Report and Financial Statements

31 December 2014

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REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2014

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REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2014

OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

DIRECTORS

T Koniordos M F Donahue A De Greef-Safft (resigned 25 July 2014) T Havholme (resigned 1 October 2014) S P Lovass (appointed 25 July 2014) A Junker (appointed 1 October 2014)

SECRETARY

Bird & Bird Company Secretaries Limited

REGISTERED OFFICE

90 Fetter Lane London EC4A 1EQ

BANKER

HSBC plc 49 Corn Street Bristol BS99 7PP

SOLICITOR

Dorsey & Whitney LLP 21 Wilson Street London EC2M 2TD

AUDITOR

KPMG LLP Quayside House 110 Quayside Newcastle upon Tyne NE1 3DX

STRATEGIC REPORT

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The company is principally engaged in the design and manufacture of pressure sensors that are sold through the various sales channels of its parent companies. Key markets for the company include Industrial, Mobile Hydraulics and HVAC/R.

BUSINESS MODEL

The aim of the company is to deliver high quality, low cost pressure sensors which add value to the customer and enable its parent companies to compete in global markets.

The company continues to focus on driving lean manufacturing practices utilizing the extensive resources of its shareholders. Critical focus areas are quality, on time delivery and cost reduction, utilizing these as market differentiators and becoming the supplier of choice for our customers.

BUSINESS REVIEW AND RESULTS

Turnover for the year increased 3.7% to £9,811,000 (2013: £9,460,000). The directors feel that this performance to market continues to demonstrate the broad appeal for the Senstronics pressure transducer line.

The company procures 85% of its material needs from low cost regions, primarily China. These purchases are also mainly denominated in US Dollars which the company naturally hedges by invoicing most of its sales in US Dollars.

Source Country	% of Material Purchases		
China	70%		
Malaysia	15%		
Europe (including the UK)	1%		
North America	14%		

Senstronics' strives to be an environmentally friendly manufacturer seeking new ways to reduce energy consumption, decrease the use of consumable materials in the manufacturing process and increase recycling of packaging and other materials.

KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS (KPIs)

The company sets performance targets in all areas of its business. Performance is measured against a broad range of financial and business metrics. This enables the board to measure progress in the business.

KPIs are measured in quality, yield, on time delivery, procurement costs and variances together with a range of financial performance ratios.

Company financial performance KPI's relating to revenue, EBIT and cash levels were achieved in the year to the satisfaction of the directors.

FUTURE PROSPECTS

The directors continue to expect to drive growth organically which will result in higher sales volumes in 2015. New product development will continue to provide increased access to new applications and markets.

STRATEGIC REPORT

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The company manufactures product that is sold into different markets by its parent companies. Competition is robust in these markets where performance, cost and sensor package size are key differentiators. The directors feel that our products are well suited to compete globally. Treasury management is considered to be a high priority and is monitored on an ongoing basis to optimise cash flow to continue to fund both new product development as well investments in manufacturing capacity where necessary.

On behalf of the Board

M F Donahue

Director

Date: 22 April 2015

90 Fetter Lane London EC4A 1EQ

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their annual report on the affairs of the company, together with the financial statements and independent auditor's report for the company for the year ended 31 December 2014.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The company's profit for the financial year was £779,379 (2013: £549,148). The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2013: £nil).

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

During the year the company continued its development of high pressure sensors. The associated direct costs amounted to £20,984 (2013: £28,620) and have been charged to the profit and loss account. Continuing investment in Research and Development supports the opening of new market potential which allows Senstronics to maintain its current growth rate.

GOING CONCERN

After making enquiries, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, the directors have adopted the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

Further details regarding the adoption of the going concern basis can be found in the accounting policies note, on page 10 of the financial statements.

DIRECTORS

The directors who served during the year were as follows:

T Koniordos

(Chairman)

M F Donahue

A De Greef-Safft (resigned 25 July 2014),

T Havholme

(resigned 1 October 2014)

S P Lovass

(appointed 25 July 2014)

A Junker

(appointed 1 October 2014)

DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITOR

The Directors who held office at the date of approval of this Directors' report confirm that, so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware; and each director has taken all the steps that he or she ought to have taken as a director to make himself or herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

AUDITOR

Pursuant to Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditor will be deemed to be reappointed and KPMG LLP will therefore continue in office.

On behalf of the Board

M F Donahue

Director

Date: 22 APRIL 2015

90 Fetter Lane London EC4A 1EQ

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE STRATEGIC REPORT, DIRECTORS' REPORT AND THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the company's website. Legislation in the UK governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SENSTRONICS LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Senstronics Limited for the year ended 31 December 2014 set out on pages 7 to 18. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 5, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit, and express an opinion on, the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2014 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice: and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Nick Plumb (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor

Chartered Accountants

Quayside House

110 Quayside

Newcastle upon Tyne

NE1 3DX

Date: 22 April 2015

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT For the year ended 31 December 2014

		÷	Note	2014 £000	2013 £000
TURNOVER	•		2	9,811	9,460
Cost of sales				(6,072)	(5,962)
GROSS PROFIT				3,739	3 <u>,</u> 498
Distribution costs			•	(266)	(273)
Administrative expenses				(2,694)	(2,676)
OPERATING PROFIT	· ·			779	549
Interest payable and similar charges			5	0	0
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BI	EFORE				
TAXATION			2-5	779	549
Tax on profit on ordinary activities			6	0	. 0
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	÷ ·		12	779	549

There were no recognised gains or losses other than the results shown above, all of which is derived from continuing operations.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this profit and loss account.'

Registered number 3504198

BALANCE SHEET At 31 December 2014

	Note	2014 £000	2013 £000
FIXED ASSETS			
Tangible assets	7	676_	564
		676	564
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stocks	8	980	907
Debtors	9	2,230	1,697
Cash at bank and in hand		1,544	1,349
		4,754	3,953
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	10 _	(1,437)	(1,303)_
NET CURRENT ASSETS	· ·	3,317	2,650
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		3,993	3,214
NET ASSETS		3,993	3,214
			•••
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	11	7,733	7,733
Share premium account	, 12	14,759	14,759
Other reserves	12	705	705
Profit and loss account	12 _	(19,204)	(19,983)
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	12	3,993	3,214

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on

22 APRIL 2015

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors

Director

M F Donahue

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this balance sheet.

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

Year ended 31 December 2014

	-	2014	2013	
	Note	€000	2000	
Net cash inflow from operating activities	14	477	582	
Returns on investment and servicing of finance		•		
Interest received			0.	
		477	582	
Capital expenditure				
Purchase of tangible fixed assets	-	(282)	(87)	
Increase in cash	14	195	495	

RECONCILIATION OF NET CASH FLOW TO MOVEMENT IN NET FUNDS

N. 20				2014 £000	2013 £000
Increase in	cash in the year	r	•	195	495
Opening ne	-	. ,		 1,349	854
Closing ne	t funds			1,544	1,349

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2014

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards, which have been applied consistently throughout the current and prior periods. The particular accounting policies adopted in dealing with items considered material to the financial statements are described below.

Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention.

Going concern

The company's business activities, together with the factors likely to affect its future development, performance and position are set out in the Strategic Report on page 2.

The company meets its day to day working capital requirements through cash generated from operations. In addition the company and its immediate parent undertaking, Senstronics Holdings Limited, are the subject of a joint venture agreement under which the participating shareholders have agreed to make additional funds available to the group headed by Senstronics Holdings Limited in the event such funds are required.

The directors believe that the company is well placed to successfully manage its business risks. The risks may include economic conditions that could create an element of uncertainty over demand for the company's products and services. The company's forecasts and projections, taking into account reasonably possible changes in trading performance, show that the company is expected to have a sufficient level of financial resources available despite any economic uncertainty that may develop.

After making enquiries, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

Turnover

Turnover represents the value of sales of high pressure sensors to third parties, net of trade discounts and value added tax. Turnover is recognised when the sensors are despatched to third parties.

Research and development

Expenditure incurred on research and development is charged to the profit and loss account as incurred.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at acquisition cost less provision for impairment. Depreciation is charged to the profit and loss account so as to write off the cost of tangible fixed assets to their estimated residual value over their estimated useful economic lives using the straight line method.

The estimated useful economic lives are as follows:

Plant and machinery 3 to 10 years Fixtures, fittings and office equipment 3 years

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises the purchase cost of raw materials plus all directly related conversion costs. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price, less further costs expected to be incurred to completion and disposal. Provision is made for obsolete, slow-moving or defective items where appropriate.

Foreign currency

Monetary assets and liabilities held at the balance sheet date and denominated in foreign currency are translated at the rate of exchange prevailing at that date. Foreign currency transactions entered into during the year are translated at the rate of exchange prevailing at the date of the transaction. Exchange differences arising on these transactions are accounted for through the profit and loss account.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2014

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Leases

Rentals under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the life of the lease.

Pensions

The company operates an independently administered money purchase (defined contribution) pension scheme for all of its employees. Pension costs are recognised in the profit and loss account as they fall due.

Taxation

Current tax, including UK corporation tax, is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred taxation is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is regarded as more likely than not that they will be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Cash

Cash, for the purpose of the cash flow statement, comprises cash in hand and deposits repayable on demand, less overdrafts payable on demand.

2. SEGMENTAL INFORMATION

2014	. 2013
2000	0003
907	666
5,337	5,185
3,103	3,119
431	471
33_	19_
9,811	9,460
	907 5,337 3,103 431 33

In the opinion of the directors all turnover is attributable to one continuing activity.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2014

3.	NOTES TO	THE PROFIT	AND LOSS	ACCOUNT
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Profit on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charging / (crediting):

	9	2014 £000	2013 £000
		•	· · ·
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets - owned		170	140
Operating lease rentals	. ,		
- plant and machinery	•	4	4
- other assets		218	218
Research and development		21	29
Auditors' remuneration		* *	
- audit		18	16
Exchange differences		(98)	. 63

4. STAFF NUMBERS AND COSTS

(a) Staff costs

. *	2014	2013
	2000	£000
Staff costs during the year		•
Wages and salaries	2,150	1,960
Social security costs	197	186
Other pension costs	137_	127
	2,484	2,273

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was as follows:

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	
	2014	2013
	No.	. No.
Average numbers of persons employed		
Directors	4	4
Finance and administration	. 8	9
Operations	72	66_
	84	
(b) Directors' emoluments		
	2014	2013
	£000	2000
Aggregate emoluments in respect of qualifying services	0	0

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2014

5. INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES

	2014 £000	2013 £000
Bank interest payable	0 0	0

6. TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITES

The tax credit / (charge) is based on the results for the year and comprises:

		2014 £000	2013 2000
Current tax UK corporation tax		. 0	0
Adjustment in respect in prior periods	• .	0	0
Total current tax	,	0	0

The standard rate of tax for the year, based on the UK standard rate of corporation tax, is 21.49% (2013: 23.25%). The actual tax charge for the year differs from the standard rate of UK corporation tax for the reasons set out in the following reconciliation.

•	2014	2013
	2000	2000
Profit before tax	779	549
Tax on profit on ordinary activities at standard UK corporation tax rate of 21.49% (2013: 23.25%)	168	128
Effects of:		•
Expenses not deductible	5	8
Accelerated capital allowances	33	26
Other timing differences	· (1)	(2)
Utilisation of tax losses	(205)	(160)
Current tax	0	<u> </u>

Factors that may affect the future charges

At the balance sheet date the company had unutilised trading losses of approximately £9,582,039 (2013: £10,534,859) available to carry forward against future taxable profits.

The company has unprovided deferred tax assets amounting to £2,682,489 (2013: £2,843,528). The assets have not been recognised in the financial statements due to uncertainty over their recovery in the future.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2014

6 TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES (continued)

The unprovided deferred tax assets are as follows:

	2014	2013
	2000	2000
Accelerated capital allowances	762	732
Losses	1,916	2,107
Other short term timing differences	4	5
	2,682	2,844

Finance Act 2013 included legislation to reduce the main rate of corporation tax to 21% from 1 April 2014 and to 20% from 1 April 2015. The 20% rate has been applied in the calculation of unrecognised deferred tax in these financial statements.

7. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Plant & equipment	Fixtures, fittings and office equipment	Assets under Construction	Total
	2000	2000	£000	2000
Cost				
At 1 January 2014	4,378	. 27	0	4,405
Additions	241	. 4	37 .	. 282
Disposals	(210)	0	0	(210)
At 31 December 2014	4,409	31	37	4,477
Depreciation	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
At 1 January 2014	3,832	. 9	0	3,841
Charge for the year	165	5	0 .	170 -
Disposals	(210)	0	0	(210)
At 31 December 2014	3,787	14	0	3,801
Net book value				
At 31 December 2014	622	17	37	676
At 1 January 2014	546	. 18	0	564

8. STOCKS

	2014 £000	2013 £000
Raw materials and consumables	748	756
Work in progress	144	81
Finished goods	88	70
	980	907

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2014

9. DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2014 £000	2013 £000
	2000	2000
Trade debtors	254	104
Amounts owed by related undertakings	1,812	1,256
Other debtors	14	107
Prepayments and accrued income	150	230
	2,230	1,697
		• • • • •
10. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE Y	EAR	
	2014	2013
	2000	2000
Trade creditors	1,142	1,021
Amounts owed to related undertakings	1	. 7
Other taxation and social security	60	52
Other creditors	125	131
Accruals and deferred income	109	92
	1,437	1,303
11. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL		,
TI. OALLED OF SHARE OAFTIAL		
	2014	2013.
	0003	. 0003
Called up. allotted and fully paid	•	
773,318,391 ordinary shares of £0.01 each	7,733	7,733
	7,733	7,733

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2014

12. RECONCILIATION OF SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS AND MOVEMENT ON RESERVES

	Share Capital £000	Share premium account £000	Other reserves £000	Profit and loss account £000	Total Share- holders' Funds £000
At 1 January 2013	7,733	14,759	705	(20,532)	2,665
Profit for the year	. 0	. 0	. 0	549	549,
At 1 January 2014	7,733	14,759	705	(19,983)	3,214
Profit for the year	0	0	0	779	779
At 31 December 2014	7,733	14,759	705	(19,204)	3,993

13. FINANCIAL COMMITMENTS

Capital commitments at the end of the financial year for which no provision has been made, are £100,000 (2013: nil).

Annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	Land and buildings 2014 £000	Other 2014 £000	Land and buildings 2013 £000	Other , 2013 £000
Expiry date				
- within one year	. 0	1	220	0
- between two and five years	180	3	0	7
- after five years	·0	0_	0	0
	180	4	220	7

14. NOTES TO THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT

(a) Reconciliation of operating profit to net cash inflow / (outflow) from operating activities

	2014	2013
	0003	£000
Operating profit	779	549
Depreciation	170	140
Increase in stock	(73)	(71)
Increase in debtors	(533)	· (213)
Increase in creditors	134	177
Net cash inflow from operating activities	477	582

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2014

14. NOTES TO THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT (continued)

(b) Analysis of net funds

		2014
		000 2
Cash at bank and in hand		
At 1 January 2014		1,349
Cash flows	• • •	195_
At 31 December 2014		1,544

15. PENSIONS

The company contributes to an individual money purchase pension scheme for the benefit of the employees. The assets of the scheme are in funds independent from those of the company. The amount outstanding as at 31 December 2014 was £11,179 (2013: £10,191).

16. ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING AND CONTROLLING PARTY

The company is a 100% subsidiary of Senstronics Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales.

The ultimate controlling parties are Danfoss A/S and Danaher Corporation, who each control 50% of the share capital of Senstronics Holdings Limited.

The only group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that headed by Senstronics Holdings Limited. The consolidated financial statements of Senstronics Holdings Limited are available to the public and can be obtained from Companies House, Crown Way, Cardiff, CF14 3UZ.

17. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

Included within debtors is £65,040 (2013: £65,040) owed by the immediate parent undertaking, Senstronics Holdings Limited.

Danfoss A/S and Danaher Corporation each control 50% of the share capital of Senstronics Holdings Limited, the company's immediate parent undertaking.

The following related party transactions occurred during the year with companies that are under the control of either Danfoss A/S or Danaher Corporation:

Sales of £903,019 (2013: £663,693) were made to Danaher UK Industries Limited. At 31 December 2014, a balance of £182,348 (2013: £253,284) was due from Danaher UK Industries Limited.

Sales of £430,570 (2013: £391,989) were made to Danaher Setra-ICG (Tianjin) Co. Limited. The balance outstanding from Danaher Setra-ICG (Tianjin) Co. Limited at 31 December 2014 was £49,848 (2013: £8,753).

Sales of £33,040 (2013: £18,322) were made to Danaher ICG Japan Co. Limited. The balance outstanding at 31 December 2014 was £4,490 (2013: £1,537).

Sales of £992,651 (2013: £944,545) were made to Setra Systems Inc. The balance outstanding at 31 December 2014 was £174,866 (2013: £125,983). Purchases of £1,013 (2013: £277) were made from Setra Systems Inc and a balance of £Nil (2013: £275) was owed to Setra Systems Inc at 31 December 2014.

Sales of £5,336,149 (2013: £5,174,253) were made to Danfoss A/S. The balance outstanding at 31 December 2014 was £719,508 (2013: £562,982). Purchases of £737 (2013: £2,650) were made from Danfoss A/S and a balance of £721 (2013: £Nil) was owed to Danfoss A/S at 31 December 2014.

Purchases of £25,683 (2013: £36,259) were made from Danfoss Shanghai Automatic Controls and a balance of £Nil (2013: £2,093) was owed to Danfoss Shanghai Automatic Controls at 31 December 2014.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2014

17. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (continued)

Sales of £2,093,961 (2013: £2,145,377) were made to Gems Sensors Inc. At 31 December 2014, a balance of £616,107 (2013: £238,474) was owed by Gems Sensors Inc.

Sales of £Nil (2013: £79,591) were made to Danfoss (Tianjin) Limited. The balance due from (2013 to) Danfoss (Tianjin) Limited at 31 December 2014 was £Nil (2013: £4,778).

Purchases of £Nil (2013: £388) were made from Hach Lange and a balance of £Nil (2013: £Nil) was owed to Hach Lange at 31 December 2014.

All amounts due to / from the company by related parties at the balance sheet date, as set out above, are included in amounts owed by / to related undertakings in notes 9 and 10 respectively.