Bally Gaming and Systems UK Limited Annual Report and Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 December 2020

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Officers and Professional Advisers

Year Ended 31 December 2020

Director C P James

Registered Office SG House

1 Howarth Court Gateway Crescent

Oldham OL9 9XB

Auditor Deloitte LLP

1 City Square

Leeds LS1 2AL

Bank of America Merrill Lynch

2 King Edward Street

London EC1A 1HQ

Strategic Report

Year Ended 31 December 2020

The Director presents the strategic report for Bally Gaming and Systems UK Limited ("the Company") for the year ended 31 December 2020.

Principal Activity

The Company is a holding company for Scientific Games Corporation, referred to as ("the Group")

Performance and KPIs

During the year the Company made a loss after tax of £4,665,000 (2019: loss after tax of £497,000). At the year end the Company has an investment value of £491,490,000 (2019: £496,659,000) and net assets of £500,069,000 (2019: £504,734,000). During the year, the Company's investments in Customized Games Limited and Red7Mobile Limited were reviewed and an impairment charge of £5,169,000 was recognised.

As a holding company there are not considered to be any KPIs. The Company is continuing to undertake liquidation proceedings for six of the dormant entities which it indirectly holds, these have been presented within note 10 of the financial statements.

Principal risks and uncertainties

The principal risk facing the Company is from its underlying investments, which are held in the Gaming industry. The Director and the management team monitor market conditions, general economic trends and competitor activity within its investments to ensure appropriate steps are taken to manage these risks.

Section 172(1) statement

In discharging her duty to promote the interests of the Company under section 172 of the Companies Act 2006, the Director of the Company has regard to a number of factors and stakeholders interests. These are described below.

The Company was formed in 2018 to act as an intermediate holding company within the Group. It undertakes no significant business activity. The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary and does not have any employees. Accordingly, the Director does not consider the factors listed in section 172 (1)(b) (interests' of the company's employees), section 172 (1)(d) (the impact of the Company's operations on the community and the environment) or Section 172 (1)(f) (need to act fairly between the members of the company) to be relevant to the proper discharge of his duty under section 172. The duties of the Director in promoting the interests of the Company are aligned with those of the Group as a whole.

Long term consequences of business decisions and maintaining reputation for high standards of business conduct. The Company and it's subsidiaries operate in a highly regulated sector, which is characterised by a large number of buyers and sellers and in an environment where maintaining a reputation for high standards is deemed to be critical. A number of the Company's subsidiaries have business relationships that can last upwards of ten years, accordingly, consideration of long-term consequences are an inherent part of the Company's decision-making processes. As a privately owned company which is ultimately held by Scientific Games Corporation the Director considers that the interests of the Company and its ultimate owners are aligned in seeking sustainable value creation over the longer term through the Company's subsidiaries, promoting long term strategic decision-making.

Identification of, and engagement with, stakeholder groups

The Company recognises the importance of maintaining strong relationships with its stakeholders in order to create sustainable long term value, and the Board encourages active dialogue and transparency with its stakeholder groups, particularly its customers and suppliers.

The Company has identified three main stakeholders which are relevant to the proper discharge of the duty of the Director of relevant group companies under section 172(1) to promote the success of the company. These are:

- The Company's customers;
- The Company's suppliers; and
- . The Company's lenders and owners.

Strategic Report (continued)

Year Ended 31 December 2020

Section 172(1) statement (continued)

Impact of the company's operations on the community and the environment

The Company and wider group operates in the gambling sector and as such believes in customers using its products responsibly.

The Company and wider Group support charitable initiatives and communities through a variety of programs, including direct financial donations and employee volunteer activities to ensure a proportion of business resources is allocated to improving the community in which it operates. Financial support is also offered to a number of responsible gaming organisations dedicated to problem gaming prevention and treatment.

The Company and wider group aims to build environment sustainability into each business process and function. By making sustainability an integral part of the Group's business operations, value is created for stakeholders at the same time as protecting the environment.

Need to act fairly as between members of the company

The Company is wholly owned by Bally Gaming and Systems Holdings Limited and ultimately owned by Scientific Games Corporation. All decisions made by the Director are fully aligned with the interests of these members.

Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies

Financial risk

All key financial figures are monitored on an ongoing basis.

Liquidity risk

In order to maintain liquidity to ensure sufficient funds are available for ongoing operations and future developments, the Company utilises available resources provided within the Group. Effective cashflow forecasting allows for the provision of Group resources for any significant cash outflows that could not be covered by the Company individually.

Brexit

On 31 December 2020, following long negotiations, the UK formally left the European Union. The Group is now operating in a post-Brexit environment; experience to date suggests the impact of Brexit on the Company is minimal. Whilst the longer-term outcomes cannot be predicted with any degree of accuracy, management will continue to monitor the situation closely.

Covid-19

During the year, the Coronavirus pandemic had an impact on a number of the Company's investment holdings; however, the impact was limited, and the financial impact was not as large as in many other industries. As such, there has been no impairment of any of the Company's investment holdings as a result of the Coronavirus pandemic.

Going concern

The Company is a holding company for Scientific Games Corporation. The Company does not have an active trading position and currently holds net assets of £500,069,000 at 31 December 2020. The Director has reviewed the forecast of the Company's activities for a period of at least 12 months from the signing of the Statement of Financial Position. Taking into account current market conditions, volatility and the impact of COVID-19 on the Company's activities, the Director is satisfied that the Company has adequate resources to continue in business for the foresecable future.

The Director has also received a letter of support provided by the Group's ultimate parent undertaking. The Director has reviewed forecasts at both an entity and group level, and whilst it is recognised that COVID-19 will have an adverse impact on future profitability and cash flow, it is satisfied of their ability to continue to support the Company.

For this reason, the Director continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the Financial Statements.

Bally Gaming and Systems UK Limited Strategic Report (continued) Year Ended 31 December 2020

Approved by the Board on 11 November 2021 and signed on its behalf by:

C P James

Director

Director's Report

Year Ended 31 December 2020

The Director presents the annual report, together with the audited financial statements, for Bally Gaming and Systems UK Limited ("the Company") for the year ended 31 December 2020.

Dividends

There have been no dividends proposed or paid during the year, and none are proposed to be paid. (2019: nil).

Directors

The Directors who served during the year, and subsequently, up to the date of this report were:

M Quartieri (resigned 26 June 2020)

M Eklund (appointed 26 June 2020, resigned 15 October 2021)

C James (appointed 15 October 2021)

None of the Directors who have held office held any interests in shares of the Company.

Political and charitable donations

The Company has not made any political or charitable donations during the year.

Future developments

The Company will continue to operate as a holding company.

Disclosure of Information in the Strategic Report

The Company has chosen in accordance with Companies Act 2006, s.414C(11) to set out the Company's Strategic Report information required by Large and Medium-sized Companies and Group (Accounts and Reports) Regulations 2008 Sch.7 to be contained in the Director's Report.

Auditor

Each of the persons who is a Director at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware;
 and
- they have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as Director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of section 418 of the Companies Act 2006.

Deloitte LLP have expressed their willingness to continue in office as auditor and appropriate arrangements have been put in place for them to be deemed reappointed as auditor in the absence of an Annual General Meeting.

Fostering Business Relationships

The Company recognises the importance of maintaining strong relationships with its stakeholders in order to create sustainable long-term value, and the Board encourages active dialogue and transparency with all its stakeholder groups. Further information is included in the Strategic Report.

Bally Gaming and Systems UK Limited Director's Report (continued)

Year Ended 31 December 2020

Sale of business

On 29 June 2021, the entity's parent company, Scientific Games Corporation, announced as part of its strategic review that it intends to divest its Sports Betting business. Bally Gaming and Systems UK Limited indirectly holds a number of subsidiaries that form a part of the Sports betting business unit. Following this on 27 September 2021, Scientific Games Corporation announced it had entered into a definitive agreement to sell its Sports Betting business to Endeavor Group Holdings, Inc. This agreement is subject to regulatory and shareholder approval.

Approved by the Board on 11 November 2021 and signed on its behalf by:

C P James Director

Bally Gaming and Systems UK Limited Statement of Director's Responsibilities

Year Ended 31 December 2020

The Director is responsible for preparing the Annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Director to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the Director has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the European Union and the parent company financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law), including FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework". Under company law the Director must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit and loss of the Company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the Director is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures
 disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The Director is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Group's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Group and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Bally Gaming and Systems UK Limited Year Ended 31 December 2020

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements of Bally Gaming and Systems UK Limited (the 'company'):

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2020 and its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, including Financial Reporting Standard 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework"; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements which comprise:

- the statement of comprehensive income;
- the statement of financial position;
- · the statement of changes in equity; and
- the related notes 1 to 17.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report.

We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the Financial Reporting Council's (the 'FRC's') Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Bally Gaming and Systems UK Limited (continued)

Year Ended 31 December 2020

Other information (continued)

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the statement of director's responsibilities, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below.

We considered the nature of the company's industry and its control environment, and reviewed the company's documentation of their policies and procedures relating to fraud and compliance with laws and regulations. We also enquired of management and internal audit about their own identification and assessment of the risks of irregularities.

We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks that the company operates in, and identified the key laws and regulations that:

- had a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the financial statements including IFRS, the Companies Act, Employment law and Anti-Money Laundering, Bribery and Corruption; and
- do not have a direct effect on the financial statements but compliance with which may be fundamental to
 the company's ability to operate or to avoid a material penalty. These included relevant laws and
 regulations applicable to the company and the sector it operates in.

We discussed among the audit engagement team including relevant internal specialists such as tax and IT specialists regarding the opportunities and incentives that may exist within the organisation for fraud and how and where fraud might occur in the financial statements.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Bally Gaming and Systems UK Limited (continued)

Year Ended 31 December 2020

Extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud (continued)
In common with all audits under ISAs (UK), we are also required to perform specific procedures to respond to the risk of management override. In addressing the risk of fraud through management override of controls, we tested the appropriateness of journal entries and other adjustments; assessed whether the judgements made in making accounting estimates are indicative of a potential bias; and evaluated the business rationale of any significant transactions that are unusual or outside the normal course of business.

In addition to the above, our procedures to respond to the risks identified included the following:

- reviewing financial statement disclosures by testing to supporting documentation to assess compliance with provisions of relevant laws and regulations described as having a direct effect on the financial statements;
- performing analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships that may indicate risks 'of material misstatement due to fraud;
- enquiring of management, internal audit and in-house legal counsel concerning actual and potential litigation and claims, and instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations; and
- · reading minutes of meetings of those charged with governance.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the strategic report and the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the strategic report and the directors' report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the strategic report or the directors' report.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report in respect of the following matters if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Bally Gaming and Systems UK Limited (continued)

Year Ended 31 December 2020

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Matthew Hughes BSc (Hons), ACA (Senior statutory auditor)

For and on behalf of Deloitte LLP

Natheex Hughas

Statutory Auditor

Leeds, United Kingdom

11 November 2021

Bally Gaming and Systems UK Limited Statement of Comprehensive Income For the Year Ended 31 December 2020

		2020	2019
	Note	£000	000£
Turnover	4	141	308
Cost of sales		<u> </u>	===
Gross profit	 -	141	308
Operating expenses		(121)	(61)
Impairment of investment in subsidiary		(5,169)	(895)
Operating loss	5	(5,149)	(648)
Interest payable and similar expenses	6	(179)	(179)
Net gain on foreign exchange differences		663	330
Loss before tax		(4,665)	(497)
Tax on loss	9	··	
Loss for the year		(4,665)	(497)
			need a commercial control

The above results were derived from continuing operations.

There were no items of income or expense for the period other than those included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

The notes form part of these financial statements.

Bally Gaming and Systems UK Limited Statement of Financial Position For the Year Ended 31 December 2020

	Note	2020 £000	2019 £000
Non-current assets			
Investments	10	491,490	496,659
Current assets			
Debtors	11	31,243	31,253
Cash at bank and in hand		70	87
Total current assets		31,313	31,340
Total assets		522,803	527,999
Trade and other payables	12	(22,734)	(21,907)
Total current liabilities		(22,734)	(21,907)
Provision for liabilities	13	÷	(1,358)
Net assets		500,069	504,734
Equity			
Called up share capital	15		.—
Share premium	16	491,109	491,109
Other reserves		4,500	4,500
Profit and loss account	,	4,460	9,125
Total Equity	•	500,069	504,734

The notes form part of these financial statements.

Approved by the Board and authorised for issue on 11 November 2021 by:

C P James Director

Company registration number: 03538502

Bally Gaming and Systems UK Limited Statement of Changes in Equity For the Year Ended 31 December 2020

	Called up Share Capital	Share · Premium	Profit & Loss Account	Other Reserves	Total
	(Note 15)	(Note 16)			
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Balance at 1 January 2019	 ;	490,359	9,622	4,500	504,481
Loss for the year and total comprehensive expense		·	(497)		(497)
Share issue	 .,	750	-	-	750
Balance at 31 December 2019		491,109	9,125	4,500	504,734
Loss for the year and total comprehensive expense		· · · · · ·	(4,665)	. -,	(4,665)
Balance at 31 December 2020		491,109	4,460	4,500	500,069

1 General Information

Bally Gaming and Systems UK Limited ('the Company') is a private company limited by share capital, registered in England and Wales and incorporated in the UK under the Companies Act 2006. The address of the registered office is:

SG House
1 Howarth Court
Gateway Crescent
Oldham
OL9 9XB

2 Significant accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework' and the Companies Act 2006 on a going concern basis using the historical cost convention.

The Company is exempt by virtue of Section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirement to prepare Group financial statements. The results of the Company are included in the consolidated accounts of the ultimate parent company, Scientific Games Corporation, which is a company registered in the United States of America - see note 16

Summary of disclosure exemptions

In preparing these financial statements the Company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions conferred by FRS 101, including:

- the requirements of IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows;
- the requirements of IAS 24 related party disclosures to disclose related party transactions entered into between two or more members of the group as they are wholly owned within the group;
- disclosure of key management personnel compensation;
- presentation of comparative reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year;
- the requirements of IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: disclosures, because equivalent disclosures are included within the consolidated financial statements in which the entity is consolidated;
- the requirements of paragraphs 91-99 of IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurements, because equivalent disclosures are included within the consolidated financial statements in which the entity is consolidated.

At the date of authorisation of these financial statements, The Group has not applied the following new and revised IFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective and in some cases had not yet been adopted by the EU:

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the Year Ended 31 December 2020

2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Amendments to References to the Amendments to References to the Conceptual Framework in IFRS Standards

Conceptual Framework in IFRS

Standards

IAS 1 and IAS 8 (amendments) Definition of material

Annual amendments to IFRS

Annual amendments to IFRS Standards 2018-2020

Standards 2018-2020

IAS 1 (amendments) Classification of liabilities as current or non-current

IAS 1 (amendments) Classification of liabilities as current or non-current - Deferral of effective date

IAS 1 and IFRS Practice Statement 2 (amendments) Disclosure of accounting policies

IAS 8 (amendments) Definition of accounting estimates

Going concern

The Company does not have an active trading position and has net assets of £500,069,000 (2019: £504,734,000) at 31 December 2020. The Company has received a parent company guarantee from it's ultimate parent company, Scientific Games Corporation. The Director has reviewed the forecast of the Company's activities for a period of at least 12 months from the signing of the Statement of Financial Position. Taking into account current market conditions, volatility and the impact of COVID-19 on the Company's activities, the Director is satisfied that the Company has adequate resources to continue in business for the foresceable future.

The Director has also received a letter of support provided by the Group's ultimate parent undertaking. The Director has reviewed forecasts at both an entity and group level, and whilst it is recognised that COVID-19 will have an adverse impact on future profitability and cash flow, it is satisfied of their ability to continue to support the Company.

For this reason, the Director continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the Financial Statements.

Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated to the Company's functional currency at the foreign exchange rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the Statement of Financial Position date are retranslated to the functional currency at the foreign exchange rate ruling at that date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are stated at fair value are retranslated to the functional currency at foreign exchange rates ruling at the dates the fair value was determined. Foreign exchange differences arising on translation are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Financial Instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Financial Instruments (continued)

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.

Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

Trade and other debtors/creditors

Trade and other debtors are recognised initially at transaction price less attributable transaction costs. Trade and other creditors are recognised initially at transaction price plus attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition they are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses in the case of trade debtors. If the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, for example if payment is deferred beyond normal business terms, then it is measured at the present value of future payments discounted at a market rate of instrument for a similar debt instrument.

Interest-bearing borrowings classified as basic financial instruments

Interest-bearing borrowings are recognised initially at the present value of future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Subsequent to initial recognition, interest-bearing borrowings are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses.

Investments in preference and ordinary shares

Investments in equity instruments are measured initially at fair value, which is normally the transaction price. Transaction costs are excluded if the investments are subsequently measured at fair value through profit and loss. Subsequent to initial recognition investments that can be measured reliably are measured at fair value with changes recognition in profit or loss. Other investments are measured at cost less impairment in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Financial Instruments (continued)

Investments in subsidiaries

These are separate financial statements of the company. Investments in subsidiaries are carried at cost less impairment.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances and call deposits. Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Company's cash management are included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the for the purpose only of the cash flow statement.

Turnover

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, net of discounts, VAT and other sales-related taxes.

Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised by reference to the relevant performance obligations which have been transferred to the customer, this has been determined as follows:

• Other income is recognised in the period it is receivable and to the extent that the Company has provided goods and services to the Group.

Taxation

Tax on the profit or loss for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the profit and loss account except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income, in which case it is recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income.

Current tax is the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the period, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous periods.

Deferred tax is provided on timing differences which arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rate that is expected to apply to the reversal of the related difference, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the Statement of Financial Position date. Deferred tax balances are not discounted.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that is it probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

3 Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The Director considers that there are no critical accounting judgements.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

Accounting estimates and assumptions are made concerning the future and, by their nature, will rarely equal the related actual outcome. The key assumptions and other sources of estimation uncertainty that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are as follows:

Investments in subsidiaries

A review of the indicators of impairment in the Company's investments is performed annually, if indications of impairment are discovered, a full impairment review by comparing the fair value of the investment to its carrying value is performed.

The fair value is calculated by estimating the future cash flows expected to arise within the investment and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate present value. In the event that the carrying value exceeds the fair value, an impairment charge is recorded in the operating income. An impairment charge of £5,169,000 (2019: £895,000) was recognised in the year ended 31 December 2020. See note 10 for further details.

4 Turnover

	2020	2019
	0003	£000
Sale of goods	102	268
License fees	39	40
	141	308
		1

All turnover in the current and prior year is derived within the United Kingdom.

5 Operating loss

Operating loss is stated after charging:

	2020	2019
	£000	£000
Auditor's remuneration - audit of financial statements	12	9
Auditor's remuneration - non-audit fees		

2020

2010

6 Interest payable and similar charges

6 Interest payable and similar charges		
	2020	2019
	0003	£000
Interest payable on loans from fellow subsidiaries	75	75
Interest payable on loans from other group companies	104	104
	179	179
7 Staff numbers and costs		
	2020	2019
	£000	£000
Wages and salaries		44
Social security costs	_	2
Pension contributions		1
		47
	2020	2019
Management and administration		1

8 Directors' remuneration

Directors were paid by other companies within the Group and are disclosed in the financial statements of those companies. It is not possible to determine the element of her remuneration which relates solely to services as Director of the Company.

9 Taxation

Total tax result

	2020 £000	2019 £000
Current tax	2000	2000
Current tax on income for the year		
Deferred tax		
Origination and reversal of timing differences		
Total tax expense included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income Account	·	
applied to loss for the year. The result for the year can be reconciled below:	2020	2019
	£000	£000
Loss before taxation	(4,665)	(497)
Tax at 19.00%	(886)	(94)
Effects of:		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	982	
Group relief (utilised)/surrendered	(96)	94

The Finance Act 2016 had previously enacted provisions to reduce the main rate of UK corporation tax to 17% from 1 April 2020 and accordingly the deferred tax at 31 December 2019 had been calculated at this rate. However, in the March 2020 budget it was announced that this reduction would not occur and the corporation tax rate would be held at 19%. The Provisional Collection of Taxes Act was used to substantively enact the revised 19% tax rate on 17 March 2020 and accordingly the deferred tax balances have been re-calculated to 19% at year end.

The March 2021 Budget announced a further increase to the main rate of corporation tax to 25% from April 2023, This rate has not been substantively enacted at the Balance Sheet date and as a result, the deferred tax balances as at 31 December 2020 continued to be measured at 19%.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the Year Ended 31 December 2020

10 Investments

	2020 £000	2019 £000
At 1 January 2020	497,554	500,677
Balance sheet reallocation		(3,123)
At 31 December 2020	497,554	497,554
Provision for impairment		
At I January 2020	(895)	
Charge	(5,169)	(895)
At 31 December 2020	(6,064)	(895)
Net book value	491,490	496,659

The Company tests impairments annually for impairment or more frequently if there are indications that investments might be impaired. Recoverable amounts are based on forecasts of future earnings in the medium term, which are based on expectations and past results. These forecasts are then extrapolated over the longer term and discounted at the company's weighted average which is currently 12.5%. Where no meaningful growth is expected in the medium term, investments are impaired to their net asset value. Using these measures the investment in Customized Games Limited has been impaired by £1,508,000 and Red7Mobile Limited has been impaired by £3,661,000.

The Company has the following direct and indirect subsidiaries:

Entity Name	Direct/Indirect Subsidiary	Address of registered office and principal business address	Identity and proportion of shares held (ordinary shares unless otherwise stated)	Principal activity
E-Sys Technologie Em Informatica S.A	Direct	Rua José Marques Pinheiro Filho, no. 301, Piso Superior, Vila Harmonia, CEP 14802-480, Araraquara, São Paulo, Brazil	70%	Content studio
Red7 Mobile Limited	Direct	1 Howarth Court, Gateway Crescent, Oldham OL9 9XB	100%	Content studio
Customized Games Limited	Direct	I Howarth Court, Gateway Crescent, Oldham OL9 9XB	100%	Content studio

Entity Name	Direct/Indirect Subsidiary	Address of registered office and principal business address	Identity and proportion of shares held (ordinary shares unless otherwise stated)	Principal activity
SG Digital UK Holdings Limited	Direct	1 Howarth Court, Gateway Crescent, Oldham OL9 9XB	100%	Intermediate holding company
NYX Gaming Group LLC	Indirect	6601 Bermuda Road, Las Vegas, Nevada, 89119, USA	100%	Intermediate holding company
NYX Digital Gaming (Americas) LLC	Indirect	6601 Bermuda Road, Las Vegas, Nevada, 89119, USA	100%	Distribution of digital sports and casino gaming
1044200B.C. Limited	Indirect	666 Burrard Street, Suite 1700, Park Place, Vancouver, BC, V6C 2X8, Canada	100%	Inactive entity
NYX Digital Gaming (OB Holdings) Limited	Indirect	4th Floor, Building 9, Chiswick Park, 566 Chiswick High Road, London W4 5XT	100%	Intermediate holding company * Put into a liquidation process in January 2019
NYX Digital Gaming (OB Holdings) Limited	Indirect	4th Floor, Building 9, Chiswick Park, 566 Chiswick High Road, London W4 5XT	100%	Intermediate holding company * Put into a liquidation process in January 2019
NYX Interactive AB	Indirect	Bryggargatan 4, 111 21, Stockholm, Sweden	100%	Distribution of digital casino gaming
NextGen Gaming Pty Limited	Indirect	Levels 5 and 6, 99 Mount Street, North Sydney, NSW 2060	100%	Content studio
NYX Digital Holdings (Bet Digital Holdings) Limited	Indirect	4th Floor, Building 9, Chiswick Park, 566 Chiswick High Road, London W4 5XT	100%	Intermediate holding company
ELKAB Studios AB	Indirect	111 64, Stockholm, Sweden	<10%	Content studio
CryptoLogic Limited	Indirect	The Grange, St. Peters Port, Guernsey, GY1 2QJ	100%	Inactive entity
CryptoLogic Malta Holding Limited	Indirect	Villa Semenzi, 8, Sir, Temi Zammit Avenue Ta' Xbiex XBX1011 Malta	100%	Inactive entity
WagerLogic Casino Software Limited	Indirect	Villa Semenzi, 8, Sir, Temi Zammit Avenue Ta' Xbiex XBX1011 Malta	100%	Inactive entity
CryptoLogic Asia Pacific Pte Limited	Indirect	180 Clemenceau Avenue, #02-02, Haw Par Centre, Singapore	100%	Inactive entity

Entity Name	Direct/Indirect Subsidiary	Address of registered office and principal business address	Identity and proportion of shares held (ordinary shares unless otherwise stated)	Principal activity
CryptoLogic Callco ULC	Indirect	1300-1969 Upper Water Street, Purdy's Wharf Tower II, Halifax, NS B3J 3R7	100%	Inactive entity
CryptoLogic Exchange Corporation	Indirect	199 Bay Street, Suite 5300, Commerce Court West, Toronto, ON M5L 1B9, Canada	100%	Inactive entity
Les Studio Side City Inc	Indirect	385, Place d'Youville, Suite 300 Montreal, QC H2Y 2B7, Canada	100%	Content studio
CryptoLogic Inc	Indirect	199 Bay Street, Suite 5300, Commerce Court West, Toronto, ON MSL 1B9, Canada	100%	Inactive entity
Davisville Game Studio Inc	Indirect	199 Bay Street, Suite 5300, Commerce Court West, Toronto, ON M5L 1B9, Canada	100%	Inactive entity
WagerLogic Limited	Indirect	P.C. 1095, Nicosia, Cyprus	100%	Inactive entity
A.L.I. Online Inc	Indirect	666 Burrard Street, Suite 1700, Park Place, Vancouver, BC, V6C 2X8, Canada	100%	Inactive entity
WagerLogic (UK) Limited	Indirect	4th Floor, Building 9, Chiswick Park, 566 Chiswick High Road, London W4 5XT	100%	Inactive entity
Hillbeck Trading Limited	Indirect	P.C. 1095, Nicosia, Cyprus	100%	Inactive entity
NYX Digital Gaming (Canada) ULC	Indirect	666 Burrard Street, Suite 1700, Park Place, Vancouver, BC, V6C 2X8, Canada	100%	Distribution of digital sports and casino gaming
NYX Digital Gaming (Alberta) Inc	Indirect	4300 Bankers Hall West, 888-3rd Street, S.W. Calgary, AB, T2P 5C5, Canada	100%	Content studio
Wagerlogic (Ireland) Limited	Indirect	Third Floor Marine House, Clanwilliam Place, Dublin 2, Republic of Ireland	100%	Inactive entity
NYX Digital Gaming (Malta Holdings) Limited	Indirect	Villa Scmenzi, 8, Sir, Temi Zammit Avenue Ta' Xbiex XBX1011 Malta	100%	Intermediate holding company
NYX Digital Gaming (Services) Limited	Indirect	Villa Semenzi, 8, Sir, Temi Zammit Avenue Ta' Xbiex XBX1011 Malta	100%	Distribution of digital casino gaming
NYX Digital Gaming (International) Limited	Indirect	Villa Semenzi, 8, Sir, Temi Zammit Avenue Ta' Xbiex XBX1011 Malta	100%	Distribution of digital casino gaming

Entity Name	Direct/Indirect Subsidiary	Address of registered office and principal business address	Identity and proportion of shares held (ordinary shares unless otherwise stated)	Principal activity
NYX Digital Gaming (Malta) Limited	Indirect	Vincenti Buildings, 28/19, Suite 1685, Strait Street, Valletta, Malta	100%	Inactive entity
NYX Digital Gaming (Gibraltar II) Limited	Indirect	57/63 Line Wall Road, PO Box 199, Gibraltar	100%	Inactive entity
NYX Digital Gaming (Guernscy) Limited	Indirect	The Grange, St. Peters Port, Guernsey, GY1 2QJ	100%	Intermediate holding company
OpenBet Technologies Limited	Indirect	4th Floor, Building 9, Chiswick Park, 566 Chiswick High Road, London W4 5XT	100%	Distribution of digital sports and casino gaming
SG Digital (Gibraltar) Limited	Indirect	57/63 Line Wall Road, PO Box 199, Gibraltar	100%	Distribution of digital sports and casino gaming
NYX Digital Gaming (USA) LLC	Indirect	6601 Bermuda Road, Las Vegas, Nevada, 89119, USA	100%	Distribution of digital sports and casino gaming
NYX Digital Gaming (OB SPV) Limited	Indirect	4th Floor, Building 9, Chiswick Park, 566 Chiswick High Road, London W4 5XT	100%	Intermediate holding company * Put into a liquidation process in January 2019
NYX Interactive Malta Limited	Indirect	Villa Semenzi, 8, Sir, Temi Zammit Avenue Ta' Xbiex XBX1011 Malta	100%	Distribution of digital casino gaming
NextGen Gaming (USA) LLC	Indirect	6601 Bermuda Road, Las Vegas, Nevada, 89119, USA	100%	Distribution of digital sports and casino gaming
OnGame Network Limited	Indirect	57/63 Line Wall Road, PO Box 199, Gibraltar	100%	Inactive entity
Game 360 S.R.L	Indirect	Via Euclide Turba, 1, 00195, Roma RM, Italy	100%	Distribution of digital sports and casino gaming
OBTopco Limited	Indirect	4th Floor, Building 9, Chiswick Park, 566 Chiswick High Road, London W4 5XT	100%	Intermediate holding company
OnGame Services AB	Indirect	Bryggargatan 4, 111 21, Stockholm, Sweden	100%	Intermediate holding company * Put into a liquidation process in January 2019
OB Midco Limited	Indirect	4th Floor, Building 9, Chiswick Park, 566 Chiswick High Road, London W4 5XT	100%	Intermediate holding company * Put into a liquidation process in January 2019

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the Year Ended 31 December 2020

Entity Name	Direct/Indirect Subsidiary	Address of registered office and principal business address	Identity and proportion of shares held (ordinary shares unless otherwise stated)	Principal activity
DMWSL 699 Limited	Indirect	4th Floor, Building 9, Chiswick Park, 566 Chiswick High Road, London W4 5XT	100%	Intermediate holding company * Put into a liquidation process in January 2019
OB Financing Limited	Indirect	4th Floor, Building 9, Chiswick Park, 566 Chiswick High Road, London W4 5XT	100%	Intermediate holding company * Put into a liquidation process in January 2019
OB Acquisition Limited	Indirect	4th Floor, Building 9, Chiswick Park, 566 Chiswick High Road, London W4 5XT	100%	Intermediate holding company
OpenBet Singapore Pte Limited	Indirect	6 Raffles Quay, #33-03, Singapore 048581	100%	Distribution of digital sports and casino gaming
OpenBet New Zealand Limited	Indirect	Level 12, 55 Shortland Street, Auckland, 1010 New Zealand	100%	Distribution of digital sports and casino gaming
OpenBct Limited	Indirect	4th Floor, Building 9, Chiswick Park, 566 Chiswick High Road, London W4 5XT	100%	Distribution of digital sports and casino gaming
OpenBet Retail Limited	Indirect	4th Floor, Building 9, Chiswick Park, 566 Chiswick High Road, London W4 5XT	100%	Distribution of digital sports and casino garning
Electracade Limited	Indirect	4th Floor, Building 9, Chiswick Park, 566 Chiswick High Road, London W4 5XT	100%	Distribution of digital sports and casino gaming
OpenBet Asia Pacific Pty Limited	Indirect	Tower Two Collins Square Level 3, 6727 Collins Street, Docklands VIC 3008	100%	Distribution of digital sports and casino gaming
OpenBet Hellas S.A.	Indirect	7 Fragkoklisias Street, Marousi 15125, Athens, Greece	.100%	Content studio
NYX Gaming (Krakow) sp z.o.o	Indirect	Al. 29 Listopada 20, 31-401, Krakow	100%	Content studio
NT Media Limited	Indirect	4th Floor, Building 9, Chiswick Park, 566 Chiswick High Road, London W4 5XT	100%	Intermediate holding company

Bally Gaming and Systems UK Limited Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

For the Year Ended 31 December 2020

11 Debtors

	2020	2019
	€000	£000
Trade debtors	53	48
Amounts owed by other group companies	2,551	2,476
Amounts owed by subsidiaries	26,019	25,994
Amounts owed by immediate parent company	2,620	2,735
	31,243	31,253

Amounts owed by other group companies, subsidiaries and the immediate parent company are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand. All related party transactions are carried out on an arm's length transaction basis.

12 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2020	2019
	£000	£000
Trade creditors		1
Amounts owed to other group companies	20,560	19,971
Amounts owed to subsidiaries	1,235	1,160
Other taxes and social security	188	5
Accruals and deferred income	12	31
Shares classified as liabilities (see note 14)	375	375
Accrued preference dividend (see note 14)	364	364
	22,734	21,907

Amounts owed to other group companies and subsidiaries are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand. All related party transactions are carried out on an arm's length transaction basis.

13 Provision for liabilities

	2020 £000	2019 £000
At 1 January	(1,358)	(1,358)
Settlement	1,358	
At 31 December		(1,358)

The deferred consideration to the former owners of Red7 Mobile Limited was paid on 12 February 2020.

14 Called up share capital and reserves

	2020	2019
	£000	£000
Allotted and fully paid		
7,500 ordinary 'A' shares of £0.01 each	_	-
2,500 ordinary 'B' shares of £0.01 cach		. —
	-	
Allotted and fully paid		
375,000 redeemable preference shares of £0.01 each	375	375

2 ordinary 'A' shares of £0.01 each were issued during the previous year following a group re-organisation, this was in exchange for share premium of £490,359,000 as shown in note 16 below.

The preference shares of the Company carry a cumulative right to dividends at a rate of 7.5% per annum. The preference shareholders have the right to one vote per share whilst preference dividends remain unpaid.

All the preference shares in the Company became redeemable in May 2003 when the Company was sold to SG Gaming Incorporated (formerly known as Bally Gaming Incorporated)

The arrears of fixed cumulative preference dividends are as follows:

	2020	2019
	£000	£000
Accrued preference dividend	364	364
		
15 Share premium account		
	2020	2019
	€000	£000
Balance at 1 January	491,109	490,359
Premium arising on issue of class A Shares (Note 15)	_	750
Balance at 31 December	491,109	491,109

16 Immediate parent disclosure

The immediate parent company is Bally Gaming and Systems Holdings Limited, which is registered in England and Wales. The ultimate parent company controlling party was Scientific Games Corporation, a Company incorporated in the United States of America. This is the smallest and largest company to prepare consolidated accounts. Copies of these financial statements, in which the Company's results are consolidated, can be obtained from Scientific Games Corporation, 6601 Bermuda Road, Las Vegas, NV 89119.

17 Post Statement of Financial Position Event

On 29 June 2021, the entity's parent company, Scientific Games Corporation, announced as part of its strategic review that it intends to divest its Sports Betting business. Bally Gaming and Systems UK Limited indirectly holds a number of subsidiaries that form a part of the Sports betting business unit. Following this on 27 September 2021, Scientific Games Corporation announced it had entered into a definitive agreement to sell its Sports Betting business to Endeavor Group Holdings, Inc. This agreement is subject to regulatory and shareholder approval.