Euro-Tech Upvc Fabrications Ltd

Report and Accounts

30 April 2021

Accountants and Business Advisors
33 Wolverhampton Road
Cannock
Staffordshire
WS11 1AP

Euro-Tech Upvc Fabrications Ltd Registered number: 03554946 Balance Sheet

as at 30 April 2021

	Notes		2021		2020
			£		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		35,618		47,490
•					
Current assets					
Stocks		16,513		15,465	
Debtors	4	92,297		67,196	
Cash at bank and in hand		558,062		416,648	
		666,872		499,309	
O 101					
Creditors: amounts falling	5	(E00 000)		/26E 792\	
due within one year	5	(580,889)		(365,782)	
Net current assets			85,983		133,527
					·
Total assets less current		_		_	
liabilities			121,601		181,017
Provisions for liabilities			(663)		(663)
Troviolono for naominos			(000)		(000)
Net assets			120,938	_	180,354
0		_		_	
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100		100
Profit and loss account			120,838		180,254
Shareholders' funds		-	120.029	-	190 254
Shareholders Tulius		-	120,938	-	180,354

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Mr M Lynch Director Approved by the board on 8 June 2021

Euro-Tech Upvc Fabrications Ltd Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 30 April 2021

1 Accounting policies

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Motor vehicles

25% reducing balance

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Pensions

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

2	Employees	2021	2020
		Number	Number
	Average number of persons employed by the company	11	10
2	Tourible fixed access		
3	Tangible fixed assets		Motor
			vehicles
			£
	Cost		
	At 1 May 2020		106,740
	At 30 April 2021		106,740
	Depreciation		
	At 1 May 2020		59,250
	Charge for the year		11,872
	At 30 April 2021		71,122
	Net book value		
	At 30 April 2021		35,618
	At 30 April 2020		47,490
4	Debtors	2021	2020
		£	£
	Trade debtors	81,498	63,687
	Other debtors	10,799	3,509
		92,297	67,196
5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2021	2020
		£	£
	Trade creditors	40,494	84,378
	Amounts owed to group undertakings and undertakings in which		
	the company has a participating interest	453,250	210,354
	Corporation tax	60,940	53,723
	Other taxes and social security costs	25,782	14,385
	Other creditors	423	2,942
		580,889	365,782

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