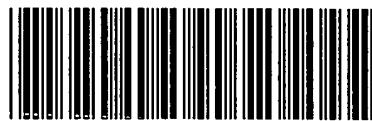

GROSVENOR BASINGSTOKE MANAGEMENT LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

FRIDAY



A56F17U2

A10

06/05/2016

#206

COMPANIES HOUSE

GROSVENOR BASINGSTOKE MANAGEMENT LIMITED

CONTENTS

	Page
Directors' report	1 - 2
Directors' responsibilities statement	3
Independent auditor's report	4 - 5
Income statement	6
Balance sheet	7
Statement of changes in equity	8 - 9
Notes to the financial statements	10 - 15

GROSVENOR BASINGSTOKE MANAGEMENT LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015.

The directors have taken advantage of the special provisions available to small companies provided by s.415A of the Companies Act 2006 in respect of preparing the directors' report and in preparing the strategic report.

BUSINESS REVIEW

The principal activity of the Company during the year was to act as the general partner to Grosvenor Festival Place Fund. The company jointly holds the legal interest as nominee on behalf of the Grosvenor Festival Place Fund, a UK limited partnership, in the Festival Place Shopping Centre, Basingstoke. The company is in a net asset position and net current asset position, and is profit making as at 31 December 2015.

After making enquiries the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources for the foreseeable future and for a minimum period of 12 months from the date of signing the financial statements. Accordingly they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the company's financial statements.

The company is incorporated in the United Kingdom and its registered office is 70 Grosvenor Street, London, W1K 3JP.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £864 (2014 - £100).

The directors have not recommended payment of a dividend in the current or preceeding year.

DIRECTORS

The directors who served during the year, and subsequently, except as noted, were:

R R Davis
N O Preston (resigned 31 January 2016)
S D Hyst (resigned 8 October 2015)
D R Wright

DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITOR

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as that director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware, and
- that director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s418 of the Companies Act 2006.


GROSVENOR BASINGSTOKE MANAGEMENT LIMITED

**DIRECTORS' REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015**

AUDITOR

Deloitte LLP has indicated its willingness to be reappointed for another term and is deemed to be reappointed accordingly.

This report was approved by the board on 31 March 2016 and signed on its behalf.


.....
R R Davis
Director

GROSVENOR BASINGSTOKE MANAGEMENT LIMITED

**DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015**

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework'. Under Company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

GROSVENOR BASINGSTOKE MANAGEMENT LIMITED

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF GROSVENOR BASINGSTOKE MANAGEMENT LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Grosvenor Basingstoke Management Limited for the year ended 31 December 2015, set out on pages 6 to 15. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) including Financial Reporting Standard 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework'.

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditor's Report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND AUDITOR

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

SCOPE OF THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Directors' report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

OPINION ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2015 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

OPINION ON OTHER MATTER PRESCRIBED BY THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements and the directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

GROSVENOR BASINGSTOKE MANAGEMENT LIMITED

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF GROSVENOR BASINGSTOKE
MANAGEMENT LIMITED**

MATTERS ON WHICH WE ARE REQUIRED TO REPORT BY EXCEPTION

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies' exemption in preparing the Directors' Report or from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report.



Georgina Robb FCA (Senior statutory auditor)

for and on behalf of
Deloitte LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor

London
United Kingdom

31 March 2016

GROSVENOR BASINGSTOKE MANAGEMENT LIMITED

**INCOME STATEMENT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015**

	Note	2015 £	2014 £
Administrative expenses		(60)	(53)
Operating loss		(60)	(53)
Share of profit of associates		2,655	-
Total operating profit/(loss)		2,595	(53)
Impairment of fixed assets		(1,731)	153
Profit before tax		864	100
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	5	-	-
Profit for the year		864	100

The notes on pages 10 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

There was no other comprehensive income for 2015 or 2014.


GROSVENOR BASINGSTOKE MANAGEMENT LIMITED
REGISTERED NUMBER:03580616

BALANCE SHEET
AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2015

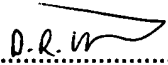
	Note	2015 £	2014 £
Investments	6	-	1,731
		<u>-</u>	<u>1,731</u>
Current assets			
Debtors	7	107,094	107,094
Cash and cash equivalents	8	18,279	15,684
		<u>125,373</u>	<u>122,778</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	9	(10)	(10)
Net current assets		<u>125,363</u>	<u>122,768</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>125,363</u>	<u>124,499</u>
Net assets		<u><u>125,363</u></u>	<u><u>124,499</u></u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	10	224,496	224,496
Profit and loss account	11	(99,133)	(99,997)
		<u>125,363</u>	<u>124,499</u>

The Company's financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 31 March 2016.



R R Davis
 Director



D R Wright
 Director

The notes on pages 10 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

GROSVENOR BASINGSTOKE MANAGEMENT LIMITED

**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2015**

	Share capital	Retained earnings	Total equity
	£	£	£
At 1 January 2015	224,496	(99,997)	124,499
Profit for the year	-	864	864
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
At 31 December 2015	224,496	(99,133)	125,363
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>

GROSVENOR BASINGSTOKE MANAGEMENT LIMITED

**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2014**

	Share capital	Retained earnings	Total equity
	£	£	£
At 1 January 2014	224,496	(100,097)	124,399
Profit for the year	-	100	100
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
At 31 December 2014	224,496	(99,997)	124,499
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>

The notes on pages 10 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

GROSVENOR BASINGSTOKE MANAGEMENT LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

In the year ended 31 December 2015, the company changed its accounting framework to Financial Reporting Standard 101, as issued by the Financial Reporting Council. The date of transition is 1 January 2014. There is no restatement of prior year figures required upon transition to FRS 101.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost basis, except for the revaluation of certain properties that are measured at revalued amounts or fair values at the end of each reporting period, and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework' and the Companies Act 2006.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the company takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement purposes in these financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for leasing transactions that are within the scope of IAS 17, and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in IAS 2 or value in use in IAS 36. In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 input are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 101 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the company's accounting policies (see note 2).

GROSVENOR BASINGSTOKE MANAGEMENT LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

1.2 Financial reporting standard 101 - reduced disclosure exemptions

The company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions under FRS 101:

- the requirements of IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures
- the requirements of paragraphs 91-99 of IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement
- the requirements of paragraphs 10(d), 10(f), 16, 38A, 38B, 38C, 38D, 40A, 40B, 40C, 40D, 111 and 134-136 of IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements
- the requirements of IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows
- the requirements of paragraphs 30 and 31 of IAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors
- the requirements of paragraph 17 of IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures
- the requirements in IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures to disclose related party transactions entered into between two or more members of a group, provided that any subsidiary which is a party to the transaction is wholly owned by such a member
- the requirements of paragraphs 134(d)-134(f) and 135(c)-135(e) of IAS 36 Impairment of Assets.

Where required, equivalent disclosures are given in the group accounts of Grosvenor Group Limited. The group accounts of Grosvenor Group Limited are available to the public and can be obtained as set out in Note 12.

The directors' report describes the going concern basis of preparation of the financial statements.

1.3 Valuation of investments

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost less accumulated impairment. Where merger relief is applicable, the cost of the investment in a subsidiary undertaking is measured at the nominal value of the shares issued together with the fair value of any additional consideration paid.

Investments in unlisted Company shares, whose market value can be reliably determined, are remeasured to market value at each balance sheet date. Gains and losses on remeasurement are recognised in the Income statement for the period. Where market value cannot be reliably determined, such investments are stated at historic cost less impairment.

Investments in listed company shares are remeasured to market value at each Balance sheet date. Gains and losses on remeasurement are recognised in profit or loss for the period.

1.4 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

1.5 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

GROSVENOR BASINGSTOKE MANAGEMENT LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015**

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

1.6 Creditors

Creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers

Creditors are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.7 Taxation

Tax is recognised in the Income statement, except that a change attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

2. JUDGMENTS IN APPLYING ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

Income tax

The Group applies judgement in the application of taxation regulations and makes estimates in calculating current income tax and deferred tax assets and liabilities, including the likely availability of future taxable profits against which deferred tax assets can be utilised.

3. AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

Auditors' remuneration for the audit of the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2015 is £1,350 (2014 - £1,426) and is borne by Grosvenor Fund Management UK Limited.

No fees were payable to Deloitte LLP and its associates for non-audit services to the company during the current or preceding year.

4. EMPLOYEES

The Company has no employees other than the directors, who did not receive any remuneration (2014 - £nil).

No fees or other emoluments were paid to the directors of the company during either the current or the preceding year in respect of their services to the company. The directors are paid by Grosvenor Estate Management Limited.

GROSVENOR BASINGSTOKE MANAGEMENT LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015**

5. TAXATION

	2015 £	2014 £
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total current tax	<u> - </u>	<u> - </u>

FACTORS AFFECTING TAX CHARGE FOR THE YEAR

The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2014 - *lower than*) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20.25% (2014 - 21.5%). The differences are explained below:

	2015 £	2014 £
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	<u>864</u>	<u>100</u>
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20.25% (2014 - 21.5%)	175	22
Effects of:		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes, other than goodwill amortisation and impairment	351	(33)
Group relief surrendered/ (received) for no consideration	(526)	11
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total tax charge for the year	<u> - </u>	<u> - </u>

FACTORS THAT MAY AFFECT FUTURE TAX CHARGES

On 1 April 2015, the UK corporate tax rate was reduced from 21% to 20%. A further reduction to 19% from 1 April 2017 and then to 18% from 1 April 2020 was substantively enacted on 26 October 2015 (Finance (No. 2) Act 2015).

A current tax rate of 20.25% (3 months of the year at 21%, 9 months at 20%) has been applied to the year ended 31 December 2015.

A deferred tax rate of 18% has been applied to opening balances and movements in deferred tax in the year ended 31 December 2015.

GROSVENOR BASINGSTOKE MANAGEMENT LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015**

6. INVESTMENTS

	Investments in subsidiary companies £
At 1 January 2015	1,731
Impairment of fixed assets	(1,731)
At 31 December 2015	-
At 31 December 2015	-
<i>At 31 December 2014</i>	<i>1,731</i>

The above represents an investment in Grosvenor Festival Place Fund, a UK limited partnership established to invest in Festival Place shopping centre, of which the company is a general partner. The valuation has been calculated by the directors based on the company's share of the net asset value of the fund.

7. DEBTORS

	2015 £	2014 £
Amounts owed by group undertakings	107,094	107,094
	107,094	107,094

8. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	2015 £	2014 £
Cash at bank and in hand	18,279	15,684
	18,279	15,684

9. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year

2015 £	2014 £
-----------	-----------

GROSVENOR BASINGSTOKE MANAGEMENT LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015**

9. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year (continued)

Other creditors	10	10
	<u>10</u>	<u>10</u>

10. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

	2015	2014
	£	£
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
224,496 Ordinary shares of £1 each	<u>224,496</u>	<u>224,496</u>

11. RESERVES

Profit and loss account

Profit and loss account contains cumulative earnings to carry forward. Dividends are paid from this reserve.

12. CONTROLLING PARTY

The company's ultimate parent undertaking is Grosvenor Group Limited, a company incorporated in Great Britain and registered in England and Wales which is wholly owned by trusts on behalf of the Grosvenor family, headed by the Duke of Westminster.

The ultimate parent company heads the largest and smallest group of undertakings of which the company is a member and for which group accounts are prepared. Grosvenor Fund Management UK Limited, the immediate parent company, heads the smallest group of undertakings of which the company is a member and for which group accounts are prepared.

Copies of the consolidated financial statements of Grosvenor Group Limited can be obtained from Companies House, 3 Crown Way, Maindy, Cardiff, CF14 3UZ.