Report and Financial Statements

31 December 2007

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REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2007

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OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

DIRECTORS

M J Powers K J Kuckelhahn

F Vassort M B Krol

(Appointed 22 January 2007)

(Appointed 20 January 2007)

SECRETARY

WCPHD Secretaries Limited

REGISTERED OFFICE

5 Floor Alder Castle 10 Noble Street London EC2V 7QJ

BANKERS

HSBC 49 Corn Street Bristol BS99 7PP

SOLICITORS

WilmerHale Alder Castle 10 Noble Street London EC2V 7QJ

AUDITORS

Deloitte & Touche LLP Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors Newcastle upon Tyne

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their annual report on the affairs of the company, together with the financial statements and independent auditors' report for the company for the year ended 31 December 2007

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The company is principally engaged in the design, manufacture and distribution of high pressure sensors

BUSINESS REVIEW, RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

2007 was a good year for Senstronics, seeing the number of units sold increase by more than 80%, which was in line with last years forecasted numbers. Ultimately, over a two year period we have seen units sold increase by greater than 200%

Senstronics' desire to be an environmentally friendly manufacturer has also lead to internal energy and utilities savings which has further improved profitability. The energy saving, with the implementation of new working practices, resulted in a 23% reduction against budget

Other key savings have been in areas such as the finalisation of operating and finance leases which will continue in 2008

A detailed review of direct production costs led to a number of projects resulting in a twofold reduction in scrap, a 20% reduction in our chemical consumption and reduced manning time requirements. This collectively resulted in total savings in 2007 of £400k vs 2006

We are now producing twice as much as in 2005, with direct labour costs remaining fairly constant

Working capital continues to be a KPI, and we have seen some excellent improvements here. Our stock turns have improved from 3 at the end of 2006 to 7 at the end of 2007, and further improvement is planned in 2008.

The company's loss for the financial year was £856,924 (2006 £2,062,287) The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2006 £nil) The ongoing losses are in line with the directors' expectations given the development phase of the company

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The company faces industry competition, particularly from the Far East, but has invested heavily in capital equipment, and has a strong brand name so the directors feel the company is in good standing in the market place

Whilst we have seen raw material commodity pricing increase (steel), we have been able to mitigate this through achieving volume price breaks. The current weak US dollar is also providing Senstronics with additional material savings.

Senstronics has chosen to trade in GBP with both of its JV partners so as to place the sales currency risks with them

Treasury management is considered to be a high priority and is monitored on an ongoing basis in conjunction with the ultimate parent companies so as to optimise cash flow within the joint venture

FUTURE PROSPECTS

The directors expect another year of sold growth from 2007 to 2008, with unit sales increasing by a further 50%

DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

DIRECTORS

The membership of the Board is set out below

M J Powers

K J Kuckelhahn

F Vassort

(Appointed 22 January 2007)

M B Krol

(Appointed 20 January 2007)

S Breizka

(Resigned 22 January 2007)

V Rosenkilde

(Resigned 20 January 2007)

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

During the year the company continued its development of high pressure sensors. The associated costs amounted to £48,000 (2006 £127,500) and have been charged to the profit and loss account. This continued investment, which is forecast to grow in 2008, supports the opening of new market potential which will allow Senstronics to maintain its current growth rate.

SUPPLIER PAYMENT POLICY

The company's policy is to settle terms of payment with suppliers when agreeing the terms of each transaction, ensure that suppliers are made aware of the terms of payment and abide by the terms of payment. Trade creditors of the company at 31 December 2007 were equivalent to 29 (2006–31) days' purchases, based on the average daily amount invoiced by suppliers during the year.

AUDIT INFORMATION

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware, and
- each director has taken all reasonable steps to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information

The information is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of section 234ZA of the Companies Act 1985

DIRECTORS' INDEMNITIES

The company has made qualifying third party indemnity provisions for the benefit of its directors which were made during the year and remain in force at the date of this report

AUDITORS

Deloitte & Touche LLP have expressed their willingness to continue in office as auditors and a resolution to reappoint them will be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting

Approved by the Board of Directors and signed on behalf of the Board

M J Powers Director

Date 1st April 2008

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Approved by the Board of Directors and signed on behalf of the Board

M J Powers Director

Date 1st April 2008

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SENSTRONICS LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Senstronics Limited for the year ended 31 December 2007 which comprise the profit and loss account, the statement of total recognised gains and losses, the balance sheet, the cash flow statement and the related notes 1 to 24 These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described in the statement of directors' responsibilities the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant United Kingdom legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland)

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements.

In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed

We read the directors' report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2007 and of its loss for the year then ended,
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985, and

• the information given in the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements

Deloitte & Touche LLP

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

Newcastle upon Type, England

Date Zo () ? Sent

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT Year ended 31 December 2007

	Note	£	2007 £	£	2006 £
TURNOVER	2		3,211,665		1,970,668
Cost of sales (including in 2007 an exceptional stock provision release of £85,430)	3		(1,672,565)		(1,408,790)
GROSS PROFIT			1,539,100		561,878
Distribution costs Administrative expenses		(102,328) (2,255,163)	(2,357,491)	(106,130) (2,453,867)	(2,559,997)
OPERATING LOSS	3		(818,391)		(1,998,119)
Interest receivable and similar income			2,556		-
Interest payable and similar charges	6		(41,089)		(64,168)
LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION			(856,924)		(2,062,287)
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	7				
LOSS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	15, 16		(856,924)		(2,062,287)

All activities derive from continuing operations

The company has no recognised gains or losses for the current or prior year other than the loss shown above and therefore no separate statement of total recognised gains and losses has been presented

BALANCE SHEET 31 December 2007

	Note	£	2007 £	£	2006 £
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets	8		1,912,563		2,215,633
CURRENT ASSETS Stocks Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	9 10	288,897 596,485 842,332 1,727,714		92,682 947,081 9,235 1,048,998	
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	11	(796,034)		(654,424)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS		-	931,680		394,574
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			2,844,243		2,610,207
CREDITORS: amounts falling due after more than one year	12		(232,800)		(2,781,840)
NET ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)			2,611,443		(171,633)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital Share premium account Profit and loss account	14 15 15		7,728,284 14,274,372 (19,391,213)		7,691,884 10,670,772 (18,534,289)
TOTAL EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS/(DEFICIT)	16		2,611,443		(171,633)

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 1st Apr. 12008
Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors

M J Powers Director

CASH FLOW STATEMENT Year ended 31 December 2007

	Note	£	2007 £	£	2006 £
Net cash outflow from operating activities	18	•	(2,505,892)	~	(280,222)
Returns on investments and servicing of finance					
Interest received Interest paid Interest element of finance lease rentals		2,556 (41,089)		(22,027) (42,141)	
Net cash outflow from returns on investments and servicing of finance			(38,533)		(64,168)
Capital expenditure and financial investment					
Purchase of tangible fixed assets Sale of tangible fixed assets		(21,945)	(21,945)	(307,230) 2,097	(305,133)
Cash outflow before financing			(2,566,370)		(649,523)
Financing					
Issue of ordinary share capital Capital element of finance lease rental payments Net cash inflow from financing		3,640,000 (240,533)	3,399,467	438,494 (255,079)	183,415
Increase/(decrease) in cash	19		833,097		(466,108)

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies are summarised below. They have all been applied consistently throughout the year and the preceding year.

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards

Turnover

Turnover represents the value of sales of high pressure sensors to third parties, net of trade discounts and value added tax. Turnover is recognised when the sensors are despatched to third parties

Research and development

Expenditure incurred on research and development is charged to the profit and loss account as incurred

Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at acquisition cost less provision for impairment. Depreciation is charged to the profit and loss account so as to write off the cost of tangible fixed assets to their estimated residual value over their estimated useful economic lives using the straight line method

The estimated useful economic lives are as follows

Plant and machinery

3-10 years

Fixtures, fittings and office equipment

3 years

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value Cost comprises the purchase cost of raw materials consumed plus all directly related conversion costs. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price, less further costs expected to be incurred to completion and disposal. Provision is made for obsolete, slow-moving or defective items where appropriate

Leases

Assets held under hire purchase or finance lease contracts are capitalised and included in tangible fixed assets at their fair value. Each asset is depreciated over its estimated useful life. Obligations relating to such contracts net of finance charges in respect of future periods are included as appropriate under creditors. Finance charges are allocated to accounting periods over the period of the lease to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding balance.

Rentals under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the life of the lease

Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities held at the balance sheet date and denominated in foreign currency are translated at the rate of exchange prevailing at that date. Foreign currency transactions entered into during the year are translated at the rate of exchange prevailing at the date of the transaction. Exchange differences arising on these transactions are accounted for through the profit and loss account.

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Taxation

Current tax, including UK corporation tax, is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date as reduced by the surrender of consortium relief to the company's consortium members at nil cost

Deferred taxation is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is regarded as more likely than not that they will be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Pensions

The company operates an independently administered money purchase (defined contribution) pension scheme for all of its employees Pension costs are recognised in the profit and loss account as they fall due

2. TURNOVER BY DESTINATION

2.	TORNOVER BI BESTEWITCH	2007 £	2006 £
		_	
	United Kingdom	628,128	398,056
	Rest of Europe	1,087,549	287,678
	Rest of World	1,495,988	1,284,934
		3,211,665	1,970,668
	In the opinion of the directors all turnover is attributable to one continuing activity		
3.	OPERATING LOSS		
		2007	2006
		£	£
	Operating loss is stated after charging/(crediting)		
	Operating lease rentals	22 208	00 252
	- Plant and machinery	22,208	88,352 163,304
	- Other	165,686	103,304
	Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	014 571	200 710
	- owned	216,571	200,710
	- held under finance leases	108,444	117,337
	Research and development	48,000	127,500
	Auditors' remuneration for statutory audit services	14,000	26,350
	Loss on disposal of fixed assets	-	167,069
	Foreign exchange (gains)/losses	(24,552)	22,952
	Exceptional release of stock provision	(85,430)	-
	Exceptional release of stock provision		

Cost of sales include £85,430 (2006 £Nil) in respect of an exceptional release of a stock provision which was created in 2006 on slow moving stock items

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2007

4. DIRECTORS' EMOL	JMENTS:
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6.

DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS		
	2007 £	2006 £
Aggregate emoluments Pension contributions to money purchase schemes	210,256	132,302
• •	210,256	132,302
The highest paid director received the following emoluments		
	2007 £	2006 £
Aggregate emoluments Pension contributions to money purchase schemes	130,901	132,302
	130,901	132,302
During the year none of the directors participated in money purchase schemes (2006	none)	
STAFF COSTS AND EMPLOYEE INFORMATION		
Total staff costs (including directors) for the year were as follows		
	2007 £	2006 £
Wages and salaries	1,184,155	1,197,474
Social security costs Other pension costs	101,262 70,532	97,792 68,418
	1,355,949	1,363,684
The average monthly number of persons (including executive directors) employed by year was as follows	by the compan	y during the
	2007	2006
	No.	No
Directors	4	4
Finance and administration Operations	5 34	5 35
	43	44
INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES		
INTERNED IN INTERNET OF THE STATE OF THE STA	2007	2006
	£	£
Interest payable on bank loans and overdrafts Finance leases	41,089	22,027 42,141
	41,089	64,168

7. TAXATION ON LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

	2007 £	2006 £
a) Analysis of tax credit on ordinary activities		
Current tax Adjustment in respect of prior periods	-	-
Total current tax	<u> </u>	-
b) Factors affecting tax credit for the year		
The differences between the total current tax shown above and the amount cal standard rate of UK corporation tax to the loss before tax is as follows	lculated by a	ipplying the
	2007 £	2006 £
Loss on ordinary activities before tax	(856,924)	(2,062,287)
Tax on loss on ordinary activities at standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30% (2006) 30%)	(257,077)	(618,686)
Effect of		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	654	989
Capital allowances for the period in excess of depreciation	(135,779)	(163,530)
Other timing differences	58 392,144	- 781,227
Consortium relief surrendered for nil consideration		
Current tax credit for period (note 7(a))		-

c) Factors that may affect the future charges

Future taxation charges are expected to be impacted by the utilisation of tax losses carried forward

The company has an unprovided deferred tax asset amounting to £3,829,170 (2006 £4,277,592) The asset has not been recognised in the financial statements due to uncertainty over its recovery in the future. The losses element of the unprovided deferred tax asset has reduced due to a change in the UK corporation tax rate from 30% to 28%

The unprovided deferred tax asset is as follows

	2007 £	2006 £
Accelerated capital allowances Losses Other short term timing differences	(178,489) (3,648,759) (1,922)	(368,207) (3,909,385)
	(3,829,170)	(4,277,592)

8. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

		Plant and machinery £	Fixtures, fittings and office equipment	Total £
	Cost	2 040 922		3,869,832
	At 1 January 2007 Additions	3,869,832 18,750	3,195	21,945
	At 31 December 2007	3,888,582	3,195	3,891,777
	At 31 December 2007			
	Accumulated depreciation	1.664.100		1,654,199
	At 1 January 2007	1,654,199 324,837	178	325,015
	Charge for the year			
	At 31 December 2007	1,979,036	178	1,979,214
	Net book value	1 000 546	3,017	1,912,563
	At 31 December 2007	1,909,546	5,017	1,912,303
	At 31 December 2006	2,215,633	-	2,215,633
	Assets held under finance leases and capitalised in plant an	d machinery		
			2007 £	2006 £
	Net book value		542,524	704,350
9.	STOCKS			
,,	GIOCKS		2007	2006
			£	£
	Raw materials and consumables		236,315	45,926
	Work in progress		31,863	13,795
	Finished goods		20,719	32,961
			288,897	92,682

10.	DEBTORS		
		2007 £	2006 £
	Trade debtors	57,417	145,598
	Amounts owed by related undertakings	391,377	571,883
	Other debtors	4,774	179,304
	Prepayments and accrued income	142,917	50,296
		596,485	947,081
11	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		2007	2006
		£	£
	Finance leases (note 13)	157,792	240,533
	Trade creditors	231,825	146,144
	Amounts owed to related undertakings	264,469	76,282
	Other taxation and social security	91,595	29,807
	Other creditors	=	24,590
	Accruals and deferred income	50,353	137,068
		796,034	654,424
	The bank holds a fixed and floating charge over the company's assets for any future	borrowings	
12.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEA	.R	
		2007	2006
		£	£
	Finance leases (note 13)	•	157,792
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	-	2,250,000
	Accruals and deferred income	232,800	374,048
		232,800	2,781,840
13.	BORROWINGS		
13.			
	Finance leases are repayable as follows		-006
		2007 £	2006 £
	In one year or less	157,792	240,533 157,792
	In more than one, but not more than five years		
		157,792	398,325
	Assets held under finance leases are secured over the assets to which they relate		

14. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

	2007 £	2006 £
Authorised 800,438,494 (2006 800,438,494) ordinary shares of £0 01 each	8,004,385	8,004,385
Called up, allotted and fully paid 772,828,391 (2006 769,188,391) ordinary shares of £0 01 each	7,728,284	7,691,884

During the year the company issued 3,640,000 ordinary £0 01 shares at a premium of £0 99 per share

15. RESERVES

	Share premium account £	Profit and loss account £
At 1 January 2007 Share capital issued during the year Loss for the financial year	10,670,772 3,603,600	(18,534,289)
Balance at 31 December 2007	14,274,372	(19,391,213)

16. RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)

	2007 £	2006 £
Loss for the financial year Net proceeds of issue of ordinary share capital Intercompany loan waiver Equity shareholders' (deficit)/surplus as at 1 January	(856,924) 3,640,000 (171,633)	(2,062,287) 438,494 909,581 542,579
Equity shareholders surplus/(deficit) as at 31 December	2,611,443	(171,633)

17. RECONCILIATION OF NET CASH FLOW TO MOVEMENT IN NET (DEBT)/FUNDS

	2007 £	2006 £
Increase/(decrease) in cash in the year	833,097	(466,108)
Cash outflow from lease financing	240,533	255,079
Movement in net debt in the year	1,073,630	(211,029)
Opening net debt	(389,090)	(178,061)
Closing net funds/(debt)	684,540	(389,090)

18. RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO CASH OUTFLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

	2007 £	2006 £
Operating loss Depreciation Loss on disposal of tangible fixed assets (Increase)/decrease in stock Decrease/(increase) in debtors	(818,391) 325,015	(1,998,119) 318,047
	- · ·	167,069
	(196,215) 350,596	213,969 (166,314)
(Decrease)/increase in creditors	(2,166,897)	1,185,126
Net cash outflow from operating activities	(2,505,892)	(280,222)

19. ANALYSIS OF NET (DEBT)/FUNDS

	At 1 January 2007 £	Cash flows	At 31 December 2007 £
Cash at bank and in hand Finance leases	9,235 (398,325)	833,097 240,533	842,332 (157,792)
	(389,090)	1,073,630	684,540

20. PENSIONS

The company contributes to an individual money purchase pension scheme for the benefit of the employees and directors. The assets of the schemes are in funds independent from those of the company. The amount outstanding as at 31 December 2007 was £6,866 (2006 £6,672)

21. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

The company had no capital commitments contracted for but not provided for in the financial statements as at 31 December 2007 (2006 £nil)

22. FINANCIAL COMMITMENTS

The company has annual commitments under operating lease arrangements expiring as follows

	2007 Land and buildings	2007 Other	2007 Total	2006 Land and buildings	2006 Other	2006 Total
	£	£	£	£	£	£
Within one year Within two to five years In five years or more	-	2,080	2,080	-	40,703	40,703
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	164,220		164,220	163,304		163,304
	164,220	2,080	166,300	163,304	40,703	204,007

23. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Included within debtors falling due after one year is £21,014 owed by (2006 £2,250,000 owed to) the immediate parent undertaking, Senstronics Holdings Limited

Danfoss A/S and Danaher Corporation each control 50% of the share capital of Senstronics Holdings Limited At the year end, the company was entitled for compensation under a joint venture agreement between Danfoss A/S, Launchchange Limited (a subsidiary of Danaher Corporation) and Senstronics Holdings Limited for not meeting the volume targets of the Business Plan The amounts receivable from Danfoss A/S and Launchchange Limited at the year end amounted to £270,083 (2006 £225,633) and £23,408 (2006 £148,415) respectively These amounts are shown within debtors (note 10) and £232,800 (2006 £Nil) is included in deferred income due after one year (note 12)

The following related party transactions occurred during the year with companies that are under the control of Danfoss A/S or Danaher Corporation

Sales of £614,163 (2006 £290,477) were made to Danaher UK Industries Limited At 31 December 2007, a balance of £62,603 was due to (2006 £2,830 owed from) Danaher UK Industries due to payments made in advance Purchases of £200,002 (2006 £231,957) were made to Danaher UK Industries Limited and a balance of £13,801 (2006 £76,282) was owed to Danaher UK Industries at 31 December 2007

Sales of £66,310 (2006 £18,936) were made to Danaher Setra-ICG (Tianjin) Co Limited The balance outstanding at 31 December 2007 was £7,667 (2006 £8,071)

Sales of £6,478 (2006 £Nil) were made to Danaher ICG Japan Co Limited The balance outstanding at 31 December 2007 was £Nil (2006 £Nil)

Sales of £87,422 (2006 £18,873) were made to Setra Systems Inc The balance outstanding at 31 December 2007 was £5,120 (2006 £8,616)

Sales of £1,322,990 (2006 £265,075) were made to Danfoss A/S The balance outstanding at 31 December 2007 was £357,576 (2006 £29,799)

Sales of £1,419,881 (2006 £949,801) were made to Gems Sensors Inc At 31 December 2007, a balance of £181,221 was owed to (2006 £149,208 owed from) Gems Sensors Inc due to payments made in advance

24 IMMEDIATE PARENT UNDERTAKING AND ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The company is a 100% subsidiary of Senstronics Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales

Senstronics Holdings Limited is exempt from preparing group consolidated financial statements by virtue of the group qualifying as a medium group under Section 248 of the Companies Act 1985

Copies of Senstronics Holdings Limited financial statements can be obtained from the Registered Office at 7 Floor, Beaufort House, 15 St Botolph Street, London, EC3A 7NJ

The ultimate controlling parties are Danfoss A/S and Danaher Corporation, who each control 50% of the share capital of Senstronics Holdings Limited