Report and financial statements

For the period from 29 March 2014 to 27 March 2015

THURSDAY



\_COMPANIES\_HOUSE

# REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# CONTENTS

Officers and professional advisers		•	
Directors' report			:
Independent auditors' report			;
Profit and loss account			
Balance sheet	•		(
Notes to the financial statements			

## OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

### **DIRECTORS**

J L Cooper

J P Scott

### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

A Campbell

## REGISTERED OFFICE

Saffron Court 14B St. Cross Street London EC1N 8XA

### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS**

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors
1 Embankment Place
London
WC2N 6RH

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for NCP South West & Wales Limited ("the Company") for the period from 29 March 2014 to 27 March 2015.

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Company is the leasing of properties to its fellow group company, National Car Parks Limited ("NCPL"), for the purposes of that company's trade. The directors do not envisage any change in the principal activity during the forthcoming period.

#### **RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS**

The trading results are shown in the profit and loss account on page 5. As at 27 March 2015, the Company had net assets of £80.7 million (28 March 2014: £70.6 million).

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (period ended 28 March 2014: £nil).

#### **DIRECTORS**

The directors who held office throughout the period and up to the date of signing the financial statements were as follows:

J L Cooper

J P Scott

#### **DIRECTORS' INDEMNITIES**

The Company has maintained qualifying third party indemnity insurance throughout the period and up to the date of the signing of the financial statements on behalf of its directors and officers.

#### STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial period. Under that law the directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will
  continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions, disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

#### **DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS**

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware; and
- the director has taken all the steps that he/she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself / herself
  aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information. This
  confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of section 418 of the Companies Act
  2006.

This directors' report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Approved by the board of directors and signed on its behalf by

J P Scott Director 29 July 2015

# Independent auditors' report to the members of NCP South West & Wales Limited

## Report on the financial statements

#### Our opinion

In our opinion, NCP South West & Wales Limited's financial statements (the "financial statements"):

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 27 March 2015 and of its profit for the period then ended;
- · have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### What we have audited

The financial statements comprise:

- the Balance sheet as at 27 March 2015;
- the Profit and loss account for the period then ended; and
- the notes to the financial statements, which include a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in the preparation of the financial statements is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In applying the financial reporting framework, the directors have made a number of subjective judgements, for example in respect of significant accounting estimates. In making such estimates, they have made assumptions and considered future events.

# Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, the information given in the Directors' report for the financial period for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

# Other matters on which we are required to report by exception

#### Adequacy of accounting records and information and explanations received

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns.

We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

#### Directors' remuneration

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion, certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made. We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

### **Entitlement to exemptions**

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion, the directors were not entitled to: take advantage of the small companies exemption in preparing the Directors' report; and take advantage of the small companies exemption from preparing a strategic report. We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

## Responsibilities for the financial statements and the audit

#### Our responsibilities and those of the directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of directors' responsibilities set out on page 2, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view.

Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) ("ISAs (UK & Ireland)"). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

#### What an audit of financial statements involves

We conducted our audit in accordance with ISAs (UK & Ireland). An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of:

- whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed;
- the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and
- the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We primarily focus our work in these areas by assessing the directors' judgements against available evidence, forming our own judgements, and evaluating the disclosures in the financial statements.

We test and examine information, using sampling and other auditing techniques, to the extent we consider necessary to provide a reasonable basis for us to draw conclusions. We obtain audit evidence through testing the effectiveness of controls, substantive procedures or a combination of both.

In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Report and financial statements to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Peter Acloque (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors London

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29 July 2015

# PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT For the period from 29 March 2014 to 27 March 2015

		29 March 2014 to 27 March 2015	to to to 27 March 2015 28 March 2014
	Note	£'000	. £'000
TURNOVER Cost of sales	·	312 (315)	323 (325)
OPERATING LOSS		(3)	(2)
Interest receivable and similar income	. 2	10,170	4,059
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION Tax on profit on ordinary activities	2 5	10,167	4,057
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD	10 .	10,167	4,057

There is no material difference between the profit on ordinary activities before taxation and the profit for the financial period stated above and their historical costs equivalents.

There were no recognised gains or losses in either period other than the result for each period. Accordingly, no statement of total recognised gains and losses is presented.

All of the activities of the Company are continuing.

The notes on pages 7 to 11 form an integral part of these financial statements.

## BALANCE SHEET As at 27 March 2015

## Company number 3577610

	Note	27 March 2015 £'000	28 March 2014 £'000
FIXED ASSETS		•	•
Tangible assets	6	21	24
CURRENT ASSETS Debtors	7	188,776	138,963
CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR	. 8	(108,052)	(68,409)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		80,724	70,554
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	·	80,745	70,578
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called up share capital	9	1	1
Share premium account	10 .	37,159	37,159
Profit and loss account	10	43,585	33,418
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	11	80,745	70,578

The notes on pages 7 to 11 form an integral part of these financial statements.

The financial statements on pages 5 to 11 were approved by the board of directors on 29 July 2015 and signed on its behalf by:

J.P Scott

Director

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the period from 29 March 2014 to 27 March 2015

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Basis of accounting

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in both the current and preceding periods in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the Company's financial statements.

These financial statements are prepared on the going concern basis, under the historical cost accounting convention and in accordance with the Companies Act 2006 and applicable accounting standards in the United Kingdom. The principal accounting policies are set out below.

#### Cash flow statement

Under the provision of Financial Reporting Standard 1 'Cash flow statement' (revised 1996) the Company has not presented a cash flow statement, as its intermediate parent company, MEIF II CP Holdings 1 Limited, a company registered in England and Wales, prepares publicly available consolidated financial statements which include the results of the Company and contain a cash flow statement.

#### Turnover

The Company's turnover comprises gross rents receivable derived from activities performed within the United Kingdom from a single class of business and is recognised on a gross accruals basis.

#### Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets comprise properties in which the Company holds the beneficial ownership. Although legal title is held by fellow group companies, the risks and rewards of ownership are held by the Company.

Properties which are leased to other Group companies, for use in the Group's trading, are regarded as operating properties, and are stated in the financial statements at cost less accumulated depreciation. Cost includes the original purchase price of the asset and the costs attributable to bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use. Provisions in respect of impairment of operating properties are charged or released to the profit and loss account.

Leasehold properties with an unexpired term of greater than 50 years are classified as long leasehold properties. Other leasehold properties are classified as short leasehold properties.

Depreciation is provided on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the properties after deducting the expected residual value at the end of that life. The following rates of property depreciation are applied:

Short leasehold

over term of the lease

#### **Taxation**

Current tax, including UK corporation tax, is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date and takes into account taxation deferred because of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes.

#### **Operating leases**

Rentals under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the period from 29 March 2014 to 27 March 2015

2.	PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	29 March 2014 to 27 March 2015 £'000	30 March 2013 to 28 March 2014 £'000
	Profit on ordinary activities before taxation is stated:		
	After charging:		
	Depreciation on leasehold property	. 3	2
	Operating lease rentals on property	312	323
	After crediting:		
	Rents receivable from property	312	323
	Interest receivable from group undertakings	10,170	4,059

### 3. AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

The auditors' remuneration for the audit of the Company's financial statements of £2,000 (period ended 28 March 2014: £2,000) was borne by National Car Parks Limited, another company within the Group.

#### 4. DIRECTORS' AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS

None of the directors received any emoluments during the current or preceding period in respect of their services to the Company. There were no employees during either period.

#### 5. TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

The tax charge for the period was £nil (period ended 28 March 2014: £nil).

The tax assessed for the period is different from that resulting from applying the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 21% (period ended 28 March 2014: 23%). The differences are explained below:

	29 March 2014 to 27 March 2015 £'000	30 March 2013 to 28 March 2014 £'000
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	10,167	4,057
Tax at 21% (period ended 28 March 2014: 23%) thereon:	(2,135)	(933)
Effects of: Group relief not paid for Depreciation on non-qualifying assets	2,136 (1)	934 (1)
Current tax charge for the period	· -	

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the period from 29 March 2014 to 27 March 2015

6.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS		
			Short leasehold property £'000
	Cost At 29 March 2014 and 27 March 2015		255
	Accumulated depreciation At 29 March 2014	:	231
	Charge for the period  At 27 March 2015		234
	Net book value	·	
	At 27 March 2015		21
	At 28 March 2014		24
7.	DEBTORS	27 March 2015	28 March 2014
		£'000	£'000
	Amounts owed by Group undertakings	188,776	138,963
8.	fellow subsidiary totalling £39,643,000, in exchange for non-interest bearing bearing by CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR	palances due to the fellow  27 March 2015 £'000	subsidiaries.  28 March 2014 £'000
	Amounts owed to Group undertakings	108,052	68,409
	Amounts owed to Group undertakings are non-interest bearing, unsecured 2015 the Company was assigned interest-bearing balances due from intermetotalling £39,643,000, in exchange for non-interest bearing balances due to the	ediate parent companies	
9.	CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL	27 March 2015	
	Authorised, allotted and fully paid:	£'000	28 March 2014 £'000
	1,000 (2014: 1,000) ordinary shares of £1 each	£'000	28 March 2014 £'000
10.	RESERVES	1 Share premium	£'000 1 Profit and loss
10.		. 1	£'000 1
10.		Share premium account	£'000  1  Profit and loss account
10.	RESERVES At 29 March 2014	Share premium account £'000	£'000  1  Profit and loss account £'000 33,418

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the period from 29 March 2014 to 27 March 2015

#### 11. RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

	27 March 2015 £'000	28 March 2014 £'000
Profit for the financial period Opening shareholders' funds	10,167 70,578	4,057 66,521
Closing shareholders' funds	80,745	70,578

#### 12. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Under a group registration the Company is jointly and severally liable for value added tax due by other group companies. At 27 March 2015, this contingent liability amounted to £3.4 million (28 March 2014: £3.0 million). Contingent guarantees are disclosed in note 13.

#### 13. FINANCIAL COMMITMENTS

The Company had minimum annual commitments under operating leases of land and buildings of:

	27 March 2015 £'000	28 March 2014 £'000
Operating leases which expire:		2 000
In less than one year	. 234	-
In more than one year, but not more than five years	-	235 <sup>-</sup>
After five years	. 28	24
Amounts due	262	. 259

The Company is also obliged to make additional performance-related rental payments on a number of sites. In the period ended 27 March 2015 these amounted to £49,000 (2014: £40,000).

#### Financial guarantees

Where the Company enters into arrangements to guarantee the indebtedness of other companies within its group, the Company considers these to be insurance arrangements, and accounts for them as such. In this respect, the Company treats the guarantee as a contingent liability until such time as it becomes probable that the Company will be required to make a payment under the guarantee.

#### Financial agreement and related debenture and cross guarantees

On 8 March 2007 a new £500 million senior facilities agreement was entered into by MEIF II CP Holdings 3 Limited ("MEIF 3") with the Royal Bank of Canada ("RBC"). On 19 March 2007 MEIF 3 became an intermediate parent company of the Company. On 27 July 2007 the Company entered as a guarantor to the new £500 million senior facilities agreement with RBC.

As part of the Group restructuring completed on 27 April 2012, the £500 million senior facility was reduced to a £140 million facility.

#### Tax deed guarantees

In 2002, Primepanel Limited, a fellow group company, entered into a tax deed with a third party, Bishopsgate Parking Limited ("Bishopsgate"). The Company guaranteed Primepanel Limited's obligations under this deed.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the period from 29 March 2014 to 27 March 2015

#### 13. FINANCIAL COMMITMENTS (continued)

#### Lease and remedial works guarantees

On 8 September 2003, National Car Parks Limited ("NCPL"), a fellow group company, entered into two renewal lease agreements in favour of Bishopsgate and Bishopsgate Parking (No.2) Limited ("Bishopsgate No.2") in respect of leases over various premises. The Company guaranteed NCPL's obligations under these agreements. On 23 September 2003, the Company entered into a lease guarantee under which it is liable for the payment of the rents and other obligations of NCPL as tenant under various leases.

On 17 November 2003, NCPL entered into a charge over accounts and deposit agreement in favour of Bishopsgate No. 2, and a deed of covenant in respect of remedial works in favour of Bishopsgate No. 2. This deed was guaranteed by a number of group companies.

On 27 July 2007, the Company entered into a cross-guarantee arrangement with the other members of the MEIF Group to offer security of its rights, title and interest held by NCPL towards the payment of all liabilities of the members of the MEIF Group.

#### 14. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption under paragraph 3(c) of Financial Reporting Standard 8 'Related party disclosures' on the grounds that it is a wholly owned subsidiary of a group headed by MEIF II CP Holdings 1 Limited, whose financial statements are publicly available.

#### 15. ULTIMATE PARENT AND CONTROLLING PARTY

The Company's ultimate parent and controlling party is Macquarie European Infrastructure Fund II, an English limited partnership with its registered office at 3rd Floor, 10 Lefebvre Street, St Peter Port, Guernsey, GY1 2PE. The parent undertaking of the largest group which includes the Company and for which consolidated financial statements are prepared is Macquarie European Infrastructure Fund II. The parent undertaking of the smallest such group is MEIF II CP Holdings 1 Limited, a company incorporated in England. Copies of the consolidated financial statements of MEIF II CP Holdings 1 Limited are available from Saffron Court, 14b St Cross Street, London, EC1N 8XA.

The Company's immediate parent company and controlling party is National Car Parks Group Limited, a company incorporated and registered in England.