BLACKSTONE CHAMBERS LIMITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2003



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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2003

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COMPANY INFORMATION

The board of directors

P. L. Baxendale T. A. G. Beazley R. Englehart C. J. R. Flint I. A. Mill

Company secretary

J. L. Hornor

Date of incorporation

13 March 1998

Registered office

Lynton House

7 - 12 Tavistock Square

London WC1H 9BQ

Auditors

BSG Valentine

Chartered Accountants & Registered Auditor

Lynton House

7 - 12 Tavistock Square London WC1H 9BQ

THE DIRECTORS' REPORT

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2003

The directors present their report and the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 March 2003.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND BUSINESS REVIEW

The principal activity of the company during the year was that of a service company for barristers.

The company acts as a service company for barristers and is registered as a trade association. The company does not aim to make a profit. Its goal is to provide facilities to members of chambers as economically as possible.

The service charge made to barrister by the company is calculated so as to provide sufficient cash to meet all liabilities as they fall due. This policy has resulted in a balance sheet deficit this year but the directors are confident that the finances of the company are secure and that all debts will be paid as they fall due.

THE DIRECTORS AND THEIR INTERESTS IN SHARES OF THE COMPANY

The directors who served the company during the year together with their beneficial interests in the shares of the company were as follows:

	Ordinary Shares of £1 each	
	At	
	31 March 2003	1 April 2002
P. L. Baxendale	1	1
T. A. G. Beazley	1	1
R. Englehart	1	1
C. J. R. Flint	1	1
I. A. Mill	1	1

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company at the end of the year and of the profit or loss for the year then ended.

In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to select suitable accounting policies, as described on page 7, and then apply them on a consistent basis, making judgements and estimates that are prudent and reasonable. The directors must also prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. The directors are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

DONATIONS

During the year the company made the following contributions:

	2003	2002
	£	£
Charitable	818	

AUDITORS

A resolution to re-appoint BSG Valentine as auditors for the ensuing year will be proposed at the annual general meeting in accordance with section 385 of the Companies Act 1985.

THE DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2003

SMALL COMPANY PROVISIONS

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part VII of the Companies Act 1985.

Registered office:
Lynton House
7 12 Tayistock Say

7 - 12 Tavistock Square

London

WC1H 9BQ

Signed by order of the directors

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J. L. HORNOR Company Secretary

Approved by the board on At December 2003

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2003

We have audited the financial statements on pages 5 to 9 which have been prepared in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective June 2002), under the historical cost convention and the accounting policies set out on page 7.

This report is made solely to the company's shareholders, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's shareholders those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's shareholders as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTORS AND THE AUDITORS

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and Accounting Standards are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities on page 2.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Directors' Report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it. Our responsibilities do not extend to any other information.

BASIS OF AUDIT OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

OPINION

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2003 and of its loss for the year then ended, and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Lynton House 7 - 12 Tavistock Square London WC1H 9BO

11-12-03

BSG VALENTINE Chartered Accountants & Registered Auditor

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PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2003

	Note	2003 £	2002 £
TURNOVER		2,875,654	2,701,776
Administrative expenses		(2,987,112)	(2,696,326)
OPERATING (LOSS)/PROFIT	2	(111,458)	5,450
Interest receivable Interest payable		4,854 (40,197)	6,868 (46,916)
LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXA	ATION	(146,801)	(34,598)
Tax on loss on ordinary activities		_	19,985
LOSS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		(146,801)	(14,613)
Balance brought forward		20,241	34,854
Balance carried forward		(126,560)	20,241

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 MARCH 2003

		2003		2002	
	Note	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets	3		554,106		712,090
CURRENT ASSETS Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	4	593,784 276,185 869,969		238,441 382,070 620,511	
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year	5	(881,212)		(743,284)	
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			(11,243)		(122,773)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT L	IABILITIE	S	542,863		589,317
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year	6		(669,418) (126,555)		(569,071) 20,246
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called-up equity share capital Profit and loss account	9		5 (<u>126,560)</u>		5 20,241
(DEFICIENCY)/SHAREHOLDERS' 1	FUNDS		(126,555)		20,246

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 and with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective June 2002).

These financial statements were approved by the directors on the and are signed on their behalf by:

C. I. R. FLINT

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2003

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective June 2002).

Turnover

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The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Office equipment

Over 3 years (straight line Method)

Fixtures and fittings

15% Straight line method

Computer equipment

Over 3 years (straight line Method)

Leasehold property

Over the term of the lease

Library

- 20% Straight line method

Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Pension costs

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company. The annual contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions:

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold;

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2003

2. OPERATING (LOSS)/PROFIT

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	Operating (loss)/pro	fit is stated afte	r charging/(cred	liting):			
					2003 £		2002 £
	Directors' emolumen Staff pension contrib Depreciation of own Profit on disposal of Auditors' fees	outions ed fixed assets			11,720 202,051 4,600		13,220 217,572 (2,427) 5,000
3.	TANGIBLE FIXEI) ASSETS					
		Office equipment £	Computer F equipment	ixtures and Fittings £	Leasehold property £	Library £	Total £
	COST At 1 Apr 2002 Additions	135,267	189,506 25,504	627,904 14,501	472,786 4,062	23,555	1,449,018 44,067
	At 31 Mar 2003	135,267	215,010	642,405	476,848	23,555	1,493,085
	DEPRECIATION At 1 Apr 2002 Charge for the year	96,704 23,546	155,565 31,458	359,310 96,360	107,317 45,976	18,032 4,711	736,928 202,051
	At 31 Mar 2003	120,250	187,023	455,670	153,293	22,743	938,979
	NET BOOK VALU At 31 Mar 2003	15,017	27,987	186,735	323,555	812	554,106
	At 31 Mar 2002	38,563	33,941	268,594	365,469	5,523	712,090
4.	DEBTORS						
	Trade debtors Other debtors				2003 £ 527,210 66,574 593,784		2002 £ 190,609 47,832 238,441
5.	CREDITORS: Amo	ounts falling di	ıe within one v	ear			
		······································	ze wienin one y		2003 £		2002 £
	Bank loans and overor Trade creditors Corporation tax Other taxation and so Other creditors				94,919 40,361 1 125,783 620,148 881,212		90,185 34,483 13,809 103,389 501,418 743,284

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2003

6. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year

2003	2002
£	£
669,418	569,071
	2003 £ 669,418

Bank borrowings are supported by guarantees from four of the Directors which are in turn supported by cross guarantees by all the barristers who use the facilities provided by the company.

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7. COMMITMENT'S UNDER OPERATING LEASES

At 31 March 2003 the company had aggregate annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as set out below.

	2003	2002
	£	£
Operating leases which expire:		
After more than 5 years	616,475	591,402
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8. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The company was not under the control of one controlling party but was under the control of the board of directors as a whole throughout the current and previous year.

No material transactions with related parties were undertaken such as are required to be disclosed under the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities.

9. SHARE CAPITAL

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Authorised share capital:

Ordinary shares of £1 each

•	2003	2002
100 Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100
Allotted, called up and fully paid:	2003	2002

No

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No

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