ARMAJARO

Report and Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2015

Company Registration No. 3575908



Report and consolidated financial statements 2015

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Strategic report

Business review

The year to 31 December 2015 has seen the Armajaro Holdings Ltd ("AHL") group continue to focus on its core activity of hedge fund management. The group has had a profitable year despite the difficult market conditions

As well as the hedge fund business, operated via Armajaro Asset Management LLP ("AAM"), the group also has an interest in wine production and distribution.

AAM is regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority (the "FCA"), registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") as an investment adviser under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 and registered with the U.S. Commodity Futures and Trading Commission ("CFTC") as a Commodity Pool Operator and a Commodity Trading Adviser and is a member of the National Futures Association ("NFA"). The principal activity of AHL as a company is to provide management services to its subsidiaries and associated undertakings.

The group profit for the period, after taxation and minority interests was US\$2,950,000 (2014 – US\$921,000). Shareholders' funds increased to US\$21,116,000 (2014 – US\$17,764,000).

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2014 – US\$ nil) and propose that the profit for the period is transferred to reserves.

Principal risks and uncertainties

The group's businesses operate in highly competitive markets. The group manages the risks of operating in such environments by offering competitive prices, providing value added services and maintaining strong relationships with its customers and suppliers.

Market risk

The group is indirectly exposed to market price movements via the hedge funds it manages; in particular commodity price and foreign exchange currency movements will impact the performance of these funds, and as a result the fee income earned by the group from these funds. The funds are managed according to specific risk criteria, and the group operates strict trading position and value at risk ("VAR") limits.

Interest rate risk

The group has no external debt and is not subject to significant interest rate risk.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the group may not be able to meet its obligations when they fall due. The group therefore maintains sufficient cash to meet its obligations at all times. The group's liquidity position is managed by a centralized group treasury function and short term cash requirements and long term funding projections are constantly reviewed to ensure that all funding requirements are adequately covered.

Counterparty risk

The group is exposed to the risk that its counterparties will default on their contractual obligations to pay fees, resulting in a financial loss. This is managed by use of third-party reputable administrators through which fees are received.

Principal risks and uncertainties (continued)

Foreign exchange risk

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate of exchange at the date of the transaction or, if hedged, at the forward contract rate. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are reported at the rates of exchange prevailing at that date or, if appropriate, at the forward contract rate. Any gain or loss arising from a change in exchange rates is included as an exchange gain or loss in the profit and loss account. The group has chosen USD as the functional currency reflecting the fact that a substantial amount of the turnover is denominated in USD. The directors therefore believe that USD should be used as the presentation currency.

Key performance indicators

The Board monitors performance on an ongoing basis und uses key performance indicators (KPIs) to measure its performance against set benchmarks, including budget and prior year data and analysis of return on capital. Following the disposal of subsidiaries, the main KPIs used by the Board relate to its asset management business, with assets under management being a key metric. Assets under management fell by 52.3% from US\$980,000 at 31 December 2014 to US\$467,000 at 31 December 2015.

Approved by the Board of Directors and signed on behalf of the Board

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16 Charles Street London W1J 5DS

A Ward Director

20 September 2016

Directors' report

Directors

The directors who served throughout the period and to the date of this report, except as noted, were as follows:

Anthony Ward Richard Gower Harry Morley (resigned 23 March 2015) John Tilney (resigned 23 March 2015)

Going concern

The directors continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual report and accounts. Going concern is further discussed in Note 1, Accounting policies.

Employees

The group had an average of 62 employees during the period (2014 – 89) as detailed in Note 7, Staff costs.

Equal Opportunities

It is the group's policy to ensure that no job applicant or employee receives less favourable treatment on the grounds of sexual orientation, age, race, colour, nationality, ethnic origin, religion, belief, disability, marital status, or trade union membership or is disadvantaged by conditions and requirements which cannot be shown to be justifiable.

Charitable and political donations

The group made no charitable donations in the period (2014 – total charitable donations of US\$nil). The group made no political donations in the period ended 31 December 2015 (2014 – US\$nil).

Directors' indemnities

The Company has made qualifying third party indemnity provisions for the benefit of its directors which were made during the period and remain in force at the date of the report.

Directors' report (continued)

Auditor

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware; and
- the director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s418 of the Companies Act 2006.

BDO LLP have indicated their willingness to be reappointed for another term and appropriate arrangements have been put in place for them to be deemed reappointed as auditor in the absence of an Annual General Meeting.

Approved by the Board of Directors and signed on behalf of the Board

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16 Charles Street London W1J 5DS

A Ward Director

20 September 2016

Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the strategic report, the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the group and company financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the group and company and of the profit or loss of the group for that year.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Independent auditor's report to the members of Armajaro Holdings Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Armajaro Holdings Limited for the year ended 31 December 2015 which comprise the consolidated income statement, the consolidated and parent company balance sheets, the consolidated cash flow statement, the consolidated and parent company statement of changes in equity, and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Financial Reporting Council's (FRC's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the FRC's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and the parent company's affairs as at 31 December 2015 and of the group's profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Independent auditor's report to the members of Armajaro Holdings Limited (continued)

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the parent company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

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Vanessa-Jayne Bradley (Senior Statutory Auditor) For and on behalf of BDO LLP, Statutory Auditor 55 Baker Street London, United Kingdom

20 September 2016

BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC305127).

Consolidated statement of comprehensive income Year ended 31 December 2015

| Company Registration No. 3575908 | Notes | 2015 US\$'000 | 2014 US\$'000 |
|--|-------|------------------|------------------|
| Turnover | 3 | 33,660 | 40,637 |
| Cost of sales | | (10,937) | (11,498) |
| Gross profit | | 22,723 | 29,139 |
| Operating expenses | | (19,416) | (25,444) |
| Amortisation of goodwill | 12 | · · · · · · | (3,169) |
| Operating profit | | 3,307 | 526 |
| Interest receivable and similar income | 4 | 53 | 56 |
| Interest payable and similar charges | 5 | (2) | (28) |
| (Loss)/profit on sale of investments | 11 | (307) | 543 |
| Profit on ordinary activities before taxation | 6 | 3,051 | 1,097 |
| Tax charge on loss on ordinary activities | 8 | (101) | (176) |
| Profit attributable to shareholders of the Group | 21 | 2,950 | 921 |
| Foreign exchange arising upon consolidation | | 507 | 70 |
| Consideration paid for company shares by ESOP | | (9) | (117) |
| Gain/(loss) on revaluation of available for sale investments | 14 | 75 | 273 |
| Other comprehensive income for the year | | 573 | 226 |
| Total comprehensive income for the year | | 3,523 | 1,147 |

A consolidated statement of changes in equity is presented on page 14.

Consolidated balance sheet

31 December 2015

| Company Registration No. 3575908 | | . 2015 | 2014 |
|--|-------|----------|----------|
| | Notes | US\$'000 | US\$'000 |
| Fixed assets | | | |
| Tangible assets | 9 | 5,012 | 6,242 |
| Investments | 10 | 1,438 | 1,998 |
| Goodwill | 12 | - | - |
| | | 6,450 | 8,240 |
| Current assets | | 0,430 | 0,240 |
| Stock | 13 | 817 | 849 |
| Available for sale investments | 14 | 3,723 | 6,007 |
| Debtors | 15 | 17,775 | 13,844 |
| Cash at bank and in hand | | 15,880 | 13,015 |
| | | 38,195 | 33,715 |
| Creditors: amounts falling due within one year | 16 | (23,509) | (21,970) |
| Net current assets | | 14,686 | 11,745 |
| Total assets less current liabilities | | 21,136 | 19,985 |
| Net assets | | 21,136 | 19,985 |
| | | | |
| Capital and reserves | | | |
| Share capital | 17 | 13,100 | 13,100 |
| Reserves | | 8,016 | 4,664 |
| Shareholders' funds | | 21,116 | 17,764 |
| Minority interests | 19 | 20 | 2,221 |
| Total capital employed | | 21,136 | 19,985 |
| | | | |

These financial statements of Armajaro Holdings Limited, registration number 3575908 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 20 September 2016 and signed on its behalf by:

Richard Gower Director Anthony Ward Director

Company balance sheet

31 December 2015

| Company Registration No. 3575908 | Notes | 2015 US\$'000 | 2014 US\$'000 |
|--|-------|------------------|------------------|
| Fixed assets | Notes | 033 000 | 033,000 |
| | 9 | 1,800 | 1,971 |
| Tangible assets | | • | • |
| Investments | 10 | 12,941 | 25,404 |
| | | 14,741 | 27,375 |
| Current assets | | | |
| Available for sale investments | 14 | 3,723 | 6,007 |
| Debtors | 15 | 17,725 | 12,017 |
| Cash at bank and in hand | | 2,090 | 519 |
| | | | |
| | | 23,538 | 18,543 |
| Creditors: amounts falling due within one year | 16 | (10,844) | (12,470) |
| Creditors. amounts failing due within one year | 10 | (10,044) | (12,470) |
| Net current assets/(liabilities) | | 12,694 | 6,073 |
| • | | | |
| Total assets less current liabilities | | 27,435 | 33,448 |
| | | | |
| Net assets | | 27,435 | 33,448 |
| | | | |
| Capital and reserves | | | |
| Share capital | 17 | 13,100 | 13,100 |
| Reserves | | 14,335 | 20,348 |
| | | 1. 1/1/1 | |
| Shareholders' funds | | 27,435 | 33,448 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements. These financial statements of Armajaro Holdings Limited, registration number 3575908 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 20 September 2016 and signed on its behalf by:

Richard Gower Director Anthony Ward Director

Consolidated cash flow statement Year ended 31 December 2015

| | Notes | 2015 US\$'000 | 2014 US\$'000 |
|--|-------|------------------|------------------|
| Cash flows from operating activities: | | | |
| Profit for the financial year | | 3,307 | 526 |
| Adjustments for: | | | |
| Depreciation charges | . 9 | 215 | 589 |
| Loss on disposal of fixed assets | 9 | 27 | 137 |
| Amortisation of goodwill | | - | 3,169 |
| Decrease in financial instruments held for trading | | - | . 4 |
| Decrease in stocks | | 32 | 645 |
| Increase in debtors | | (4,010) | (3,008) |
| Increase/(decrease) in creditors | | 1,662 | (3,289) |
| Foreign exchange adjustments | | 1,040 | 436 |
| Cash from operations | _ | 2,273 | (791) |
| Interest paid | | (2) | (28) |
| Taxation paid | | (36) | (446) |
| Net cash generated from operating activities | _ | 2,235 | (1,265) |
| Cash flows from investing activities: | | | 204 |
| Proceeds from sale of tangible fixed assets | • | - | 284 |
| Purchase of tangible fixed assets | 9 | (91) | (848) |
| Interest received | | 53 | 56 |
| Sale of available for sale investments | | 2,360 | 3,153 |
| Purchase of investments | | (1,683) | (2,160) |
| Net cash from investing activities | _ | 639 | 485 |
| Cash flows from financing activities: | | | |
| Additional share capital issued | | - | 4,800 |
| Purchase of own shares by ESOP | | (9) | (117) |
| Net cash (used in)/from financing activities | | (9) | 4,683 |
| Net increase in cash and cash equivalents | | 2,865 | 3,903 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year. | | 13,015 | 9,112 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of year | _ | 15,880 | 13,015 |

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and in hand only.

Consolidated statement of changes in equity

Year ended 31 December 2015

| | Share capital US\$'000 | Own shares US\$'000 | Revaluation reserve US\$'000 | Other reserve US\$'000 | Profit and loss account US\$'000 | Total US\$'000 |
|----------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|---|-------------------|
| 1 January 2015 | 13,100 | (2,725) | 672 | (396) | 7,113 | 17,764 |
| Profit after tax for the year | | - | (171) | - | 2,950 | 2,779 |
| Currency translation differences | - | - | - | 507 | - | 507 |
| Purchase of shares by ESOP | - | (9) | - | - ' | - | (9) |
| Gain/(loss) on AFS investments | - | - | 75 | - | - | 75 |
| 31 December 2015 | 13,100 | (2,734) | 576 | 111 | 10,063 | 21,116 |

| | Share capital US\$'000 | Own shares US\$'000 | Revaluation reserve US\$'000 | Other reserve US\$'000 | Profit and loss account US\$'000 | Total US\$'000 |
|----------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|---|-------------------|
| 1 January 2014 | 8,300 | (2,608) | 543 | (466) | 6,192 | 11,961 |
| Profit after tax for the year | - | - | (144) | - | 921 | 777 |
| Currency translation differences | • - | - | - | 70 | - | 70 |
| Purchase of shares by ESOP | - | (117) | - | - | - | (117) |
| Gain/(loss) on AFS investments | - | - | 273 | - | - | 273 |
| Issue of share capital | 4,800 | - | | - | - | 4,800 |
| 31 December 2014 | 13,100 | (2,725) | 672 | (396) | 7,113 | 17,764 |

Company statement of changes in equity Year ended 31 December 2015

| | Share capital US\$'000 | Own shares US\$'000 | Revaluation reserve US\$'000 | Profit and loss account US\$'000 | Total US\$'000 |
|--|------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------------|---|----------------------|
| 1 January 2015 | 13,100 | (2,725) | 672 | 22,401 | 33,448 |
| Profit after tax for the year Purchase of shares by ESOP Gain/(loss) on AFS investments | - - - | - (9) - | (171) - 75 | (5,908) | (6,079) (9) 75 |
| 31 December 2015 | 13,100 | (2,734) | 576 | 16,493 | 27,435 |
| | | | | • | |
| | Share capital US\$'000 | Own shares US\$'000 | Revaluation reserve US\$'000 | Profit and loss account US\$'000 | Total US\$'000 |
| 1 January 2014 | capital | shares | reserve | and loss account | |
| 1 January 2014 Profit after tax for the year Purchase of shares by ESOP Gain/(loss) on AFS investments Issue of share capital | capital US\$'000 | shares US\$'000 | reserve US\$'000 | and loss account US\$'000 | US\$'000 |

Notes to the accounts (continued) Year ended 31 December 2015

1. Accounting policies

Armajaro Holdings Limited is a company incorporated in England & Wales under the Companies Act. The address of the registered office is given in the directors' report and the nature of the group's operations and its principal activities are set out in the strategic report. The financial statements are prepared in accordance FRS 102 the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland. The date of transition is 1 January 2014. The company's financial statements were previously prepared in accordance with accounting standards applicable in the United Kingdom. The significant accounting policies adopted are described below. They have all been applied consistently throughout the period. There is no material impact of first-time adoption of FRS 102.

Basis of accounting

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The individual accounts of Armajaro Holdings Limited have adopted the following disclosure exemptions:

- the requirement to present a statement of cash flow and related notes.
- Disclosures in respect of the parent company's financial instruments have not been presented as equivalent disclosures have been provided in respect of the group as a whole.

Judgements in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The directors are of the opinion that due to the nature of the business, there are no critical judgements used in the preparation of these financial statements.

Basis of consolidation

The group accounts consolidate the accounts of Armajaro Holdings Limited and its subsidiary undertakings. The results of subsidiaries acquired or sold are consolidated from or to the date on which control passed. Associates are accounted for under the equity method. No separate individual company profit and loss account or cash flow statement is presented for Armajaro Holdings Limited as provided by \$408 of the Companies Act 2006. The parent company's loss after tax for the financial year amounted to US\$5,908,000 (2014 – loss of US\$66,912,000).

Going concern

The group's business activities, together with the factors likely to affect its future development, performance and position are set out in the business review which forms part of the strategic report. The financial position of the group, its cash flows, liquidity and risk position are set out in this report. In addition Note 2 to the financial statements includes the group's objectives, policies and processes for managing its capital; its financial risk management objectives; details of its financial instruments and hedging activities; and its exposures to credit risk and liquidity risk. The group meets its day-to-day working capital requirements by maintaining cash reserves and overdraft facilities. It has no external borrowings and hence is not dependent on any particular financial institution.

After making enquiries, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company and the group have adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. This view is enhanced by the continuing profitability of Armajaro Asset Management LLP. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual report and accounts.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost, net of depreciation and any provision for impairment. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets other than art, land and buildings in the course of construction, at rates calculated to write off the cost or valuation, less estimated residual value, of each asset on a straight-line basis over its expected useful life, as follows:

Notes to the accounts (continued) Year ended 31 December 2015

1. Accounting policies (continued)

| Nil |
|---------------|
| 25 - 50 years |
| 3 - 10 years |
| 3 years |
| 3 - 5 years |
| |

Participating interest in associates

Computer equipment

In the group financial statements, investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method. The consolidated profit and loss account includes the group's share of the associates' profits less losses while the group's share of the net assets of the associates is shown in the consolidated balance sheet. Goodwill arising on the acquisition of associates is accounted for in accordance with the policy set out below. Any unamortised balance of goodwill is included in the carrying value of the investment in associates. The results of associates sold are consolidated for the period up until disposal.

2 - 3 years

Investments

Investments in subsidiaries are individually stated at cost less provision for impairment. Investments in Available-for-sale instruments are measured at fair value (refer to *Financial Instruments* policy).

Intangible assets - goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of associate undertakings and businesses, representing any excess of the fair value of the consideration given over the fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities acquired is capitalised and written off on a straight-line basis over a period of time appropriate to the business acquired. Negative goodwill is similarly included in the balance sheet and is credited to the profit and loss account in the periods in which the acquired non-monetary assets are recovered through depreciation or sale. Negative goodwill in excess of the fair values of the non-monetary assets acquired is credited to the profit and loss account in the periods expected to benefit.

Stock

Stock is stated at lower of cost and net realisable value. The stock shown on the balance sheet relates to holdings of wine.

Loans to group undertakings

Loans to group undertakings are stated at amortised cost less provision for impairment.

Turnover

Turnover represents sales of physical commodities, profits from dealing in structured notes and fees from investment management activities. Turnover is accounted for on an accruals basis. An analysis of turnover by geographical area has not been presented as the directors believe the disclosure of such information would be seriously prejudicial to the interests of the group.

Dividends

Dividends are recognised in the period in which they are declared. Interim dividends are recognised when paid.

Notes to the accounts (continued) Year ended 31 December 2015

1. Accounting policies (continued)

Foreign currency

The group has identified USD as the functional currency reflecting the fact that a substantial amount of the capital and transactions are denominated in USD. The directors therefore believe that USD should be used as the presentation currency. Transactions in other currencies are recorded at the rate of exchange at the date of the transaction or, if hedged, at the forward contract rate. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in a currency other than the functional currency at the balance sheet date are reported at the rates of exchange prevailing at that date or, if appropriate, at the forward contract rate. Any gain or loss arising from a change in exchange rates subsequent to the date of the transaction is included as an exchange gain or loss in the profit and loss account. For the purpose of presenting consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the group's foreign operations are translated at exchange rates prevailing on the balance sheet date. Income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during that period, in which case the exchange rates at the date of transactions are used.

Operating leases

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Taxation

Corporation tax payable is provided at amounts expected to be paid, using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is provided in full on timing differences which result in an obligation at the balance sheet date to pay more tax, or a right to pay less tax at a future date, at rates expected to apply when these timing differences crystallise. Timing differences arise from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in years different from those in which they are included in financial statements. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is regarded as more likely than not that they will be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Share-based payments

Where share options are awarded to employees, the fair value of the options at the date of grant is charged to profit or loss over the vesting period. Non-market vesting conditions are taken into account by adjusting the number of equity instruments expected to vest at each balance sheet date so that, ultimately, the cumulative amount recognised over the vesting period is based on the number of options that eventually vest. Market vesting conditions are factored into the fair value of the options granted. The cumulative expense is not adjusted for failure to achieve a market vesting condition.

The fair value of the aware also takes into account non-vesting conditions. These are either factors beyond the control of either party (such as a target based on an index) or factors which are within the control of one of other of the parties (such as the company keeping the scheme open or the employee maintaining any contributions required by the scheme).

Where the terms and conditions of options are modified before they vest, the increase in the fair value of the options, measured immediately before and after the modification, is also charged to the profit or loss over the remaining vesting period.

Where equity instruments are granted to persons other than employees, the profit and loss is charged with the fair value of goods and services received.

Notes to the accounts (continued) Year ended 31 December 2015

1. Accounting policies (continued)

Employee share ownership plan

The cost of the company's shares held by the ESOP is deducted from equity in the company and group balance sheets under the heading "Own shares". Any cash received by the ESOP on disposal of the shares it holds is also recognised directly in equity. Other assets and liabilities of the ESOP (including borrowings) are recognised as assets and liabilities of the company.

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised on the balance sheet when the group or company has become a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. The company is adopting the recognition and measurement provisions of IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement (as adopted for use in the EU).

Financial assets

Financial assets are classified into the following specific categories:

- Fair value through profit or loss

The group and company classify their derivative financial instruments as held for trading. Profits and losses arising therefrom are recognised in the profit and loss account.

- Available-for-sale

Certain equity investments are classified as available for sale, as they are not classified as held to maturity investments, loans and receivables, held for trading, or designated as fair value through the profit and loss account. They are measured at fair value, based on third party independent valuations, with fair value gains or losses recognised through the Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses. Where the investment is disposed of the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in reserves is included in the profit and loss account for the period.

- Loans and receivables

Trade and other debtors that have determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market are classified as loans and receivables. They are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

- Cash

Cash comprises cash on hand and demand deposits, which may be accessed without penalty.

Financial liabilities and equity

Financial liabilities are classified into the following specific categories:

- Fair value through profit or loss

The group and company classify their derivative financial instruments as held for trading. Profits and losses arising therefrom are recognised in the profit and loss account.

- Other financial liabilities

This includes bank loans and overdrafts, and trade and other creditors. Other financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Equity instruments issued by the group are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Notes to the accounts (continued) Year ended 31 December 2015

2. Risk management procedures

The group manages various risks across the different sectors in which it operates, including operational risk from breach of regulatory requirements within Armajaro Asset Management ("AAM"). The group's management of the main risks associated with its activities is detailed below. Full risk disclosure in compliance with the Pillar 3 rules as set out in BIPRU 11 can be found on the AAM website.

Market risk management

The group aims to match the currency denomination of its cost base to its revenue as far as possible.

Credit risk management

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in a financial loss to the group. Trade debtors consist predominantly of management and performance fee income which are generally settled within one month.

The maximum exposure to credit risk is equal to the carrying value of trade debtors and derivative financial instruments. Refer to note 15, Debtors, for age analysis of financial assets that are past due. The group has no significant concentration of credit risk.

Liquidity risk management

Liquidity risk refers to the risk that the group is unable to meet its obligations as they fall due owing to insufficient financial resources. The group manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves and banking facilities and by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows. Refer to note 22, Financial instruments, for detail of maturity analysis of financial liabilities.

Operational risk management

Operational risk is the risk of loss resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, people and systems, or from external events. It is inherent in every business operation and covers a wide spectrum of potential issues. The group manages this risk by operating a control-based environment in which the processes are documented, authorisation is independent and transactions are reconciled and monitored. This is supported by a programme of periodic independent reviews undertaken by group compliance.

Interest rate risk management

Interest rate risk represents the sensitivity of the group to changes in interest rates. Owing to the fact that the group has had relatively low levels of interest-bearing long-term loans, the board believes that it is not exposed to significant interest rate risk. The group matches short term financing requirements with short term borrowings.

Capital risk management

The group's primary objective in managing capital is to ensure that it has capital which is permanent and which is able to absorb any losses arising from an extreme event. The group is subject to regulatory capital requirements in three of its subsidiaries and ensures that a significant capital surplus is maintained at all times in these subsidiaries. The group's capital is made up of paid up share capital and reserves.

Notes to the accounts (continued) Year ended 31 December 2015

2. Risk management procedures (continued)

Currency risk management

Currency risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. Current risk arises when future commercial transactions and recognized assets and liabilities are denominated in a currency that is not the group's functional and presentation currency. The group is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currency exposures primarily with respect to the United States Dollar (the functional and presentation currency), United Kingdom Pounds and the South African Rand. The group's management monitors the exchange rate fluctuations on a continuous basis and acts accordingly.

This note should be read in conjunction with note 20, Financial Instruments.

| 3. Segment information | | | | | | |
|--|-------------|----------|----------|----------|------------------|------------------|
| | Asset Ma | nagement | Otl | her | To | tal |
| | 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2014 |
| · | US\$'000 | US\$'000 | US\$'000 | US\$'000 | US\$'000 | US\$'000 |
| Turnover | 30,325 | 35,832 | 3,335 | 4,805 | 33,660 | 40,637 |
| Profit/(loss) before taxation | 4,310 | 3,420 | (1,259) | (2,323) | 3,051 | 1,097 |
| Net assets | 6,160 | 6,466 | 14,976 | 13,519 | 21,136 | 19,985 |
| 4. Interest receivable and simila | ar income | | | | 2015 US\$'000 | 2014 US\$'000 |
| Interest on bank deposits and broker r | nargin acco | unts | | _ | 53 | 56 |
| 5. Interest payable and similar | charges | | | | 2015 US\$'000 | 2014 US\$'000 |
| Interest on bank loans and overdrafts | | | | | 2 | 28 |

Notes to the accounts (continued) Year ended 31 December 2015

6. Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation

| The profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charging/(crediting): | 2015 US\$'000 | 2014 US\$'000 |
|--|------------------|------------------|
| Depreciation | 215 | 589 |
| Amortisation of goodwill: positive | - | 3,169 |
| Fees payable to the company's auditor for the audit of the company and group accounts | 21 | 21 |
| Fees payable to the company's auditor for the audit of the subsidiary company accounts | 47 | 62 |
| Fees payable to the company's auditor and their associates for other services to the group | - | 64 |
| Operating lease payments – land and buildings | 764 | 1,183 |

In the prior year, fees payable to the company's auditor and their associates for other services to the group relates to a Report on Internal Controls for Armajaro Asset Management LLP.

7. Staff costs

| Particulars of employees (including executive directors) are as shown below: | 2015 US\$'000 | 2014 US\$'000 |
|--|------------------|------------------|
| Salaries and bonuses | 10,057 | 12,318 |
| Social security costs | 1,533 | 1,848 |
| Other staff costs | 164 | 3 |
| | 11,754 | 14,169 |

The average weekly number of persons employed by the group during the period was as follows:

| | 2015 No. | 2014 No. |
|---|------------------|------------------|
| Management Trading and operations | 10 52 | 12 77 |
| Trading and operations | 62 | 89 |
| Directors' remuneration: | 2015 US\$'000 | 2014 US\$'000 |
| Emoluments for the period | 10,435 | 11,270 |
| Highest paid director: total remuneration | 9,757 | 8,416 |

Notes to the accounts (continued) Year ended 31 December 2015

8. Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities

| (a) Analysis of tax charge in the period | 2015 US\$'000 | 2014 US\$'000 |
|--|------------------|------------------|
| UK corporation tax at 20.25% (2014 – 21.50%) | (23) | (10) |
| Overseas tax | (78) | (14) |
| Prior year adjustment | · - | (152) |
| Tax charge on profit on ordinary activities | (101) | (176) |
| Deferred tax movement | - | - |
| Share of associated undertaking's tax charge | | |
| Tax charge on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities | (101) | (176) |

(b) The current period tax charge is lower than that arising from applying the standard UK rate of Corporation Tax of 20.25% (2014 - 21.5%). The differences are explained below:

| | 2015 US\$'000 | 2014 US\$'000 |
|--|------------------|------------------|
| Profit on ordinary activities before tax | 3,051 | 1,097 |
| Tax charge at 20.25% (2015 – 21.50%) thereon | (618) | (236) |
| Effects of: | | |
| Different accounting bases and foreign tax rates | - | (24) |
| Non taxable income/deductible expenses | 42 | (783) |
| Tax losses not recoverable | (14) | - |
| Utilisation of brought forward tax losses | 703 | 1,494 |
| Tax losses carried forward | (163) | (389) |
| Timing differences | - | (86) |
| Prior period adjustments | (51) | (152) |
| Total tax charge for period | (101) | (176) |

31 December 2015

Notes to the accounts (continued) Year ended 31 December 2015

| 9. Tangible fixed assets | Freehold land and buildings US\$'000 | Plant and equipment US\$'000 | Fixtures and fittings US\$'000 | Motor vehicles US\$'000 | Computer equipment and software US\$'000 | Total US\$'000 |
|--------------------------|---|------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|--|-------------------|
| Group | | | | | | |
| Cost | | | | | | |
| 1 January 2015 | 3,183 | 1,720 | 2,295 | 1,084 | 3,206 | 11,488 |
| Additions | 3 | 49 | 4 | - | 35 | 91 |
| Disposals | - | - | (27) | - | - | (27) |
| Exchange adjustments | (812) | (364) | (21) | (80) | - | (1,277) |
| 31 December 2015 | 2,374 | 1,405 | 2,251 | 1,004 | 3,241 | 10,275 |
| Accumulated depreciation | , | | | | | |
| 1 January 2015 | _ | 687 | 712 | 982 | 2,865 | 5,246 |
| Charge for the period | _ | 20 | 11 | 33 | 151 | 215 |
| Disposals | _ | - | | - | - | 213 |
| Exchange adjustments | - | (121) | (16) | (60) | (1) | (198) |
| 31 December 2015 | 0 | 586 | 707 | 955 | 3,015 | 5,263 |
| Net book value | | | | | | |
| 1 January 2015 | 3,183 | 1,033 | 1,584 | 101 | 341 | 6,242 |
| | | | | | | |

Works of art with a net book value of US\$1,547,000 (2014 – US\$1,574,000) are included within Fixtures and fittings above.

819

1,544

2,374

At 31 December 2015, the group had not granted any fixed charges over tangible fixed assets to secure bank loans (2014 – none).

226

5,012

Notes to the accounts (continued) Year ended 31 December 2015

| 9. Tangible fixed assets (continued) Company | Plant and equipment US\$'000 | Fixtures and fittings US\$'000 | Motor vehicles US\$'000 | Computer equipment and software US\$'000 | Total US\$'000 |
|---|------------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|--|-------------------|
| Cost | | | | | |
| 1 January 2015 | 281 | 2,160 | 766 | 3,116 | 6,323 |
| Additions | - | - | - | 33 | 33 |
| Disposals | - | (27) | - | - | (27) |
| 31 December 2015 | 281 | 2,133 | 766 | 3,149 | 6,329 |
| Accumulated depreciation | | | | | |
| 1 January 2015 | 225 | 586 | 747 | 2,794 | 4,351 |
| Charge for the year | 8 | - | 18 | 151 | 176 |
| Disposals | - | - | - | - | - |
| 31 December 2015 | 232 | 586 | 764_ | 2,945 | 4,528 |
| Net book value | | | | | |
| 1 January 2015 | 56 | 1,574 | 19 | 322 | 1,971 |
| | | | | | |
| 31 December 2015 | 49 | 1,547 | 2 | 203 | 1,800_ |

Works of art with a net book value of US\$1,547,000 (2014 – US\$1,574,000) are included within Fixtures and fittings above.

| 10. Fixed asset investments | Group 2015 US\$'000 | Company 2015 US\$'000 | Group 2014 US\$'000 | Company 2014 US\$'000 |
|--|---------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Investments in subsidiary undertakings | - | 6,023 | - | 16,255 |
| Loans to subsidiary undertakings | - | 5,480 | - | 7,151 |
| Other loans | 1,438 | 1,438 | 1,998 | 1,998 |
| | 1,438 | 12,941 | 1,998 | 25,404 |

Loans to subsidiaries includes US\$5,480,000 (2014 – US\$7,151,000) due from Armajaro Estates (Pty) Limited which has no repayment date and is interest free. The Other loans figure is a loan to a minority interest investment, which has no repayment date and is interest free.

Notes to the accounts (continued) Year ended 31 December 2015

10. Fixed asset investments (continued)

Investments in subsidiary undertakings

The parent company and the group have investments in the following subsidiary undertakings which principally affected the profits or net assets of the group during the period:

| Subsidiary undertakings | Principal activity | Country of incorporation | Holding |
|--|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------|
| Armajaro Asset Management LLP* | Investment management | The United Kingdom | 99% |
| Armajaro Asset Management Holdings Limited | Holding company | The United Kingdom | 99.9% |
| Armajaro Research Limited | Research operations | The United Kingdom | 100% |
| Armajaro Estates (Pty) Limited | Wine production | South Africa | 100% |
| Asset Management Number 8 LLP* | Investment management | The United Kingdom | 51% |
| Asset Management Number 12 LLP* | Investment management | The United Kingdom | 100% |
| Southern Wines Limited | Wine distribution | The United Kingdom | 51% |
| Armajaro Asset Management Executive LLP* | Holding partnership | The United Kingdom | 51% |
| Armajaro Asset Management FM LLP* | Holding partnership | The United Kingdom | 51% |
| Armajaro Asset Management Investments Limited* | Holding company | The United Kingdom | 100% |
| Armajaro Investments Limited | Holding company | The United Kingdom | 100% |
| Armajaro (USA) Inc | Investment management | The United States | 100% |
| Armajaro Trading Group Limited | Dormant trading company | The United Kingdom | 100% |

^{*} denotes indirect investment

| 11. (Loss)/profit on sale of investments | 2015 US\$'000 | 2014 US\$'000 |
|--|------------------|------------------|
| Profit on sale of investments | 171 | 696 |
| Loss on disposal of fixed assets | (26) | (153) |
| Provision against loan investment | (452) | - |
| | (307) | 543 |

During the year the group provided US\$452,000 against its minority investment in African Century Group.

Notes to the accounts (continued) Year ended 31 December 2015

| 12. Goodwill | 2015 US\$'000 | 2014 US\$'000 |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Cost | 22.060 | 22.060 |
| At 1 January and 31 December 2015 | 22,868 | 22,868 |
| Amortisation | | |
| At 1 January 2015 | 22,868 | 19,699 |
| Charge for period | - | 3,169 |
| 31 December 2015 | 22,868 | 22,868 |
| Net book value | | |
| 1 January 2015 | - | 3,169 |
| 31 December 2015 | • | <u>.</u> |

Positive goodwill which arose on the 2008 purchase of AAM LLP was amortised over seven years, and is now fully amortised.

| 13. | Stock | 2015 US\$'000 | 2014 US\$'000 |
|--------|---------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Wine a | and wine related products | 817 | 849 |

Stock is comprised of wine and wine related products, predominantly held in the subsidiary Armajaro Estates (Pty) Limited, South Africa.

Notes to the accounts (continued) Year ended 31 December 2015

| 14. Available-for-sale (AFS) investments | | |
|---|----------|----------|
| Group and company | 2015 | 2014 |
| | US\$'000 | US\$'000 |
| Investment at cost | | |
| 1 January 2015 | 5,335 | 9,789 |
| Additions | - | 1,732 |
| Disposals | (2,188) | (6,186) |
| 31 December 2015 | 3,147 | 5,335 |
| Unrealised gains | | |
| Unrealised gain at 1 January 2015 | 672 | 543 |
| Unrealised gain/(loss) during year | 75 | 273 |
| Realised (profit)/loss taken to profit and loss upon disposal | (171) | (144) |
| Unrealised gain at 31 December 2015 | 576 | 672 |
| Net book value | | |
| 1 January 2015 | 6,007 | 10,332 |
| 31 December 2015 | 3,723 | 6,007 |

During the year the group disposed several AFS investments: the investments originally cost US\$2,188,000 and were disposed of for cash proceeds of US\$2,360,000, generating US\$171,000 profit.

| 15. Debtors Amounts falling due within one year: | Group 2015 US\$'000 | Company 2015 US\$'000 | Group 2014 US\$'000 | Company 2014 US\$'000 |
|---|---------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Trade debtors | 16,212 | 4 | 10,771 | 135 |
| Due from other group undertakings | - | 16,512 | - | 9,805 |
| VAT | 188 | 188 | 334 | 294 |
| Other debtors | 22 | 22 | 893 | 21 |
| Prepayments and accrued income | 1,349 | 999 | 1,763 | 1,762 |
| Receivable foreign taxes | 4 | - | 83 | - |
| | 17,775 | 17,725 | 13,844 | 12,017 |

No trade debtors are past due. For all trade debtors that are not past due, the majority are counterparties with which the group has an established relationship. Credit quality of counterparties is discussed in note 2, Risk management procedures.

Notes to the accounts (continued) Year ended 31 December 2015

16. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

| | Group 2015 US\$'000 | Company 2015 US\$'000 | Group 2014 US\$'000 | Company 2014 US\$'000 |
|--|---------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Trade creditors | 1,034 | 52 | 1,012 | 121 |
| Due to other group undertakings | - | 5 | - | 1,252 |
| Corporation tax | 392 | 422 | 405 | 452 |
| Other creditors | 7,321 | - | 4,248 | - |
| Other financial liabilities | 14,761 | 10,364 | 16,305 | 10,645 |
| | 23,509 | 10,844 | 21,970 | 12,470 |
| 17. Share capital | | | 2015 US\$'000 | 2014 US\$'000 |
| Allotted, called up and paid | | | | |
| 32,500,000 (2015 - 32,500,000) 'A' ordinary shares of | f US\$0.1 each | | 3,250 | 3,250 |
| 6,500,000 (2015 – 6,500,000) 'E' ordinary shares of US | S\$0.1 each | | 650 | 650 |
| 20,000,000 (2015 - 20,000,000) 'Z' ordinary shares of | US\$0.1 each | | 9,000 | 9,000 |
| 20,000,000 (2015 - 20,000,000) 'Z1' ordinary shares of | US\$0.1 each | | 200 | 200 |

^{&#}x27;A' ordinary shares have voting rights attached to them, whereas 'E', 'Z' and 'Z1' ordinary shares do not.

18. Employee share scheme

1,794,000 (2014 - 1,794,000) of the company's issued E ordinary shares are held in two Trusts; Armajaro Holdings Limited Employee Share Trust (the 'Trust'), and the Armajaro Company Share Incentive Plan Trust ('CSIP Trust'). These shares were gifted to the Trust. In total 360,451 E ordinary shares have been transferred from the Trust to the CSIP Trust. No shares were transferred in the year (2014 - nil).

Free shares

No free shares were granted to employees from the CSIP Trust in the year (2014 - nil). No shares were forfeited by leavers (2014 - nil), and 9,127 shares were acquired from employees (2014 - 42,293). The number of shares in issue as at 31 December 2015 is 88,054 (2014 - 97,181). All shares must be held in the Trust under the CSIP Trust for a minimum of three years. If employees leave within the three year period their shares are forfeited 100% (leave within one year), 75% (leave within one and two years), 50% (leave within two and three years). The remaining portion of shares is repurchased by the Trust at the fair value on purchase date.

Share options

Options over E ordinary shares are exercisable at a price of £0.16, equal to the HM Revenue and Customs agreed fair value at grant date of the underlying shares. Details of share options granted over E ordinary shares are as follows:

13,100

13,100

Notes to the accounts (continued) Year ended 31 December 2015

18. Employee share scheme (continued)

| | 2015 No. share options | 2014 No. share options |
|---|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Outstanding at beginning of period | 156,000 | 195,000 |
| Share options exercised during the period | - | (39,000) |
| Share options forfeited during the period | - | - |
| Outstanding and exercisable at end of period | 156,000 | 156,000 |
| Details of share options granted over F ordinary shares are as follows: | 2015 | 2014 |
| | No. share options | No. share options |
| Outstanding at beginning of period | - | 544,358 |
| Share options exercised during the period | - | - |
| Share options forfeited during the period | - | (544,358) |
| Outstanding and exercisable at end of period | | _ |

The vesting period for share options on F ordinary shares is three years and options are forfeited if the employee leaves the Armajaro group before the options vest. No options (2014 - none) were exercised in the period and no options (2014 - 544,358) were forfeited in the period. There is no charge to be recognised in the statement of comprehensive income (2014 - USnil).

| 19. Minority interests | 2015 US\$'000 | 2014 US\$'000 |
|--|------------------|------------------|
| Opening minority interest Change in minority shareholding in AAM | 2,221 (2,201) | 2,649 (428) |
| Closing minority interest | 20 | 2,221 |

Notes to the accounts (continued) Year ended 31 December 2015

20. Financial instruments

In accordance with FRS 102, the Company has applied the recognition and measurement provisions of IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement (as adopted for the EU). Below is an analysis of the financial assets and liabilities into these categories.

| Fi | Notes | At fair value through P&L US\$'000 | Loans and receivables US\$'000 | Available for Sale US\$'000 | Cash and Cash Equivalents US\$'000 |
|----------------------------------|-------|--|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|
| Financial assets – Group 2015 | | | | | |
| Stocks held for trading | (a) | 817 | - | - | - |
| Trade and other debtors | (b) | - | 16,234 | - | - |
| Derivative financial instruments | (c) | - | - | - | - |
| Other investments | | - | 1,438 | 3,723 | - |
| Cash at bank and in hand | | - | - | - | 15,880 |
| 31 December 2015 | | 817 | 17,672 | 3,723 | 15,880 |
| Financial assets – Group 2014 | | | | | |
| Stocks held for trading | (a) | 849 | - | - | - |
| Trade and other debtors | (b) | - | 11,664 | - | - |
| Derivative financial instruments | (c) | - | - | - | - |
| Other investments | | - | 1,998 | 6,007 | - |
| Cash at bank and in hand | | - | - | - | 13,015 |
| 31 December 2014 | | 849 | 13,662 | 6,007 | 13,015 |

- (a) Stocks held for trading is treated as financial assets and are fair valued.
- (b) Trade and other debtors principally comprise amounts due from counterparties in respect of physical commodity contracts.
- (c) Derivative financial instruments represent fair value gains on forward physical and futures commodity contracts.

The carrying value of financial assets recorded in the financial statements represents the maximum exposure to credit risk for both the group and the company. None of the financial assets are secured by collateral or other credit enhancements. The directors consider that the carrying amount of financial assets approximates to their fair value.

Notes to the accounts (continued) Year ended 31 December 2015

20. Financial instruments (continued)

| | Notes | At fair value through P&L US\$'000 | Loans and receivables US\$'000 | Available for Sale US\$'000 | Cash and Cash Equivalents US\$'000 |
|---|-------|--|--------------------------------------|--|---|
| Financial assets – Company 2015 | | | | | |
| Trade and other debtors | | - | 26 | 2 722 | - |
| Other investments Cash at bank and in hand | | - | 1,438 | 3,723 | 2,090 |
| • | - | | 1.464 | 2 722 | |
| 31 December 2015 | = | - | 1,464 | 3,723 | 2,090 |
| Financial assets – Company 2014 | | | | | |
| Trade and other debtors | | | - 156 | - | - |
| Other investments | | | - 1,998 | 6,007 | ·- |
| Cash at bank and in hand | | | - | - | 519 |
| 31 December 2014 | | | - 2,154 | 6,007 | . 519 |
| Financial liabilities - Group 2015 | Notes | | | At fair value through P&L US\$'000 | Amortised cost US\$'000 |
| Amounts falling due within one year Trade and other creditors | (d) | | | - | 5,259 |
| 31 December 2015 | | | • | | 5,259 |
| Financial liabilities - Group 2014 | | | | | |
| Amounts falling due within one year Trade and other creditors | (d |) | | - | 3,382 |
| 31 December 2014 | | | | | 3,382 |

⁽d) Trade and other creditors principally comprise amounts due to counterparties in respect of amounts due under physical commodity contracts.

The directors consider that the carrying amount of financial liabilities approximates to their fair value.

Notes to the accounts (continued) Year ended 31 December 2015

20. Financial instruments (continued)

| Financial liabilities - Company 2015 | At fair value through P&L US\$'000 | Amortised cost US\$'000 |
|---|--|-------------------------|
| Amounts falling due within one year Trade and other creditors | | 52 |
| 31 December 2015 | | 52 |
| Financial liabilities - Company 2014 | | |
| Amounts falling due within one year Trade and other creditors | _ | 121 |
| 31 December 2014 | | 121 |
| Gains and losses arising on financial instruments - Group | 201 US\$'00 | |
| Available for sale investments (recognised in equity) Available for sale investments (recognised in profit and loss) | 7 (17) | 25 273 (144) |
| Available for sale investments (recognised in profit and ross) | (90 | |
| Gains and losses arising on financial instruments - Company | 2015 US\$'000 | 2014 US\$'000 |
| Available for sale investments (recognised in equity) Available for sale investments (recognised in profit and loss) | 75 (171) | 273 (144) |
| | (96) | . 129 |

Notes to the accounts (continued) Year ended 31 December 2015

20. Financial instruments (continued)

Maturity profile of financial liabilities - Group

The table below reflects the contractual maturities of the group's financial liabilities as at period end:

| 2015 | Repayable on demand US\$'000 | Due within 3 months US\$'000 | Due between 3 months and 1 year US\$'000 | Due between 1 year and 5 years US\$'000 | Due after 5 years US\$'000 | Total US\$'000 |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|--|----------------------------------|-------------------|
| Trade and other creditors | - | - | 5,259 | - | • | 5,259 |
| 2014 Trade and other creditors | - | - | 5,259 | - | | 5,259 |

Maturity profile of financial liabilities - Company

The table below reflects the contractual maturities of the company's financial liabilities as at period end:

| 2015 | Repayable on demand US\$'000 | Due within 3 months US\$'000 | Due between 3 months and 1 year US\$'000 | Due between 1 year and 5 years US\$'000 | Due after 5 years US\$'000 | Total US\$'000 |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|---|--|----------------------------------|-------------------|
| Trade and other creditors | - | - | 52 | - | - | 52 |
| 2014 Trade and other creditors | | - | 121 | - | - | 121 |

The following table provides an analysis of financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value, grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable:

- Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and
- Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

Notes to the accounts (continued) Year ended 31 December 2015

20. Financial instruments (continued)

Fair value measurements recognised in the balance sheet

| 2015 | Level 1 US\$'000 | Level 2 US\$'000 | Level 3 US\$'000 | Total US\$'000 |
|--|---|------------------------------|---|------------------------------|
| Available-for-sale financial assets | • | | | |
| Hedge fund investments | - | 3,723 | • | 3,723 |
| Total | | 3,723 | | 3,723 |
| 2014 | Level 1 US\$'000 | Level 2 US\$'000 | Level 3 US\$'000 | Total US\$'000 |
| Available-for-sale financial assets | | | | |
| Hedge fund investments | - | 6,007 | - | 6,007 |
| Total | | 12,334 | <u>-</u> | 12,334 |
| 21. Financial commitments | | | | |
| Minimum lease payments under non-cancellable | 20 | 15 | 20 | 14 |
| operating leases are as follows: | Land | | Land | |
| | and | | and | |
| | | | | |
| | buildings US\$'000 | Other US\$'000 | buildings US\$'000 | Other US\$'000 |
| Group | | | | |
| Group - within one year | | | | |
| | US\$'000 | | US\$'000 | |
| - within one year | US\$'000 432 | | US\$'000 | |
| within one yearbetween two and five years | US\$'000 432 | | US\$'000 | |
| within one yearbetween two and five years | US\$'000 432 1,727 - 2,158 | US\$'000 | US\$'000 380 - - 380 | US\$'000 |
| within one yearbetween two and five years | US\$'000 432 1,727 - 2,158 20 Land | US\$'000 | US\$'000 380 380 201 Land | US\$'000 |
| within one yearbetween two and five years | US\$'000 432 1,727 - 2,158 20 Land and | US\$'000 - - - - | US\$'000 380 380 Land and | US\$'000 - - - - |
| within one year between two and five years over five years | US\$'000 432 1,727 - 2,158 20 Land | US\$'000 | US\$'000 380 380 201 Land | US\$'000 |
| - within one year - between two and five years - over five years Company | US\$'000 432 1,727 - 2,158 20 Land and buildings US\$'000 | US\$'000 | US\$'000 380 380 20) Land and buildings US\$'000 | US\$'000 |
| - within one year - between two and five years - over five years Company - within one year | US\$'000 432 1,727 - 2,158 20 Land and buildings US\$'000 | US\$'000 | US\$'000 380 380 201 Land and buildings | US\$'000 |
| - within one year - between two and five years - over five years Company - within one year - between two and five years | US\$'000 432 1,727 - 2,158 20 Land and buildings US\$'000 | US\$'000 | US\$'000 380 380 20) Land and buildings US\$'000 | US\$'000 |
| - within one year - between two and five years - over five years Company - within one year | US\$'000 432 1,727 - 2,158 20 Land and buildings US\$'000 | US\$'000 | US\$'000 380 380 20) Land and buildings US\$'000 | US\$'000 |

Notes to the accounts (continued) Year ended 31 December 2015

22. Related party transactions

The group receives fee income from various funds under management. These funds have independent boards of directors, which demonstrates that the group and funds are free to pursue their own financial and operating policies, and as such, the funds are not considered to be a related party.

Key management personnel are considered to be the directors of the company. Key management personnel remuneration has been disclosed in note 7.

23. Post balance sheet events

There have been no significant events between the period end and the date of approval of these accounts which would require a change to or disclosure in the accounts.

24. Controlling party

Mr. A. Ward and Mr. R. Gower, directors of Armajaro Holdings Limited, jointly control the company as they control the majority of the issued share capital.