Report of the Directors and

Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 December 2012

for

Hansatech EMS Limited

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## Contents of the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2012

	Page
Company Information	1
Report of the Directors	2
Report of the Independent Auditors	4
Profit and Loss Account	6
Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses	7
Balance Sheet	8
Notes to the Financial Statements	9
Trading and Profit and Loss Account	18

#### Hansatech EMS Limited

## Company Information for the Year Ended 31 December 2012

DIRECTORS.

C G Smith

P J Gill S J Blythe

SECRETARY:

Lester Aldridge Company Secretarial Ltd

**REGISTERED OFFICE:** 

Russell House Oxford Road Bournemouth Dorset BH8 8EX

REGISTERED NUMBER:

03455123 (England and Wales)

**AUDITORS:** 

Ward Goodman Registered Auditor 4 Cedar Park Cobham Road

Ferndown Industrial Estate

Wimborne Dorset BH21 7SF

## Report of the Directors for the Year Ended 31 December 2012

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2012

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the company in the year under review was that of the manufacture and test of electronic components

## REVIEW OF BUSINESS Ownership

Hansatech EMS Limited remains a wholly owned subsidiary of Hansatech (Holdings) Limited

#### **Business Review**

Turnover for the year amounted to £7,663,935 (2011 - £8,038,218) representing a reduction of 4 5% over the previous period. The directors report a loss before tax of £861,392 (2011 - £81,258 profit before tax.) The losses are in the main due to a revaluation of stocks held in inventory and work in progress. The company also experienced an unexpected downturn in business in Q4 of 2012. This related to customer technical difficulties, customer reschedules and dramatic drop in demand from "just in time" customers. The company made redundancies in this period to reflect the revenue position. During this period the directors provide loans to the value of £200,000 to support working capital requirements.

Four primary performance indicators are used to monitor the financial position of the company. These key indicators are gross profit, operating profit, cash flow and return on investment. These are monitored monthly against budgets, and rolling forecasts.

#### Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies

The company aims to minimise financial risk through the preparation of regular profit and cash flow forecasts. These are reviewed regularly to ensure adherence to plan and action taken to recover any adverse variance.

Customers are largely managed through agreed contractual or standard terms of trading, including the company's exposure to costs of materials, this being a major element of the operating costs. Debtors and material exposure are generally covered through credit insurance or other forms of security.

#### Liquidity Risk

Relationships with customers are managed closely to ensure that any adverse changes in the customers' business has a minimal effect on the company. This remains especially significant at this economic time and underlies the director's commitments to vigorously managing debtors and materials whilst being supported by the company's credit insurance policy.

#### Cash Flow Risk

The directors are also aware of the significant exchange fluctuations affecting the economy. In order to mitigate this exposure, the company operates banking facilities and trades in multiple currencies

#### **Dividends**

No dividends will be distributed for the year ended 31st December 2012

#### Post Balance Sheet Events

The company continued to experience a downturn in business in Q1 of 2013. The company restructured the headcount further and looked to restructure the debt. In June 2013, the company agreed to a CVA with the creditors. Since the restructuring the company has demonstrated a steady improvement back into profit and has secured significant new business to support future plans.

#### **DIVIDENDS**

No dividends will be distributed for the year ended 31 December 2012

## Report of the Directors for the Year Ended 31 December 2012

#### DIRECTORS

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 1 January 2012 to the date of this report

C G Smith

P J Gill

S J Blythe

#### STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted. Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006 They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities

#### STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information

#### **AUDITORS**

The auditors, Ward Goodman, will be proposed for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

Date

P J Gill - D

#### Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of Hansatech EMS Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Hansatech EMS Limited for the year ended 31 December 2012 on pages—six to seventeen. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and. United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page three, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

#### Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Report of the Directors to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

#### Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2012 and of its loss for the year then ended.
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

#### **Emphasis** of matter

In forming our opinion on the financial statements, which is not modified, we have considered the adequacy of the disclosure made in note 1 to the financial statements concerning the company's ability to continue as a going concern. The company incurred a loss of £861,392 during the year ended 31 December 2012 and, at that date, the company's current liabilities exceeded its total assets by £614,677 and it had net current liabilities of £564,936. These conditions, along with the other matters explained in note 1 to the financial statements, indicate the existence of a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue as a going concern. The financial statements do not include the adjustments that would result if the company was unable to continue as going concern.

#### Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Report of the Directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

#### Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of Hansatech EMS Limited

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

I M Rodd (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of Ward Goodman

Registered Auditor

4 Cedar Park

Cobham Road

Ferndown Industrial Estate

Wimborne

Dorset

BH21 7SF

Date 30 September 2013

## Profit and Loss Account for the Year Ended 31 December 2012

		2012	2	2011	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
TURNOVER			7,663,935		8,038,218
Cost of sales			6,148,892		5,822,369
GROSS PROFIT			1,515,043		2,215,849
Distribution costs Administrative expenses		64,044 2,212,378	2,276,422	108,379 1,971,858	2,080,237
			(761,379)		135,612
Other operating income			2,380		
OPERATING (LOSS)/PROFIT	3		(758,999)		135,612
Interest payable and similar charges	4		102,393		54,354
(LOSS)/PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION			(861,392)		, 81,258
Tax on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities	5		•		-
(LOSS)/PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIA YEAR	L		(861,392)		81,258

### **CONTINUING OPERATIONS**

None of the company's activities were acquired or discontinued during the current year or previous year

# Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses for the Year Ended 31 December 2012

	2012 £	2011 £
(LOSS)/PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR Revaluation of plant and machinery	(861,392)	81,258 125,000
TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES RELATING TO THE YEAR	(861,392)	206,258
Note of Historical Cost Prof for the Year Ended 31 De		
	2012 £	2011 £
REPORTED (LOSS)/PROFIT ON ORDINARY	~	~
ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION Revaluation of plant and machinery	(861,392)	81,258 125,000
HISTORICAL COST (LOSS)/PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	(861,392)	206,258
HISTORICAL COST (LOSS)/PROFIT FOR THE YEAR RETAINED AFTER TAXATION	(861,392)	206,258

### Balance Sheet 31 December 2012

		2012	!	2011	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	6		540,051		451,784
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	7	1,295,400		1,650,453	
Debtors	8	2,260,226		1,808,544	
Cash at bank and in hand		656		4,394	
		3,556,282		3,463,391	
CREDITORS		, ,		, ,	
Amounts falling due within one year	9	4,121,218		3,506,966	
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			(564,936)		(43,575)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			(24,885)		408,209
CREDITORS Amounts falling due after more than one					
year	10		589,792		161,494
NET (LIABILITIES)/ASSETS			(614,677)		246,715
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	14		2		2
Revaluation reserve	15		329,700		329,700
Profit and loss account	15		(944,379)		(82,987)
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	20		(614,677)		246,715

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on its behalf by

30/9/2013 and were signed on

C G Smith - Director

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2012

#### **ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

1

#### Basis of preparing the financial statements

The company meets its day to day working capital requirements through an invoice discounting facility which is repayable on demand

The nature of the company's business is such that there can be considerable unpredictable variation in the timing of cash inflows. The directors have prepared projected cash flow information for the period ending 12 months from the date of their approval of these financial statements. On the basis of this cash flow information and the banking arrangements that are currently in place but under review, the directors consider that the company will continue to operate within the facility currently agreed and within that which they expect to be agreed within the next 2 months following the date of signing this report. On this basis the directors consider it appropriate to prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that would result from a withdrawal of the invoice discounting facility by the company's bankers. In these circumstances the auditors consider that they are able to form an unqualified audit opinion that the financial statements show a true and fair view, but that they have a significant level of concern about the ability of the company to continue as a going concern. Hence whilst they do not qualify their audit opinion, they include a suitable emphasis of matter paragraph when setting out the basis of their opinion.

#### Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain assets

#### Financial Reporting Standard number 1

Exemption has been taken from preparing a cash flow statement on the grounds that the parent company includes the subsidiary in its published financial statements

#### Turnover

Turnover represents net invoiced sales of goods, excluding value added tax

#### Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life

Short leasehold

- Over lease

Plant & machinery

- 25% - 33 3% per annum

Motor vehicles

- 33 3% per annum

Computer equipment

- 25% - 50% per annum

#### Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date

#### Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating result.

Page 9 continued

## Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2012

#### 1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts or finance leases are capitalised in the balance sheet. Those held under hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Those held under finance leases are depreciated over their estimated useful lives or the lease term, whichever is the shorter

The interest element of these obligations is charged to the profit and loss account over the relevant period. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the period of the lease

#### Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to the profit and loss account in the period to which they relate There was an amount due to the pension scheme at the balance sheet date of £5,580 (2011 - £5,938)

#### Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared by the directors on a going concern basis. During June 2013, the directors concluded that the company was insolvent and on 6 June 2013 the company entered into a Company Voluntary Arrangement ("CVA") with its creditors under the Insolvency Act 1986 Part 1

The CVA involved putting a proposal to the company's creditors to agree to accept a certain sum of money in settlement of debts due to them. A total creditor claim of £3 3m was approved as part of the CVA under which the company will pay the Joint Supervisors the following

- -£8,000 per month for the first six months of the CVA,
- -£18,000 per month for the following 54 months of the CVA, and

The directors have continued to review the company's trading performance and have implemented a cost reduction programme and new business initiatives

The directors have also prepared and reviewed cashflow and profit forecasts for a period of not less than 12 months from the date of the approval of these financial statements

The directors have therefore concluded that the going concern basis on which these financial statements are prepared continues to be appropriate

#### 2 STAFF COSTS

	2012	2011
	£	£
Wages and salaries	1,789,088	1,986,769
Social security costs	204,481	180,891
Other pension costs	49,577	56,335
	2,043,146	2,223,995
The average monthly number of employees during the year was as follows	2012	2011
	2012	2011
Production	39	45
Selling	7	8
Administration	26	27
	72	80
		====

## Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2012

## 3 OPERATING (LOSS)/PROFIT

The operating loss (2011 - operating profit) is stated after charging/(crediting)

	Hire of plant and machinery Depreciation - owned assets Depreciation - assets on hire purchase contracts Profit on disposal of fixed assets Auditors' remuneration Auditors' remuneration for non audit work Foreign exchange differences	2012 £ 559 177,137 13,440 - 11,750 1,364 (1,947)	2011 £ 5,790 166,188 7,846 (4,791) 11,300 9,723
	Directors' remuneration Directors' pension contributions to money purchase schemes	227,614	217,623 6,127
	The number of directors to whom retirement benefits were accruing was as follow	r'S	
	Money purchase schemes	3	3
	Information regarding the highest paid director is as follows	2012	2011
	Emoluments etc	£ 77,592	£ 73,903
4	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES		
	Bank interest Bank loan interest Hire purchase	2012 £ 50,590 28,907 22,896 102,393	2011 £ 43,570 5,929 4,855 54,354

### 5 TAXATION

### Analysis of the tax charge

No liability to UK corporation tax arose on ordinary activities for the year ended 31 December 2012 nor for the year ended 31 December 2011

## Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2012

### 5 TAXATION - continued

### Factors affecting the tax charge

The tax assessed for the year is higher than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The difference is explained below

	2012 £	2011 £
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before tax	(861,392) =====	81,258
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax		
in the UK of 28% (2011 - 28%)	(241,190)	22,752
Effects of		
Utilisation of tax losses	241,190	(33,368)
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	•	636
Capital allowances in deficit (excess) of depreciation	-	9,980
	<del></del>	
Current tax charge	<u>-</u>	-

At the balance sheet date, the company has an unrecognised deferred tax asset of £256,790 (2011 - £126,793) in relation to unused revenue losses and accelerated capital allowances. This has not been provided on the basis that the directors do not consider it more likely than not that taxable profits will arise in the near future. If sufficient taxable profits are made made in the future, the asset will become recoverable

#### 6 TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Short leasehold £	Plant and machinery £	Motor vehicles £	Computer equipment	Totals £
COST OR VALUATION	~	~	~	~	~
At 1 January 2012	121,232	2,897,006	54,354	328,102	3,400,694
Additions	990	252,406	-	25,448	278,844
Disposals		(204,429)		<u> </u>	(204,429)
At 31 December 2012	122,222	2,944,983	54,354	353,550	3,475,109
DEPRECIATION					
At 1 January 2012	94,284	2,559,340	27,744	267,542	2,948,910
Charge for year	15,967	121,513	9,962	43,135	190,577
Eliminated on disposal		(204,429)			(204,429)
At 31 December 2012	110,251	2,476,424	37,706	310,677	2,935,058
NET BOOK VALUE					
At 31 December 2012	11,971	468,559	16,648	42,873	540,051
At 31 December 2011	26,948	337,666	26,610	60,560	451,784

## Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2012

### 6 TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS - continued

7

Cost or valuation at 31 December 2012 is represented by

Short leasehold £	Plant and machinery £	Motor vehicles £	Computer equipment £	Totals £
-	204,700	-	-	204,700
-	125,000	-	-	125,000
122,222	2,615,283	54,354	353,550	3,145,409
122,222	2,944,983	54,354	353,550	3,475,109
	leasehold £ - 122,222	leasehold machinery £	leasehold machinery vehicles  £ £ £  - 204,700 -  125,000 -  122,222 2,615,283 54,354	leasehold machinery vehicles equipment  £ £ £ £  - 204,700  125,000 -  122,222 2,615,283 54,354 353,550

If plant and machinery had not been revalued it would have been included at the following historical cost

	2012	2011
	£	£
Cost	2,492,456	2,492,456
Aggregate depreciation	2,434,976	2,434,976

Plant and machinery was valued on an open market basis on 31 December 2011 by the directors of the company

The directors are not aware of any material change in the market value of plant and machinery at the balance sheet date

Fixed assets, included in the above, which are held under hire purchase contracts are as follows

Short leasehold £	vehicles £	Totals £
10,435	29,885	40,320
1,205	6,641	7,846
3,478	9,962	13,440
4,683	16,603	21,286
5,752	13,282	19,034
9,230	23,244	32,474
		2011 £
		1,392,613
	125,409	257,840
	1,295,400	1,650,453
	1,205 3,478 4,683	leasehold £  10,435 29,885  1,205 6,641 3,478 9,962  4,683 16,603  5,752 13,282  9,230 23,244  2012 £ 1,169,991 125,409

# Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2012

8	DEBTORS		
Ü		2012	2011
		£	£
	Amounts falling due within one year Trade debtors	1,922,481	1,462,385
	Other debtors	56	-
	Prepayments	104,787	112,907
		2,027,324	1,575,292
	Amounts falling due after more than one year		
	Amount owed by group over 1 yr	232,902	233,252
	Aggregate amounts	2,260,226	1,808,544
9	CREDITORS AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		2012 £	2011 £
	Bank loans and overdrafts (see note 11)	101,500	116,157
	Hire purchase contracts (see note 12)	63,297	26,958
	Trade creditors	1,532,755	1,669,991
	Social security and other taxes	247,597	184,844
	VAT	199,882	325,441
	Other creditors & accruals	1,776,187	1,183,575
	Directors' current accounts	200,000	
		4,121,218	3,506,966
10	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE		
	YEAR		
		2012	2011
	B. 11. ( ) (1)	£	£
	Bank loans (see note 11)	59,271	146,893
	Hire purchase contracts (see note 12) Other creditors	138,237 392,284	14,601 -
		589,792	161,494
11	LOANS		
11	LOANS		
	An analysis of the maturity of loans is given below		
		2012	2011
		£	£
	Amounts falling due within one year or on demand		14655
	Bank overdrafts	101 500	14,657
	Bank loans	101,500	101,500
		101,500	116,157
		<del></del>	
	Amounts falling due between one and two years		
	Bank loans - 1-2 years	59,271	101,500
	Page 14		continued

# Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2012

11	LOANS - continued			2012	2011	
	Amounts falling due between two and five Bank loans - 2-5 years	years		£	£ 45,393	
12	OBLIGATIONS UNDER HIRE PURCI	HASE CONTRACTS	AND LEASES			
				Hire purchas 2012 £	se contracts 2011 £	
	Gross obligations repayable Within one year Between one and five years			86,726 154,434	28,788 15,389	
				241,160	44,177	
	Finance charges repayable Within one year Between one and five years			23,429 16,197 39,626	1,830 788 2,618	
	Net obligations repayable Within one year Between one and five years			63,297 138,237 201,534	26,958 14,601 41,559	
	The following operating lease payments are committed to be paid within one year					
		Land and buildings		opera	Other operating leases	
	_	2012 £	2011 £	2012 £	2011 £	
	Expiring Between one and five years	136,800	136,800	2,160	2,160	

## Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2012

#### 13 SECURED DEBTS

The following secured debts are included within creditors

	2012	2011
	£	£
Bank overdraft	•	14,657
Bank loans	160,771	248,393
Debt factoring	1,734,973	1,133,407
	1,895,744	1,396,457

The Lloyds TSB Plc bank loan is secured by a £200,000 personal guarantee from the directors and an unlimited debenture from Hansatech EMS Limited

All monies and liabilities due to Lloyds TSB Bank Plc are secured by a fixed and floating charge over the assets of the company

The Lloyds TSB Commercial Finance Limited debt factoring facility is secured by way of a personal guarantee from the directors of £140,000 and a fixed & floating charge over the assets of the company

#### 14 CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

	Allotted, iss	ued and fully paid			
	Number	Class	Nominal	2012	2011
			value	£	£
	2	Ordinary	1	2	2
				<del></del>	
15	RESERVE	s			
			Profit		
			and loss	Revaluation	
			account	reserve	Totals
			£	£	£
	At 1 January	y 2012	(82,987)	329,700	246,713
	Deficit for t	he year	(861,392)		(861,392)
	At 31 Decei	nber 2012	(944,379)	329,700	(614,679)
					<del></del>

### 16 PENSION COMMITMENTS

The company contributes to a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the schemes are held separately from those of the company in independently administered funds. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the company to the funds and amounted to £49,577 (2011 - £56,335). Contributions totalling £5,580 (2011 - £5,938) were payable to the funds at the balance sheet date and are included within creditors.

#### 17 ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

The ultimate parent company is Hansatech (Holdings) Limited

## Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2012

#### 18 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The company has taken advantage of the exemption available from FRS 8 not to disclose transactions with other group undertakings. Copies of the consolidated financial statements are available from Hansatech (Holdings) Limited, Russell House, Oxford Road, Bournemouth, Dorset, BH8 8EX

#### 19 ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The ultimate controlling party is the directors by virtue of their 100% holding of the parent company's issued share capital

#### 20 RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

	2012 £	2011 £
(Loss)/profit for the financial year	(861,392)	81,258
Other recognised gains and losses		
relating to the year (net)	-	125,000
Revaluation of Plant & Machinery		
	<del> </del>	
Net (reduction)/addition to shareholders' funds	(861,392)	206,258
Opening shareholders' funds	246,715	40,457
Closing shareholders' funds	(614,677)	246,715
-	<del></del>	

# Trading and Profit and Loss Account for the Year Ended 31 December 2012

	2012	<u>)</u>	2011		
	£	£	£	£	
Sales		7,663,935		8,038,218	
Cost of sales					
Purchases	5,314,114		4,869,280		
Wages	743,540		879,202		
Social security	59,887		63,623		
Sub contractors	31,351		10,264		
		6,148,892		5,822,369	
GROSS PROFIT		1,515,043		2,215,849	
Other income					
Sundry receipts		2,380			
		1,517,423		2,215,849	
Expenditure					
Carriage	64,044		108,379		
Rent	212,542		182,716		
Rates and water	2,980		2,875		
Light and heat	67,906		72,191		
Directors' salaries	227,614		217,623		
Directors' social security	28,351		26,755		
Directors' pension contributions	<del></del>		6,127		
Wages	817,934		889,944		
Social security	116,243		90,513		
Pensions	49,577		50,208		
Hire of plant and machinery	559		5,790		
Telephone	6,703		5,594		
Post and stationery	4,980		7,562		
Advertising	15,287		7,921		
Travelling	5,443		5,052		
Motor expenses	56,871		48,305		
Subscriptions	11,886		16,119		
Insurance	84,150		78,108		
Repairs and renewals	65,576		75,515		
Computer expenses	46,634		38,792		
Cleaning & refuse collection	35,291		31,500		
Sundry expenses	74,510		44,219		
Health care	13,567		11,883		
Training	1,414		1,512		
Accountancy	315		610		
Legal fees	25,386		42		
Auditors' remuneration	11,750		11,300		
Auditors' remuneration for non audit work	1,364		0.722		
Foreign exchange losses	(1,947)		9,723		
Entertainment	2,658		2,270		
Release of lease dilapidation			(175 000)		
provision		2.040.500	(175,000)	1 974 149	
		2,049,588		1,874,148	
Carried forward		(532,165)		341,701	

This page does not form part of the statutory financial statements

# Trading and Profit and Loss Account for the Year Ended 31 December 2012

	2012	2012		2011	
Brought forward	£	£ (532,165)	£	£ 341,701	
Finance costs					
Bank charges	36,256		36,846		
Bank interest	50,590		43,570		
Bank loan interest	28,907		5,929		
Hire purchase	22,896	120 640	4,855	01.000	
		138,649		91,200	
		(670,814)		250,501	
Depreciation					
Freehold property	15,967		7,212		
Plant and machinery	121,513		124,364		
Motor vehicles	9,962		6,641		
Computer equipment	43,136		35,817		
		190,578		174,034	
		(861,392)		76,467	
Profit on disposal of fixed assets					
Plant and machinery	-		833		
Motor vehicles	-		3,958		
		-	<del></del>	4,791	
NET (LOSS)/PROFIT		(861,392)		81,258	