, during his appointment, be an officer of the Company and shall alone be responsible for his own acts and defaults and he shall not be deemed to be the agent of the Director appointing him
- 29 6 Any appointment or removal of an Alternate Director shall be in writing signed by the Director making or revoking the appointment or in any other manner

approved by the Board and shall take effect (subject to any approval required by these Articles) upon receipt of such written appointment or removal at the Office or by the Secretary

- 29 7 A Director or any other person may act as Alternate Director to represent more than one Director and an Alternate Director shall be entitled at meetings of the Board or any committee of the Board to one vote for every Director whom he represents in addition to his own vote (if any) as a Director

30. POWERS OF DIRECTORS

- 30 1 Subject to the provisions of the Acts and these Articles and to any direction given by special resolution, the business of the Company shall be managed by the Board who may exercise all the powers of the Company No alteration of these Articles and no such direction shall invalidate any prior act of the Board which would have been valid if that alteration had not been made or that direction had not been given The powers given by this Article shall not be limited by any special power given to the Board by these Articles and a duly convened meeting of the Board at which a quorum is present may exercise all powers exercisable by the Board

- 30 2 The Board may make such arrangements as the Board thinks fit for the management and transaction of the Company's affairs and may for that purpose appoint local boards, managers and agents and delegate to them any of the powers of the Board with power to sub-delegate

- 30 3 The Board may from time to time, by power of attorney executed by the Company or otherwise, appoint any company, firm or person, or any fluctuating body of persons, whether nominated directly or indirectly by the Board, to be the attorney or agent of the Company for such purposes and with such powers, authorities and discretions (not exceeding those vested in or exercisable by the Board under these Articles) and for such period and subject to such conditions as it may think fit Any such power of attorney or other authority may contain such provisions for the protection and convenience of persons dealing with any such attorney or agent as the Board may think fit and may also authorise any such attorney or agent to sub-delegate all or any of the powers, authorities and discretions vested in him

31. DELEGATION OF DIRECTORS' POWERS

The Board may delegate any of its powers, authorities and discretions (including, without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, all powers, authorities and discretions whose exercise involves or may involve agreement of the terms of service or termination of employment or appointment of or the payment of remuneration to or the conferring of any other benefit on all or any of the Directors) to any committee consisting of one or more Directors together with any other person or persons approved by the Board, with power to sub-delegate Any such delegation may be made subject to any conditions the Board may impose, and either collaterally with or to the exclusion of its own powers and may be revoked or altered Subject to any such conditions, the proceedings of a committee with two or more members shall be governed by the provisions of these Articles regulating the proceedings of the Board so far as they are capable of applying Insofar as any power, authority or discretion is delegated to a committee, any reference in these Articles to the exercise by the Board of such

power, authority or discretion shall be read and construed as if it were a reference to the exercise of such power, authority or discretion by such committee. Every such committee shall have as a majority of its membership persons who are Directors and no resolution of any such committee shall be effective unless the majority of the persons present (in person or by their Alternate Directors) at the meeting at which it is passed are Directors.

32. BORROWING POWERS

32 1 The Board shall restrict the borrowings of the Company and shall, so far as possible by the exercise of the Company's voting rights in and other rights or powers of control over its Subsidiary Undertakings, secure that they restrict their borrowings, so that the aggregate principal amount at any time outstanding in respect of money borrowed by the Group shall not, without the previous sanction of an ordinary resolution of the Company, exceed a sum equal to three times the adjusted share capital and reserves.

32 2 For the purposes of this Article -

32 2 1 "adjusted share capital and reserves" means the aggregate of the amount paid up or credited as paid up on the allotted or issued share capital of the Company and the amount standing to the credit of each of the consolidated capital and revenue reserves (including any share premium account, capital redemption reserve, revaluation reserve and profit and loss account but net of any debit balance on profit and loss account) of the Group, all as shown in the latest audited consolidated balance sheet of the Group but adjusted as may be necessary -

32 2 1 1 to take account of any variation in the paid up share capital, share premium account or capital redemption reserve of the Company since the date of that balance sheet and so that for this purpose if any issue or proposed issue of shares by the Company for cash has been underwritten (whether conditionally or not) then such shares shall be deemed to have been issued and the amount (including any premium) of the subscription money shall, to the extent so underwritten, be deemed to have been paid up on the date when the issue was underwritten,

32 2 1 2 to take account in the case of Subsidiary Undertakings of the interests of participants outside the Group (if any) and any variation in the interest of the Company in any Subsidiary Undertaking between the date of the balance sheet and the date for which the calculation falls to be made, and

32 2 1 3 to take account of any other factor which the Directors or the Auditors consider relevant,

32 2 2 "money borrowed" shall include -

32 2 2 1 the nominal amount and any fixed or minimum premium payable on redemption or repayment of any debentures or loan capital issued by any member of the Group,

32 2 2 2 the nominal amount of any issued share capital and the principal amount of any money borrowed the redemption or repayment of

which is guaranteed or secured or the subject of an indemnity by the Company or any Subsidiary Undertaking (together in each case with any fixed or minimum premium payable on final redemption or repayment) except so far as such money borrowed is otherwise taken into account as money borrowed by the Company or a Subsidiary Undertaking,

but the following shall be disregarded -

32 2 2 3 money borrowed by a member of the Group from another member of the Group, other than amounts to be taken into account under Article 32 3

32 2 2 4 any money borrowed intended to be applied within four months of being borrowed in the repayment of any money previously borrowed pending its application for such purpose within such period, and

32 2 2 5 that proportion of the total money borrowed by any partly-owned Subsidiary Undertaking which its issued equity share capital not for the time being beneficially owned directly or indirectly by the Company bears to the whole of its issued equity share capital but a like proportion of any borrowings from such partly-owned Subsidiary Undertaking by the Company or any other Subsidiary Undertaking shall fall to be treated as borrowings of the Company or such other Subsidiary Undertaking notwithstanding the same would not otherwise be taken into account

32 3 For the purposes of calculating the amount of money borrowed under this Article there shall be credited (subject, in the case of any item held or deposited by a partly-owned Subsidiary Undertaking, to the exclusion of a proportion thereof equal to the proportion of the issued equity share capital of the partly-owned Subsidiary Undertaking which is not directly or indirectly attributable to the Company) against the gross amount of money borrowed the aggregate of -

32 3 1 cash in hand of the Group,

32 3 2 the realisable value of certificates of deposit and securities of governments and companies owned by a member of the Group, and

32 3 3 cash deposits and the credit balance on each current account of the Group with banks in the United Kingdom or elsewhere if the remittance of the cash to the United Kingdom is not prohibited by any law, regulation, treaty or official directive, however, if the remittance of such cash is prohibited it shall nonetheless be deducted from amounts borrowed but only to the extent that it may be set-off against or act as security for such amounts

32 4 No person dealing with the Company or any of its Subsidiary Undertakings shall by reason of the foregoing provisions be concerned to see or enquire whether this limit is observed and no debt incurred or security given in excess of such limit shall be invalid or ineffectual

32 5 A report by the Auditors stating what is in their opinion, based on their examination of the accounting records of the Group or such other evidence as they may think appropriate, the amount of the adjusted share capital and reserves or the amount of money borrowed or to the effect that the limit imposed

by this Article was not or will not be exceeded at any time or times shall, for the purposes of this Article, be conclusive evidence of such amount or fact

33. EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

33 1 Subject to the provisions of the Acts, the Board may -

33 1 1 appoint one or more of its body to the office of managing director or chief executive or to any other executive office (except that of auditor) of the Company and may enter into an agreement or arrangement with any Director for his employment by the Company or any Subsidiary Undertaking or for the provision by him of any services outside the scope of the ordinary duties of a Director Any such appointment, agreement or arrangement may be made upon such terms as the Board determines and it may remunerate any such Director for his services as it thinks fit,

33 1 2 permit any person appointed to be a Director to continue in any other office or employment held by him with the Company or any Subsidiary Undertaking before he was so appointed

33 2 A Director appointed to the office of managing director or chief executive (or if these offices are held by different Directors, whichever one of them the Board shall select) shall, while holding that office, be exempt from retirement by rotation and shall not be taken into account in determining the number of Directors to retire in each year, but shall (subject to the provisions of any contract between himself and the Company) be subject to the same provisions as to resignation and removal as the other Directors Any appointment of a Director to the office of managing director or chief executive shall terminate if he ceases to be a Director but without prejudice to any claim for damages for breach of contract of service between the Director and the Company and he shall not (unless any agreement between him and the Company shall otherwise provide) cease to hold his office as Director by reason only of his ceasing to be managing director or chief executive Any person who, on ceasing to hold the office of managing director or chief executive, remains in office as a Director shall, if he has been exempt from retirement by rotation during his period of appointment, retire from office at the next following annual general meeting and shall then be eligible for reappointment, but shall not be taken into account in determining the Directors to retire by rotation at such meeting under these Articles

33 3 Save as provided in the foregoing Article, an Executive Director shall not be exempt from retirement by rotation, and (unless any agreement between him and the Company shall otherwise provide) he shall not cease to hold his office or employment with the Company by reason only of his ceasing to be a Director nor cease to be a Director if he ceases from any cause to hold the office or employment by virtue of which he is termed an Executive Director

33 4 The emoluments and benefits of any Executive Director for his services as such shall be determined by the Board and may be of any description, and (without limiting the generality of the foregoing) may include membership of any scheme or fund instituted or established or financed or contributed to by the Company for the provision of pensions, life assurance or other benefits for employees or their dependants or, apart from membership of any such scheme or fund, the payment of a pension or other benefits to him or his dependants on or after retirement or death

- 33 5 The Board may delegate or entrust to and confer upon any Executive Director any of the powers, authorities and discretions exercisable by it (with power to sub-delegate) upon such terms and conditions and with such restrictions as it thinks fit and either collaterally with or to the exclusion of its own powers and may from time to time revoke, withdraw or vary all or any part of such powers

34. ASSOCIATE DIRECTORS

The Board may, at any time and from time to time, appoint any person to be an associate director having such title, including the word "director", as the Board may decide and may, at any time, remove any person so appointed. A person so appointed shall not be a Director of the Company and shall not be a member of the Board. Subject as aforesaid, the Board may define and limit the powers and duties of any associate director and may determine his remuneration which may be in addition to any other remuneration receivable by him from the Company or any Subsidiary Undertaking

35. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS

- 35 1 The ordinary remuneration of the Directors (other than any Executive Directors appointed under these Articles) shall be such amount as the Directors shall from time to time determine provided that, unless otherwise approved by the Company in general meeting, the aggregate of the ordinary remuneration of such Directors shall not exceed £250,000 per year. The ordinary remuneration shall be divided among such Directors in such manner as the Directors may determine. A Director holding office for part only of a year shall be entitled to a proportionate part of a full year's remuneration
- 35 2 Any Director who, by request of the Board, performs special services or goes or resides abroad for any purposes of the Company may be paid such extra remuneration by way of salary, percentage of profits or otherwise as the Board may determine

36. DIRECTORS' EXPENSES

The Directors may be paid all travelling, hotel and other expenses as they may incur in connection with their attendance at meetings of the Board or of committees of the Board or general meetings or separate meetings of the holders of any class of shares or debentures of the Company or otherwise in connection with the discharge of their duties

37. DIRECTORS' GRATUITIES AND PENSIONS

The Board may provide benefits, whether by the payment of gratuities or pensions or by insurance or otherwise, for any Director who has held but no longer holds any executive office or employment with the Company or with any body corporate which is or has been a Subsidiary Undertaking or a predecessor in business of the Company or of any Subsidiary Undertaking, and for any member of his family (including a spouse and a former spouse) or any person who is or was dependent on him, and may (as well before as after he ceases to hold such office or employment) contribute to any fund and pay premiums for the purchase or provision of any such benefit

38 DIRECTORS' INTERESTS

- 38 1 A Director who is in any way, directly or indirectly, interested in a proposed transaction or arrangement with the Company must declare, in accordance with the 2006 Act the nature and extent of his interest to the other Directors
- 38 2 A Director who is in any way, directly or indirectly, interested in a transaction or arrangement that has been entered into by the Company must declare, in accordance with the 2006 Act, the nature and extent of his interest to the other Directors unless the interest has been declared under Article 38 1 above
- 38 3 For the purposes of Articles 38 1 and 38 2
- 38 3 1 the declaration of interest must be made at a meeting of the Directors or by notice in writing to the Directors in accordance with section 184 of the 2006 Act or by general notice in accordance with section 185 of the 2006 Act,
- 38 3 2 if the declaration proves to be or becomes inaccurate or incomplete, a further declaration must be made,
- 38 3 3 a declaration in respect of a proposed transaction or arrangement must be made before the company enters into the transaction or arrangement,
- 38 3 4 a declaration in respect of an existing transaction or arrangement must be made as soon as is reasonably practicable,
- 38 3 5 a declaration of an interest of which the director is not aware or where the director is not aware of the transaction or arrangement in question is not required, and
- 38 3 6 an interest of a person who is connected with a Director shall be treated as an interest of the Director
- 38 4 A Director need not declare an interest under Articles 38 1 and 38 2
- 38 4 1 if it cannot reasonably be regarded as likely to give rise to a conflict of interest,
- 38 4 2 if, or to the extent that, the other Directors are already aware of it (and for this purpose the other Directors are treated as aware of anything of which they ought reasonably to be aware), or
- 38 4 3 if, or to the extent that, it concerns terms of his service contract that have been or are to be considered
- 38 4 3 1 by a meeting of the Directors, or
- 38 4 3 2 by a committee of the Directors appointed for the purpose under the Articles
- 38 5 Subject to the provisions of the 2006 Act, and provided that he has disclosed to the Board the nature and extent of any interest of his in accordance with Articles 38 1 and 38 2, a Director notwithstanding his office
- 38 5 1 may be a party to, or otherwise interested in, any transaction or arrangement with the Company or in which the Company is otherwise interested,

- 38 5 2 may be a director or other officer of, or employed by, or a party to any transaction or arrangement with, or otherwise interested in, any body corporate promoted by the Company or in which the Company is otherwise interested, and
- 38 5 3 shall not, by reason of his office, be accountable to the Company for any benefit which he derives from any such office or employment or from any such transaction or arrangement or from any interest in any such body corporate and no such transaction or arrangement shall be liable to be avoided on the ground of any such interest or benefit,
- 38 6 Any Director may act by himself or his firm in a professional capacity for the Company (otherwise than as auditor) and he or his firm shall be entitled to remuneration for professional services as if he were not a Director
- 38 7 In the case of interests arising under Article 38 1 or 38 2, save as otherwise provided in these Articles, a Director shall not vote at a meeting of the Board or of a committee of the Board on any resolution concerning a matter in which he has, directly or indirectly, an interest which is material (otherwise than by virtue of his interest in shares, debentures or other securities of, or otherwise in or through, the Company) unless his interest or duty arises only because the case falls within one or more of the following paragraphs -
- 38 7 1 the resolution relates to the giving to him or a person connected with him of a guarantee, security or indemnity in respect of money lent to , or an obligation incurred by him or such a person at the request of or for the benefit of, the Company or any Subsidiary Undertaking,
- 38 7 2 the resolution relates to the giving to a third party of a guarantee, security or indemnity in respect of a debt or obligation of the Company or any Subsidiary Undertaking for which the Director or a person connected with him has assumed responsibility in whole or part and whether alone or jointly with others under a guarantee or indemnity or by the giving of security,
- 38 7 3 his interest arises by virtue of him or a person connected with him subscribing or agreeing to subscribe for any shares, debentures or other securities of the Company or any Subsidiary Undertaking or by virtue of him or a person connected with him being, or intending to become, a participant in the underwriting or sub-underwriting of an offer of any such shares, debentures, or other securities by the Company or any Subsidiary Undertaking for subscription, purchase or exchange
- 38 7 4 the resolution relates in any way to any other company in which he is interested, directly or indirectly and whether as an officer or shareholder or otherwise howsoever, provided that he and any persons connected with him do not to his knowledge hold an interest in shares (as that term is used in Part 22 of the 2006 Act) representing one per cent or more of any class of the equity share capital of such company or of the voting rights available to members of such company (excluding any shares in the company held as treasury shares and any voting rights attached thereto),
- 38 7 5 the resolution relates in any way to an arrangement in whole or in part for the benefit of the employees of the Company or any Subsidiary Undertakings which does not award him as such any privilege or advantage not generally awarded to the employees to whom such arrangement relates,

- 38 7 6 the resolution relates in any way to the purchase, maintenance or any other arrangement concerning insurance for the benefit of the Directors or employees of the Company or any Subsidiary Undertaking against any liability which by virtue of any rule of law would otherwise attach to all or any of them in respect of any negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust in relation to the Company or any Subsidiary Undertaking
- 38 8 A Director shall not be counted in the quorum present at a meeting in relation to a resolution on which he is not entitled to vote
- 38 9 Where proposals are under consideration concerning the appointment (including fixing or varying the terms of appointment) of two or more Directors to offices or employments with the Company or a body corporate in which the Company is interested the proposals may be divided and considered in relation to each Director separately and (provided he is not for another reason precluded from voting) each of the Directors concerned shall be entitled to vote and be counted in the quorum in respect of each resolution except that concerning his own appointment
- 38 10 If a question arises at a meeting of the Board or of a committee of the Board as to the right of a Director to vote or be counted in the quorum and such question is not resolved by his voluntarily agreeing to abstain from voting or not to be counted in the quorum, the question may (unless the Director concerned is the chairman of the meeting in which case he shall withdraw from the meeting and the Board shall elect a vice chairman to consider the question in place of the chairman), before the conclusion of the meeting, be referred to the chairman of the meeting and his ruling in relation to any Director other than himself shall be final and conclusive except in a case where the nature or extent of the interest of the Director concerned has not been fairly disclosed and provided that any such question shall, for the purposes of disclosure of the interest in the accounts of the Company, be finally and conclusively decided by a majority of the Board (other than the Director concerned)

39. DIRECTORS' POWERS TO AUTHORISE CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

- 39 1 The Directors may authorise, to the fullest extent permitted by law, any matter proposed to them which would otherwise result in a Director infringing his duty under section 175 of the 2006 Act to avoid a situation in which he has, or can have, a director or indirect interest that conflicts, or possibly may conflict, with the interests of the Company and which may reasonably be regarded as likely to give rise to a conflict of interest
- 39 2 Authorisation of a matter under Article 39 139 2 is effective only if
- 39 2 1 the matter has been proposed to the Directors by its being submitted in writing for consideration at a meeting of the Directors or for the authorization of the Directors by resolution in writing and in accordance with the Board's normal procedures or in such other manner as the Board may approve,
- 39 2 2 any requirement as to quorum at the meeting of the Directors at which the matter is considered is met without counting the Director in question and any other interested Director, and

- 39 2 3 the matter has been agreed to without the Director in question and any other interested Director voting or would have been agreed to if their votes had not been counted,
- 39 3 Any authorisation of a matter under Article 39 1 shall extend to any actual or potential conflict of interest which may reasonably be expected to arise out of the matter so authorized
- 39 4 The Board may authorise a matter pursuant to Article 39 1 on such terms and for such duration, or impose such limits or conditions on it, as it may decide and vary the terms or duration of such an authorization (including any limits or conditions imposed on it) or revoke it A Director shall comply with any obligations imposed on him by the Directors pursuant to any such authorisation
- 39 5 Any terms imposed by the Board under Article 39 4 may include (without limitation)
- 39 5 1 whether the Director may vote (or be counted in the quorum) at a meeting of the Board or any committee or sub-committee of the Board in relation to any resolution relating to the relevant matter,
- 39 5 2 whether the Director is to be given any documents or other information in relation to the relevant matter, and
- 39 5 3 whether the Director is to be excluded from discussions in relation to the relevant matter at a meeting of the Board or any committee or sub-committee of the Board or otherwise
- 39 6 The Director shall not be required to disclose any confidential information obtained in relation to the relevant matter (other than through his position as a Director of the Company) to the Company or to use or apply it in performing his duties as a Director if to do so would result in a breach of duty or obligation of confidence owed by him in relation to or in connection with that matter
- 39 7 A Director does not infringe any duty he owes to the Company by virtue of sections 171 to 177 of the 2006 Act if he acts in accordance with such terms, limits and conditions (if any) as the Board may impose in respect of its authorisation of the Director's conflict of interest or possible conflict of interest under Article 39 1
- 39 8 A Director shall not, save as otherwise agreed by him, be accountable to the Company for any benefit which he (or a person connected with him) derives from any matter authorised by the Directors under Article 39 1 and any contract, transaction or arrangement relating thereto shall not be liable to be avoided on the grounds of any such benefit
- 39 9 A reference in these Articles to a conflict of interest includes a conflict of interest and duty and a conflict of duties
- 40. DIRECTORS' INTERESTS – GENERAL**
- 40 1 For the purposes of Articles 38 1 to 39 9
- 40 1 1 An interest of a person connected with a Director shall be treated as an interest of the Director, and

40 1 2 Section 252 of the 2006 Act shall determine whether a person is connected with a Director

40 2 The Company may by ordinary resolution suspend or relax to any extent, either generally or in respect of any particular matter, any provision of these Articles prohibiting a Director from voting at a meeting of the Board or of a committee of the Board or ratify any contract, transaction or arrangement, or other proposal, not duly authorised by reason of a contravention of any provisions of these Articles

41. PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD

41 1 Subject to the provisions of these Articles, the Board may regulate its proceedings as it thinks fit. A Director may, and the Secretary at the request of a Director shall, call a meeting of the Board. It shall not be necessary to give notice of a meeting of the Board to a Director who is absent from the United Kingdom or the Republic of Ireland or the Republic of South Africa, unless he has given notice to the Company of an address within the United Kingdom or the Republic of Ireland or the Republic of South Africa to which notice should be sent during his absence. A Director may waive notice of any meeting either prospectively or retrospectively.

41 2 Questions arising at a meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes. In the case of an equality of votes, the chairman of the meeting shall have a second or casting vote.

41 3 The quorum for the transaction of the business of the Board may be fixed by the Board and, unless so fixed at any other number, shall be two. A person who holds office as an Alternate Director shall, if his appointor is not present, be counted in the quorum provided that a Director or Alternate Director who attends a meeting of the Board shall for the purposes of a quorum be counted as one person notwithstanding that he also attends such meeting as an Alternate Director or that he attends as an Alternate Director appointed by more than one Director.

41 4 Any Director or other person may participate in a meeting of the Board by means of conference telephone or similar communications equipment whereby all persons participating in the meeting can hear each other and any person participating in the meeting in this manner shall be deemed to be present in person at that meeting. Such a meeting shall be deemed to take place where the largest group of those participating is assembled or, if there is no such group, at the place where the chairman of the meeting is at the time the meeting is held.

41 5 The continuing Directors or a sole continuing Director may act notwithstanding any vacancies in the Board but, if the number of Directors is less than the number fixed as the quorum, the continuing Directors or Director may act only for the purpose of filling vacancies in the Board or of calling a General Meeting.

41 6 The Board may appoint one of its number to be the chairman of the Board and one or more deputy chairmen and may at any time remove any of them from office. Unless he is unwilling to do so, the chairman of the Board shall preside at every meeting of the Board at which he is present. But if there is no chairman of the Board or deputy chairman holding office, or if at any meeting neither the chairman of the Board nor a deputy chairman is present and willing to preside

within five minutes after the time appointed for the meeting, the Directors present may appoint one of their number to be chairman of the meeting

41 7 A resolution in writing signed by all the Directors entitled to receive notice of a meeting of the Board (not being less than the number required to form a quorum of the Board) or all members of a committee of the Board shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of the Board or (as the case may be) a committee of the Board duly convened and held and may consist of several documents in the like form each signed by one or more Directors, but a resolution signed by an Alternate Director need not also be signed by his appointor and, if it is signed by a Director who has appointed an Alternate Director, it need not be signed by the Alternate Director in that capacity

41 8 All acts done by a meeting of the Board, or of a committee of the Board, or by a person acting as a Director, Alternate Director or member of a committee shall, notwithstanding that it be afterwards discovered that there was a defect in the appointment or continuance in office of any Director, Alternate Director or person acting as aforesaid, or that any of them was disqualified from holding office, or had vacated office, or was not entitled to vote, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed and was qualified and had continued to be a Director, Alternate Director or member of a committee and had been entitled to vote

42. SECRETARY

Subject to the provisions of the Acts, the Secretary shall be appointed by the Board for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as it may think fit and any Secretary so appointed may be removed by the Board Two or more persons may be appointed as joint secretaries and the Board may also appoint from time to time on such terms as it may think fit one or more temporary or assistant or deputy secretaries

43. MINUTES

43 1 The Board shall cause minutes to be kept

43 1 1 of all appointments of officers made by the Board, and

43 1 2 of all proceedings at meetings of the Company, of the holders of any class of shares in the Company, and of the Board, and of committees of the Board, including the names of the Directors present at each such meeting

Any such minutes, if purporting to be signed by the chairman of the meeting to which they relate or of the meeting at which they are approved, shall be sufficient evidence without any further proof of the facts stated in them

44. THE SEAL

44 1 If the Company has a Seal it shall only be used by the authority of the Board or of a committee of the Board authorised by the Board The Board may determine who shall sign any instrument to which the Seal is affixed and unless otherwise so determined it shall be signed by a Director and by the Secretary or by a second Director or by one Director and his signature witnessed or by any person who is authorised to do so either generally or in relation to specific documents or documents of specific description save that as regards any certificates for shares

or debentures or other securities of the company the Directors may by resolution determine that such signatures or either of them shall be dispensed with or affixed by some method or system of mechanical signatures (including laser printing)

- 44 2 The Company may exercise the powers conferred by the Acts with regard to having an official seal for use abroad, and such powers shall be vested in the Board

45. DIVIDENDS

- 45 1 Subject to the provisions of the Acts, the Company may by ordinary resolution declare dividends in accordance with the respective rights of the members, but no dividend shall exceed the amount recommended by the Board
- 45 2 Except as otherwise provided by the rights attached to the shares, all dividends shall be declared and paid according to the amounts paid up on the shares on which the dividend is paid but (for the purposes of this Article only) no amount paid on a share in advance of calls shall be treated as paid on the share All dividends shall be apportioned and paid proportionately to the amounts paid up on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid, but, if any share is issued on terms which provide that it shall rank for dividend as from a particular date, that share shall rank for dividend accordingly
- 45 3 Subject to the provisions of the Acts, the Board may pay interim dividends if it appears to the Board that they are justified by the profits of the Company available for distribution If the share capital is divided into different classes of shares, the Board may pay interim dividends on shares which confer deferred or non-preferred rights with regard to dividend as well as on shares which confer preferential rights with regard to dividend, but no interim dividend shall be paid on shares carrying deferred or non-preferred rights if, at the time of payment, any preferential dividend is in arrears The Board may also pay at intervals settled by it any dividend payable at a fixed rate if it appears to them that the profits available for distribution justify the payment Provided the Board acts in good faith the Directors shall not incur any liability to the holders of shares conferring preferred rights for any loss that they may suffer by the lawful payment of an interim dividend on any shares having deferred or non-preferred rights
- 45 4 The Board may deduct from any dividend or other moneys payable on or in respect of a share to any member all sums of money (if any) presently payable by him to the Company on account of calls or otherwise in relation to shares of the Company
- 45 5 No dividend or other moneys payable in respect of a share shall bear interest as against the Company unless otherwise provided by the rights attached to the share All unclaimed dividends may be retained by the Company or invested or made use of by the Company as the Board may think fit until they are claimed and so that the Company shall not be obliged to account for any interest or other income derived from them nor shall it be constituted a trustee in respect of them or be responsible for any loss thereby arising Any interest or profits earned on unclaimed dividends invested or otherwise made use of shall belong to the Company Any dividend which has remained unclaimed for twelve years from

the date when it became due for payment shall be forfeited and cease to remain owing by the Company

- 45 6 Any dividend or other moneys payable in respect of a share shall belong and be paid (subject to any lien of the Company) to those members whose names shall be on the Register at the date at which such dividend shall be declared or at the date on which such other moneys shall be payable respectively, or at such other date as the Company by ordinary resolution or the Board may determine, notwithstanding any subsequent transfer or transmission of shares
- 45 7 The Board may pay the dividends or other moneys payable on shares in respect of which any person is entitled to be registered as holder by transmission to such person upon production of such evidence as would be required if such person desired to be registered as a member in respect of such shares
- 45 8 Any dividend or other moneys payable in cash in respect of a share may be paid by -
- 45 8 1 cheque or warrant sent by post to the address in the Register of the person entitled to the moneys or, if two or more persons are the holders of the share or are jointly entitled to it by reason of the death or bankruptcy of the holder or otherwise by operation of law, to the address in the Register of that one of those persons who is first named in the Register in respect of the joint holding or to such person and to such address as the person or persons entitled to the moneys may in writing direct Every such cheque or warrant shall be made payable to the person or persons entitled to the moneys or to such other person as the person or persons so entitled may in writing direct and shall be sent at the risk of the person or persons so entitled and payment of the cheque or warrant shall be a good discharge to the Company Any such cheque or warrant may be crossed "account payee" although the Company shall not be obliged to do so,
- 45 8 2 bank transfer to such account as the person or persons entitled to the moneys may in writing direct, or
- 45 8 3 such other method of payment as the person or persons entitled to the moneys may in writing agree to
- 45 9 If in respect of dividends or other moneys payable in respect of any shares cheques or warrants have been sent through the post in accordance with the provisions of the preceding Article but have been returned undelivered or left uncashed during the periods for which they are valid or bank transfers have not been accepted either -
- 45 9 1 on two consecutive occasions, or
- 45 9 2 on any one occasion and reasonable enquiries have failed to establish another address or account of the person entitled to the moneys

the Company need not thereafter despatch further cheques or warrants or give instructions for bank transfers in payment of dividends or other moneys payable on or in respect of the share in question until the member or other person entitled thereto shall have communicated with the Company and supplied in writing to the Transfer Office a new address or account to be used for the purpose

- 45 10 Any general meeting declaring a dividend may, upon the recommendation of the Board, direct payment or satisfaction of such dividend wholly or in part by the distribution of specific assets and, in particular, of fully paid shares or debentures of any other company, and the Board shall give effect to such directions. Where any difficulty arises in regard to the distribution, the Board may settle the same as it thinks fit, and, in particular, may fix the value for distribution of such specific assets or any part thereof and may determine that cash payment shall be made to any members upon the footing of the value so fixed in order to adjust the rights of those entitled to participate in the dividend, and may vest any such specific assets in trustees, upon trust for the members entitled to the dividend, as the Board thinks fit.
- 45 11 The Board may, with the sanction of an ordinary resolution of the Company, offer the holders of shares the right to elect to receive shares, credited as fully paid, instead of cash in respect of the whole (or some part, to be determined by the Board) of such dividend or dividends as are specified by such resolution. The following provisions shall apply -
- 45 11 1 the resolution may specify a particular dividend, or may specify all or any dividends declared or paid within a specified period, but such period shall end not later than the beginning of the annual general meeting in the fifth year following that in which such resolution is passed,
- 45 11 2 the entitlement of each holder of shares to new shares shall be such that the value of such new shares shall be as nearly as possible equal to (but not in excess of) the cash amount that such holders would otherwise have received by way of dividend. For this purpose the value of a share shall be the average of the middle market quotations for such a share as derived from the London Stock Exchange Daily Official List on such five consecutive dealing days as the Directors shall determine provided that the first of such dealing days shall be on or after the day when the shares are first quoted "ex" the relevant dividend,
- 45 11 3 no fraction of a share may be allotted and the Board may make such provision as it thinks fit for any fractional entitlements including provision -
- 45 11 3 1 for the whole or part of the benefit of fractional entitlements to be disregarded or to accrue to the Company, or
- 45 11 3 2 for the value of fractional entitlements to be accumulated on behalf of a member (without entitlement to interest) and applied in paying up new shares in connection with a subsequent offer by the Company of the right to receive shares instead of cash in respect of a future dividend,
- 45 11 4 the Board, after determining the basis of allotment, shall notify the holders of shares in writing of the right of election offered to them and (except in the case of any holder from whom the Company has received written notice in such form as the Board may require which is effective for the purposes of the relevant dividend that such holder wishes to receive shares instead of cash in respect of all future dividends in respect of which the Board offers the holders of shares the right to elect to receive shares as aforesaid) shall send with, or following, such notification, forms of election and specify the procedure to be followed and place at which, and the latest date and time by which, duly completed forms of election must be lodged in order to be effective,

- 45 11 5 the dividend (or that part of the dividend in respect of which a right of election has been offered) shall not be payable on shares in respect of which such election has been duly made ("the elected shares") and additional shares shall be allotted to the holders of the elected shares instead, on the basis of allotment determined as provided above. For such purpose the Board shall capitalise out of such of the sums standing to the credit of reserves (including any share premium account or capital redemption reserve) or any of the profits which could otherwise have been applied in paying dividends in cash, as the Board may determine, a sum equal to the aggregate nominal amount of the additional shares to be allotted on such basis and distribution to and amongst the holders of the elected shares on such basis,
- 45 11 6 the additional shares so allotted shall rank *pari passu* in all respects with the fully paid shares of that class then in issue save only as regards participation in the relevant dividend,
- 45 11 7 the Board may on any occasion determine that rights of election shall only be made available subject to such exclusions, restrictions or other arrangements as it may in its absolute discretion deem necessary or desirable in order to comply with legal or practical problems under the laws of, or the requirements of, any recognised regulatory body or any stock exchange in, any territory
- 45 12 If several persons are entered in the Register as joint holders of any share or are jointly entitled to a share, any one of them may give receipts for any dividend or other moneys payable in respect of the share and the Board may deduct from the dividends or other moneys payable in respect of any share held jointly by several persons all sums of money (if any) presently payable to the Company from any one or more of the registered holders on account of calls or otherwise in relation to shares in the Company held in the joint names of all (but not some only) of such registered holders

46. ACCOUNTS

- 46 1 No member shall (as such) have any right of inspecting any accounting records or other book or document of the Company except as conferred by the Acts or authorised by the Board or by ordinary resolution of the Company
- 46 2 Save as provided in this Article, a copy of the annual accounts of the Company together with a copy of the Auditor's report and the Directors' report shall, not less than twenty-one days before the date of the general meeting at which copies of those documents are to be laid, be sent to every member and to every debenture holder of the Company and to every other person who is entitled to receive notices from the Company of general meetings, and copies of each of these documents shall at the same time be forwarded to the London Stock Exchange and to any other stock exchange on which any part of the share or loan capital of the Company is for the time being listed
- 46 3 Copies of the documents referred to in Article 46 2 need not be sent -
- 46 3 1 to a person who is not entitled to receive notices of general meetings and of whose address the Company is unaware, or
- 46 3 2 to more than one of the joint holders of shares or debentures in respect of those shares or debentures

Provided that any member or debenture holder to whom a copy of such documents has not been sent shall be entitled to receive a copy free of charge on application either in person at or in writing to the Office. The Company may, in accordance with section 251 of the Act and any regulations made under it, send a summary financial statement to any of the persons otherwise entitled to be sent copies of the documents referred to in Article 46 2 instead of or in addition to these documents and, where it does so, the statement shall be delivered or sent by post to such person not less than twenty-one days before the general meeting at which copies of those documents are to be laid

47 CAPITALISATION OF PROFITS

47 1 The Board may with the authority of an ordinary resolution of the Company -

47 1 1 subject as subsequently provided in these Articles, resolve to capitalise all or any part of the profits of the Company to which this Article applies,

47 1 2 appropriate the sum resolved to be capitalised to the members who would have been entitled to it if it were distributed by way of dividend and in the same proportions and apply such sum on their behalf either -

47 1 2 1 in or towards paying up the amounts, if any, for the time being unpaid on any shares held by them respectively, or

47 1 2 2 in paying up in full shares or debentures of the Company of a nominal amount equal to that sum, and allot the shares or debentures credited as fully paid to those members, or as they may direct, in those proportions,

or partly in one way and partly in the other,

47 1 2 3 make such provision by the issue of fractional securities or by payment in cash or otherwise as it determines in the case of shares or debentures otherwise becoming distributable under this Article in fractions, and

47 1 2 4 authorise any person to enter on behalf of all the members concerned into an agreement with the Company providing for the allotment to them respectively, credited as fully paid, of any shares or debentures to which they are entitled upon such capitalisation, any agreement made under such authority being binding on all such members

47 1 3 The profits of the Company to which this Article applies shall be any undivided profits of the Company not required for paying fixed dividends on any preference shares or other shares issued on special conditions and shall be deemed to include -

47 1 3 1 any reserves arising from appreciation in capital assets or ascertained by valuation, and

47 1 3 2 any other amounts for the time being standing to any reserve or reserves, including capital redemption reserve and share premium account,

47 1 3 3 Provided that to the extent required by the Acts the Company shall not apply an unrealised profit in paying up debentures or any amounts unpaid on any of its issued shares-

48. NOTICES

- 48 1 Any notice or other document to be given pursuant to these Articles shall be in writing except that a notice calling a meeting of the Board need not be in writing
- 48 2 The Company may or by facsimile transmission give any notice to a member either personally or by sending it by post in a prepaid envelope addressed to the member at his address in the Register or by leaving it at that address In the case of joint holders of a share, all notices and other documents shall be given to the joint holder whose name stands first in the Register in respect of the joint holding and notice so given shall be sufficient notice to all the joint holders
- 48 3 A member whose address in the Register is not within the United Kingdom and who gives to the Company an address within the United Kingdom at which notices may be given to him shall be entitled to have notices given to him at that address, but otherwise no such member shall be entitled to receive any notice from the Company
- 48 4 A member present, either in person or by proxy, at any meeting of the Company or of the holders of any class of shares in the Company (and, where such person is one of the joint holders of a share, all the joint holders) shall be deemed to have received notice of the meeting and, where requisite, of the purposes for which it was called
- 48 5 A notice may be given by the Company to the persons entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member or otherwise by operation of law by sending or delivering it, in any manner authorised by these Articles for the giving of notice to a member, addressed to them by name, or by the title of representatives of the deceased, or trustee of the bankrupt or by any like description at the address, if any, within the United Kingdom supplied for that purpose by the persons claiming to be so entitled Until such an address has been supplied, a notice may be given in any manner in which it might have been given if the death or bankruptcy or other event giving rise to the transmission of the share by operation of law had not occurred Every person who becomes entitled to a share shall be bound by any notice in respect of that share which, before his name is entered in the Register, has been duly given to a person from whom he derives his title
- 48 6 If the Company has suspended the despatch of cheques or warrants to any member or other person entitled thereto in accordance with the provisions of these Articles or, if on two consecutive occasions notices have been sent through the post to any member or other person entitled thereto at his registered address or address for service but have been returned undelivered, such member or other person entitled thereto shall not thereafter be entitled to receive notices from the Company until he shall have communicated with the Company and supplied in writing to the Transfer Office a new registered address or address within the United Kingdom for the service of notices
- 48 7 Any notice or other document, if served by post, shall be deemed to have been served on the day following that on which the envelope containing the same was posted (by whatever class of post) In proving such service it shall be sufficient

to prove that the envelope containing the notice or document was properly addressed, stamped and posted. Any notice or other document delivered to or left at a registered address or address for service or otherwise than by post shall be deemed to have been served on the day it was so delivered or left.

- 48 8 Without prejudice to Article 20 3 governing the accidental omission to give notice and to the presumption of service by post and the presumed date of service by post in the last preceding Article, if at any time, by reason of the suspension or curtailment of postal services within all or any part of the United Kingdom, the Board reasonably believes that a notice of a general meeting, if sent by post, is unlikely to be delivered within seven days of posting, the Company may at its sole discretion and either in addition to or in substitution for notice by post, convene a general meeting by a notice advertised in at least one national newspaper and such notice shall be deemed to have been duly served on all members and other persons entitled thereto on the day when the advertisement has appeared in at least one such newspaper. If in any such case notices have not been posted the Company shall send confirmatory copies of the notice by post if at least seven days prior to the meeting the delivery by post of notices to addresses throughout the United Kingdom again becomes practicable.
- 48 9 Subject to any requirement of the Acts and provided that the Company has complied with all applicable regulatory requirements, the Company may send any documents or notices to its members in electronic form and such documents or notices will be validly sent provided that
- 48 9 1 the member has agreed either generally or in respect of a specific matter (or in the case of a company is deemed to have agreed by a provision in the 2006 Act that documents or notices can be sent in electronic form),
- 48 9 2 the documents are documents to which the agreement applies, and
- 48 9 3 copies of the documents are sent in electronic form to the address notified by the member to the Company for that purpose.
- 48 10 Subject to any requirement of the 2006 Act and provided that the Company has complied with all applicable regulatory requirements, the Company may send any documents or notices to its members by means of a website and any such documents or notices will be validly sent provided that
- 48 10 1 1 the member has expressly agreed (generally or specifically) that documents or notices may be sent by means of a website to him or he has been asked (individually) to agree that documents and notices can be sent by means of a website and the Company has received no response to that request within 28 days from the date on which the request was sent,
- 48 10 1 2 the documents are documents to which the agreement applies, and
- 48 10 1 3 the member is notified of the presence of the documents on the website, the address of the website, the place on the website where the documents may be accessed and how they may be accessed.
- 48 11 Documents must be available on the website for a period of not less than 28 days from the date of notification unless the Acts makes provision for any other time period.

- 48 12 If the documents are published on the website for a part only of the period of time referred to in Article 48 11, they will be treated as being published throughout the period if the failure to publish throughout that period is wholly attributable to circumstances which it would not be reasonable to have expected the Company to prevent or avoid

49. AUTHENTICATION OF DOCUMENTS

Any Director or the Secretary or any person appointed by the Board for the purpose may authenticate any document affecting the constitution of the Company and any resolution passed by the Company or the Board or any committee of the Board, and any books, records, documents and accounts relating to the business of the Company, and may certify copies thereof or extracts therefrom as true copies or extracts. Except in the case of manifest error, a document which is certified as aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence in favour of all persons dealing with the Company in good faith that the document is true and complete and, in the case of a copy of a resolution or an extract from the minutes of the Board or any committee of the Board, that such minutes or extract is a true and accurate record of proceedings at a duly constituted meeting

50. DESTRUCTION OF DOCUMENTS

- 50 1 It shall be presumed conclusively in favour of the Company that every entry on the Register purporting to have been made on the basis of an instrument of transfer or other document destroyed by the Company was duly and properly made and that every instrument of transfer so destroyed was a valid and effective instrument duly and properly registered, and that every share certificate so destroyed was a valid and effective certificate duly and properly cancelled and that every other document mentioned in Article 50 1 1 below so destroyed was a valid and effective document in accordance with the recorded particulars of it in the books and records of the Company and that every paid dividend warrant and cheque so destroyed was duly paid, provided always that -
- 50 1 1 six years shall have elapsed since the date of registration of the relevant instrument of transfer of shares and two years shall have elapsed since the date of recording of the relevant dividend mandate or notification of change of name or address and one year shall have elapsed since the recorded date of payment of the relevant dividend cheque or cancellation of the relevant cancelled share certificate, and
- 50 1 2 the Company is not shown to have destroyed a document in bad faith or with actual notice of any claim (regardless of the parties) to which the document might be relevant
- 50 2 The Company shall be entitled to destroy any such document after the relevant period referred to in Article 50 1 1 but nothing in these Articles shall be construed as imposing upon the Company any duty to retain any document for such period
- 50 3 References in this Article to the destruction of any document include references to its disposal in any manner

51. WINDING UP

If the Company is wound up, the liquidator may, with the sanction of an extraordinary resolution of the Company and any other sanction required by the Acts, divide among the members in specie the whole or any part of the assets of the Company and may, for that purpose, value any assets and determine how the division shall be carried out as between the members or different classes of members. The liquidator may, with the like sanction, vest the whole or any part of the assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the members as he with the like sanction determines, but no member shall be compelled to accept any assets upon which there is a liability.

52. DIRECTORS'S INSURANCE

Without prejudice to the provisions of Article 53 1 the Directors shall have power to purchase and maintain insurance for or for the benefit of any persons who are or were at any time Directors, officers (not being an auditor) or employees of the Company, or of any other company in which the Company or any of the predecessors of the Company has any interest whether direct or indirect or which is in any way allied to or associated with the Company, including (without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing) insurance against any liability incurred by such persons in respect of any act or omission in the actual or purported execution and/or discharge of their duties and/or in the exercise or purported exercise of their powers and/or otherwise in relation to their duties, powers or offices in relation to the Company or any such other company, subsidiary undertaking or pension fund.

53. INDEMNITY

53 1 Subject to and to the extent permitted by the 2006 Act, but without prejudice to any indemnity to which he may otherwise be entitled

53 1 1 Every director shall be entitled to be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all costs and liabilities incurred by him in relation to any proceedings (whether criminal or civil) which relate to anything done or omitted or alleged to have been done or omitted by him as a director save that no director shall be entitled to be indemnified

53 1 1 1 for any liability incurred by him to the Company or any associated company of the Company (as defined by the 2006 Act for these purposes),

53 1 1 2 for any fine imposed in criminal proceedings,

53 1 1 3 for any sum payable to a regulatory authority by way of a penalty in respect of non-compliance with any requirement of a regulatory nature howsoever arising,

53 1 1 4 for any costs for which he has become liable in defending any criminal proceedings in which he is convicted and such conviction has become final, in defending any civil proceedings brought by the Company or an associated company in which a final judgment has been given against him, and

53 1 1 5 for any costs for which he has become liable in connection with any application under sections 661(3) or (4) or 1157 of the 2006 Act in which the court refuses to grant him relief and such refusal has become final

53 2 Every director shall be entitled to have funds provided to him by the Company to meet expenditure incurred or to be incurred in any proceedings (whether civil or criminal) brought by any party which relate to anything done or omitted or alleged to have been done or omitted by him as a director, provided that he will be obliged to repay such amounts no later than

53 2 1 1 in the event he is convicted in proceedings, the date when the conviction becomes final,

53 2 1 2 in the event of judgment being given against him in proceedings, the date when the judgment becomes final, or

53 2 1 3 in the event of the court refusing to grant him relief on any application under sections 661(3) or (4) or 1157 of the 2006 Act, the date when refusal becomes final