**COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER 3470600** 

## ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2003

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#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

The directors present their annual report together with the audited financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2003.

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND BUSINESS REVIEW

The principal activity of the company during the year was property investment through the company's holding in Moorgate Investment Partnership.

The directors do not anticipate any significant change in the activity of the company and its profitability.

#### **RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS**

The results of the company for the year are shown on page 5. Loss on ordinary activities before taxation was £89,423 (2002 - £1,248).

The directors have not recommended payment of a dividend (2002 - £nil).

#### THE DIRECTORS AND THEIR INTERESTS IN SHARES OF THE COMPANY

The directors who served the company throughout the year, except as noted, were as follows:

R S Handley S H R Musgrave J D T Titchen R C Williams

None of the directors in office at 31 December 2003 had any interests in the securities of the company, Grosvenor Group Limited (formerly Grosvenor Group Holdings Limited), its ultimate parent undertaking, or any of its fellow subsidiary undertakings which are required to be disclosed under the Companies Act 1985.

#### **DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES**

United Kingdom company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company at the end of the year and of the profit or loss for the year then ended.

In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;

make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;

state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and

prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. The directors are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company, the system of internal control and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

### **DIRECTORS' REPORT** (continued)

#### **AUDITORS**

Pursuant to S386 of the Companies Act 1985 an elective resolution has been passed to dispense with the requirement to reappoint auditors annually.

Signed by order of the Board

C M Tolhurst Company Secretary

3 1 MAR 2004

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF POUNDSBRIDGE (MOORGATE) LIMITED YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2003

We have audited the financial statements of Poundsbridge (Moorgate) Limited for the year ended 31 December 2003 which comprise the profit and loss account, the statement of total recognised gains and losses, the balance sheet and the related notes 1 to 18. These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of certain fixed assets and the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

#### RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND AUDITORS

As described in the statement of directors' responsibilities, the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards. Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant United Kingdom legal and regulatory requirements and auditing standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the directors' report for the above year and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements.

#### **BASIS OF AUDIT OPINION**

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom auditing standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF POUNDSBRIDGE (MOORGATE) LIMITED YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2003 (continued)

#### **OPINION**

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2003 and of its loss for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Deloitte and Touche LLP

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

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London

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## PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2003

	Note	2003 £	2002 £
Turnover	2	_	<del></del>
Cost of sales		(90,589)	(1,993)
Gross loss		(90,589)	(1,993)
Administrative expenses		(1,523)	(5,444)
Operating loss	3	(92,112)	(7,437)
Interest receivable Interest payable and similar charges	6	2,800 (111)	6,270 (81)
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation		(89,423)	(1,248)
Tax on loss on ordinary activities		_	_
Retained loss for the financial year		(89,423)	(1,248)

All results are derived from continuing operations.

## STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2003

Loss for the financial year attributable to the shareholders	2003 £ (89,423)	2002 £ (1,248)
Unrealised gain/(loss) on revaluation of investment properties	339,949	(1,298,722)
Total recognised gains and losses	250,526	(1,299,970)

### **BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2003**

	Note	2003 £	2002 £
Tangible fixed assets Investment properties Investments	8 9	6,461,000 1	6,055,279 1
		6,461,001	6,055,280
Current assets Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	- 11	8,476 124,357	445,624 270,800
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	12	132,833 (7,651,996)	716,424 (8,080,392)
Net current liabilities		(7,519,163)	(7,363,968)
Total assets less current liabilities		(1,058,162)	(1,308,688)
Capital and reserves Called up equity share capital Revaluation reserve Profit and loss account	14 15 16	1 (958,773) (99,390)	1 (1,298,722) (9,967)
Equity shareholders' deficit	17	(1,058,162)	(1,308,688)

These financial statements were approved by the Board on the 3.1...MAR..2004. and are signed on its behalf by:

Director

Director

#### **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### (a) Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of certain fixed assets, and in accordance with applicable accounting United Kingdom standards. The accounting policies adopted are consistent with the previous year.

#### (b) Cash flow statement

The directors have taken advantage of the exemption in FRS1 'Cash flow statements' from including a cash flow statement in the financial statements on the grounds that the company is wholly owned and its parent publishes a consolidated cash flow statement.

#### (c) Depreciation

In accordance with SSAP 19 (Revised) 'Accounting for Investment Properties' no depreciation is provided on freehold or on leasehold properties with an unexpired term exceeding twenty years. The directors consider that this departure from the requirement of the Companies Act 1985 for all properties to be depreciated is necessary for the financial statements to show a true and fair view, since depreciation is reflected in the open market valuation and cannot be quantified separately.

#### (d) Investment properties

Investment properties are valued annually at open market value by independent valuers. Any surplus or deficit on revaluation is transferred to the revaluation reserve, except that if a permanent diminution in value below original cost arises it is taken to the profit and loss account. Investment properties under development are stated at cost, except where the directors consider that the value has fallen below cost, when they are revalued to the lower amount. The revaluation deficit is transferred to the revaluation reserve unless it is considered permanent, in which case it is charged to the profit and loss account. Profits and losses on the disposal of investment properties are recognised on unconditional exchange of contracts and are calculated by reference to book value and are included in the profit and loss account.

#### (e) Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is provided in full in respect of timing differences between the recognition of income and expenditure for accounting and taxation purposes. Deferred taxation is not provided in respect of unrealised revaluation surpluses where there is no commitment to sell the asset. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is regarded as more likely than not that they will be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

#### (f) Fixed asset investments

Investments in subsidiary undertakings are stated at cost less provision for impairment.

## POUNDSBRIDGE (MOORGATE) LIMITED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### (g) Joint arrangements

An undertaking is regarded as a joint arrangement if the company has a participating interest and joint control over operating and financial policies but the undertaking is not an entity distinguishable from the business of its investors.

In accordance with FRS 9 'Associates and Joint Ventures' the company accounts for its share of the individual items of income, expenditure, assets, liabilities and cash flows of joint arrangements. The directors consider that this departure from the requirement of the Companies Act 1985 to account for incorporated joint arrangements as either associates or trade investments is necessary for the financial statements to show a true and fair view because joint arrangements are in substance an extension of the company's own business.

#### 2. TURNOVER

There was no turnover in either the current or prior year.

#### 3. OPERATING LOSS

Operating loss is stated after charging:

	2003 £	2002 £
Auditors' remuneration		
- as auditors	9 <u>69</u>	1,008

#### 4. AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

Auditors' remuneration for Poundsbridge (Moorgate) Limited has been borne by a fellow subsidiary undertaking both in the current and preceding year.

The auditors remuneration disclosed in note 4 relates to the company's share of audit fees borne by its joint arrangements.

#### 5. PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES

No salaries or wages have been paid to employees, including the directors, during both the current and prior year.

#### 6. INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES

	2003	2002
	£	£
Other interest payable	111	81

#### 7. TAXATION

The taxation charge will be borne by the intermediate holding company Grosvenor Limited both in the current and prior year.

## POUNDSBRIDGE (MOORGATE) LIMITED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 8. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

	Long Leasehold £
Cost or valuation	
At 1 January 2003	6,055,279
Additions	65,772
Revaluation	_339,949
At 31 December 2003	6,461,000
Net book value	
At 31 December 2003	6,461,000
At 31 December 2002	6,055,279

The long leasehold investment property was valued at 31 December 2003 by qualified professional valuers working for CB Richard Ellis, acting in the capacity of external valuers. The property was valued on the basis of open market value as defined in the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors' Appraisal and Valuation Manual. The resulting surplus transferred to the revaluation reserve as at 31 December 2003 was £339,949.

The historical cost of the property was £7,419,773 (2002 - £7,354,001).

#### 9. INVESTMENTS

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The company owned the following investments at 31 December 2003:

	Nature of Business	Class held	Percentage
Moorgate GP Limited	General partner	'A' ordinary	25%

#### **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### 10. INTERESTS IN JOINT ARRANGEMENTS

At 31 December 2003, the company had the following interests in a joint arrangement which is accounted for on the basis explained in the accounting policies, but which is classified as an investment under Companies Act 1985

Nature of Business	Effective interest

Moorgate Investment Partnership Property investment 18.46%

The limited partnership is governed by English law and its principal office is located at 70 Grosvenor Street, London, W1K 3JP.

#### 11. DEBTORS

2003	2002
£	£
_	172,908
8,107	272,716
369	_
8,476	445,624
	£ - 8,107 

#### 12. CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year

	2003	2002
	£	£
Trade creditors	-	2,553
Amounts owed to group undertakings	7,501,087	7,501,087
Other creditors	<u> </u>	337,308
Accruals and deferred income	150,909	239,444
	7,651,996	8,080,392

#### 13. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The company has applied the exemption granted by FRS8 'Related party disclosures' not to disclose transactions with Grosvenor Group Limited (formerly Grosvenor Group Holdings Limited), fellow subsidiaries of Grosvenor Group Limited, or any undertaking in which any member of the group holds an investment which would otherwise qualify as related parties.

Accordingly, during the period under review there were no transactions or balances with related parties which require disclosure in these financial statements.

# POUNDSBRIDGE (MOORGATE) LIMITED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 14. SHARE CAPITAL

14.	SHARE CAPITAL		
	Authorised share capital:		
		2003 £	2002 £
	100 ordinary shares of £1.00 each	100	100
	Allotted, called up and fully paid:		
		2003 £	2002 £
	1 ordinary shares of £1.00 each	_1	_1
15.	REVALUATION RESERVE		
		2003	2002
	At 1 January	£ (1,298,722)	£
	Revaluation of fixed assets	• •	(1,298,722)
	At 31 December	(958,773)	(1,298,722)
16.	PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT		
		2003 £	2002 £
	At 1 January	(9,967)	
	Retained loss for the financial year Other movements	(89,423)	(1,248) 1,264
	At 31 December	(99,390)	(9,967)
17.	17. RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		
		2003	2002
	Loss for the financial year	£ (89,423)	£ (1,248)
	Other net recognised gains and losses	339,949	(1,298,722)
		250,526	(1,299,970)
	Other movements		1,264
	Net addition/(reduction) to funds Opening equity shareholders' deficit	250,526 (1,308,688)	(1,298,706) (9,982)
	Closing equity shareholders' deficit	(1,058,162)	(1,308,688)

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 18. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

The company's ultimate parent undertaking is Grosvenor Group Limited (formerly Grosvenor Group Holdings Limited), a company incorporated in Great Britain and registered in England and Wales which is wholly owned by trusts and members of the Grosvenor family, headed by the Duke of Westminster.

The ultimate parent undertaking heads the largest group of undertakings of which the company is a member and for which group accounts are prepared. Grosvenor Limited, an intermediate holding company, heads the smallest group of undertakings of which the company is a member and for which group accounts are prepared.

Copies of the consolidated financial statements of Grosvenor Group Limited and Grosvenor Limited can be obtained from Companies House, Crown Way, Maindy, Cardiff, CF14 3UZ.