Report and Financial Statements

Year Ended

31 December 2013

Company Number 3513344

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Report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013

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Directors

M A Cairns

K Cooper

F Bakhos

J Al Thani

Z Guiziri

Secretary and registered office

K Cooper, 30 Portman Square, London, W1A 4ZX

Company number

3513344

Auditor

BDO LLP, 55 Baker Street, London, W1U 7EU

Strategic report for the year ended 31 December 2013

The directors present their strategic report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013.

Business review

Performance in 2013 was not comparable to 2012 where we saw two "unique" and "unrepeatable" events being hosted in the UK, The Queen's Golden Jubilee and The Olympic Games, attracting huge volumes of visitors, positively impacting the hotel performance by adding some £2m in hotel revenues and boosting the average room rate.

Taking into account the level of uncertainty typical of a post-Olympic year, 2013 has been a fairly good year. Turnover shows a decrease year on year of only 2.8% (2012 - increase of 13.4%) which reflects mainly the additional business generated by the Olympics in 2012.

The profit and loss account is set out on page 6 and shows turnover for the year of £40.5m (2012 - £41.6m) and a profit for the year of £6.7m (2012 - £9.2m).

During 2013 we have seen the hotel concentrate efforts on maintaining momentum in a post-Olympic year despite a revenue shortfall from non-repeat business.

The strong relationships that have been built up over the years with the hotel's accounts from varying segments and regular guests, helped us in replacing a portion of the lost business over periods that were seen as very low demand for the rest of London.

During 2013 we maintained our focused approach in driving sales both in the National and International markets with particular attention to the more "future proof" industries and geographical sources.

Despite our efforts to increase internal efficiency and undertake cost saving activities, gross operating profit (GOP) decreased £1.7m (8.3%) (2012 - increase of £3.4m, 19.5%) during 2013 mainly due to the combined effect of a loss in average daily rate (ADR), a change in revenue mix towards food and beverage revenue which carries a lower profitability compared to rooms revenue and a loss in highly profitable internet revenue which we decided to offer free of charge in line with our competitors.

The directors' strategy in 2014, is to continue to drive economic success through a focus on room rates while maintaining occupancy, increasing food and beverage covers whilst maintaining prices at competitive and affordable levels, controlling costs to levels in line with our growth and offering a first class provision of additional services and refurbished facilities.

There have been no events since the balance sheet date which materially affect the position of the company.

Principal risks and uncertainties

The hospitality industry in London remains highly competitive and the company seeks to manage the risk of losing customers to key competitors by focusing on anticipating, meeting and exceeding the expectations of our customers, encouraging client loyalty and extending retention.

The ongoing refurbishment of all public areas and guest-room facilities demonstrates our committment to reestablishing and re-positioning Hyatt Regency London - The Churchill as one of the leading hotels in London. We believe The Churchill is well placed to re-gain and sustain a definable advantage in its market place.

The company credit risk is primarily attributable to its trade debtors. Credit risk is well managed by running credit checks on new and existing custumers and by monitoring payments against contractual agreements.

Strategic report for the year ended 31 December 2013 (continued)

Approval

This Strategic Report was approved by the Board and signed on its behalf on 2 June 2014

M A Cairns

Director

Report of the directors for the year ended 31 December 2013

The directors present their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013.

Results and dividends

The profit and loss account is set out on page 7 and shows the profit for the year.

The directors do not recommend an ordinary dividend (2012 - £Nil).

Principal activities and future developments

The principal activity of the group is that of proprietor of the Hyatt Regency London - The Churchill, a five star deluxe Hotel with 434 bedrooms.

There have been no changes in the group's activities in the year under review.

Financial instruments

Details of the financial risk management objectives and polices and the use of financial instruments by the group are provided in note 22 to the financial statements.

Employment of disabled persons

The nature of the group's business is such that the duties of the majority of employees can only be performed by able-bodied people. Disabled people are not discriminated against when applying for suitable posts. Every effort is made to transfer employees becoming disabled to suitable posts within the group.

Employee involvement

The group's communications with employees are conducted informally through the established supervisory structure.

Directors

The directors of the company during the year and their interests in the ordinary share capital of the company

M A Cairns
K Cooper (appointed 1 August 2013)
F Bakhos (appointed 1 August 2013)
J Al Thani (appointed 1 August 2013)
Z Guiziri (appointed 1 August 2013)
S Moatassem (resigned 31 July 2013)
J O'Shea (resigned 18 April 2013)
J Rea (resigned 2 May 2013)

No director had any beneficial interest in the ordinary shares of the company at any time during the year.

Report of the directors for the year ended 31 December 2013 (continued)

Directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the strategic report, the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the group and company financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the group and company and of the profit or loss of the group for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Auditor

All of the current directors have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any information needed by the company's auditor for the purposes of their audit and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information. The directors are not aware of any relevant audit information of which the auditor is unaware.

BDO LLP have expressed their willingness to continue in office and a resolution to re-appoint them will be proposed at the annual general meeting.

On behalf of the Board

M A Cairns

Director

2 June 2014

Independent auditor's report

TO THE MEMBERS OF HAVANA HOLDINGS (UK) LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Havana Holdings (UK) Limited for the year ended 31 December 2013 which comprise the consolidated profit and loss account, the consolidated statement of total recognised gains and losses, the consolidated reconciliation of movement in shareholders' funds, the company reconciliation of movement in shareholders' funds, the consolidated and company balance sheets, the consolidated cash flow statement and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the statement of directors' responsibilities, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Financial Reporting Council's (FRC's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the FRC's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and the parent company's affairs as at 31 December 2013 and of the group's profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
 and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the strategic report and directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Independent auditor's report (continued)

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent company, or returns adequate for our audit
 have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the parent company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Marc Reinecke (senior statutory auditor)

For and on behalf of BDO LLP, statutory auditor

London

United Kingdom

2 June 2014

BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC305127).

Consolidated profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2013

	Note	2013 £'000	2012 £'000
Turnover	2	40,489	41,649
Raw materials and consumables Other external charges Staff costs Depreciation Other operating charges	3	(1,900) (1,432) (11,897) (6,227) (11,381)	(1,759) (1,118) (11,566) (5,632) (12,551)
Operating profit	4	7,652	9,023
Interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar charges Loss on disposal of fixed assets	5 6	198 (3,274) (167)	176 (2,608) (142)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		4,409	6,449
Taxation charge on profit from ordinary activities	7	(217)	(2,807)
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation	15	4,192	3,642

All amounts relate to continuing activities.

Consolidated statement of total recognised gains and losses for the year ended 31 December 2013

	Note	2013 £'000	2012 £'000
Profit for the year Actuarial gains/(losses) on defined benefit scheme	16	4,192 2,175	3,642 (1,951)
Deferred tax arising on actuarial gains and losses on defined benefit scheme		(690)	483
Total recognised gains and losses since last financial statements		5,677	2,174

Consolidated reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds and company reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds for the year ended 31 December 2013

Consolidated reconciliation of movements in shareholders' fund	ls		
	Note	2013 £'000	2012 £'000
Opening shareholders' funds		34,151	31,977
Profit for the year Actuarial gains/(losses) on defined benefit scheme Deferred tax arising on actuarial gains on defined benefit scheme	16	4,192 2,175 (690)	3,642 (1,951) 483
Net increase in shareholders' funds		5,677	2,174
Closing shareholders' funds		39,828	34,151
Company reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds			
Opening shareholders' funds Profit/(loss) for the year		7,453 3,277	9,356 (1,903)
Closing shareholders' funds		10,730	7,453

Consolidated balance sheet at 31 December 2013

Company number 3513344	Note	2013 £'000	2013 £'000	2012 £'000	2012 £'000
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	8		153,262		134,294
Current assets					
Stocks	10	464	•	462	
Debtors	11	3,654		3,895	
Cash at bank and in hand		15,384		16,001	
		19,502		20,358	
Creditors: amounts falling due	40	44 500		0.007	
within one year	12	11,509		8,827	
Net current assets			7,993		11,531
Total assets less current liabilities			161,255		145,825
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	13		122,038		110,472
Net assets excluding pension asset/(liability)			39,217		35,353
Pension asset/(liability)	16		611		(1,202)
			39,828		34,151
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	14		42,500		42,500
Share premium	15		5,000		5,000
Profit and loss account	15		(7,672)		(13,349)
Shareholders' funds			39,828		34,151

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 2 June 2014

M A Cairns **Director**

Company balance sheet at 31 December 2013

Company number 3513344	Note	2013 £'000	2013 £'000	2012 £'000	2012 £'000
Fixed assets Investments	9		120,138		120,138
Current assets			,		• •
Debtors	11	20,015		2	
Cash at bank and in hand	••	-		1,512	
		20,015		1,514	
Creditors: amounts falling due	12	7 205		3,727	
within one year	12	7,385		3,727	
Net current asset/(liabilities)			12,630		(2,213)
Total assets less current liabilities			132,768		117,925
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	13		122,038		110,472
			10,730		7,453
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	14		42,500		42,500
Share premium	15		5,000		5,000
Profit and loss account	15		(36,770)		(40,047)
Shareholders' funds			10,730		7,453
			P 3** Process of the		

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 2 June 2014

M A Cairns Director

Consolidated cash flow statement for the year ended 31 December 2013

	Note	2013 £'000	2013 £'000	2012 £'000	2012 £'000
Net cash inflow from operating activities	19		14,189		13,015
Returns on investments and servicing of finance Interest received Interest paid Debt issue costs		91 (2,722) (278)		16 (2,390)	
Net cash outflow from returns on investment and servicing finance			(2,909)		(2,374)
Taxation UK corporation tax paid			(1,486)		(1,680)
Capital expenditure Purchase of tangible fixed assets			(6,861)		(2,927)
Cash inflow before financing			2,933		6,034
Financing Bank loans repaid Increase in shareholder loan Shareholder loan repaid Loan from related party		(3,550) - (35,736) 35,736		(3,180) 1,058 - -	
Net cash flow from financing			(3,550)		(2,122)
(Decrease)/increase in cash	20		(617)		3,912

Major non cash transactions

During the year, the group's bank loan was increased by £18,500,000 in order to finance the extension of the lease held for the Hyatt Regency London - The Churchill Hotel, the cost of which was £24,179,000. The proceeds from the loan were paid directly by the bank to the landlord and as such the related cash inflow/outflow is not shown on the consolidated cash flow statement.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013

1 Accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and are in accordance with applicable accounting standards. The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

Basis of preparation

The directors have prepared projected cash flow information which take into account the measures that the management team have taken to ensure the group is best placed to meet the challenges of tougher trading conditions. On the basis of this cash flow information the directors consider that the group will be able to continue to meet its liabilities as they fall due and the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of Havana Holdings (UK) Limited and all of its subsidiaries. The results of companies acquired are included in the profit and loss account from the date of acquisition.

In accordance with the exemption allowed in Section 408 of Companies Act 2006, a separate profit and loss account dealing with the results of the company has not been prepared. The group profit for the year includes a profit of £3,276,900 (2012 - loss of £1,903,310) which is dealt with in the financial statements of the company.

Tumover

Turnover represents the invoiced value of goods and services, exclusive of VAT, provided to customers of the Hyatt Regency London - The Churchill, Portman Square, London. Turnover is recognised at the point the service is provided. Deposits are held on the balance sheet as a current liability and recognised in the profit and loss account when the service is provided.

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost or valuation, less estimated residual values, of all tangible fixed assets evenly over their expected useful lives. It is calculated on a straight line basis at the following rates:

Long leasehold land and buildings Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment 50 years

10 years

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date except that:

- deferred tax is not recognised on timing differences arising on revalued properties unless the company
 has entered into a binding sale agreement and is not proposing to take advantage of rollover relief; and
- the recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that the company anticipates to make sufficient taxable profits in the future to absorb the reversal of the underlying timing differences.

Deferred tax balances are not discounted.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013 (continued)

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Finance costs

Finance costs are charged to the profit and loss account over the term of the debt. Finance costs include issue costs which are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

Foreign currency

Foreign currency transactions are translated into sterling at the rates ruling when they occurred. Foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the rates ruling at the balance sheet date. Any differences are taken to the profit and loss account.

Leased assets

Annual rentals on operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.

Pensions

The group operates a defined benefit pension scheme.

For defined benefit schemes, pension scheme assets are measured using market values, and pension scheme liabilities are measured using a projected unit method and discounted at the current rate of return on a high quality corporate bond of equivalent term and currency to the liability.

The pension scheme surplus (to the extent that it is recoverable) or deficit is recognised in full. The movement in the scheme surplus/deficit is split between operating charges, finance items and, in the statement of total recognised gains and losses, actuarial gains and losses.

The group also operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions are recognised in the profit and loss account in the period to which they relate.

Discounted loan notes

The finance cost of discounted loan notes is calculated at a constant rate on the carrying amount such that the value of the initial proceeds from the loan notes and accrued interest will equal the value at which the loan notes are to be redeemed at the date of maturity.

Financial risk management

Exposure to movements in interest rates is reviewed regularly by the directors. The group utilises financial instruments to limited the group's exposure to movements in interest rates where in the opinion of the directors the expected benefits of such arrangements exceed the expected costs or at the request of the group's lenders.

Further information is provided in note 22 to the financial statements.

Investments

Investments held as fixed assets are stated at cost less any provision for diminution in value.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013 (continued)

2 Turnover

Turnover represents the invoiced value of goods and services, exclusive of VAT, provided to customers of the Hyatt Regency London - The Churchill Hotel, Portman Square, London. All revenue is generated in the United Kingdom.

The directors consider the whole of the activities of the group constitute a single class of business.

3	Directors and employees	2013	2012
	Staff costs (including directors) consist of:	£'000	£'000
	Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs	10,460 855 582	10,193 811 562
		11,897	11,566
	The average number of employees during the year was 342 (2012 - 313).		
	The directors received fees of £72,469 (2012 - £100,000) during the year.		
4	Operating profit	2013 £'000	2012 £'000
	This is arrived at after charging:		
	Depreciation on fixed assets Operating lease rentals: - land and buildings - plant and machinery	6,227 231 84	5,632 102 110
	Auditor's remuneration - audit of the company's accounts - audit of other group companies' accounts - taxation services - other services - assurance related services	18 46 20 146 20	17 46 24 77
5	Interest receivable and similar income	2013 £'000	2012 £'000
	Bank deposits Interest on pension scheme liabilities Expected return on pension scheme assets	91 (1,284) 1,391	16 (1,241) 1,401
		198	176
		-	

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013 (continued)

	Interest payable and similar charges	2013 £'000	2012 £'000
	Bank loans Loan arrangement fees	2,996 278	2,608
		3,274	2,608
7	Taxation on profit from ordinary activities		
	·	2013 £'000	2012 £'000
	Current tax	2 000	2 000
	UK corporation tax on profit of the year Adjustment in respect of previous years	- 12	2,293 (7
	Total current tax	12	2,286
	Deferred tax		
	Origination and reversal of temporary differences Impact of change in future rate of taxation	153 72	457 64
	Adjustment in respect of previous years	(20)	, 04
	Total deferred tax	205	521
	Tax charge on profit on ordinary activities	217	2,807
	The tax assessed for the year is different from the standard rate of corp	ooration tax in th	
	differences are explained below:		e UK. The
	differences are explained below:	2013	2012
	differences are explained below:	2013 £'000	
	differences are explained below: Profit on ordinary activities before tax		2012
		£'000	2012 £'000
	Profit on ordinary activities before tax Profit on ordinary activities at the standard rate of	£'000 4,409	2012 £'000 6,449
	Profit on ordinary activities before tax Profit on ordinary activities at the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 23.25% (2012 - 24.5%) Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	£'000 4,409 ————————————————————————————————————	2012 £'000 6,449 1,579
	Profit on ordinary activities before tax Profit on ordinary activities at the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 23.25% (2012 - 24.5%) Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Depreciation for year in excess of capital allowances	£'000 4,409 1,025 37 1,129	2012 £'000 6,449
	Profit on ordinary activities before tax Profit on ordinary activities at the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 23.25% (2012 - 24.5%) Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	£'000 4,409 ————————————————————————————————————	2012 £'000 6,449 1,579 43 922 (251)
	Profit on ordinary activities before tax Profit on ordinary activities at the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 23.25% (2012 - 24.5%) Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Depreciation for year in excess of capital allowances Difference between pension charge and amount paid	£'000 4,409 1,025 37 1,129 (215)	2012 £'000 6,449

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013 (continued)

8	Tangible assets - group	Long leasehold land and buildings £'000	Fixtures fittings and equipment £'000	Total £'000
	Cost	2 000	2 000	2 000
	At 1 January 2013 Additions Disposals	147,095 24,179 -	33,324 1,1832 (390)	180,419 25,362 (390)
	At 31 December 2013	171,2743	34,117	205,391
	Depreciation			
	At 1 January 2013	30,160	15,965	46,125
	Provided for the year Disposals	2,882 -	3,345 (223)	6,227 (223)
	At 31 December 2013	33,042	19,087	52,129
	Net book value			
	At 31 December 2013	138,232 	15,030	153,262
	At 31 December 2012	116,935	17,359	134,294

At 31 December 2013, the group was committed to capital expenditure not provided for totalling £464,000 (2012 - £173,000).

There were no fixed assets held within the company (2012 - £Nil).

9 Fixed asset investments

Company	2013 £'000	2012 £'000
Cost and net book value 1 January Increase in investment	120,138	72,838 47,300
At 31 December	120,138	120,138

During the prior year the company made a capital contribution of £47,300,000 to International Hoteliers (UK) Limited.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013 (continued)

9 Fixed asset investments (continued)

The company's subsidiaries, owned directly or indirectly and included within the consolidated financial statements are as follows:

	Name	Principal activities		ption and tion of held	Country of registration
	Primeairo Limited International Hoteliers (UK) Limited Churchill Group Limited	Holding company Hotel owning company Hoteliers	100% d	ordinary shares ordinary shares ordinary shares	England England
	Churchin Group Littilled	riotellers		deferred shares	England
10	Stocks			Group	Group
				2013	2012
				£'000	£'000
	Goods for resale			168	166
	Operating equipment	•			296
				464	462
11	Debtors				
		Group 2013	Group 2012	Company 2013	Company 2012
		£.000	£'000	£'000	£,000
	Trade debtors	2,568	2,632	-	-
	Other debtors	49	54	5	2
	Deferred tax	325	530	-	-
	Prepayments and accrued income	712	679	20.040	-
	Due from subsidiary undertakings	<u>-</u>		20,010	-
		3,654	3,895	20,015	2

All debtors fall due within one year. No interest is charged on the amount due from the subsidiary undertaking.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013 (continued)

11	Debtors (continued)				Deferred taxation
	Deferred taxation				£'000
	At 1 January 2013 Released in the year (note 7)				530 (205)
	At 31 December 2013				325
	Group		٠		
		2013 Provided £'000	2012 Provided £'000	2013 Unprovided £'000	2012 Unprovided £'000
	Unrelieved tax losses Decelerated capital allowances Other timing difference Interest payable	205 - -	530 - -	1,305 - 205 1,143	1,363 - 2,791 1,314
	Asset	205	530	2,653	5,468
	Company	2013 Provided £'000	2012 Provided £'000	2013 Unprovided £'000	2012 Unprovided £'000
	Short term timing difference Unrelieved tax losses Interest payable	- - -	- -	554 205 1,143	2,791 236 1,314
	Asset	-	-	1,902	4,341

The deferred tax assets have not been provided for as there is currently insufficient evidence that any assets would be recoverable in the near future.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013 (continued)

12	Creditors: amounts falling due within	one year			
		Group 2013 £'000	Group 2012 £'000	Company 2013 £'000	Company 2012 £'000
	Bank loans (note 13) Amounts owed to parent	3,920	3,180	3,920	3,180
	undertakings	2,777	-	2,777	-
	Trade creditors	778	898		_
	Other taxation and social security	1,083	779	-	-
	Corporation tax	12	1,486	-	-
	Accruals and deferred income	2,939	2,484	688	547
		11,509	8,827	7,385	3,727
13	Creditors: amounts falling due after m	ore than one yea	ar		
		Group	Group	Company	Company
		2013	2012	2013	2012
		£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
	Amounts owed to parent undertaking	-	38,513	-	38,513
	Loan from related party	35,736	-	35,736	-
	Bank loan (secured)	86,302	71,959 ————	86,302	71,959
		122,038	110,472	122,038	110,472

The bank loan is secured by a fixed and floating charge over the assets of the group. Interest on the bank loan is charged at 1.75% above LIBOR.

The Group's bank facility is covered by an interest rate swap with a fair value at 31 December 2013 of £847,902 (2012 - £1,780,553). This swap fixes LIBOR at 1.44%.

The repayments on this loan are as follows:

	2013 £'000	2012 £'000
In one year or less In more than one year but not more than two years In more than two years but not more than five years	3,920 86,302 -	3,180 3,180 68,779
	90,222	75,139
		70,100

During the year £35,736,000 of the loan from the parent undertaking was repaid and a new loan of £35,736,000 was taken out with Stella Hotels S.A., a related party. The loan is repayable on 9 December 2016 and interest is charged at a fixed rate of 8% per annum on £23,000,000 of the loan with the remainder being interest free. The balance of £2,777,000 of the loan from the parent undertaking is now repayable during 2014 and therefore has been reclassified to amounts falling due within one year.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013 (continued)

14	Share capital		Authori		
		2013	2012	sea 2013	2012
		Number	Number	£'000	£,000
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	100,000,000	100,000,000	100,000	100,000
		0040	Allotted, called up		0040
		2013 Number	2012 Number	2013 £'000	2012 £'000
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	42,500,000	42,500,000	42,500	42,500
15	Reserves			Group £'000	Company £'000
	Share premium At 1 January 2013 and at 31 December 1	ber 2013		5,000	5,000
	Profit and loss account At 1 January 2013 Profit for the year Net actuarial gain on pension schem	e liability		(13,349) 4,192 1,485	(40,047) 3,277
	At 31 December 2013			7,672	(36,770)

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013 (continued)

16 Pension costs

The group operates a funded defined benefit pension scheme. The assets of the Scheme are held separately from those of the group. The pension cost is assessed in accordance with the advice of a professionally qualified actuary.

A full actuarial valuation of the Defined Benefit Scheme was carried out at 6 April 2013 and updated to December 2013 by a qualified independent actuary on a FRS 17 basis.

Contributions of £664,000 were made in the period to 31 December 2013 (31 December 2012 - £670,000). It has been agreed with the trustees that the company will continue to contribute to the Scheme at current levels, and contributions of approximately £845,000 are expected to be paid in 2014.

Details of the Scheme are given below:	2013	2012
Change in benefit obligation during the year:	£'000	£'000
Benefit obligation at beginning of year	(29,541)	(25,774)
Movement in year: Current service cost Interest cost Scheme participants contributions Actuarial gain/(loss) Benefits paid from Scheme Administrative expenses paid	(443) (1,284) (72) 1,454 804 163	(400) (1,241) (71) (2,922) 681 186
Benefit obligation at end of year	(28,919)	(29,541)
Change in Scheme assets during the year:		
Fair value of Scheme assets at beginning of year	27,802	25,556
Movement in year: Expected return on Scheme assets Actuarial gains on Scheme assets Employer contributions Member contributions Benefits paid from Scheme Administrative expenses paid	1,391 721 664 72 (804) (163)	1,401 971 670 71 (681) (186)
Fair value of Scheme assets at end of year	29,683	27,802

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013 (continued)

16	Pension costs (continued)	2013	2012
	Amounts recognised in the balance sheet:	£'000	£'000
	Present value of wholly or partly funded obligations Fair value of Scheme assets	(28,919) 29,683	(29,541) 27,802
	Scheme surplus/(deficit) Related deferred tax (liability)/asset	764 (153)	(1,739) 537
	Net asset/(liability)	611	(1,202)
	Components of pension cost:		
	Amount recognised in profit and loss statement		
	Current service cost (included within staff costs) Interest on pension liabilities (included within interest receivable) Expected return on Scheme assets (included within interest receivable)	(443) (1,284) 1,391	(400) (1,241) 1,401
		(336)	(240)
	Analysis of amount recognised in statement of total recognised gains and losses ("STRGL"):		
	Actuarial gains/(losses)	2,175	(1,951)
	Cumulative amount of actuarial losses recognised in the statement of total recognised gains and losses	(2,639)	(4,814)

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013 (continued)

6	Pension costs (continued)	2013	2012
	Principal actuarial assumptions:		
	Assumptions to determine benefit obligations		
	Discount rate Rate of compensation increase Rate of price inflation Rate of pension increases (in-payment benefits) Rate of pension increases (deferred benefits)	4.40% 3.35% 3.35% 5.00% 2.35%	4.40% 3.65% 2.65% 5.00% 1.90%
	Assumptions to determine net pension cost		
	Discount rate Expected long-term rate of return on plan assets Rate of compensation increase Rate of price inflation Rate of pension increases (in-payment benefits) Rate of pension increases (deferred benefits)	4.40% 5.00% 3.65% 2.65% 5.00% 1.90%	4.90% 5.50% 3.75% 2.75% 5.00% 1.75%
	Weighted average life expectancy on post-retirement mortality table used to determine benefit obligation for:		
	Members aged 65 (current life expectancy) Members aged 40 (life expectancy at age 65)	22.3 years 23.9 years	23.2 years 24.9 years
	Scheme assets		
	Percentage of Scheme assets by asset allocation		
	Equities Debt Real estate/property Other	40.30% 49.40% 10.20% 0.10%	41.10% 52.00% 6.40% 0.50%
	Other finance expenses	100.00%	100.00%
	Expected long term rate of return on Scheme assets during the financial year	5.25%	5.50%

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013 (continued)

16 Pension costs (continued)

To develop the expected long term rate of return on Scheme assets assumption, the company considered the current level of expected return on risk free investments (primarily government bonds), the historical level of the risk premium associated with the other asset classes in which the portfolio is invested and the expectations for future returns of each asset class. The expected return for each asset class was then weighted based on the target asset allocation to develop the expected long-term rate of return on Scheme assets assumption for the portfolio.

				2013 £'000	2012 £'000
Actual return on Schem	ne assets			2,112	2,372
Five year history of so	cheme surplus/(d	eficit):			
	2013 £'000	2012 £'000	2011 £'000	2010 £'000	2009 £'000
Defined benefit obligation Fair value of	(28,919)	(29,541)	(25,774)	(23,410)	(20,643)
Scheme assets	29,683	27,802	25,556 ————	21,928	18,982
Surplus/(deficit) of the scheme	764	(1,739)	(218)	(1,482)	(1,661)
Experience adjustmer	nts arising on:				
	2013 £'000	2012 £'000	2011 £'000	2010 £'000	2009 £'000
Scheme liabilities Scheme assets	(443) 1,391	(400) 1,401	(419) 1,433	(360) 1,242	(295) 1,099
Polonee about recens	iliation			2013 £'000	2012 £'000
Balance sheet reconci		of year		(1,739)	(218)
Pension expense recog	nised in profit and			• • •	, ,
account in the financial Amounts recognised in		ncial vear		(336) 2,175	(240) (1,951)
Actual contributions ma	de by the company	y in the financial y	ear	664	670
Gross balance sheet as	set/(liability) at end	d of year		764	(1,739)

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013 (continued)

17 Commitments under operating leases

At 31 December 2013, the group had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as set out below:

Operating leases which expire:	Land and buildings 2013 £'000	Other 2013 £'000	Land and buildings 2012 £'000	Other 2012 £'000
In one to two years In two to five years After five years	- 84 200	11 52 -	- 84 7	34 52
	284	63	91	86

18 Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption conferred by Financial Reporting Standard 8, Related Party Disclosures, not to disclose transactions with group companies, on the basis that it is 100% controlled within the group and prepares consolidated financial statements which are publicly available.

During the year the ultimate parent company, Sandwood Worldwide Limited provided a loan of £4,435,000 to the group. This was fully repaid during the year with no interest paid or payable.

During the year the company repaid loan notes totalling £35,736,000 to its ultimate parent company and took out a loan of £35,736,000 with Stellar Hotels S.A., a company with the same beneficial owner. The terms of the loan are disclosed in note 13 to the financial statements. During the year interest of £110,900 was charged on this loan, which was included in accruals at year end.

At the year end, the group and company owed £2,777,000 to their ultimate parent and £35,736,000 to Stellar Hotels S.A..

19 Reconciliation of operating profit to net cash inflow from operating activities

	2013 £'000	2012 £'000
Operating profit	7,652	9,023
Depreciation	6,227	5,632
Decrease/increase) in debtors	36	(595)
Increase/(decrease) in creditors	497	(737)
Increase in stock	(2)	(38)
FRS 17 adjustment	(221)	(270)
	14,189	13,015

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013 (continued)

20	Reconciliation of net cash inflow to	movement in net o	lebt		
				2013 £'000	2012 £'000
	(Decrease)/increase in cash in the year	ar		(617)	3,912
	Movement in net debt resulting from ca Other non-cash movements	ash flows		3,180 (18,263)	2,122 (133)
	Movement in net debt in the year			(15,700)	5,901
	Opening net debt			(97,651)	(103,552)
	Closing net debt			(113,351)	(97,651)
21	Analysis of changes in net debt	At 1 January 2013 £'000	Cash flow £'000	Other non-cash movements £'000	At 31 December 2013 £'000
	Cash at bank and in hand	16,001	(617)	-	15,384
	Debt due within one year: Bank loans Advances from parent company	(3,180)	3,180 -	(3,920) (2,777)	(3,920) (2,777)
	Debt due after one year: Bank loans Advances from parent company Loan from related party	(71,959) (38,513) -	35,736 (35,736)	(14,343) 2,777 -	(86,302) - (35,736)
		(97,651)	2,563	(18,263)	(113,351)

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013 (continued)

22 Financial instruments

The group holds or issues financial instruments to finance its operations and enters into contracts to manage risks arising from those operations and its sources of finance in accordance with its accounting policies.

In addition, various financial instruments such as trade debtors and trade creditors arise directly from the group's operations.

Operations are financed by a mixture of retained profits and loans from group undertaking. Working capital requirements are funded principally out of group loans and retained profits.

23 Ultimate parent company

At 31 December 2013 the company's immediate and ultimate parent company was Sandwood Worldwide Limited a company registered in the British Virgin Islands. The beneficial owner of Sandwood Worldwide Limited is Sheikh Hamad bin Jassim bin Jaber Al Thani.